"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain, warmer to-day; fair, colder to-morrow; brisk shifting winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 18,987. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ELECTIONS ASSURE VICTORY OF LIBERALS

Unionists Gain Fourteen More Seats, but Showing Is Poorer Than Saturday's.

JOHN BURNS IS RETURNED

His Majority More Than Doubled Despite Predictions of Defeat—Lord Charles Beresford Wins.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—"Good, but not good enough," is the Unionist admission of the failure of their attack on the Liberal Government, and to-day's returns only serve to deepen the discouragement with which the tariff reformers received Saturday's results.

Even London has not responded to the Unionist expectations, and in the provinces the seats won are far below their hopes.

Unless future pollings furnish unexpected surprises the Liberals are calculating on a majority of 200, inclusive of Labor and Nationalist votes.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—At the conclusion of to-day's polling in the general elections, the parties stood as follows:

Unionists, 92; Liberals, 77; Laborites, 16; Nationalists, 13. Net gain for the Unionists, 29.

The Government fared much better to-day than its most ardent supporters expected. The Unionists gained nineteen seats, the Liberals four, and the Laborites one, making a net gain for the Unionists for the day of fourteen, one less than they gained at fewer elections on Saturday.

This practically assures the return of the Liberal Government to power with a fair majority, for among the places still to poll are those in Scotland and Wales, which are always solidly Liberal.

The generatl view of to-day's battle bears out of the forecast. The North is solid for the Government; the Midlands section, especially in the vicinity of Birmingham, favors tariff reform. The victory of the Unionists at Walsall points to an extension of Joseph Chamberlain's influence.

The metropolis, which after the bye-elections, which all went in favor of the Unionists, was expected to make a clean turnover, is displaying a remarkably slight variation in representation, although the Liberals are not obtaining the majorities they did in 1906.

With the exception of three constituencies, the results of all to-day's pollings were announced to-night. Great crowds gathered in all the main streets in London, particularly Fleet Street and the Strand, where the results were shown in front of the newspaper offices.

Few Surprises in Results.

There cannot be said to have been many surprises to-day. Some expected that John Burns, President of the Local Government Board, would be defeated, but he himself never had any doubt as to the result.

Other officials who had to fight for their seats and were successful were Augustine Birrell, Chief Secretary for Ireland, and C. E. Hobhouse, Financial Secretary to the Treasury, in Bristol, and Dr. T. J. Macnamara, Secretary to the Admiralty, in Camberwell. Their majorities were considerably reduced. This happened all through the country, the huge majorities secured in 1906 showing big reductions in almost all cases.

Indeed, many of the Liberals who became members of the House of Commons by the grace of the landslide that year have been sent back to private life. Among them is Hamar Greenwood, a Canadian, who represented York and was considered a prominent candidate for high office. Another Canadian, Joseph Martin, former Premier of British Columbia, was more successful, winning the seat for St. Pancras East.

Other Prominent Members Beaten.

Other prominent members defeated included L. G. Chiozza Money, the apostle of free trade, who lost his seat for North Paddington, and Will Crooks, the Labor leader, for Woolwich. Sir H. Robson, the Liberal candidate for North Kensington, failed to get a majority, as did also Sir John Gorst, an ex-Minister, and at one time a member of the Fourth Party, whose leading spirits were A. J. Balfour and Lord Randolph Churchill.

On the other side Lord R. Cecil and G. Stewart Bowles, who ran as free trade Unionists, failed in their attempt to oust Philip Showden, the Labor leader, and Sir Thomas Barclay, at Blackburn. Doctors had much to do with the defeat of Claude Hay, Unionist, in the Hoxton division of Shoreditch. His opponent was Dr. C. Addison, a famous consulting surgeon. Hay, on the platform, made disparaging remarks about the profession, and as a result the whole fraternity turned out to assist Dr. Addison.

The Liberals also won back the adjoining constituency of Haggerston, which was represented by the Hon. R. Guinness, Unionist, who was defeated to-day by H. G. Chancellor.

The Unionist leaders who ran to-day, including A. J. Balfour, A. Bonar Law, Walter Hume Long, and Sir William Bull—Sir William being the man who caused a diversion by engaging in a fistfight recently with a heckler at Hammersmith—hold their seats by increased majorities.

The naval question had a great effect in the dock yard ports. Portsmouth gave the Unionists two gains, Admiral Lord Charles Beresford and B. G. Falle, both of whom were elected by huge votes, 16,-577 and 15,592, respectively.

John Burns Again Returned.

John Burns of Battersea, President of the local Government Board, goes back to Parliament with flying colors. Although in the great landslide of 1906 he won by 1,600 votes, his normal majority is about 200, and in to-day's hard-fought battle he beat A. Shirley Benn, Unionist, by 555. The vote was: Burns, 8,540; Benn, 7,985.

Defeat has been predicted for "Honest John" perennially during the last decade, and Mr. Burns and his friends were considerably frightened this year. Since the most picturesque figure in Westminster was sent to the House of Commons by the enthusiastic support of the workingmen and Socialists of his home district as their spokesmen, and as he has held positions of increased responsibility, he has gradually outgrown his old radical

Continued on Page 2.

DEPUTIES FOR ROCKEFELLER.

On His Request His Pocantico Employes Are Put on the Sheriff's Staff.

On request of John D. Rockefeller Sheriff Scherp of White Plains appointed seven men on his large country estate at Pocantico Hills yesterday to be Deputy Sheriffs.

The oil magnate, it is said, since his life was threatened some time ago, has been almost constantly surrounded by a guard, and the action of the Sheriff gives his employes the authority to carry arms and make arrests. Their jurisdiction, however, is to be confined to the Rockefeller premises.

It is said that most of the men who have been deputized to guard Mr. Rockefeller are old-time Secret Service agents, who are employed about the place ostensibly as coachmen, grooms, gardeners, and attendants. They are constantly on duty, and before any stranger can approach the Rockefeller home they find out who he is and the exact nature of his business.

Among other deputies appointed by the Sheriff were Paul G. Thebaud, who owns the country estate Hill Air on the Mamaroneck Boulevard; Theodore Langdon Van Norden of Lewisboro, a New York banker; Richard Harding Davis, author, and Moses Taylor, banker, both of Mount Kisco; Oliver Harriman, President of the Westchester Horse Show Association and New York banker; George F. Leith, Director of the Westchester Horse Show Association; J. Campbell Thompson and M. R. Coles, both horse show exhibitors of Scarsdale; Mayhew W. Bronson, former Chief of the Larchmont Fire Department; Albert C. Bostwick, automobilist and clubman, of Orient Point; Clinton I. Martin of Lewisboro, and Col. Edward W. Lyman Bill of New Rochelle, publisher of New York. Col. Bill, it is said, will guard Rodhelle Park.

BINNEY YACHT ABANDONED.

Lawyer and His Guests Quit the Mist Off Atlantic City—May Be a Wreck.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 17.—The schooner yacht Mist, New York Yacht Club, abandoned by its owner, Howard Binney, a patent lawyer with offices at 2 Rector Street, New York, and bereft of its skipper and crew, is dragging its anchor, with all lights set on the sea front to-night, and threatening to smash itself to pieces against the ocean pier at Tennessee Avenue.

Flashing distress signals, apprising the Government coast guards that the craft was helpless in the grip of a heavy sea, drew thousands of hotel guests and residents to the beach front and board walk an hour before midnight.

Hundreds who believed the big white craft plunging in the breakers a quarter of a mile from shore was a passenger ship with many passengers aboard cheered madly when the coast guards appeared in a motor life-saving cruiser and took off the crew on the yacht.

Not until then was it known that Owner Binney and his guests, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Darnell of the Bronx, and their 2-year-old daughter, Beatrice, had been landed thirty minutes before the Mist began to drag its anchors, in the yacht's own yawl. They were taken to the Hotel Traymore for the night.

The Mist reached the city shortly after dark, after a fight with heavy gales and rough seas all the way from Sandy Hook. Mrs. Darnell and her little daughter were both ill, and when Mr. Binney concluded that it would be madness to attempt to enter the inlet without a pilot in the midst of the driving storm, the big yacht was run as close to the beach as possible, and the owner and his guests were landed on the beach drenched by the breakers, but uninjured.

Almost immediately the big yacht began to drag its anchors under the stress of the storm, and then the frightened crew sent flaming into the sky the signals which alarmed life savers and brought throngs of visitors from the hotels.

Capt. Lambert Parker of the Government crew, who boarded the Mist, found the crew of four sailors and a cook anxious to get ashore, and they were landed and taken to the life-saving station for the night.

The men explained that the windlass had failed to work and that they were in momentary expectation of being driven ashore and drowned before they could reach land through the breakers. The Mist is tossing dangerously close to the long pier at Tennessee Avenue.

WOMEN LOST IN FIRE.

Several Philadelphia Families Trapped in Burning Apartment House.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 17.—One woman is dead, two others are missing, and three are seriously injured, one perhaps fatally, as the result of a fire which to-day completely destroyed the Hollingsworth Apartments at 4313-15 Walnut Street, the fashionable section of West Philadelphia.

The flames started in the basement in the rear of the building, a five-story structure, occupied by fifteen families. About twenty persons, mostly women, were in their rooms when the fire was discovered. When the alarm was sounded the elevator shaft and staircase which surrounds it were ablaze. The frightened women were obliged to make their way down a fire escape in the rear of the building. Several of those who were in the front rooms had their escape cut off.

Mrs. Frances Evans of Baltimore, who was visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. S. King, was assisted from the burning building by an elevator boy and her daughter, but died from shock when she reached a neighboring house. Mrs. King was slightly burned. Mrs. S. L. Carpenter, who is missing, was a paralytic, and was in her room on the third floor when the flames were discovered. Her nurse, Miss Elva Wirth, made ineffectual efforts to assist her from the building, but was finally obliged to save her own life by climbing from a window to an adjoining house. It is believed that Mrs. Carpenter perished. Mrs. D. O. Eaton was in her room when the fire occurred, and has not since been seen.

MRS. COOK WENT TO EUROPE.

Lounsdale Sure of It, Because He Heard from Her at Gibraltar.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 17.—Referring to the statement attributed to Mrs. Stebbins, a New York friend of Mrs. Frederick A. Cook, that the explorer's wife had not left America since his disappearance, Walter Lounsdale, Dr. Cook's secretary, said to-day that Mrs. Stebbins must be mistaken.

The reason for his belief is that he received a telegram from Mrs. Cook, dated Gibraltar, Dec. 23, and that Dr. Cook's notebook, also sent to him from Gibraltar, was inclosed in a cover with Mrs. Cook's handwriting and with her finger print in wax.

Mr. Lounsdale admits that the telegram might have been spurious and the cover prepared in New York, but he does not think this was the case.

FAST RUN TO CHICAGO TO SEE SICK FATHER

In Special, Which Cost $3,075, John Farson, Jr., Makes Trip from New York in 17 Hours.

HOPED TO BREAK RECORD

Congestion of Traffic and Danger of Speeding Through Fogs Spoiled Chances of That.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—John Farson, Jr., arrived here from New York to-night on a special train which made the trip in seventeen hours to bring him to his father, John Farson, Sr., who is believed to be dying of heart disease. Mr. Farson paid $3,075 for the trip.

The senior Farson became ill suddenly at his residence in Oak Park shortly before midnight Saturday. Last night it was decided to advise the son of the need of hastening home. Young Mr. Farson for the last five years has been the New York representative of the firm of Farson Son & Co., at 15 Broad Street.

He received the message early this morning and at 3 A. M. got President W. C. Brown of the New York Central out of bed by telephone and arranged for a special train.

At 5 o'clock the special left the Grand Central Station, and a record run was attempted, despite the unfavorable weather conditions.

The Buffalo cut-off was reached at 12:10 P. M., the run to Albany being slow on account of congestion of traffic. Better speed was made through the Mohawk Valley and Northern Ohio. The train was made a second division of the New York Central-Lake Shore Train No. 23, which left New York last night at 6 o'clock, and was due here to-night at 9, but was more than an hour late.

The special left Elkhart to-night at 8:10 o'clock and the final crew, consisting of Engineer J. W. Huener Yager, Fireman R. J. Nelson, and Conductor W. H. Whitworth, were instructed to make all speed possible. But here an unforeseen obstacle arose. It was a fog which was so dense that the huge electric headlight could not penetrate it.

Consequently the train came to a full stop at almost every railroad crossing, and it was 10:30 before the 101 miles to Chicago were completed. Nearly an hour was consumed in the trip of less than five miles from Englewood to the La Salle Street Station.

It had been hoped to make the trip in fifteen and one-half hours, breaking records, and netting the company about $300 more, but the weather conditions made it impossible.

The special train's cost of $3,075 was divided as follows:

Train of four cars and locomotive at the rate of $2 per mile on the basis of 100 passengers, $1,825.

Special Pullman car, $150.

One dollar per hour for each of 100 passengers' fares for each hour consumed in the trip under twenty-eight, $1,100.

The younger son, William Farson, aged 22 years, and some friends met John Farson, Jr., at the station and took him to Oak Park in one of the banker's motor cars. John Farson, Jr., had received a wire at Cleveland telling of his father's improvement, but the first words with which he greeted his brother were, "Is the telegram true? Is father really better?"

On being assured that such was the case he hurried to the automobile and urged that he be taken home as quickly as possible.

The senior Mr. Farson has been a central figure of the business and social life of Chicago for many years. He has been in the banking business here since 1881, when he founded the firm of Farson, Leach & Co., which is now Farson, Son & Co., with offices at 164 Dearborn Street, in the First National Bank Building, and a branch in the Railway Exchange Building and in New York.

To-night, after a conference of four physicians, it was announced that if as much progress was made during the night as was shown in the daytime, Mr. Farson might recover.

A special train chartered by President Frank A. Vanderlip of the National City Bank to reach the bedside of his mother, who was dying of pneumonia, carried Mr. Vanderlip from here to Chicago over the New York Central and Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroads on March 27, 1909, in sixteen hours and seven minutes.

This is the fastest time ever made between this city and Chicago by any special train run for any one but a railroad official. The average speed for the run of 965 miles was 60 miles an hour, including six stops of four minutes each to change engines.

Mr. Vanderlip paid $1,824 for the train, which, based on the shortest trunk line distance, that of the Pennsylvania Railroad, 912 miles, made $2 a mile. The train for the most part was hauled by ordinary locomotives. It consisted of four coaches to act as dead weight and a private car for Mr. Vanderlip.

WOMAN'S ASSAILANTS CAUGHT

Mrs. Marok, Who Was Thrown Into a Well, Identifies Husband and Another.

FAIRFIELD, Conn., Jan. 17.—Deputy Sheriffs Burr and Richards arrived here late to-day with Joseph Marok and Bartoni Laski, who were arrested in Springfield, Mass., for Saturday's attack on Marok's wife, when she was thrown into a well on the Ferris farm. Immediately on their arrival here the men were taken before a Justice, who bound them over to the Criminal Superior Court under $10,000 bonds, charged with assault with intent to murder, and robbery from the person. After the hearing the men were taken to the hospital, where Mrs. Marok identified them. They were taken to the county jail at Bridgeport.

Mrs. Annie Marok, the bride of three days, who stood with bare feet in the ice and snow at the bottom of the well from early Saturday until 10 o'clock Sunday morning, is in a critical condition at a Bridgeport hospital. Her feet were so badly frozen that if she lives amputation will be necessary.

When the men were searched there was found on Laski a marriage certificate showing that Marok was married on Thursday last to Annie Moskill, the woman he attempted to murder. The ceremony was performed at Hartford, Conn., by Justice of the Peace Dennis J. Murphy.

NEW SHIPS FOR ANCHOR LINE.

Large Passenger and Other Steamers to be Added to Fleet.

GLASGOW, Jan. 17.—The Anchor Line Steamship Company has called for tenders for a large passenger steamer to complete the quartet for New York traffic. Other additions to the fleet are expected soon.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
50c. per case of 6 glass stoppered bottles.—Adv.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

DRUGGIST'S ERROR COSTS A MAN'S LIFE

Gives Him Carbolic Acid Instead of Medicine Prescribed by a Physician.

TRIES VAINLY TO SAVE HIM

His Warning Message Arrives Five Minutes Too Late — Coroner Orders His Arrest.

Philomeno Stansiella of 15 North Bond Street, Mount Vernon, died yesterday in the Mount Vernon Hospital of carbolic acid poisoning. He had taken the poison in the belief that it was a harmless internal remedy for intestinal trouble.

Had a messenger from the druggist who gave him the solution reached him five minutes earlier his life might have been saved, for the druggist discovered the mistake by which he had given Stansiella poison instead of the remedy his prescription called for a few minutes after the man left his place.

This was on Sunday night. Stansiella, who was a laborer, took advantage of the day on which he did not work to visit his old doctor in "Little Italy," where he lived until a few months ago. The man had been suffering with an internal disorder for some time, and was under the care of Dr. Francisco Giovanelli of 243 East 106th Street.

The physician examined him on Sunday night, and after congratulating him on his improvement, gave him a prescription for additional medicine, with instructions to take it at stated intervals. Stansiella took the prescription to the drug shop of Francisco La Scalea, at 105th Street and Second Avenue. The druggist was busy preparing some carbolic acid, and he finished his work before compounding Stansiella's prescription.

Stansiella left the store and started back for Mount Vernon. La Scalea returned to his drug counter to prepare another prescription. He looked for the bottle of carbolic acid on which he had been at work, and, to his horror, found instead the newly prepared bottle containing the harmless remedy ordered by Dr. Giovanelli.

The druggist was frightened nearly out of his wits by his discovery. He had no idea of the identity of his customer, but he did have Dr. Giovanelli's prescription, and learning the physician's name and address from that he set out to find him. At the doctor's home he learned that he was out on a professional call. The frightened druggist hurried after him and found him after a chase over half of Harlem.

Dr. Giovanelli gave him Stansiella's name and address, and La Scalea, recalling a friend in Mount Vernon, sought to save time by telephoning to him. This man was Pasquale Papa of 135 Fourth Avenue, and he promised to go to Stansiella's home at once and prevent his taking the poison. This much done, there was nothing for La Scalea to do but to wait, and as the minutes passed his suspense became almost unbearable.

At last, however, his telephone bell rang and the druggist responded. It was Papa on the other end, and to La Scalea's excited demands:

"Did you stop him? Did you stop him?" Papa replied that he had reached Stansiella's house a moment too late. The man had taken a dose of the poison.

Stansiella was hurried to the hospital, but he had already sunk too low to be resuscitated and died five minutes after his arrival.

Coroner Boedecker of Mount Vernon notified Coroner Feinberg here and the latter ordered the police to arrest La Scalea.

RAILWAY PRESIDENT HURT.

Nicholas Monsarrat of the Hocking Valley Cut in a Taxicab Smash.

Nicholas Monsarrat of Columbus, Ohio, President of the Hocking Valley Railway Company, was in a taxicab that skidded yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock at Sixth Avenue and Forty-sixth Street, and was cut by flying glass when the machine struck an elevated pillar.

He was taken to Flower Hospital, where he was treated by his private physician, and then went to the Hotel Plaza. He is 70 years old.

Sidney Colins, the chauffeur, said the front wheels skidded on the slippery street as he turned from the northbound car tracks.

Mr. Monsarrat was cut on the cheek, and an artery behind the left ear also was cut.

$605,000 FOR MRS. LADENBURG

Settlement Reached in Her Action Against Husband's Partners.

By the terms of a settlement agreed to by the court, Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg, widow of the senior member of the firm of Ladenburg, Thalman & Co., bankers, obtained $605,000 yesterday for her husband's interest in the firm.

Mrs. Ladenburg had brought suit for an accounting of her husband's interest, and the settlement out of court was the result of this action. Mrs. Ladenburg has one daughter. Her husband left an estate valued at some $10,000,000.

CITY WINS $30,000,000 SUIT.

Higher Court Rejects Railways' Claim to Cleveland Lake Front Property.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 17.—The City of Cleveland was confirmed in legal possession of between $20,000,000 and $30,000,000 worth of lake-front property, in the downtown section of the city, to-day, by a decision of the Circuit Court, in which the lower court was sustained.

The case, already in litigation for many years, will be carried to the Supreme Court by the railway companies, which have had possession of the land for sixty-five years. There are about forty acres involved which, the court held, were illegally sold to the railways originally.

THE SEABOARD FLORIDA LIMITED.
Only club car train to Florida. Electric lighted, all Pullmans. Via P. R. R. and Seaboard Air Line. Office 1,183 B'way.—Adv.

INEZ MILHOLLAND HELD IN STRIKE CASE

Arrested with Lieut. Torney for "Unlawful Assembling" as She Walked with Strikers.

WANT MAYOR TO ARBITRATE

He Declines to Act Except with the Voluntary Co-operation of Both Sides.

It was a lively day for the shirtwaist strikers yesterday. Just after sunset Miss Inez Milholland, the Vassar graduate who is studying law at New York University and has taken a keen interest in the affairs of the strikers, and her escort, Lieut. Henry W. Torney of the United States Army were standing in front of a waist factory in Waverley Place. Capt. Dominick Henry of the Mercer Street Station objected because the strikers marched past Miss Milholland and spoke to her. He ordered the girls to stop marching.

"Magistrate Barlow told us we were within our rights so long as we kept moving," suggested Miss Milholland, advancing a step, with the crowd following closely. By this time there were close to 500 strikers and their sympathizers.

"You must stop this at once," exclaimed Capt. Henry.

But Miss Milholland and the others showed no signs of stopping. Capt. Henry called to his men to arrest the strikers. He set them an example by arresting Lena Rabinowitz, of 633 Fifth Street. Several strikers pressed up close and some one grabbed Capt. Henry by the coattail and nearly pulled his coat off. Police Lieut. Underhill of Inspector Daly's staff, seized Annie Finkelstein of 106 Essex Street, who, he said, was the one who had tugged at Capt. Henry's coattails.

Fourteen girls were arrested and taken to the Mercer Street Station. Miss Milholland and Lieut. Troney followed, and upon reaching the station Miss Milholland asked the desk Lieutenant why the strikers had been arrested. Capt. Henry told his men to arrest Miss Milholland and the Lieutenant. Miss Milholland was turned over to Matron Goodwin. At 7 o'clock her father, John Milholland, arrived and gave bail for his daughter and Lieut. Torney, offering as bond 4,000 acres of land in Essex County, N. Y., which he said was worth $200,000 and was without incumbrance.

When the fourteen girls were arraigned before Magistrate Kernochan in the Night Court the Magistrate refused to entertain the charges of disorderly conduct which had been entered against them. But on the testimony of Policeman Nelson the charge was hurriedly changed to "unlawful assembling." The girls waived examination and were held for General Sessions in $300 bail each.

Miss Milholland and her lawyer, Frederick L. Taylor, appeared in the Night Court and Miss Milholland informed the Magistrate that she would like to have her case tried right away.

"If Miss Milholland wishes to give herself up now she may surrender and I will put her with the others in the pen," said the Magistrate. Miss Milholland suddenly changed her mind, and left the court. She and Lieut. Torney will have a hearing this morning.

Mayor Gaynor was appealed to yesterday by two of the striking shirtwaist makers to act as an arbitrator in settling the differences between the strikers and their employers. The Mayor declined to act without the voluntary co-operation of both sides, but promised to look into the matter thoroughly and see what he could do about it.

The young women were Grace and Angelica Serra of 219 Sackett Street, Brooklyn. They have been out of work nine weeks owing to the strike. Recently they were arrested for picketing. Grace was fined $10 and Angelica was sent to Blackwell's Island for five days. Angelica, who is only 15 years old, and her sister complained that the Magistrates were very severe, and they cited their own cases as examples. After they had left the Mayor said that, without knowing the circumstances, it seemed to him that the punishment meted out to the Serra girls was somewhat extreme.

Mrs. Raymond Robins, President of the National Women's Trade Union League, came to this city yesterday from Philadelphia and presided at a meeting of the National Executive Committee of the league, in the local headquarters of the league, called for the purpose of devising ways and means of aiding the striking waistmakers in this city. A plan for starting a co-operative factory, in which the shares are to be held only by members of the Waistmakers' Union, was roughly framed, and action on it will be taken at a future meeting.

The American Federation of Labor Unions was notified yesterday that Lodge No. 51 of Virginia of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel, and Tin Workers has passed resolutions of thanks to Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Mrs. Clarence Mackay, Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes, and others for the interest they have taken in the cause of the striking waistmakers. A letter with a copy of the resolutions was sent to each.

YOUNG PASTOR A SUICIDE.

Former New York Clergyman, Fearing Insanity, Shoots Himself.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 17.—The Rev. Paul Axtel, the young pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Sewickley, a Pittsburg suburb, was found dead this morning. The minister, who was 28 years old, had killed himself by shooting some time in the night. His friends say he had long feared insanity. A month ago he obtained a leave of absence for some time from his congregation.

Mr. Axtel was formerly assistant pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, New York. He came to Pittsburg in December, 1907. He was the son of the Rev. J. S. Axtel, pastor of the Lebanon Presbyterian Church, near McKeesport, with whom he had been staying for the last week. He was a graduate of Princeton.

NEW COMET SEEN.

South African Astronomer Sends Word of Discovery.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 17.—A new comet, discovered early to-day by an astronomer in South Africa, is conspicuously bright and visible to the naked eye, according to a cablegram received to-night by the Harvard College observatory from the observatory at Kiel, Germany.

The cablegram states that "Comet A was observed by Innes at Johannesburg on Jan. 16, 8110 G. M. T.," and placed the comet in right ascension 19 hours 30 minutes 28 seconds and declination minus 25 degrees 9 minutes 24 seconds.

The comet has an hourly motion in right ascension of plus 41 seconds of time and declination of plus 6 minutes 4 seconds of arc.

COACHMAN ADMITS MURDER.

Says He Was Drunk and Didn't Know He Was Killing Miss Brymer.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Jan. 17.—In the presence of his mother, Frank Schermerhorn, lying on his cot at Vassar Hospital to-night confessed to Under Sheriff Fred Hornbeck that he alone was responsible for the death of Sarah Brymer, the governess, who was found strangled to death at the Compton home at Millbrook last Thursday morning.

Schermerhorn says he was very drunk the night of the crime, and remembers being in the room of Sarah Brymer, but does not remember what he did.

"I did not intend to commit murder," said Schermerhorn, according to the officials, "but I only intended 'it' for a scare. I do not remember stealing the clothes and silverware, but I do remember trying to burn the silverware. I left the house by way of the kitchen door when Mary Dutcher (a servant) came out of her door. I alone am responsible and no one else is concerned in it."

As Schermerhorn finished his confession to the officers, his mother fainted and was cared for by the hospital authorities.

Last night Schermerhorn told Chief of Police McCabe that he would probably be ready to-day to make a "clean breast" of the whole affair. At noon to-day the prisoner sent for the Sheriff, but when that official arrived Schermerhorn had changed his mind about confessing. Late in the afternoon he sent again for the officials, and in the presence of his mother and sister made his statement.

Schermerhorn's condition is rapidly improving, and the self-inflicted razor wound on his neck is healing. He will be removed to the county jail in a few days and his case presented to the April Grand Jury.

DANCES IN DARING COSTUME.

Lady Constance Stewart-Richardson Wears Only a Blue Tunic on the Stage.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Lady Constance Stewart Richardson made her appearance as the latest recruit to the vaudeville stage at the Palace Theatre to-night. She gave dances to music by Grieg, Tschaikowski, and Waldteufel, and, choregraphically speaking has greatly advanced since she gave an exhibition of her skill in New York.

She wore a Greek short tunic apparently made of a single piece of flimsy blue material, through which flesh tints were plainly visible. In fact, the costume is described as the most daring ever seen on an English stage. Lady Constance's friends had gathered in force, and after her last dance of Waldteufel's "Bonne Bouche Polka," in which there is much more grace and movement than in her other selections and which was encored, she received a number of handsome floral tributes, one of them standing as high as herself.

CZARINA HAS ACUTE ATTACK.

Specialists Called When Long Lapse of Consciousness Follows Hysteria.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 17.—The absence of bulletins on the condition of the Czarina warrants the hope that there is no immediate danger, but private information and the general impression prevailing in Court circles tend to confirm the disquieting inferences drawn from Saturday's consultation.

A further cause of anxiety was afforded by an acute attack of hysteria yesterday, followed by a prolonged lapse of consciousness. Drs. Rosenbach, Bekhtereff, and Botkin were hurriedly summoned. The Empress rallied, but one of these specialists remains in attendance. Dr. Bekhtereff is a leading authority on mental diseases.

The newspapers being forbidden to publish any except official news about the imperial family, the Russian nation is unaware that the Empress is ill, but there is heartfelt sympathy with the suffering lady and her devoted husband among the initiated.

DEFENDS KILLING INCURABLES

Dr. Spitzka Thinks Suicide Also Is Justifiable in Some Cases.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 17.—Dr. Edward Anthony Spitzka spoke on "The History of the Human Brain" to-day before the Clerical Brotherhood. He said that in certain circumstances it seemed justifiable for doctors to end the sufferings of a patient who was dying from an incurable injury or disease.

Using a railway accident to illustrate his meaning, Dr. Spitzka said that when an engineer was hopelessly crushed under his locomotive and death was only a question of a short time, he thought it might be justifiable to administer morphine to end the unfortunate man's agony. In like manner, he considered it justifiable to end the pain of a victim of cancer.

"But would you do it?" he added, "That is the question."

Dr. Spitzka said that in rare cases suicide also might be justifiable, as, for instance, when a man was helplessly and hopelessly suffering agony from an incurable disease.

COUNTESS CASSINI ON STAGE.

Makes Debut in Concert at Theatre Femina in Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Countess Cassini, niece of the former Russian Ambassador at Washington, who has been studying in Paris for the last two years, made her début in a concert at the Théâtre Femina this afternoon. She sang in Italian, German, and French.

A fashionable audience was present, including Count Cassini and many members of the Diplomatic Corps.

$2,000,000 FOR CHILDREN.

Mine Owner's Will Provides for Home for the Friendless.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—A $2,000,000 home for friendless children in Chicago is provided for in the will of Henry Curtiss Elliott, a mine owner, who was killed by a snow slide in Alaska on Jan. 4.

The will was filed for probate to-day. Attorneys for the estate said the wording of the will was such that no definite time for the erection of the home was fixed.

BALLINGER ACCUSED OF MISUSE OF FUNDS

Extravagance and Favoritism While Commissioner Charged by Congressman Hitchcock.

PLACE MADE FOR A COUSIN

Government Paid His Traveling Expenses Across Continent, Says Nebraskan—Secretary Makes Denial.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Serious charges of favoritism and extravagant use of public money while he was Commissioner of the General Land Office were made to-day against Richard A. Ballinger, now Secretary of the Interior. The charges were made by Representative Hitchcock of Nebraska. After listening to them, the House Committee on Expenditures in the Interior Department decided to make an investigation independent of that of the joint committee which will take up the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy.

On hearing of Mr. Hitchcock's charges, Secretary Ballinger to-night vigorously denied them, characterizing them as "ridiculous."

The most important allegation of Mr. Hitchcock is that funds of the Interior Department were improperly used in paying private traveling expenses of Secretary Ballinger's second cousin, Jack Ballinger of Seattle.

Mr. Hitchcock's charges were presented at a special meeting which the committee called to permit him to substantiate his allegations on the floor of the House last month in regard to extravagance in the Interior Department. He presented a statement in which he said that when Mr. Ballinger became Land Commissioner he made a place for his second cousin, who is a lawyer, and gave him a salary of $2,000 a year. He accomplished this, Mr. Hitchcock charged, by reducing the salary of a law clerk named Wright from $2,000 to $1,400 a year and giving the $2,000 place thus made vacant to his cousin. Jack Ballinger took the place, however, not under the title of law clerk, Mr. Hitchcock said, but under the title created by Mr. Ballinger's order of confidential clerk.

"I have been told," said Mr. Hitchcock, "that Wright died of disappointment and humiliation soon thereafter."

"Outrage on the Treasury."

Jack Ballinger remained a year in the service, the affidavit says, his manner of living, about the time his uncle resigned, in March, 1908, being alleged to illustrate "the reckless expenditure of the Land Office."

"It was announced," said Mr. Hitchcock in his statement, "that young Jack Ballinger was leaving the Land Office to resume law practice in Seattle. In order that he might receive a final rake-off he was designated as special temporary Inspector of offices, an evident outrage on the Treasury. This enabled him to draw traveling expenses from Washington to Seattle, and a per diem also. Within two weeks after he reached Seattle he resigned, as understood in advance, and resumed law practice, including of course practice before the Land Office out there, and also in Washington."

Another of the misuses of money charged by Mr. Hitchcock concerned the raising of the salary of H. H. Schwartz, formerly a special agent drawing something less than $2,000 a year and traveling expenses and a per diem, to $4,200 with the same extras. "The salary he is now getting, declared Mr. Hitchcock, is greater by $700 than that of his superior, the Assistant Commissioner of the Land Office."

Mr. Hitchcock declared that in his case and in that of others, positions were created without warrant of the statutes; that the pay of Mr. Schwartz's messenger was increased above that of the other messengers; that more than 80 additional clerks were employed whose work, he had been told, had nothing to do with the protection of the public domain for which a fund of $1,000,000 was appropriated last year; that furniture was bought amounting in value to tens of thousands of dollars, and that a brick chimney was built at a considerable expense for the building occupied by the Land Office.

Favoritism Is Charged.

Special agents, said Mr. Hitchcock, have been selected from clerks at Washington, who know practically nothing of the lands of the West, of fraudulent methods, or of law. He cites particularly the case of Howard L. Wilcox, appointed by Commissioner Dennett, Mr. Schwartz in his indorsement of Wilcox recommending him as a "near dentist."

"I have been told, as a matter of fact," Mr. Hitchcock added, "that the real reason for the appointment was that Wilcox was a bosom friend of Mr. Ucker, Chief Clerk of the Interior Department."

Mr. Hitchcock suggested that doubtless other excessive salaries and large expenditures were paid out of the $1,000,000 fund, and recommended investigation of statements made in an anonymous letter to him that declared Mr. Ballinger's system of files "was so mixed, confused, befogged the clerks, files, and records that there is now absolutely no one who knows anything about anything that pertains to the office," requiring more than 100 clerks, against fifteen under the old system.

Mr. Hitchcock suggested to the committee that Government employes be called to furnish specific information, explaining that he was persona non grata with the Interior Department and that the committee was in a better position to obtain the facts. He made it clear in his statement that he had not attempted to deal with fraud in the Land Office, as he supposed the committee could not properly investigate such a question.

The committee decided to issue subpoenas on Secretary Ballinger, Commissioner Dennett of the General Land Office, and all others interested in the charges, to appear as witnesses before the committee next Wednesday morning. The committee probably will meet again next Saturday to continue the investigation.

"Mr. Hitchcock's statement," said Chairman McGuire of the committee, "was based solely, as he said to the committee, on rumors. We are going to the bottom of the matter, and I don't see any disposition on the part of any members of the committee to be otherwise than strictly fair to both sides."

Ballinger Makes Denial.

Secretary Ballinger to-night denied emphatically that Mr. Hitchcock's charges, in so far as they allege any extravagance, wrongdoing, or favoritism on his part, have any foundation in fact. The changes in personnel referred to, he said, were incident purely to the reorganization of the office for the good of the service.

"When I was appointed to the position of Commissioner of the General Land Office by President Roosevelt," he said, "with the understanding that the office was to be reorganized, I was not personally acquainted with any officers or clerks in the Land Office, and desired to have as a confidential clerk or secretary some one whom I knew. J. H. Ballinger was appointed to an excepted position under an executive order issued by President Roosevelt, so that he might serve as my confidential secretary.

"The alleged charge that Law Clerk Wright was demoted to make room for Mr. Ballinger is false. The reduction in question was made in connection with the reorganization of the Law Board and designed to secure a more active man for the arduous duties attached to that position, Judge Wright, through advanced age (he was nearly 80 years old) and failing health, having become physically disqualified to perform his duties. J. H. Ballinger was not appointed to the position held by Judge Wright, nor was he ever a member of the Board of Law Review. To the contrary, the vacancy caused by Judge Wright's demotion was filled by the appointment of Judge Gray, then Chief of Division G. Judge Wright and his family received the utmost consideration at my hands.

"Mr. Ballinger never served as an Inspector of the General Land Office. July 3, 1908, he was detailed to field duty to inspect local land offices, and served under that detail until Sept. 14, 1908, when he resigned. Mr. Ballinger's detail and service in the field began four months after I left the office of Commissioner.

Denies Misuse of Money.

"The allegation that improper use of the million-dollar appropriation occurred in the employ of eighty additional clerks is equally ridiculous, because the appropriation for the protection of public lands set aside '$1,000,000 to be immediately available, of which sum $750,000 is for the purpose of bringing up the work of the General Land Office so as to make the same current,' from which it is clearly apparent that Congress recognized that the employment of an increased number of special agents in the field would necessitate an increase in the clerical force of the General Land Office.

"The charge alleging extravagance in the purchase of furniture is equally false, and is on a par with the charge relating to the employment of the additional clerks, who had to be provided with the facilities for the performance of their work. Any furniture supplied was of a quality carried in stock for every-day use.

"The attack upon Chief of Field Service Schwartz is a peculiarly unwarranted assault upon an efficient Government officer. Secretary Garfield promoted him to Chief of Field Service at $3,000 per annum Feb. 18, 1908, after the appropriation had been increased to $500,000, and under which approximately 175 agents were employed. March 10, 1909, I promoted him to $4,200 per annum, after Congress had further increased the appropriation for this work to $1,000,000, under which appropriation about 375 agents are employed. This appropriation fixes no stated compensation for those to be employed under it.

"Appointments of special agents are made in strict accord with civil service regulations after inquiry into the special fitness of the applicants."

Conference Committee Agrees.

The Conference Committee considering the Senate and House resolution for the investigation of the Department of the Interior and the Forestry Service in the Agricultural Department reported agreement to-day, and the Senate unanimously adopted the report. The point chiefly at issue was the appearances of witnesses with counsel, and the compromise permits the principals under fire to be represented by lawyers. Another change effected in conference makes it a misdemeanor to fail to answer a summons from the joint committee after it is adjudged a contempt.

In the House the report was received and allowed to go over until to-morrow. The report will then be signed by the President and the House will elect its members for the committee and the Vice President will appoint the six Senators who will share in the investigation. It is unlikely that the committee will begin its work earlier than next week.

Both the regular Republicans and the insurgents are still displeased over the selection of Representatives Ollie James of Kentucky and Rainey of Illinois as the Democratic members of the committee. There is some talk of the Republicans getting together to defeat Mr. James and Mr. Rainey on the ground that the two, as ardent partisans, will spend their time on the committee trying to connect the Administration with scandals for use as campaign material next Fall. But it is recognized that, were such a move to succeed, the Democrats would probably withdraw from the investigation altogether, leaving it entirely to the Republicans to fight it out as they please. That is a situation no Republican is anxious to precipitate.

COUSIN JACK DENIES IT.

No Favors Received from Ballinger, He Says—Nothing but a Salary.

SPOKANE, Wash., Jan. 17.—Jack Ballinger to-day denied ever having received a cent through Secretary Ballinger or any other person connected with the Government service, except a salary received under President Roosevelt. Jack Ballinger is now at Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, representing the settlers in the fight over overflowed lands.

"It is absolutely untrue that my cousin or any one else ever favored me in the Government service," said Ballinger. "I was appointed by President Roosevelt as a special examiner of land claims and contests and was detailed as private secretary to the Secretary of the Interior at a salary of $2,000 a year.

"The man who previously held the place died, and I was appointed to fill the vacancy, so that I took no one's place. That is all there is to the affair."

FEWER ARRESTS IN 1909.

Of the 147,505 in Magistrates' Courts 84,974 Were Convicted or Held.

The annual report of Philip Bloch, Chief Clerk of the Board of Magistrates, which is now partially prepared, will show that there were 27,766 fewer prisoners in the Magistrates' Courts in 1909 than in 1908. The total number of arrests for 1908 was 175,271. For the year ended Dec. 31, 1909, the records show 147,505 arrests.

Of the 175,271 persons arrested in 1908, 96,875 were convicted or held for trial. Of the 147,505 arrested in 1909, 84,974 were either convicted or held for trial.

Some of the arrests for 1909 were thus distributed:

Misdemeanors and felonies	46,021
Violations of the sanitary code	6,478
Violations of the corporation ordinances	25,835
Disorderly persons, abandonment, &c.	1,055
Intoxicated	19,543
Petty offenses	48,573

Of those convicted the places of birth were:

United States	26,395
Ireland	8,703
Germany	5,171
England	1,576
Scotland	666
France	1,894
Italy	9,502
Russia	9,626
Greece	6,529
All other countries	5,412

Of the total number of arrests, 1,611 were charged with burglary. Of this number, 1,177 were held for trial. On charges of felonious assault 1,697 were arraigned and 959 held for trial and 3,619 were charged with vagrancy and 1,996 were committed.

During the year 10,600 male and 894 female children were arraigned in the Children's Court for various offenses, making a total of 11,494. Out of this number there were sent to different charitable institutions 1,353 male and 439 female children.

LEADER HAGAN GOES TO WORK.

First of the Retiring Tammany Men to Try a Non-Municipal Payroll.

James J. Hagan has gone to work. He is the first of the many Tammany leaders who resigned with the incoming of the new administration to find some payroll to attach himself to other than that of the city.

Hagan announced yesterday that he had obtained employment as a salesman for a wholesale paint concern, and that he will enter upon his duties at once. He is the Tammany leader of the Fifteenth Assembly District, and one of the most prominent men in the organization. He is classed as a Sullivan man and has held many places in the city Government.

Several years ago he was removed from the Wardenship of the Tombs for insubordination. His last place was that of Deputy Commissioner of Public Works in the Manhattan Borough President's office. One of the first things which President McAneny did on taking office was to accept Hagan's resignation. He was the Tammany candidate for County Clerk in the campaign.

INSURGENTS PLAN TO BACK TAFT BILLS

Expect Regulars to Balk at Progressive Programme and Give Them a Chance.

WANT ROOSEVELT OUTDONE

Think Congress Line-Up Will Be Like That of Last Administration—Will Make Strong Fight.

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The signs of the last few days indicate a turning in the whole aspect of the Taft Administration. The confusion in both regular and insurgent camps caused by the special message from the President seems to have been calmed by the Administration bills already introduced or being privately circulated among the Senators by the Cabinet officers particularly interested in drafting them. Persons in a position to feel the pulse of Congress, and indirectly the pulse of the country, declare that from the point of view of political effect, the Administration has reached a crisis, the passing of which will have far-reaching and important results.

According to these men, the next few weeks of the present session of Congress will see the country returning to something like the alignment that grew to be considered normal in the seven years of the Roosevelt terms. The attitude of disguised hostility which the regulars are gradually assuming to the President's advanced bills for conservation and control of inter-State commerce, it is said, will restore the old-time popularity of the Administration and weld the so-called insurgent States of the Middle West together in enthusiastic support of the Taft policies.

Except for Senators Bristow of Kansas and La Follette of Wisconsin, the insurgents in the upper house are deeply impressed with the wisdom and sincerity of the President's plans, as embodied in the bills drafted under his supervision. The complement of this important fact, which is counted on to carry the popular wave still higher, is that in both House and Senate, in spite of all public protests to the contrary, the regulars are thoroughly alarmed at the reforms so definitely expressed in legal phrase in the President's bills.

Not Pushing Federal Incorporation.

In all of this change of sentiment and alignment the Federal incorporation scheme plays but a small part. It is admitted even in the Cabinet that the incorporation bill will not be pushed at this session more than enough to attract to it public attention for educational purposes. The fights of the session will come over the leasing of coal lands and the Government's continued supervision of water power sites, along with the separate struggle for remodeling the inter-State Commerce Commission and increasing the Government's supervision of inter-State railroads.

Both these measures are of first importance in the West and Northwest. An unusual number of rate cases have grown out of complaints from shippers in that part of the country, while conservation of National resources appeals to them as the most local of issues, the treasures involved lying at their own doors. So aroused are the people in the West and Northwest said to be over these two issues that it is confidently asserted that the campaign the insurgents see ahead of them under the President's banner for forcing the hands of the regulars to permit the desired legislation will wipe out all memory of the misunderstandings that arose between the President and the old Roosevelt followers in the tariff fight, and which were afterward strengthened in the course of the President's tour through the West.

How vital the insurgents—and insurgent here means a list including Senators Beveridge, Dolliver, Dixon, Cummins, Brown, Clapp, Burkett, Nelson, and Borah—consider the President's proposals on the particular subjects appealing to them is evident in the strenuous tactical campaign they are now considering for carrying through the bills drafted under the President's eye. This plan means nothing less than the extreme measure of holding up the big annual appropriations bills and using the needs of the Government and the general desire for an early adjournment as a weapon with which to drive the regulars to sweeping concessions.

Insurgents Are Confident.

How the President will consider the insurgents' plan of campaign is not known. There is even reason to believe that, in some cases at least, he will need to be convinced that the regulars are not with him. But the insurgents feel that their position is impregnable. As under the Cannon rule the House will be unable to hold up the appropriation bills for any length of time it is expected that this fight will be left to the indefinite right of each Senator to talk until he is tired.

There has been a persistent rumor from the opening of this session that the President's conservation plan only will be enacted into law before the session ends. It is said with confidence now that Mr. Aldrich has allowed the same impression—with all its reassuring effect on the regulars—to emanate from him. The regular opposition to the conservation and railroad bills is expected to develop as soon as those measures are out of committee.

As was explained in these dispatches this morning, the conservation bills merged into one by the insurgent Chairman, Senator Nelson's committee, will have easy sailing until they reach the open Senate. There the most the insurgents hope for is that the opposition will be open so that they will get the full credit for facing the regulars under the President's banner in carrying—as they believe—the Roosevelt policies further than President Roosevelt ever attempted.

The strength, they feel, will be in their support of definite propositions put forward by the President. It is in this definiteness as they see it that the President has surpassed his predecessor. They think, too, that in their own States this definiteness will soon obscure in public memory the generalities of Gifford Pinchot. For every evil, they say, against which the regulars may allow themselves to hold forth there will be a bill from the President carrying correction for that evil, and the slogan of the insurgents in the fight they propose to make will be "Let us vote on the President's bills."

The President's Attitude.

They are not much intimidated by the suggestion from certain quarters that the President will not welcome their interference. It is true that they have not carried their extreme programme to the White House for indorsement, but it is expected that they soon will. They plan to tell the President that he proposes in concise form exactly what they and their constituents want, and that the regulars are bitterly opposed to the whole programme. They will then propose their scheme for holding up the appropriations and preventing Congress from adjourning before the work is done, and ask the President if he has another suggestion to make.

It is feared in some quarters that Senator Aldrich and his followers may simply let the bills come up and then accomplish their work of emasculation by the insertion of subtle clauses here and there. Against such tactics the insurgents will be on the watch, but in such a fight they fear they might be in the position forced on them last year of seeming to oppose the President, when in reality they were opposing simply Mr. Aldrich's interpretation of the President's programme.

The fight will probably begin next week with the report from the Public Lands Committee on the bills on conservation.

TOO MUCH MACHINE CHARITY.

President Finley Thinks We Need Some Neighborliness Here.

At the annual meeting of the Public Education Association at the home of Mrs. Ernesto G. Fabbri, 11 East Sixty-second Street, last night, President John H. Finley of the College of the City of New York was the principal speaker.

"What we need," said he, "is not more societies with altruistic purposes, but more common sense. If by any chance an impoverished Zulu should succeed in evading the Immigration Inspectors and entering the city, we should have forthwith a Society for the Care of Impoverished Zulus. And if any one should invent such a creature as a two-thirds orphan, there would be formed a Society for the Relief of Two-thirds Orphans. What we need is organization, a unifying of forces to attack misery, instead of a number of societies which act merely as skirmishers in the fight against human ills.

"The old conception of a child was a soul coming into the world with a nebula of heaven. Nowadays a child enters life as a municipal vital statistic. The Tenement House Department is on hand if he is a poor child to see that he gets the prescribed amount of air, the Health Department to taste his milk, to see that it is free from bacilli, to filter the water he drinks, to test his medicines, to remove his tonsils; the public schools to educate him, recreation commissions to guide him in his play, the municipal hospital ambulance to pick him up if he falls by the wayside, and the Coroner and the Commissioner of Charities to bury him.

"I remember, as a school teacher on the prairies, that chalk was the only thing supplied; now we have pens, pencils, paper, textbooks, microscopes, test tubes, laboratory appliances, basket balls, punching bags, and pianos supplied in the public schools.

"The change of private charities into public managed charities, where each citizen pays his compulsory alms to a Commissioner of Charities, has been an ossifying process. What we need is neighborliness, with its patience, its kindliness, and its spontaneity. There is danger in giving too much of our altruistic activity over to the care of paid administrators."

NOT SURE HUGHES WON'T RUN AGAIN

Leaders Recall That Rumors Said Governor Wouldn't Be a Candidate Last Time.

WAITING FOR ROOSEVELT

Discussion of Candidates Won't Be Lively Until His Return—Wadsworth Might Be Considered Again.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 17.—While it is known at the Capitol that the announcement that Gov. Hughes would not again be a candidate for renomination cannot in any way be regarded as authoritative or official, it reflects a general impression that has existed in political circles here for many months, and which friends of the Governor declare to be well founded.

Naturally the report led to the discussion of who would be the Republican nominee for Governor, and it is evident that, while there will be no dearth of candidates, there is a disposition to wait for the return of Col. Roosevelt before settling on any man to lead the Republicans next Fall.

William Barnes, Jr., the political boss of Albany, and one of the most influential men of the Republican State Organization, said that it would always be remembered that Gov. Hughes had not himself authorized the announcement that he would retire with the end of his present term. The same statement was made before the Governor was renominated in 1908.

"If the Governor is going to quit when his term expires, and has made up his mind definitely to that effect, it means that we will have to look around for some other man, that is all.

"If Mr. Hughes wanted a renomination he could have it. I for one should be opposed to the nomination of some one else if he were in the field, as a candidate for the nomination. I am pretty well satisfied that he is out of it, though. It has been the impression among Republicans for some time that he would not take a renomination. For all that until he makes a statement himself the situation is more or less unsettled."

Mr. Barnes was asked who would be the nominee if Hughes withdrew.

"We will find some good man; we always have," said Mr. Barnes. "Roosevelt will be back in June, anyhow."

Speaker Wadsworth of the assembly said: "With the Governor out of it, the chief interest lies in the question of who is to succeed him. In my opinion it must be a man without political scars. It should be a man who has been sufficiently out of politics not to be known as either a member of the Hughes faction or the anti-Hughes faction within the party organization. The fight is certain to be hard this Fall, and we must have a man of large caliber who can enlist the confidence and support of all Republicans."

Speaker Wadsworth has been prominently mentioned as a possible Gubernatorial nominee. He was strongly supported by the organization at the Saratoga Convention in 1908, and, it is said, would have been nominated had it not been for the orders issued by Mr. Roosevelt that Gov. Hughes must be renominated. Speaker Wadsworth merely smiled when asked whether he would enter the fight this Fall.

"I'm sure there will be plenty of candidates to choose from. There always is," said the Speaker.

Local politicians were commenting with interest yesterday upon the unofficial announcement that Gov. Hughes has decided not to run again. Controller Prendergast said:

"Of course the Governor knows best what his intentions are, but I believe that if the people and the party demand that he accept another nomination, he should bow to their wishes."

Petition for Morse's Pardon.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Jan. 17.—Prominent men of this city in rapid succession signed a petition put in circulation to-day praying President Taft for the absolute pardon of Charles W. Morse, the New York banker who was convicted of a violation of the National Banking act and is now serving a fifteen-year sentence in the Federal prison at Atlanta, Ga.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

PRR

THE SHORT LINE

TO ST. LOUIS 1052 MILES — TO CHICAGO 907 MILES

FIVE DAILY TRAINS

THE 24-HOUR ST. LOUIS
New York to the Mississippi from sunset to sunset. Connects for Mexico and the Southwest.
Leaves New York 6.25 P. M.
Arrives St. Louis 5.25 P. M.

THE ST. LOUIS LIMITED
The favorite train of the fastidious. Every comfort of home, hotel, and Club.
Leaves New York 10.55 A. M.
Arrives St. Louis 1.25 P. M.

ST. LOUIS EXPRESS
The old reliable train for the conservative traveler.
Leaves New York 6.25 P. M.
Arrives St. Louis 9.40 P. M.

CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS
Leaves New York . 1.55 P. M.
Arrives St. Louis . 6.33 P. M.

CHICAGO SPECIAL
Leaves New York . 7.55 A. M.
Arrives St. Louis . 1.53 P. M.

SEVEN DAILY TRAINS

PENNSYLVANIA SPECIAL
The 18-Hour train for the man in a hurry who likes the luxuries of life.
Leaves New York 3.55 P. M.
Arrives Chicago 8.55 A. M.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED
Pioneer Limited Train of the World. The particular train for particular people.
Leaves New York 10.55 A. M.
Arrives Chicago 8.45 A. M.

CHICAGO LIMITED
Evening train, making connection at Chicago for California, the West and Northwest.
Leaves New York 4.55 P. M.
Arrives Chicago 4.00 P. M.

CHICAGO SPECIAL
Leaves New York . 7.55 A. M.
Arrives Chicago . 8.00 A. M.

CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS
Leaves New York . 1.55 P. M.
Arrives Chicago . 5.00 P. M.

WESTERN EXPRESS
Leaves New York . 5.55 P. M.
Arrives Chicago . 8.45 P. M.

PACIFIC EXPRESS
Leaves New York . 7.55 P. M.
Arrives Chicago . 12.50 Mdt.

RAILWAY DIVIDENDS LOWER.

Report of Public Service Commission Shows Large Decrease.

ALBANY, Jan. 17.—The annual report of the Public Service Commission, submitted to the Legislature to-day, shows that the commission has jurisdiction over 811 corporations, municipalities, and individuals engaged in serving the public in some capacity, or incorporated for the purpose of rendering such service.

The steam railroad corporations number 186, street railroad corporations, 139; express companies, 6; sleeping car company, 1; electrical corporations and plants, 292, and gas corporations of various kinds, 187. The steam railroad mileage is 8,164, and, including all main yard and siding tracks, 16,477. The electric railroad mileage is 2,744.54.

The figures cover the operations of the great systems of the New York Central, Erie, Lackawanna, Lehigh, Lake Shore, and Michigan Southern, Boston & Maine, New Haven, Delaware & Hudson, and others of lesser magnitude. They show that the gross and net earnings from operation both reached their maximum amount in the year ended June 30, 1908. The gross earnings were larger that year than any previous year. The gross earnings for the year ended June 30, 1909, were less than for the year ended June 30, 1908, by $52,373, or one-hundredth of 1 per cent. Expenses of operation for 1909 were decreased from the previous year 5.51 per cent. Comparing these same years, net earnings from operation were increased 12.93 per cent., the ton-miles of fright carried were decreased nine-hundredths of 1 per cent., and the passenger miles were decreased eight-tenths of 1 per cent.

Results to stockholders are significant. The dividends paid to stockholders in 1909 are less than those paid in 1907 by $12,892,422, or 24 per cent., and less than those paid in 1908 by $2,943,762, or 7 per cent.

Statements of the dividend abilities of electric railroad corporations, electrical corporations, and gas corporations are submitted. The totals of tables on the subject show:

Total number of corporations, all classes	310
Total number paying no dividends	237
Total number paying dividends	73
Total number paying no dividends on common stock	243
Total number paying no dividends on preferred stock	16
Total number paying dividends on common stock	67
Total number paying dividends on preferred stock	15
Amount of common stock paying no dividend	$126,956,530
Amount of common stock paying dividend	53,859,074
Amount of preferred stock paying no dividend	15,317,400
Amount of preferred stock paying dividend	18,461,072

The Commission says the remarkable showing made by these tables and summaries demands but little comment at this time. Attention should, however, be directed to the fact that they have no wide range of use except by way of suggestion for investigation. The significance of the facts which they disclose depends wholly upon the further fact not disclosed, whether or not these stocks represent actual cash investment in the properties of the several corporations.

SESSION TO BE SHORTER.

Early Introduction of Appropriation Bill to Cut Off Two Weeks.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 17.—Senator Allds, majority leader, gave warning in the Senate to-night to those interested in bills to be introduced at this session that the time of the session had been shortened at least two weeks by the introduction of the appropriation bill on the first day of the session.

The last time the appropriation bill made its appearance, at the beginning of the session in 1902, he said, the Legislature adjourned on March 30, the earliest in a century.

ELECTIONS ASSURE VICTORY OF LIBERALS

Continued from Page 1.

ideas. The John Burns of to-day is a vastly different politician from the old John Burns, who exhorted the workingmen in Trafalgar Square to rise against the police. He has become one of the most conservative of Liberals, and is even said to be at the heart a good Tory.

John Burns has so far outlived his famous dictum that no man could honestly earn more than $2,500 a year, that he holds a $10,000 position, and is likely to be promoted to a $25,000 position, although his style of living remains as moderate as ever.

The "Czar of Battersea," as some of the workingmen call him, has not hesitated to stand against some of the demands of his old-time friends upon the Government, when he considered them unreasonable. He has opposed the demands of the unemployed, and has spoken plainly about the workingmen's tendency toward improvidence and drink.

While he has gained the respect of all parties in Parliament and is considered one of the ablest as well as one of the most interesting legislators, "traitor" and "renegade" are some of the mildest terms applied to him in the Labor camp. Threats to overthrow him have been louder this year than ever, and his defeat was generally expected, but his engaging personality and his thorough canvass of the district pulled him through.

Burns Makes Personal Canvass.

A. Shirley Benn, who is a prominent county councilor, made a strong tariff reform campaign, and received much outside help, but "Honest John" in his familiar jacket and bowler—for he still scorns the ministerial silk hat and frock coat—has been seen everywhere, renewing acquaintance with his old followers.

Hundreds of motors, bedecked with the Unionist candidate's colors, purple and yellow, filled the Battersea streets today, taking voters to the polls. Long lines of them were drawn up outside the factories, waiting for the workmen to come out. Benn's placards in the windows outnumbered Burns's ten to one. The Socialist posters reminded the workingmen that John Burns had said that each of them spent 6s. a week on drink. One of them accused him of taking soup which some outcast should have had when he visited the bread line on the embankment. Another exhorted the voters to "turn the canting hypocrite out." Still another represented him in Court suit labeled "The Gilded Popinjay."

Bands of children paraded with Burns emblems on their banners, which said that under protection the father would have to rob the cat of its meat for his dinner.

The excitement in Battersea to-night was greater than elsewhere in London. Immense crowds surrounded the candidates' quarters until a late hour, awaiting the news. The enthusiasm at the Burns headquarters was intense when the result was received.

Crooks Loses His Seat.

Woolwich was another scene of excitement. At this place the Labor leader, Will Crooks, had a dramatic reception on his return from Australia on the eve of the election. Crooks went about the streets followed by a great crowd. He was cheered everywhere, and frequently stopped and made an impromptu speech from the steps of some house. One of his addresses was delivered in front of the headquarters of his antagonist, Major W. A. Adam, Unionist, who viewed the scene from a window.

Numbers of the residents of Woolwich employed at the works of Vickers Sons & Maxim, a few miles out, were brought to town in automobiles to vote.

Crooks was beaten by 300 votes, whereas in the previous election he defeated Major Adam by 2,112. The result was no surprise, for the Government had turned out many laborers by reducing the work at Woolwich Arsenal, and they and their friends were sworn to get revenge.

Ten thousand Durham miners marched into Gateshead to oppose J. Johnson, the Labor candidate for re-election, who has been against them on the Eight-Hour act. On the way they attacked Marsely Hill colliery, wrecked the offices, and threw the books and other effects down the shaft. Special police were drafted to prevent another riot at night.

Polling takes place to-morrow for forty-six members, fourteen in London and thirty-two in the provinces.

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FAVOR AUTO LAWS TO PROTECT LIFE

Leaders at Albany Believe That Needed Legislation Can Be Passed This Season.

REASONABLE SPEED RULE

Speaker Wadsworth Thinks Massachusetts Law Will Be a Good Guide—Meeting the Governor's Objections.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 17.—Statements made by leaders in both Houses of the Legislature to-night warrant the prediction that automobile legislation along the lines suggested by articles in THE NEW YORK TIMES will be passed at the present session.

Representatives of various organizations interested in this question have been invited to meet the legislators and make recommendations as to the regulation necessary to protect the public from the reckless driver on one hand and on the other to protect owners of automobiles in the legitimate use of their cars.

Speaker Wadsworth said to-night that the outlook for effective auto legislation this session was bright. The Speaker thought that the lines laid down in the recently enacted Massachusetts auto law might be followed with profit. This law provides for a "reasonable" rate of speed, makes a speed of more than twenty miles an hour on country roads presumptive evidence of recklessness, gives cities and towns the right to regulate the auto traffic to meet local conditions, provides for the registration of all motor vehicles and the licensing of drivers, and provides severe penalties for violation of the law.

"I have received a memorandum from the Automobile Club of America," said Speaker Wadsworth. "The club seems to favor a drastic law, but at the same time advocates the abolition of the speed limit and the substitution of a provision which would require the driver of an automobile to drive his vehicle at a reasonable rate of speed. This seems to me sensible. It may be safe under certain circumstances to drive an automobile at thirty miles an hour, and where this is safe this ought to be permitted. At the same time one may kill a little child when running at only eight miles an hour or less. I believe the safest way is to leave this to the judgment of the chauffeur and place the burden of proof that he has exercised due precaution on him."

"Do you believe chauffeurs should be examined as to their qualifications and licensed?" Speaker Wadsworth was asked.

"I certainly believe they should be licensed," was his reply. "Whether they should be examined as to their fitness is another question, to which I have not given sufficient study to answer. It would make it necessary for the State to provide machinery for the purpose."

"Do you believe that owners of automobiles should be examined as to their qualifications for running such vehicles?"

"I believe there is less need for that than in the case of the chauffeurs. The records show that most accidents are due to reckless driving and occur when the chauffeurs have taken motor vehicles left in their care without the owner's consent, and in his absence are entertaining their friends on what is known as joy riding. An owner is always more careful, knowing that the risk resulting from an accident is all his, and in most cases, too, he is a person of responsibility."

Speaker Wadsworth was asked whether he thought the Governor's recommendation that a severe penalty be provided for drivers of motor vehicles who escape or attempt to escape after causing loss of life should be carried out by legislative enactment.

"It seems to me," he replied, "that this would create a double penalty, one for recklessness and the other for escaping. I think the constitutionality of any such act would be doubtful; it is purely a question of law, of course. Nobody is in sympathy with a person who is cowardly enough to run away after having run over somebody, but we must be guided by what is good or bad law when we enact measures."

Senator Jotham P. Allds, majority leader of the upper house, said to THE TIMES's correspondent:

"It is pretty safe to say that a law will be enacted at this session providing for the licensing of chauffeurs and the establishment of an educational test for drivers of motor vehicles. I do not know whether there will be an age limit established for chauffeurs; that is a matter that probably will be given due consideration when the time comes. I do not think a new commission will be established to conduct the examination and licensing of chauffeurs. The Secretary of State or the State Highway Commissioners can easily be equipped with the necessary machinery for taking care of that matter."

Senator Seth G. Heacock, Chairman of the Committee on Internal Affairs of towns and counties, which would have to take up the preparation of any auto legislation that comes before the Senate, said there was no reason why there could not be passed at the present session a law providing for a more stringent and satisfactory regulation of motor vehicle traffic on the public highways. He said:

"If we can pass a bill similar to the bill we passed last year, and at the same time avoid the mistakes which compelled the Governor to veto that bill, I think we will have taken a long step in the right direction, and this, I believe, will be done."

The Governor's objection to last year's auto bill was based on the absence of a definite speed limit, and invasion of the home rule rights of cities by depriving them of the right to make police regulations for motor vehicle traffic within their municipal limits.

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OUR BOOK "How to Care for Your 'Victor'" Free on request.

WATER POWER IS WASTED.

Barge Canals Should Be Utilized, Says State Engineer Williams.

ALBANY, Jan. 17.—Calling attention to the fact that valuable water power in this State is going to waste, Frank M. Williams, State Engineer, in his annual report to the Legislature will recommend an amendment to the law which prohibits the State from disposing of any water power created by barge canal construction.

"While the intent of the law is good," says the report, "there are times when it results in positive loss to the State. If it were possible to exchange new for old power development in places where existing power is destroyed and new power developed on the same site, or to offset damages by grants of power in some form, numerous transactions of advantage to the State might be effected.

"At two sites, Vischer's Ferry and Crescent, there will soon be power possibilities from surplus waters amounting to six thousand horse power at each place that will go to waste for several years, if none of the power can be disposed of till the whole canal is completed. The same condition will exist at several other points where smaller powers have been or will be developed.

"It seems wise that the Legislature should give the Canal Board, or other responsible body, discretionary powers in such matters, authorizing them to lease water power on such terms, carefully safeguarding the navigation interests of the State, as may be prescribed by the Legislature."

Mr. Williams will make another important suggestion to the Legislature. He says that in building the barge canal certain elevated areas are created by depositing material from excavation, which near cities or villages might be used to advantage for park sites.

POLICEMAN HELD FOR ASSAULT

Complainant Says O'Sullivan Pushed Him Out of a Butcher Shop.

Patrolman Denis O'Sullivan of the Butler Street Police Station, Brooklyn, was arrested yesterday charged with assaulting a citizen, and held in $300 bail for a hearing by Magistrate Tighe in the Adams Street Court. The warrant was obtained by Assistant District Attorney Corrao, on the complaint of Pasquale Ricciardi, a butcher, of 2,835 West Fifteenth Street, Brooklyn.

On Tuesday Ricciardi visited a meat market at Fifth Avenue and Nineteenth Street, Brooklyn, and a dispute arose over the amount of change. Ricciardi says a policeman in uniform entered the store and pushed him roughly out of the place. Ricciardi says he was peering through the window to get a better look at the policeman when the latter rushed out and "kicked him with his booted feet." He says the policeman was Patrolman O'Sullivan. The policeman denies that he assaulted Ricciardi.

Another clubbing charge was before Magistrate Tighe yesterday. Abraham Lebowitz and Harry Miller, trick bicyclists appearing at a local theatre, accused Charles Wise, a Deputy Sheriff employed in the theatre, of beating them with his club on Saturday night. Wise had charged the two cyclists with disorderly conduct in the theatre.

Magistrate Tighe held Wise for further investigation.

George Feeney, a special policeman, was arrested last night at his home, 87 Gerry Street, Brooklyn, charged by Joseph Reed of 84 Heyward Street, Williamsburg, with having beaten him early on Sunday morning.

Feeney is employed in Latonia Hall, Harrison Avenue and Bartlett Street, Williamsburg, where there was a dance on Saturday night. Reid attended it. He says that after midnight Feeney beat him over the head with his club, inflicting several scalp wounds, and threw him into the street, where he fired five shots at him from his revolver.

TWO POLICEMEN DISMISSED.

Commissioner Baker Drops Mounted Men for Neglect of Duty.

Mounted Policemen Edward J. Donnelly and Michael Lynskey, attached to the Kingsbridge Station, were dismissed yesterday by Commissioner Baker on charges of neglect of duty. They were placed on trial shortly before New Year's Day and found guilty of absenting themselves from their posts without leave by Deputy Commissioner Stover.

The charges against them were made by Inspector Flood, in command of the police in the Bronx. At the trial he told the Trial Commissioner that early in the morning of Dec. 22 he was notified that the two patrolmen, instead of riding their mounts on patrol, were lounging in an outhouse on the grounds of the late banker, Giovanni Morosini, at 25th Street and Riverdale Avenue, near Yonkers. The horses they were supposed to be riding were also resting in a building used as a barn.

Lynskey was appointed to the force in 1905 and was twice mentioned for meritorious conduct in stopping runaways. Donnelly was appointed on Aug. 1, 1908, and had a good record.

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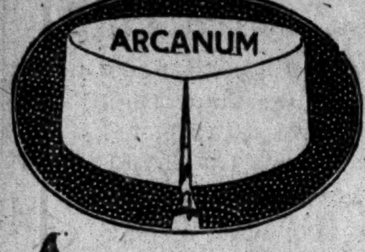
7,000,000 BOTTLES SOLD IN 1908.



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Then you are just the one who ought to try Campbell's Soups.

You will find they have all the strength and richness and fine delicate flavor you would only expect at three or four times the price. And an unquestionable guarantee goes with all

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If not entirely satisfied the grocer returns your money.

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Rich milk, malted grain, powder form.

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PANICS NEEDLESS, MACVEAGH ASSERTS

Treasury Secretary Tells City Bankers They Can Make Financial Crises Impossible.

FAVORS CURRENCY REFORM

Woodrow Wilson Sees Peril to the Nation in Too Much Industrial Concentration.

Currency reform was discussed last night by Franklin MacVeagh, Secretary of the Treasury, at the annual dinner of the bankers of New York, known as Group Eight of the New York State Bankers' Association, at the Waldorf-Astoria. Nearly every prominent banker in the city was present.

Mr. MacVeagh reviewed the monetary system of the country and argued that the basis for a world system must rest in the domestic system. He said that perfect stability could never obtain until the day of financial panics passes. He advocated that the financial system of the country be reformed as a National necessity.

Senator Aldrich, who was expected to be present, sent word that he was too ill to attend. The other speakers were President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton University and F. Hopkinson Smith.

The burden of President Wilson's remarks was that New York was entirely too provincial, and its bankers too much centred in the affairs of their own institutions. He said he was led to take the view that the country at large does not trust the bankers. He deplored the fact that too much concentration of business interests existed in one individual.

J. Pierpont Morgan, who sat next the speaker, applauded these sentiments, and when Mr. Wilson finished he arose and shook him warmly by the hand.

Mr. Smith spoke on the propensity Americans as a rule have for knocking down the idols which they themselves have set up and for slinging mud, particularly after a man is dead.

Mr. MacVeagh's Speech.

Mr. MacVeagh said:

"Since I have been Secretary of the speeches, when I can, in writing, for it may become necessary at any time to Treasury I have felt it prudent to put my prove an alibi.

"When we became a world power, or, to state it better perhaps, when we became a world nation, the change was very sudden. We evidently had been a long time preparing for it and were ready and waiting. It was as if the machinery had all been put in place and it was only required that somebody should touch the button. The Spanish war touched the button. It was our diplomacy that most quickly expanded to meet the new conditions. Following the internationalizing of our diplomacy came the practical acknowledgment of our country that it must take up its share not only of the white man's burden but its share of the entire burden of developing modern government and modern society throughout the world.

"This great new departure in diplomacy and in the extension of our governmental sphere seemed at the moment all that the new National development demanded. But it has become quite clear that the character of a world-wide trade Nation involves other things besides. It involves great reciprocal world-wide trade. And it involves also what is interesting to us especially this evening, a world banking system.

"A nation with our great population and wealth, with our great purchasing power, and with our immense productions involving a great and growing selling power cannot complete itself without a banking system that can take its place to the very best advantage not only in national but in international business. It became inevitable from the moment that we became a world nation that we should adjust ourselves to world commerce and to finance.

A New World Scope.

"We must be in a position to share not only in the profits but in the responsibility of world finance. We are really not permitted any longer, even if we were willing, to be a mere junior partner, or perhaps no partner at all, in the financial operations of the great world. Our wealth, our trade, our territorial possessions, our specific interests in various smaller countries make it inevitable that we must have a world banking and financial system.

"But, of course, the basis for a world banking system is the domestic banking system. Banking, like charity, begins at home. And unless a nation has a sound, useful, and wise national banking system and facilities there is nothing upon which to build largely and safely a world system. A nation that is, for instance, subject to sudden and unforeseen panics, or, indeed, to any panics at all, cannot pretend to be a safe leader or safe reliance for the world. Until we get rid of panics, which are wholly unnecessary and readily avoidable, we cannot claim for a moment to have a domestic financial system that the world can rely upon or that we ourselves can rely upon. And we can never have the confident business respect of the world as long as we provide in our financial system—as we do provide—for these devastating and discreditable upheavals which rightly belong to the dark ages of business.

"Nor can we indulge in National or international pretensions as long as we have no banking reserve that is worthy of the name. Our reserve is a reserve only in terms. Our system is directed really to the prevention of a reserve. By reserve I mean, of course, a reserve to meet adequately the special exigencies of the business world—a reserve that is reserved for any and all needs at any time and all times.

"And we cannot have this reserve, or any other protection against the stress and storm of our financial life, as long as we refuse to lodge somewhere the power of continuous expansion and contraction of the currency in accordance with the needs of business, no matter how great these needs are and no matter how expected or unexpected they may be.

"It must always be remembered respecting banking reserves and currency reserves that almost the most important thing is the absolute confidence that they are available at any and all times. If this confidence is once and for all established, then the actual needs which draw upon these reserves are reduced to the normal and are shorn of all their dangers.

"But this confidence cannot be established and maintained without a system of banking reserves and currency reserves that are real and not fanciful—that are actual and not only theoretical. Panics, which our financial system—or our financial no-system—breeds, just as certain districts used to breed spasms of yellow fever, would pass away if the certainty were established that somewhere there was the ability to met and master every exigency.

"Panics proceed from the communication of fear from one to another, as the mosquitos carry the yellow fever from one to another. Remove the fear and you eradicate the panic, just as by removing the mosquito you eradicate the yellow fever. For my part, I think that panics and yellow fever are two of a kind.

"But in removing this fear and in establishing these sources of reserves we will inevitably diminish the present abnormal and irresistible stimulus to speculation and promotion and expansion which so congests the blood vessels of our speculative world that it is always liable to an accident that turns everything topsy-turvy.

"Under any revised system there must necessarily be a reduced tendency to load up New York with excessive interest-bearing deposits, which have to be used to make them pay and which are practically forced by the situation into speculative channels.

"We need, therefore, a reformed financial system, primarily as a National necessity; but we need it also as a basis upon which to build our influence and our participation in the finances of the world.

"It is well for me of the National Administration to think and say these things, though I profess and intend to keep an open mind as to the details of reform until we have the report of the Monetary Commission. When the Monetary Commission report is in, then it will become the duty of the Administration, and of the Secretary of the Treasury as a part of the Administration, to express judgment as to the proposals and provisions for a revised system.

No Report This Session.

"We shall have to possess our souls in patience, however, for I fancy we are not to have any monetary report during this session of Congress. This, when translated into the political vernacular, means that we shall not have any report until after the next election.

"We might easily lay too much stress upon the importance of maintaining some particular feature of our own system; and it is, of course, admitted that our system is tremendously at fault, and must in important particulars be radically corrected. But we could not very well lay too much stress upon the importance of regarding our own National characteristics and conditions.

"It seems to be necessary that we should have a financial system that is the outgrowth of our own National character and our own National situations. In the end our system must so far conform to the financial systems of all the great financial nations as to fit us for a share in the work of the world's monetary operations.

"But on the other hand there seems to be a certainty of more ultimate dissimilarity than of similarity between other systems and our own. And when we have wisely adjusted ourselves and related ourselves profoundly to the financial systems of Europe, we shall find ourselves left, I believe, with an American system of banking and currency that will be distinctively our own. So that such a question as that of a central bank, for example, does not depend entirely upon the success of the central bank in European finance; though that success, being universally acknowledged, constitutes a great presumption in its favor.

"The remaining question is the chief one, which is as to whether a central bank of the European order can be introduced into our system so that it can perform the same useful office that it undoubtedly performs in European finance. I think we will have to wait, at least for the report of the Monetary Commission, before we can finally answer that question.

"And now, having spoken of monetary matters that are in the future, I will say a few words about a matter of present Government financing. There are one or two things in this connection in which I feel a strong present interest.

"The Government may need to market some bonds. Indeed, quite apart from the cash needs of the Treasury, Congress, with the approval of the President and the Treasury Department, very deliberately authorized a new issue of bonds to cover the entire cost of the Panama Canal; including the debt already accrued to the general fund of the Treasury, and it is now the National policy to pay for this canal by an issue of fifty-year bonds so as to spread the cost of it over a generation or two.

"This policy has the approval undoubtedly of the Nation. In connection with this issue of bonds, if it shall be made, I feel two matters to be very important and with respect to which not only the interest but the honor of the Government is involved. We have outstanding about $730,000,000 of 2 per cent. bonds, though 2 per cent. interest was never the measure of the Government's credit; and, of course, it is not now.

The Government Credit.

"Two per cent. was and is very much below the measure of the Government's credit. I said in my report to Congress that possibly 2 per cent. bonds should never have been issued. However, we have issued them, and we have issued $730,000,000 of them; and they are practically all in the National banks because they cannot be anywhere else—having no investment standing whatever. They cannot escape from the National banks in any important amounts, because they have no place to go. The banks can sell them only to each other, for nobody else would know what to do with them.

"That is the condition of the main part of the Government's debt, and it is not a position that is fortunate. The bonds are desirable to no one but a National banker when they can be used as security with the Government for either circulation or deposits. As deposits are at a very low ebb, these bonds are now almost entirely limited to their use as a basis for circulation.

"The consequence is that there is an almost necessary effort to keep them employed by forcing circulation upon the people, adding in this way a new and additional element of artificiality and inelasticity to our currency with the effect of what is apparently at present an unnecessary and hurtful expansion.

"Now, in issuing new bonds, either to replenish the cash in the Treasury when that becomes necessary, or to fund the present debt of the Panama Canal to the Treasury, or to pay for the canal's further construction, my feeling is that we are bound to see to it that the new bonds, if we issue them—and I hope we may be able to issue them if we have to issue anything—shall not be permitted to pile themselves on the top of this inert, this stagnant, mass of $730,000,000 of 2 per cent. bonds.

"We have certainly issued enough bonds that are practically unmarketable; and the loss of twenty-five or thirty millions of dollars, already sustained by our National banks through these 2 per cent. bonds, is quite enough without action upon our part to further depress their market price.

"Therefore, I maintain that the Government should see to it that any new issue of bonds may go, or have at any rate fair opportunity to go, into the hands of real investors. And this can only be done, I believe, by issuing them under such conditions of circulation privileges as does not discriminate against the 2 per cent. bonds, and at a rate of interest which measures as actually and accurately as possible the credit of the Government in the investment market, and which will not of itself encourage the new bonds to gravitate to the old to be piled on top of them."

President Wilson's Speech.

President Wilson in his address said he found that the scope of the university was to make young men as unlike their fathers as possible. He said he did not mean any reflection on the fathers, but merely to point out that every oncoming generation meets new conditions. Bankers, he thought, ought to be statesmen, for on no calling does the duty of statesmen rest so much as on bankers.

"There are many among you," he said, "who have a wide scope of view, and an elevated spirit, but who, nevertheless, take the view that the only idea worth while is that which profits your particular bank. The City of New York is a provincial community. It is centred too much upon itself."

President Wilson said he found that in the city papers the general news was generally crowded out, and he had to subscribe to a country newspaper to learn the happenings of the United States. If the bankers of New York want to keep their precedence in the affairs of the Nation, he said, they would have to shape themselves to become statesmen. The big borrower, he said, had arrived, and the future depended upon the borrower.

The trouble with most bankers, he said, was that they studied only the road to profit and to the jail. The trusts, he said, were good to the country in the short run, but in the long run they were sure to get into deep and dangerous waters.

Mr. Smith said that while all other nations honored its dead, the United States took pleasure in throwing mud on those who were still here and those who had gone. He defended McKinley and Sampson and got a round of applause when he brought in the name of Theodore Roosevelt.

Among the guests were A. Piatt Andrew, O. H. Cheney, Ledyard Cogswell, Frederick E. Farnsworth, Alexander Gilbert, William J. Gilpin, Francis L. Hine, Gates W. McGarrah, Edwin S. Marston, William A. Nash, Lewis E. Pierson, William H. Porter, L. L. Rue, William Sherer, the Rev. Julian K. Smyth, Valentine Snyder, George S. Terry, James T. Woodward, and James A. Patten, the cotton and wheat plunger of Chicago.

Senator Rayner Renominated.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 17.—The Democratic members of the Legislature in caucus to-night unanimously renominated United States Senator Isidor Rayner to succeed himself. This assures his reelection by the Legislature to-morrow.

Weak lungs, whether inherited or the result of illness, are wonderfully strengthened by SCOTT'S EMULSION. It strengthens the whole body, especially the lungs; it is the world's standard body-builder.

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GRAND JURY TAKES INSURANCE SCANDAL

Considers Only Matters Relating to Annual Reports Made by Syracuse Concern.

TEVIS DOES NOT TESTIFY

Prepares to Leave Town—Travers Already Gone After Examination by Insurance Department Officials.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, Jan. 17.—The State Insurance Department busied itself here to-day with the affairs of the People's Mutual Life Insurance Association and League. Supt. W. H. Hotchkiss was in charge, and he and some of his officials were in constant consultation with District Attorney George H. Bond of Onondaga County regarding the presentation of evidence before the Grand Jury.

When the Grand Jury adjourned this afternoon, it was said that no vote had been taken on any matter relating to the People's Mutual affair. The only evidence submitted, it was reported, was on two cases, and these related to the annual reports of the society to the department. Another case, also connected with the reports, it was believed, would be presented to-morrow.

It was reported that at the session to-day no evidence was offered by the department for the Grand Jury to consider which could be considered as bearing on a charge of conspiracy by which $150,000 of the funds of the People's Mutual had been diverted from the assets of the society. What the department has in reserve on this phase of the matter the officials refused to discuss to-day.

Supt. Hotchkiss said early to-day that he might make a written statement on the case later, but to-night he would not discuss the matter in any way.

At the hearing before Justice Andrews on Saturday it was stated by Attorney General O'Malley that it was expected that William Travers, manager of the Farmers' Bank of Canada at Toronto, would give evidence to show that the deposit of $150,000 by the People's Mutual in his bank, and the loan by the bank of a like amount to John Tevis to purchase the contracts of Reed, Debarr & Peck, was one transaction, the bank acting as a third party.

Messrs. Travers and Tevis, who came here Sunday, submitted to an examination by the Insurance Department officials. The minutes of these examinations were not filed to-day and neither of the men was sworn before the Grand Jury. Mr. Travers left early to-day and Mr. Tevis said he should leave to-night. He was uncommunicative, as were the other interested men who were seen.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 17.—Friends of Lieut. Gov. White declared to-night that the Onondaga County Grand Jury had found groundless intimations of improper acts on his part in connection with the transfer of the People's Mutual Life Insurance Association and League of Syracuse.

Mr. White, who is acting Governor in the absence of Gov. Hughes in Washington, was at the Capitol to-night and presided over the Senate. He declined to make a statement further than to say that he had outlined to Supt. Hotchkiss of the State Insurance Department his part in the transfer of the control of the People's Mutual to John Tevis of Louisville, Ky.

Senator Meade of Rochester introduced to-night a bill amending the criminal code by extending so as to cover insurance investigations the provisions of the Dowling act compelling witnesses in gambling cases to testify when their testimony would incriminate them, but granting them immunity from prosecution so far as their own evidence is concerned.

WOODRUFF IN REAL ESTATE.

Becomes Head of a New Corporation Planning Big Queens Deals.

Timothy L. Woodruff is at the head of a new realty corporation that plans developments involving millions of dollars. The corporation has perfected plans for the taking over of Jamaica and Garden City developments. It is said that the new corporation's chief offices will be moved from Manhattan to Jamaica.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. Woodruff made application for membership in the Queens Borough Real Estate Exchange. He was proposed by Col. William M. Griffith, a personal friend, who explained that Mr. Woodruff intends to devote personal attention to real estate interests in Queens.

LINCOLN MEDAL LOST.

A Pearl Necklace Also Sought Through The Times.

Solomon Mendik of 389 Essex Street, Brooklyn, is advertising in the Lost columns of to-day's TIMES, the loss of a Lincoln medal, awarded to him by THE TIMES in the essay contest in the recent Lincoln celebration. Since the award of the prize he has been a constant wearer of his medal, and is anxiously awaiting its return.

Marcus & Co., jewelers of Forty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue, advertise this morning the loss of a necklace of irregular pearls. They were dropped, it is thought, either on Fifth Avenue, near Fiftieth Street, or on Fifty-seventh Street, near Seventh Avenue. As stated in the Lost and Found column of THE TIMES, a reward of $100 will be paid for the return of the necklace.

CARDINAL GIBBONS PROTESTS.

Food Prices Are Out of All Reason, He Says.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—"Most of the prices for food products are clearly out of all reason," said Cardinal Gibbons last night," and the people cannot go on paying such prices when they are not earning any more than they were some years ago when prices were not so high."

The Cardinal was unable to assign a reason for the high prices that prevail, but he said something "evidently is wrong when many of the commonest necessities in foods are priced at such enormous figures."

"Something must be done soon," said the Cardinal, "to put the prices of food on a reasonable basis, and any method which will bring this about I indorse."

IMPURE MEAT SOLD IN STATE.

Commissioner of Agriculture Urges Surveillance Over Abattoirs.

ALBANY, Jan. 17.—In his annual report to the Legislature, Raymond A. Pearson, Commissioner of Agriculture, recommends that legislation be enacted to provide for a proper surveillance over the abattoirs of the State. The Commissioner points out that practically the only inspected meat sold in New York State is the product of abattoirs enjoying Federal meat inspection, which is limited to those plants doing an inter-State business, and it is a matter of common knowledge that live stock which would not be accepted at such plants is sometimes taken to abattoirs where no inspection obtains and the meat is sold wholly within the State. Thus the Federal meat inspection service—the proportional cost of which borne by the people of New York State being about $300,000 per annum—does not serve fully to protect the markets of this State against unwholesome meat and does serve to give an advantage to live stock interests of other States that desire to market their products in New York State.

The Commissioner says that rabies has increased to an alarming extent. A large number of horses, cows, sheep, and swine have died on account of bites of rabid dogs, and official reports show that forty-six persons died in New York City from rabies or hydrophobia during the period from Jan. 1, 1907, to May 1, 1909.

ASKS BEEF TRUST INQUIRY.

Investigation of Cost of Meat and Fire Insurance Sought by Legislators.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 17.—That there should be legislative investigation of the charge that rates for fire insurance and the prices of meat are kept too high for the average wage earner was the theme of four resolutions introduced to-night in the Assembly.

Edwin A. Merritt, majority leader, in behalf of Assemblyman J. J. McInerny of Monroe, presented a resolution which, if adopted, will authorize the appointment of a joint committee, composed of three Senators and five Assemblymen, to inquire into complaints that the present laws do not safeguard the interests of the policy holders and that through pools and unlawful agreements the rates of fire insurance, especially in New York City, are excessive. The committee would have the power to call for books and papers and exercise powers similar to those of the Armstrong Committee, which investigated the affairs of the life insurance companies.

Assemblyman James J. Hoey of New York, who is in the real estate and insurance business, presented a similar resolution, referring in the preamble to the report of the recent investigation of the Phenix Fire Insurance Company of Brooklyn and other companies which show that "gross abuses exist in the conduct of administration offices of insurance companies doing business in the State."

Resolutions complaining of the cost of living were introduced by Assemblyman Andrew F. Murray of New York and Minority Leader Daniel F. Frisbie. Mr. Murray asks the Legislature to request the Attorney General of the United States and the Attorney General of New York State to inquire into charges that the packing companies have entered into an agreement to keep up prices of beef and meat products. Proceedings to dissolve the monopoly and to "prosecute criminally all concerned in such conspiracy" are asked for. The resolution declares that prices are higher than at any other time in the history of the country and are out of proportion to the ability of wage earners to pay. The resolution points also to the statement that Swift & Co. paid a dividend of 14 per cent. on $60,000,000, and that the Swift Company and the National Packing Company have by agreement controlled the supply.

Mr. Frisbie's resolution asks for an investigation of the meat and produce business by a legislative committee, stating that the Department of Agriculture had shown that the profits of the business did not reach the stock producer or the farmer.

THOUSANDS TO EAT NO MEAT.

Ohioans to Abstain for a Month as Protest Against High Prices.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 17.—Cleveland's anti-meat strike as a protest at the increased cost of living was in full swing to-day. It is estimated that fully 6,000 men have signed a pledge to abstain from meat for a month in an effort to break the high prices.

An effort will be made by the promoters of the plan to spread the movement to all parts of Ohio. Already it has been taken up in Springfield, Ohio, with several hundred followers. While the strike is diretced at the high cost of meat, the advanced price of other staple foods will not be overlooked.

The movement started last Saturday, when the foremen of three factories took up the idea of having their men sign a pledge to abstain from meat. Workmen fell in with the plan, and to-day it was reported that in twenty-four shops where petitions have been circulated there are more than 6,000 signers, representing a population of 30,000.

A dealer in livestock is authority for the statement that if meat eating were stopped for one week prices would drop to the right level. It is predicted that by the end of the week upward of 20,000 families will be enlisted in the movement against high priced food.

KILLS HER BABY BY ERROR.

Mother Gives Him Creosote, Taking It for a Cough Mixture.

Mrs. Mary Keague of 85 Powers Street, Williamsburg, gave her 2-year-old son some creosote which she had for toothache drops last night, mistaking it for a croup medicine. When the child had convulsions and she discovered her mistake her cries aroused the neighbors, who sent for Dr. F. C. Newman of 237 Leonard Street. The physician found that the child was beyond help. He died in a few minutes.

Mrs. Keague, crazed with grief, tried to throw herself from the window of her home, which is on the second floor of the house, and the physician and neighbors had to restrain her. Then a policeman who heard of the child's death came in and arrested her.

The woman was hysterical when she was taken to the station, and the physician said that had she not been bailed out immediately she might have lost her reason.

The National Cloak & Suit Company

has openings for men with the qualifications and experience called for below

Merchandise Man

A man is required with broad experience in successfully superintending large buying. Such experience is necessary to secure consideration. But, in addition, the capacity for very serious, intelligent, well-directed effort is essential—the scope and the magnitude of the work making it possible for only the highest-grade business man to succeed. A man with the capacity for a large future can here find that future and its adequate reward.

Department Buyers

Men are wanted with experience in buying various lines of ladies', misses' and children's wearing apparel. To receive consideration applicants must not only have had experience, but successful experience; their career must show steady progress *upward*, and ample capacity for further growth. These opportunities present unusual advantages for serious men able and willing to give high-grade, loyal and earnest service.

Replies will be held by me in strict confidence and should state all details of experience and ability. Address by letter only—

S. G. Rosenbaum, President,
207 West 24th Street, New York City

Crutches and Trusses

We hope you won't need them, but if you do—just remember that you can get Crutches at $1.50 the pair and upward and a reliable Truss for $1.49 or upward at

RIKER DRUG STORES

You are SAFE when you buy at Riker's

Saks ready-for-service

Evening Apparel for Men

The ethics of good form lay down certain rules for Men's Evening Dress—fundamentals which brook no infraction.

But while adhering in the main to these rules, there is opportunity for added distinction—perfection of modeling and elegance of finish which only masters of the tailorman's art may hope to attain.

Our craftsmen are successful workers—their training has been of the sort to make them so. Not only are we specialists in the production of Men's Apparel generally, but we specialize (separately) Men's Evening Attire as a field particularly worthy of distinct endeavor.

Attention is directed to the exquisite workmanship evidenced in our Evening Clothes—the minute care for every detail of making and finish—in fact, no individual special order—would or could—secure more.

EVENING DRESS COATS, $22 to $38
DINNER JACKETS, $17 to $32
TROUSERS, $7 to $11.50
BLACK EVENING WAISTCOATS, to match, $4 to $6.50
OTHER EVENING WAISTCOATS, $3.50 to $10
Plain white or fancy effects, in silk or washable materials.

Broadway Saks & Company 34th Street

TO EXTRADITE WHITFIELD.

Man Held in London Charged with Forging Letters of Credit.

News was received here yesterday that the detectives sent over to bring back the man believed to be George W. Whitfield, alias Frank Robertson, H. W. Janarar, Alexander J. Boyd, who was arrested in Brighton, England, on a charge of forgery, had arrived in London and had applied for extradition papers. Whitfield has been charged with swindling bankers, steamship and railroad agents, and hotel keepers in the United States and Canada since 1898. He was caught twice and convicted during that period. He served one sentence in Baltimore and another on Blackwell's Island.

A warning circular issued by Brown, Shipley & Co. of London, with his photograph attached, was the means of the arrest in Brighton.

TIDAL WAVE STRUCK OROTAVA.

Captain Thinks This Phenomenon Might Account for Ships Lost.

Capt. Dagnall of the liner Orotava, which arrived yesterday from Bermuda six hours late, owing to strong adverse winds and heavy seas, said that he coincided in the belief of Capt. Turner of the Lusitania as to the existence of tidal waves at sea which struck vessels without warning.

"We were bucking a stiff head sea last night," said the Captain, "about two bells in the first watch, when a heavy sea rolled up over the bows. The doctor and chief engineer were thrown out of their chairs. We had slowed down to nine knots at the time and the ship was fairly steady. If the Orotava had been driving into it at fifteen knots like the Lusitania when she was struck the consequences might have been serious.

"In my opinion the liners which have disappeared in the Atlantic and Indian Oceans and China seas from time to time, without leaving any traces of their fate behind them, have been overwhelmed by these mysterious tidal waves."

FOR A WORLD'S FAIR HERE.

Company Launched with the Purpose of Holding an Exposition in 1913.

The men who say they intend giving New York a world's fair in 1913 to commemorate the 300th anniversary of the landing of the Dutch on Manhattan Island, and have incorporated the New York Advancement Company, with a capital of $200,000 in order to carry out their plans, met yesterday and elected officers.

It is expected by the organizers that the $200,000 capital, which they hope to realize by selling stock at $10 a share, will form the nucleus of the world's fair fund, and that the bulk of the money required will come from other sources, contributions, concessions, and so on.

A. H. Stoddard, recently of New Orleans, who had charge of the building of the floats for the Hudson-Fulton land pageant, is one of the promoters of the world's fair company. Joseph Sinclair is another, and Mr. Sinclair has had something to do with many fairs in the last twenty years or so. The name of neither of these men appear, however, in the directorate of the New York Advancement Company.

According to an announcement made following the meeting yesterday, these officers have been chosen:

Temporary President, James F. Graham; Vice Presidents, Samuel Verplank Hoffman, Dr. Gustav Scholer, W. O. Homan, Col. Arthur MacArthur, Tunis G. Bergen, and Hugh McElroy; Secretary, George N. Moran; temporary Treasurer, James McCaldin; Auditor, M. A. Smith; General Counsel, Enos S. Booth; Directors, Evelyn B. Baldwin, Louis Gallucci, Charles Gotthelf, James F. Graham, Benjamin F. Hamilton, James McCaldin, James Roy McCaldin, George N. Moran, Samuel B. Ogden, George Robinson, Dr. Edmund B. Taber, Lester B. Waterbury, James P. Graham and Albert R. Willmott.

Secretary Moran was Publicity Agent for the Hudson-Fulton Commission, and he will look out for the press work of the new company.

Bishop Greer Fast Recovering.

At the home of Bishop David H. Greer, 17 Gramercy Park, it was said last night that the Bishop, who has been confined to his room for several days suffering from neuralgia, was much better, and would probably be able to leave his house to-day.

For Cold Weather American Hosiery Co.'s Knitted Jackets For Men

Of best worsted, heavy, warm and loose fitting, in dark colors. To be worn under the coat. The best extra wrap for extreme weather.

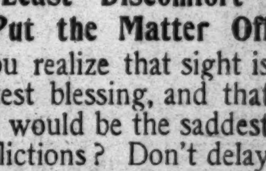
For automobiling, skating and the like.

Sold at all the best stores. Ask to see them.

Look for this label.

"NO BETTER IN THE WORLD" AMERICAN HOSIERY COMPANY

Wholesale Only—108-110 Franklin St.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If Your Eyes Cause The Least Discomfort Don't Put the Matter Off

Do you realize that sight is the greatest blessing, and that loss of it would be the saddest of all afflictions? Don't delay because of expense when examinations by our

Registered Physicians

Are Absolutely Without Charge

WE CHARGE for GLASSES ONLY

Perfect-Fitting Glasses as Low as $2.50

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Oculists and Opticians
223 Sixth Av., 15th St. 350 Sixth Av., 22d St.
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To Live 100 Years

You don't have to drink buttermilk

Simply take

LACTAB

(Lactic ferments in the Tablets)

Riker Drug Stores

WATERPROOF TARPAULINS For Covering Merchandise.

JOHN SULLIVAN & SON.

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BE ON THE SAFE SIDE.

If you lose anything, don't trust to luck that you'll get it back. Advertise your loss in The New York Times and be on the safe side.

To Be Sure
OF GETTING
Brewery Bottling
OF
Evans' Ale
LOOK FOR THE
Red and Black
Label
That's the way to get what you want and dispel doubt.
In Splits if desired.

EXHIBITION DAILY TO 10 P. M.
IN THE
Fifth Ave.
Art Galleries
"SILO BUILDING,"
546 Fifth Ave.,
Cor. 45th St.
Rare and Beautiful
Flemish and Aubusson
TAPESTRIES
PERIOD CABINETRY,
Porcelains and Art Objects
FROM THREE
NOTABLE COLLECTIONS
That of the Late
Col. Addison Thomas,
NEWPORT, R. I.
Mme. Blanche Y. Roditi,
PARIS,
and several choice examples from the recent collection-sale of
The Baron Speck
Von Sternberg,
Late German Ambassador at Washington.
UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE
Thursday, Friday and Saturday
(Jan. 20, 21 & 22) at 2:30 o'clock.
MR. JAMES P. SILO, Auctioneer.

THE EQUITABLE
TRUST CO.
OF NEW YORK
CAPITAL, $3,000,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits,
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ALVIN W. KRECH, President
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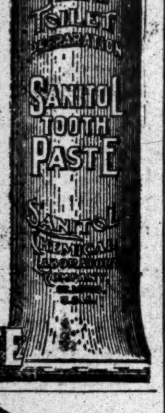

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Purest, best and most economical for you.
Polishes the teeth and keeps them white.
Tones up the gums and keeps them healthy.
Buy a tube today.
25c everywhere
TOOTH PASTE

The Thinnest, Lightest, HANDIEST Way to Carry Your Bills!
Patented HANDY BILL FOLD Aug. 24, 1909
Simplicity itself. Bills slip in or out in a second. No fumbling, no fussing. Eleven different leathers, 50c to $3. Get one anywhere, or send for descriptive leaflet.
A. L. Steinweg & Co 493 B'way, N. Y.
Sole Mfrs. & Selling Agents
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"THE CROWN HAS IT"
Always use soft water to bathe in—easily done by daily shaking a little
BATHODORA
in the water. This feathery bath powder softens, scents and purifies the water and hygienically cleanses the skin.
Sold Everywhere.
Generous sample and "Fashion Book of Perfumes" sent for 4 cts. (postage).
Write Dept. C To-day.
Crown Perfumery Co., of London,
30 East 20th St., New York.

MUCH WEALTH ON PRISONER.

When Arrested for Intoxication He Had $11,000 Good Bonds and $500 Cash.

In order to compel him to establish his ownership of $11,000 worth of bonds and more than $500 in money, Magistrate O'Connor, in the Yorkville Court yesterday, adjourned the examination of Gustave H. Berger of 20 New Chambers Street until to-day. The money and bonds were found in his possession when the police arrested him for intoxication.

With the bonds was a statement of an account of "Gustave Henry Berger" with Zimmermann & Forshay, bankers and brokers, at 11 Wall Street. Looking over the bonds the Magistrate found $6,000 of the Central Railroad of Haiti, $3,000 of the Imperial Japanese Railroad, and the remainder in German Government bonds.

The prisoner insisted that he was none other than Berger himself, and that the bonds and money belonged to him, but the Magistrate placed him under $500 bail and told him to bring a representative of the banking house to court to identify him. Bail was given by Emil Moes, owner of a café at 221 William Street.

Safety Razor blades resharpened, all kinds, [illegible] doz., by Keenedge process. M. Leichter, [illegible] W. 125th St.—Adv.

HASSETT RETIRES FROM WATER BOARD

Resigns the Secretaryship and Is Succeeded by Thomas H. Keogh.

PLACE OFFERED TO SCUDDER

Mayor Ready to Appoint Him One of the Commissioners of Accounts.

No development under the new city administration has caused so much comment from a political standpoint as the resignation of Thomas Hassett from the Secretaryship of the Board of Water Supply. He has been out and his successor named since Friday, but the facts were not known generally until yesterday.

Both Mr. Hassett and the members of the board say that the resignation was purely voluntary, but politicians of both parties think there is more behind the matter than appears on the surface.

For a long time Mr. Hassett has been one of the closest of ex-Mayor McClellan's friends and advisers. He was active in the various speechmaking tours which Mr. McClellan made up State during the last few months of his term, and it is understood that the ex-Mayor's Gubernatorial aspirations are in his hands for safe keeping while the former Mayor is abroad.

When it first became known that some understanding had undoubtedly been arrived at between Mr. McClellan, the late Senator McCarren, and Chairman Conners of the Democratic State Committee, Mr. Hassett immediately became active. Immediately after this many of Mr. Conners's stanchest supporters began to receive Commissionerships and other preferment in the Catskill Aqueduct work.

Mr. Hassett is old at the political game. He was David B. Hill's secretary while he was Mayor of Elmira and was carried on to Albany. He was assistant secretary to Mayor McClellan during his first term, and in December, 1905, was made Secretary of the Water Board at $6,000 a year. His letter of resignation to the board read:

> Gentlemen:
> Having become interested in a business enterprise which requires my undivided attention, I hereby tender my resignation as Secretary of the Board of Water Supply, to take effect at once.
> I desire to thank the Commissioners for the uniform courtesy which has always been extended to me and for the confidence which has always been placed in me.
> Respectfully yours,
> THOMAS HASSETT.

To Engage in Business.

Mr. Hassett said yesterday that he would enter the office of his brother, Edward Hassett, who is a lawyer at 49 Wall Street, and is also interested in the enterprise which he is about to engage in.

The Water Board passed a resolution accepting his resignation with regrets.

Thomas H. Keogh, a lawyer at 200 Fifth Avenue, who lives at 600 West 133d Street, has been appointed to Mr. Hassett's post. He is a native of Troy, a graduate of Hamilton College, and the Albany Law School. He has been practicing in this city for seven years. He is a Democrat, but not active in the organization. There was much speculation among the politicians as to who or what was responsible for his appointment. President Bensel of the Water Board had difficulty in recalling the new Secretary's first name, and the Mayor said he knew nothing about the case. Mr. Keogh said that he had never met the Mayor and knows President Bensel only slightly.

It will be remembered that James Gaffney made an interesting reference to Mr. Hassett in one of his letters to Charles F. Murphy at Mount Clemens, Mich. As published in The American's series, the extract read:

> While talking with Hyde (then Gaynor's secretary, now City Chamberlain) I informed him about Tom Hassett. I said it was an outrage for the city to pay him $6,000 a year as secretary of the Water Board, and McClellan having him going through the State as an advance agent. Hyde made a memorandum and said that he would take it up with the Judge, and that as soon as the Judge assumed office he would go after Hassett.

Another change of political importance made yesterday was the removal by Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards of Owen J. Murphy, the Deputy of the department in charge in Brooklyn. Murphy has for many years been the Democratic leader of the Thirteenth Assembly District, Brooklyn, and was a lieutenant of the late Senator McCarren.

Why He Was Dropped.

In his letter to the Mayor explaining the removal, Commissioner Edwards said that Murphy ought to have known of the practice recently uncovered in the Brooklyn branch of the department of demanding money from the emergency employes, and stopped it.

Murphy's salary was $5,000 a year. He had been the Brooklyn Deputy of the Street Cleaning Department since January, 1907. Julian Fairfax Scott, the Deputy in charge in the Bronx, has been transferred to Murphy's place. He lives at 132 Montague Street, Brooklyn. District Supt. Fred L. Stearns of 52 West 126th Street will act as Deputy in the Bronx. He has been in the department since 1895 and is now promoted from a $2,100 place to one that pays $5,000.

Mayor Gaynor has offered the post of one of the two Commissioners of Accounts to Marvyn Scudder, one of the best-known public accountants in the city. Mr. Scudder has not yet decided to take the place. In doing so he would give up a business amounting to at least $40,000 a year to accept a place which pays only $5,000.

Mr. Scudder is a member of the Republican County Committee, and has long been active in the organization of the Twenty-fifth Assembly District, in which he lives. When Chairman Parsons of the County Committee was leader of the district, Mr. Scudder was one of his chief lieutenants. He was chief accountant for Gov. Hughes in both the gas and insurance investigations, and also for the Public Service Commission in the traction investigation and for the President of the Aldermen in his investigation, when he was Commissioner of Accounts, into the office of ex-Borough President Ahearn.

The Aldermanic President, the Controller, and Borough President McAneny, Fusion members of the Board of Estimate, had another long conference with the Mayor yesterday. When they came out of his office they said they had talked over general matters and that the Mayor seemed to be in accord with them.

It is understood that it was definitely decided at the conference to place Raymond B. Fosdick in the post of Secretary to the Board of Estimate now held by Joseph Haag, who ran for Borough President against Mr. McAneny. Mr. Fosdick is now an Assistant Corporation Counsel at $3,000 a year. The secretaryship pays $7,500.

WHITE SLAVERS INDICTED.

Grand Jury Returns Made by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., as Foreman.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., as Foreman of the Grand Jury charged with the investigation of the white slave traffic, handed down six indictments yesterday noon. Three were in cases now pending in the Magistrates' courts, and in the others no arrests have yet been made.

Paul Drinke and Philip Mangold of 97 Bowery, against whom indictments were found on Friday, were arraigned before Judge O'Sullivan in General Sessions yesterday and committed to the Tombs. At the request of Assistant District Attorney Appleton bail was fixed at $7,500 each. They were originally arrested on an abduction charge, but they have since been indicted for procuring.

Rooms and Board in private families. See Page 17.

RUSSIA AGAINST KNOX PLAN.

Neutralization of Manchurian Railways Is Not Acceptable at Present.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 17.—The Council of Ministers has decided that the American proposal for the neutralization of the Manchurian railways is not acceptable to the Russian Government at present. Russia's reply to Secretary Knox's note will be delivered to United States Ambassador Rockhill in a few days.

It is understood, however, that Russia is not willing to decide finally concerning that part of the memorandum which described the Chinchow-Aigun Railroad project undertaken by American and British capital, until further light on the intentions of the promoters of the new line has been received. Russia is opposed to the construction of the extension north of Tsitsihar, but may participate in the Tsitsihar-Chinchow portion of the road under certain conditions.

The Associated Press is informed that Japan has announced that it has no right to veto the construction of the road under the secret treaty between China and Japan, but will ask that the Japanese Government be permitted to participate in the enterprise.

The local authorities at Harbin have instituted a practice of demanding passports from hotel guests in that city, the same as is done in Russia. This has been undertaken by the local officials there independent of authority from St. Petersburg, and will result, it is expected here, in international complications.

LINER ROBBED OF PROVISIONS.

Thirty-eight Stewards and Waiters of Kaiserin Auguste Victoria Arrested.

HAMBURG, Jan. 17.—Thirty-eight of the stewards and waiters of the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria of the Hamburg-American Line were arrested upon the arrival of the steamer at Cuxhaven to-day. The prisoners are accused of stealing provisions, particularly meats and preserves. The discovery was made by three detectives who made the last westward trip on the vessel, two as steerage passengers and the other as a steward.

The detectives allege that they found the existence of a system through which provisions were smuggled into the quarters of the steerage passengers by the connivance of the stewards with the waiters, and sold to those in the steerage at low prices. The detectives returned to Hamburg on the steamer Blücher and met the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria upon her arrival at Cuxhaven.

JAIL FOR MRS. SARGENT.

Former Miss Savin Loses Appeal in Maltreatment of Children Case.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Josephine Sargent, the American wife of Cecil H. Sargent, an Englishman, lost her appeal to-day for the suspension of her jail sentence of eighteen months and will begin her term of imprisonment at once. She has been out on bail since May 24, when she and her husband were found guilty of having maltreated children confided to their care.

The woman before marriage was a Miss Savin of New York, in which city relatives still live. These relatives, it is said, refused to intervene in her behalf.

SULTAN RECEIVES FAIRBANKS.

Former Vice President Also Visits the Turkish Parliament.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 17.—Ambassador Straus to-day presented Charles W. Fairbanks, former Vice President of the United States, to the Sultan, who talked with him at length about his tour. Later Mr. Fairbanks visited Parliament, where he was received by the President of the Chamber.

Consul General Edward H. Ozmun gave a musicale this afternoon in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Fairbanks.

HONOR JEFFERSON SELIGMAN.

Made Member of the Legion of Honor by French Government.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Jefferson Seligman of the banking firm of J. & W. Seligman & Co. of New York, has been made a member of the Legion of Honor by the French Government.

FRENCH WAR SLOOP WRECKED

Three of Crew Drowned and Four Injured in Minorca.

MINORCA, Balearic Islands, Jan. 17.—The French war sloop Martial was wrecked to-day on the coast of Minorca Island.

Three of the crew were drowned and four others were injured.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 17.—Major Gen. Artaboievsky was arrested to-day in connection with the frauds uncovered in the Quartermaster's Department.

MADRID, Jan. 17.—A member of the nobility whose name is withheld was arrested to-day following the discovery of a counterfeiting plant on his estate near Gnadix.

AMOY, China, Jan. 17.—F. D. Cheshire of New York, United States Consul at Large for the District of Eastern Asia, which includes Australia, has completed the inspection of the American Consulates at Amoy and Formosa and sailed to-day by way of Hongkong for Australia.

FOREIGN MAILS IN LATE.

Batch on St. Louis Delivered Five Days Behind and More Delayed Two Days.

Owing to the bad weather which has prevailed on the Atlantic during the past four weeks, and the substitution of slow steamships for fast ones, there has been delay in the European mail service, which has been the cause of complaint from merchants and importers. The White Star, North German Lloyd, and Hamburg-American Lines took off their fast boats. The only fast mail service was by the Cunard Line with the Lusitania and Mauretania. Postmaster Morgan said yesterday that the United States Post Office Department had no control over the foreign steamship companies as to the speed of their vessels. They were all paid alike.

Mails due on Jan. 1 by the Cunard liner Umbria were landed on Monday, Jan. 3. Those of the White Star liner Adriatic, due on Wednesday, Jan. 5, were landed on Friday, Jan. 7. The Carmania's mails, due on Saturday, Jan. 8, did not reach the Post Office until Monday, Jan. 10. The St. Louis' mails, which were due last Wednesday, were not delivered in New York until yesterday morning.

This week things will be better for both incoming and outgoing mails, as the North German Lloyd has a liner arriving to-day, and the Oceanic arrives on Wednesday. The Lusitania takes the outgoing fast mail on Wednesday and the Philadelphia on Saturday.

GAYNOR SILENT ON NEW BOOM

Not Yet Asked to Attend Lafayette, Ind., Presidential Dinner.

Mayor Gaynor would not comment yesterday upon the dispatches from Indianapolis indicating a movement to boom him as the next Democratic Presidential candidate. It was stated that the Jackson Club of Lafayette, Ind., had decided to take up the cudgels for him and invite him to start the movement by being the guest of honor at a big banquet to be held by the club in the near future.

The Mayor said that he has not yet received any such invitation.

SON AND DAUGHTER GET MILLS MILLIONS

Mrs. Reid and Ogden Mills Inherit All Save $400,000 Left to Public Institutions.

ESTATE MAY BE $60,000,000

Whitelaw Reid an Executor in Case of the Death of His Wife—$100,000 to the Metropolitan Museum.

The will of Darius Ogden Mills was filed yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. It was a comparatively short document, and, with the exception of six bequests to public institutions, divided the estate, which has been estimated at between $50,000,000 and $60,000,000, equally between his two children—Ogden Mills and Elisabeth Mills Reid, wife of Ambassador Whitelaw Reid.

The will, which is dated Dec. 4, 1908, is:

"I, Darius Ogden Mills, of the City of New York, do make this my last will and testament in manner following:

"First—I direct that all my just debts and funeral expenses be paid as soon as possible after my decease.

"Second—I give and bequeath to the Metropolitan Museum of Art, in the City of New York, the sum of $100,000.

"I give and bequeath to the American Museum of Natural History, in the City of New York, the sum of $100,000.

"I give and bequeath to the Home for Incurables, in the City of New York, the sum of $100,000.

"I give to the New York Botanical Gardens, in Bronx Park, the sum of $50,000.

"I give and bequeath to the American Geographical Society, in the City of New York, the sum of $25,000.

"I give and bequeath to the American National Red Cross, incorporated by Act of Congress on Jan. 5, 1905, the sum of $25,000.

"Third: I give devise and bequeath all the rest, residue, and remainder of my estate, both real and personal wheresoever situated, to my two children, Ogden Mills and Elisabeth M. Reid, wife of Whitelaw Reid, their heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns forever, to be equally divided between them. In case of the death of either of my said children before my own death, the issue per stirpes of such child shall take in equal shares the share the parent would have received had he or she survived me. In case of the death of either of my said children before my own death leaving no issue, the share herein given to such child shall go to the survivor, or if my other child shall have died leaving issue me surviving, then to such issue in equal shares per stirpes, and I devise and bequeath the same accordingly.

"Fourth: I nominate, constitute, and appoint my son, Ogden Mills, and my daughter, Elisabeth M. Reid, executors of this my last will and testament, and, in case of the death of my said daughter, Elisabeth M. Reid, before me or before the final discharge of her duties as executor, I appoint my son-in-law, Whitelaw Reid, executor in her place.

"In order to secure the payment of debts and legacies and to the division of my estate among any residuary devisees and legatees, I hereby give my executors and their successors full power and authority, in their discretion, to sell, dispose of and convey all or any part of my estate, real or personal, to make conveyances of any character and to accept purchase money, mortgages in full or part payment of the proceeds of any such sale, and to exercise the above-named powers or any of them upon such terms, in such manner and at such times as they or he or she shall deem best; and also I authorize them, in their discretion, at any time to lease any real property of mine for five years or for any greater or less term upon such covenants and conditions as they shall deem proper.

"I direct that no security be required of them in any jurisdiction where they may be called upon to act in the settlement of my estate."

The document was witnessed by George Welwood Murray of Montclair, N. J.; Charles P. Howland of 13 West Eleventh Street, and Robert McC. Marsh of 45 West Eleventh Street.

The petition for the probate of the will was submitted by Mrs. Reid, who states that she is a resident of Purchase, Westchester County, and by Ogden Mills, who gives his residence as Staatsburg, Dutchess County, N. Y.

Whitelaw Reid, who is named as an executor in case of the death of his wife, waived the service of a citation and consented that the will should be admitted to probate.

Stetson, Jennings & Russell, the attorneys who filed the will, gave out a statement yesterday afternoon. It was:

"In addition to the public legacies in his will, D. O. Mills indicated to his children, Ogden Mills and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, his wish to make a gift to St. Luke's Hospital at San Francisco, and in fulfillment of this wish of their father they will, upon the final settlement of the estate, provide the sum of $100,000, to be expended for that hospital as they shall then indicate."

BULL WILL THROWN OUT.

Court Refuses to Admit to Probate Copy of the Third One.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 17.—The Probate Court of Middletown declined to-day to admit to probate a copy of the third will of the late Congressman Melville Bull, in which he gave his estate to his brother Charles M. Bull of Brooklyn, to hold in trust for his nephew, William T. Bull, son of the late Dr. William T. Bull, and to pay over the principal to William T. Bull when he reaches the age of 25.

VERDICT FOR MRS. DURYEA.

Jury Awards $20,000 to Her on an Old Stock Transaction.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Jan. 17.—A jury in Part II. of the Supreme Court, presided over by Justice Keogh at White Plains, after being out for six hours, to-day brought in a sealed verdict awarding $20,000 damages in favor of Mrs. Frances Duryea against Eugene Zimmerman of Cincinnati, father of the Duchess of Manchester; M. C. Armour, William C. Herron, Daniel B. Meacham, and Adelaide H. Brown, as executrix of the estate of Archer Brown, all of New York.

The action was originally brought by William Duryea, husband of the plaintiff, who alleged that $20,000 worth of stocks of the Alabama & Georgia Iron Company he had purchased was worthless, and that the prospectus on which he based his speculation contained false representation.

The first trial was held in 1899 in Rockland County, and the jury awarded a verdict of $15,000 to Mr. Duryea. This was set aside by the Appellate Division on an error of the presiding Justice of the lower court and a new trial granted.

Following this decision Mr. Duryea died, and his widow continued the action. It was contended on the trial that the stock of the company had never drawn dividends.

Finest AMERICAN Whiskey
HIGHLAND PURE RYE
Bottled in Bond
7 YEARS OLD 7
Age Guaranteed By
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT STAMP
on Bottle.
• ASK FOR A HIGHLAND RYE BALL •

EXPENSE OF MORTGAGE BORROWING
The reason why we are the largest lender in Greater New York—our borrowers are satisfied with our charges. They find them less than they expect to pay, and we always have money enough for good loans.
TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO
Capital and Surplus, - $14,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., Bklyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

NO RECORD BY PAULHAN.

Leak in Gasoline Tank Forces Him to Abandon Distance Test.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 17.—Louis Paulhan, because of a leak in the fuel tank of his aeroplane to-day, failed to come anywhere near the Farman distance record of 144 miles. After covering 75.6 miles Paulhan quit, asserting that to-morrow he would exceed Farman's record if the weather conditions remained good.

Paulhan to-day remained in the air 1 hour 58 minutes 27 2-5 seconds. He would have had to remain in the air two hours longer to beat Farman's sustained flight.

Hamilton was in the air at the same time trying for the record. He sailed below Paulhan, who was soaring 200 feet high. After Hamilton had covered the course eleven times he was forced to descend by the shifting of some mechanism.

Curtiss went out to beat his own record for ten laps around the course. He succeeded, making the trip in 23:04 3-5. His fastest lap was made in 2:15, not a record. Paulhan tried to beat Curtiss in this ten-lap race, but his time was 25:05 1-5.

The day was clear, and an immense crowd came out. Curtiss was the first to get into the air. After a short flight to test the wind, which had sunk to a slight breeze, he took Lieut. Paul W. Beck, U. S. A. Signal Corps, as a passenger, and made a short flight. Then he took up Frank Johnson of San Francisco.

The dirigibles were lugged out by soldiers, and soon were twisting around the middle of the course. Lincoln Beachey made one lap in 5:34 after the air had been cleared of the aeroplanes.

The Gill-Dosch aeroplane, a Baltimore entry, which has met with a series of trifling accidents that kept it off the course, was brought out. It made two feeble attempt to start, but could not rise. Later a new start was made. The machine hopped along for a few yards, rose five feet, and then settled down with a bump that broke the steel carriage.

Maisson and Curtiss came out and flew at dusk. Clifford B. Harmon of New York made a short flight alone in his new Curtiss machine.

After drifting for some time over the ocean the balloon "Dick Ferris," carrying J. C. Mars of Oakland, pilot, and two women passengers, was brought to earth safely to-night near Redondo. The balloon ascended to a height of 7,000 feet and was carried rapidly seaward. When the balloon was brought lower a land current brought the craft back to land.

GIRL LURED TO AMERICA.

Married Man Promised to Wed Her, She Says—He Is Arrested.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., Jan. 17.—Antonas Lazdowskis was arrested to-night by Karl Bawor, representing the Ellis Island immigration authorities, charged with having lured Anna Kawaeckis here from Europe last June for immoral purposes. It is charged that Lazdowskis persuaded the woman to come to America by promising to marry her, and that when she arrived he refused to do so. She stayed in Philadelphia with him some time, it is said, until she found that he had a wife and family. She then informed the Ellis Island authorities, and the man was found here. He will be taken to Ellis Island to-morrow on a charge of violation of the immigration laws. He has been living here with his wife for some time.

EST 1852 JWCo
FIFTH AVENUE 35TH STREET
Remarkable Specimen
Antique Sarouk Rug
Size 22.1 x 14.5 . . . . Price $2750.
Inspection of this exquisite Oriental carpet will afford a rare treat for rug collectors. The beautiful, old red ground is almost entirely covered with an elaborate medallion, filled with an unusually rich display of Oriental fancies both in designs and colorings. Central figure is historical with characters in pistachio green, old blues and reds. The beautiful corner designs are of Persian scroll work on mellow cream ground. The border is in seven bands—center band with rich, blue ground, harmonizing with the medallion and carrying figures developing touches of sapphire, hunter green and golden brown.
This exceptionally fine piece is but one of many in our extensive collection. Your inspection is sincerely invited.
JOSEPH WILD & CO.
Second Floor Established 1852

Best $8 Trains
TO BUFFALO
The Buffalonian
Lv. Desbrosses St., 7.45 p.m.
" West 42d St., 7.55 p.m.
Ar. Buffalo, 7.15 a.m.
Pullman Buffet Sleeper with Observation Smoking Room, Standard Sleepers and Day Coaches.
West Shore Limited
Lv. Desbrosses St., 8.25 a.m.
" West 42d St., 8.35 a.m.
Ar. Buffalo, 8.05 p.m.
Pullman Parlor Cars, Buffet Broiler Smoking Car, Standard Day Coaches.
West Shore R.R.
Railroad and Pullman tickets can be secured at any of our offices, or will be delivered, upon request, by special representative, who will furnish any information desired. Address
L. F. Vosburgh, 1216 Broadway.
NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES
Telephone: 6310 Madison.

REORGANIZED
Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

UNDER the new order of things there is naturally a new policy.

The new policy, which is really but the old one grown greater, demands the immediate disposal of all stock on hand.

On December 9th Smith Gray & Co. first announced that on account of the reorganization of the business speedy adjustment demanded the immediate reduction of the splendid stock.

That you may know what had to be accomplished, what was accomplished and what must still be accomplished, the following data will show:

Dec. 9, 1909, Smith Gray & Co. had in stock:

Suits—Men's and Young Men's	15,168
Since delivered from factory	3,175
Total for disposition	18,343
Sold	8,933
On hand Jan. 17	9,410

Must be sold.

Dec. 9, 1909, Smith Gray & Co. had in stock:

Overcoats—Men's & Young Men's	10,777
Since delivered from factory	2,647
Total for disposition	13,424
Sold	6,605
On hand Jan. 17	6,819

Must be sold.

We have only about four weeks in which to sell more suits and overcoats than we have just sold in six weeks of the most phenomenal clothing business New York has ever known.

This condition, coupled with our need of immediate disposal, presents to you an opportunity in the way of radical price reductions unapproached in our nearly three-fourths of a century.

Below is given the value table—it being well to bear in mind that value with Smith Gray means full value—intrinsic worth.

Men's and Young Men's Suit Reductions.

$25, $28 & $30 Suits	$15.00
$32 & $35 Suits	20.00
$38 & $40 Suits	25.00
$42 & $45 Suits	30.00

Men's and Young Men's Overcoat Reductions.

$25, $28 & $30 Overcoats	$15.00
$32 & $35 Overcoats	20.00
$38 & $40 Overcoats	25.00
$42 & $45 Overcoats	30.00

$48, $50 & $55 Overcoats, reduced to $35.00.
$18 to $25 Overcoats (broken lots), $12.50.
$18 to $25 Suits (broken lots), $12.50.
All Fur-Lined Overcoats Reduced One-Third

$7.50 to $9.00 Children's Suits & Overcoats	$5.75
$9.50 & $10.00 Children's Suits & Overcoats	$6.75

$2.00, $2.50 & $3.00 Neckwear	$1.35
$2.50 & $3.00 Pajamas	$1.55
$3.50 to $5.00 Pajamas	$2.15
$1.50, $2.00 & $2.50 Fancy Shirts	$1.15

$3 Howlison's English Derbies, $1.75

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Chicago *Now* Leads New York in Advertising

The Chicago Tribune in 1909 printed more advertising than any other metropolitan newspaper in the United States.

Comparative statement of advertising carried by The Chicago Tribune and by the leading New York City papers for the year 1909:

1909	COLUMNS
Chicago Tribune	**37,814.85**
New York World . .	**37,508.15**
New York Herald . .	**34,427.04**
Brooklyn Eagle . . .	**31,848.57**
New York American .	**25,810.88**
New York Times . .	**23,982.34**

Measured in standard columns of 300 agate lines.
Figures of New York papers from the statistical bureau of the Evening Post.

It is an achievement for the first newspaper in the second city of the United States to print more advertising than the first newspaper in New York and to lead by a wide margin the first newspaper in each of the ten largest cities.

Ordinarily trade conditions would favor the New York newspapers, but the tremendous growth of The Chicago Tribune during the last five years has been such as to overcome any and all conditions which might favor any other newspaper in any other city.

The Chicago Tribune's growth has been steady. It has gained year by year—gain on gain. Even during the panic year of 1908 The Tribune gained when every other metropolitan newspaper in the United States lost.

The Tribune gained 4,157.99 columns in 1909.

And The Tribune's gains have been along the right lines.

A Remarkable Incident

A Chicago merchant in 1907 made a contract to spend $13,695 with The Tribune.

In 1909 that same advertiser spent in The Tribune—no other Chicago morning paper being used—$40,659.

This is only one of many similar instances.

The Tribune's growth has been through the increase in the individual accounts of its advertisers. Advertising pays in The Tribune. Advertisers increase their space because they can make money by doing so.

No other Chicago paper carries so many separate, individual accounts as The Tribune.

A Square Deal for Advertisers

It is doubtful if any other newspaper in the United States holds so rigorously to its established policy of dealing with all advertisers, under all conditions, on the same terms.

There are no special contracts with big or little advertisers. There are no side guarantees. Every advertiser in The Tribune gets a square deal—the same deal that his competitor gets. The man who is out is not offered any inducement to come in.

The Tribune's advertising space is bought—it is not sold.

The lowest rate on big contracts for display advertising in The Chicago Tribune, daily, is 22½ cents per agate line; Sunday, 27½ cents per agate line.

The World's Record

On yearly classified advertising contracts the lowest rate in the daily is 12 cents; Sunday, 20 cents.

Advertisements for "Situations Wanted" are exceptions. The Tribune makes its contribution to the poor by charging exceedingly low rates for this business.

For a single line of 36 point type in its daily classified columns The Tribune receives $2.10 for every line printed. At this rate thousands of dollars' worth of space is eagerly purchased by advertisers every year.

No other newspaper in the world can show a record like this.

Why The Tribune Pays Its Advertisers

The reason is perfectly plain to those who study the Chicago newspaper situation.

Every copy of The Chicago Tribune printed and sold goes into the hands of a person who can buy whatever is advertised, whether it be a five-cent collar button or a ten thousand dollar automobile.

Such is the diversity of character in the circulation of The Chicago Tribune. Such is its buying power.

There are enough readers of The Tribune to pay any advertiser. But during 1909 more Tribunes were sold than for any other year in its history.

The following list shows you that The Tribune leads every other Chicago paper, as well as every other big metropolitan newspaper in the United States:

1909	COLUMNS
Chicago Tribune . .	**37,814.85**
Daily News	**30,494.93**
Examiner	**21,522.60**
Record-Herald . . .	**21,120**
Inter Ocean	**12,773.51**
Journal	**12,659.44**
American	**10,583.09**

Measured in standard columns of 300 agate lines.
Figures from The Tribune's statistical bureau, checked by the Daily News.

Special Exhibition of Paintings by

Paul Dougherty, N. A.

Closes Wednesday, January 19

Macbeth Gallery

450 Fifth Ave. (40th St.)

HEINZE INDICTMENTS ILLEGAL, HE SAYS

Invalidated by an Accountant Being with the Grand Jury, Stanchfield Contends.

COURT EXPRESSES DOUBT

Takes the Case Under Consideration, Admitting There Is a Question of Legality.

The promised stir in the Heinze case, which was predicted a week ago, when counsel for F. A. Heinze, his brother Arthur, and various other persons connected with the United Copper interests, came forth yesterday before Judge Hough, in the United States Circuit Court. It developed that when the conduct of F. A. Heinze in the Mercantile National Bank was under investigation by the Grand Jury, an accountant named John P. Fernsler was admitted to the Grand Jury room in the capacity of financial adviser of the Grand Jury, and aided in the examination of records and witnesses.

The way for this had been paved by the issuance of subpoenas for the grand jurors who indicted F. A. Heinze for misapplication of the funds of the Mercantile National Bank, and also indicted his brother Arthur, Sanford Robinson, the lawyer; Carlos Warfield, and Calvin O. Geer for a conspiracy to defeat the ends of justice by sending books and a witness out of this jurisdiction.

When the hearing opened yesterday, United States Attorney Wise asked that these subpoenas be canceled, but Judge Hough declined the request and ordered that the motion go on.

John B. Stanchfield, appearing particularly as counsel for Warfield and Geer, then declared that on behalf of the defense he would lay claim to the constitutional right to examine the grand jurors as to the sufficiency of the evidence on which they found their indictments.

"We charge," said Mr. Stanchfield, "that the presence in the Grand Jury room of John P. Fernsler, a public accountant, who participated in its proceedings, examining witnesses, and presenting unauthorized papers and documents, was illegal."

Mr. Wise replied that Fernsler was designated a special assistant of the Department of Justice by the Attorney General before he appeared before the Grand Jury. To this Mr. Stanchfield retorted that even in such a case Fernsler was not a lawyer and had no business in the Grand Jury room. Judge Hough took a hand at this point, saying:

"While it is true that the Attorney General of the United States need not be a practicing lawyer, I shall require some argument to convince me that a bookkeeper, even when appointed by the Attorney General, has a legal right to fulfill the duties of the United States Attorney."

Judge Hough finally gave both sides three days in which to submit briefs on the question and vacated the subpoenas that had been issued for the grand jurors. Mr. Wise, in his position, is relying on Section 3,825 of the Revised Statutes, which was passed in 1906, following the dismissal of indictments in the Rosenthal silk fraud case, which says:

> The Attorney General or any officer of the Department of Justice or any attorney or counselor specially appointed by the Attorney General under any process of law may, when thereunto specifically designated by the Attorney General, conduct any kind of legal proceedings, civil or criminal, including Grand Jury proceedings and proceedings before Committing Magistrates, which District Attorneys now or hereafter may be by law authorized to conduct, whether or not they be resident in the district where the proceedings are brought.

Mr. Wise is confident that the position of the Government will be upheld in view of this section of the Federal statutes. The rest of the argument on the motions to quash the Heinze indictments will be made next Monday.

CAPT. WILTSE ON TRIAL.

Under Court-Martial for Non-Payment of Sundry Debts.

Capt. Franklin Steele Wiltse, U. S. M. C., recently relieved of the command of the marine detachment on board the battleship Rhode Island, was placed on trial before a court-martial in the navy yard yesterday to answer charges of failure to pay debts for uniforms, civilian clothing, service perquisites, stationery, and liquors.

Capt. Wiltse is a young officer in the service, and his record is good. He came into court accompanied by Arthur B. La Far, Hiram Mann, and Lieut. Commander Warren J. Terhune, U. S. N., who acted as his counsel in the case.

Rear Admiral Lewis C. Heilner, U. S. N., the President of the court, called the case to trial. Mr. La Far made a plea that there was no allegations of criminality and that therefore the charges should be thrown out. The court did not see it that way.

Major Henry Leonard, the Judge Advocate, brought up a charge based on a debt due Rice & Duvall, tailors of New York. John H. Strahan of that firm was the witness called to prove that Capt. Wiltse had owed the money a long time. The amount was $428 and was contracted between the dates of May 26, 1905, and Nov. 16, 1906. After repeated efforts to collect the money Strahan said he finally wrote to the Major General commanding the Marine Corps. One of the counsel for Capt. Wiltse referred to the age of the debt, and asked the witness how long in his opinion an officer's debt could run without causing any uneasiness. The answer caused a ripple of laughter, and Admiral Heilner rapped sharply for order.

"I should regard every officer's account due," replied Strahan, "after it had been running, say, two years. When it gets three or four years' old we begin to do a little dunning. You see we do business with officers stationed as far away as Manila, and it takes a long time to collect. We never question officers in the service. The fact that they wear the uniform and the officers are gentlemen impels us to extend credit. Sixty-five per cent of them, I desire to add, pay cash for what they get, and for this we allow them a discount of 10 per cent."

Major Leonard asked him if he regarded promissory notes as cash, and Mr. Strahan answered that he did. This led up to the admission that the tailor had given a receipted bill to Capt. Wiltse last month is based on the receipt of part cash and a series of notes.

Next in the charges was an allegation concerning a bill for wines and liquors purchased in Brooklyn, the total of which was less than $100, and a bill of about the same size for some "service perquisites" purchased in Norfolk, Va.

The case will be continued to-day when the defense will put in its answers. Major Leonard, who is conducting the prosecution, is the only one-armed officer in the navy, the army, or the Marine Corps still in active service. He lost his arm in the Boxer campaign in China, and was promoted by special authorization of Congress for gallant conduct.

Col. L. W. T. Waller, U. S. M. C., another member of the court, is the Major Waller of Philippine water-cure fame. The other members are Lieut. Col. H. C. Haines, U. S. M. C.; Commander J. W. Oman, U. S. N.; Lieut. Commander Philip Williams, U. S. N., and Major A. W. Catlin, U. S. M. C.

ASKED CITY $67,394 FOR A $40,000 PLOT

How Condemnations for Riverside Drive Were Made Shown in Lawyer Flannery's Case.

A CONSPIRACY CHARGED

By Rival Attorneys—Justice Davis Denies Motion to Expunge Criticism from Court Records.

Joseph M. Flannery, the condemnation lawyer against whom disbarment proceedings have been begun, was unsuccessful yesterday in his efforts to have official criticism of his conduct in the Riverside Drive extension proceedings by Referee Frank B. Colton expunged from the records of the Supreme Court. Justice Davis denied a motion to reopen the reference.

The proceedings in question were the ones in which Justice Seabury, writing a scathing denunciation of the methods of the Commissioners in charge, denied their fees for making awards. The particular piece of property in which Flannery was interested was valued at $67,394 by the Commissioners. The papers in the case filed yesterday show that the property was assigned, in expectation of the award, for $20,000 cash and $20,000 to be paid at the time of the award.

The condemnation of Flannery's conduct by the referee was based on testimony before him over an attorney's lien on the award brought by Mulqueen & Mulqueen. The lien was vacated. Flannery, as attorney for the Local Realty Company, profited by this decision.

Mulqueen & Mulqueen had been attorneys for the Albers Realty Company, which held the strip in question. In July, 1906, the property was transferred to the Local Realty Company on the terms described above. At that time the retainer of Mulqueen & Mulqueen, to care for the interests of the Albers Realty Company in the condemnation proceedings, was revoked. Mulqueen & Mulqueen assert that the whole transaction was a conspiracy of which the very incorporation of the Local Realty Company was but a step.

Flannery appeared in the condemnation proceedings as attorney for the Albers Realty Company, and it was not made public that the property had been assigned. Henry F. Albers, President of the company, testified before the referee that Flannery had appeared without the authorization of knowledge of the company's officials.

Flannery, in his affidavit and petition, said that Albers had not been cross-examined on this point, and that this testimony and the referee's comments thereon that Flannery had intruded himself irregularly was an injustice. Justice Davis, however, denied his motion to reopen the reference, and the records consequently stand.

EX-JUSTICE TRUAX BURIED.

Past and Present Members of Supreme Court and Many Lawyers at Funeral.

Bench and bar were strongly represented at the funeral of ex-Justice of the Supreme Court Charles H. Truay at the West Presbyterian Church yesterday morning. The Rev. Dr. Anthony H. Evans conducted the service, which began at 10:30 o'clock. There was no sermon. The burial was in Woodlawn.

The pall bearers were: Morgan J. O'Brien, Justice P. Henry Dugro, Elbert H. Gary, Joseph H. Choate, David Thomson, and Presiding Justice of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court George L. Ingraham, ex-Justice Gildersleeve, Gen. Howard Carroll, William Hoes, John W. Gates, Theodore F. Miller, ex-Justice Lawrence, John Hone, William F. Sheehan, ex-Justice Charles L. McLean, ex-Justice Edward W. Hatch, John Fox, Samuel Untermyer, Sylvester O'Sullivan, Senator James Owens, and Albert Sanders.

Seventeen pews on the left of the altar were reserved for the clerks and court officers of the Supreme Court. Five pews on the right were reserved for the Justices of the Supreme Court. Pews were also reserved for representatives from the Manhattan Club, of which the late jurist was a former President, and pews were also reserved for representatives of the New York Athletic Club.

Justices of the Supreme Court at the services were Bischoff, iGegerich, Fitzgerald, O'Gorman, Blanchard, Greenbaum, McCall, Amend, Davis, Dowling, Newburger, Goff, Seabury, Platzek, Hendrick, Ford, Dayton, Brady, Erlanger, Gerard, Lehman, Whitney, Page, Gavegan and Bijur. Others present were ex-Justice William H. Cohen, Judge Rosalsky, Christopher Sullivan, David Neuberger, John I. Parsons, Francis Key Pendleton, Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, Justice Marean of Brooklyn, Eugene A. Philbin, Benjamin Hick of London, England; Edward H. Lauterbach, Surrogate Thomas, Chief Justice O'Dwyer of the City Court, ex-Justice Edward Clinch, ex-Justice David Leventritt, W. M. K. Wolcott, Frank M. Acer, Austen G. Fox, Assistant Corporation Counsel Burr, Deputy United States District Attorney D. Frank Lloyd, ex-Justice Alfred Steckler, and Charles E. Hoffman.

The flower tributes were many, the principal one being a large floral chair from the Justices of the Supreme Court.

SUE H. H. ROGERS'S ESTATE.

Brokers Demand Return of $84,000 Collateral Put Up by Charles L. Spier.

The suit begun against the late H. H. Rogers by Keech, Loew & Co. to recover $84,000 worth of securities deposited with them by the late Charles L. Spier will be continued against his executors. Supreme Court Justice Hendrick authorized this yesterday.

Keech, Loew & Co., in affidavits by Frank B. Keech, William G. Loew, Chauncey McKeever, and William P. Wainwright, allege that Mr. Rogers wrongfully obtained these securities from them May 4, 1906.

The action deals with incidents preceding the death on May 7, 1906, of Charles L. Spier, who was Mr. Rogers's confidential manager. At the time of his death his relatives asserted he had been killed by a burglar.

In their suit against Henry H. Rogers, Jr., John W. Sterling, Walter P. Windsor, and the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as executors, Keech, Loew & Co. set forth that Spier and his wife opened an account with them and invested heavily in Anaconda Copper stock, the indebtedness to the firm running as high as $217,495. He had deposited stocks and bonds as collateral, among them being 100 $1,000 bonds of the Sea Coast Traction Company and 80 $500 bonds of the Asbury Park & Sea Girt Railroad Company, the firm asserts. On May 4, three days before Spier's death, Mr. Rogers, upon representations that the stocks were his, the complaint says, got possession of them, and, according to Keech, Loew & Co., "wrongfully appropriated and converted them to his own use."

Spier's account was closed out with a deficit of $64,640, the firm says, and now the brokers want the securities returned to indemnify them for this loss. They assert they had a legal lien on them.

POST OFFICE CONTRACT LET.

Fuller Company to Build the New Structure in Thirty-third Street.

The contract for the first section of the new General Post Office which, when completed, will occupy the blocks between Eighth and Ninth Avenues from Thirty-first to Thirty-third Street, it was learned yesterday, has been awarded by the Government to the George A. Fuller Company. The section to be built is at the southwest corner of Eighth Avenue and Thirty-third Street, and is to be used for the Railway Mail Service.

Public advertising for bids for this wing was not done by the Government. Secretary MacVeagh invited three contractors to submit bids to the Treasury Department, these being the George A. Fuller Company, Norcross Brothers & Co., and Charles A. Peckworth, who had the contract for the foundations, which are practically completed. The Fuller Company's bid was the lowest—$549,000. Notification of the award of the contract was made on Jan. 12. The official documents say that this method was adopted under the ruling that immediate award of the contract was a public necessity.

While the failure to advertise for general bids occasioned some comment among certain builders, it was ascertained that this is no unusual course for the Government to pursue when it is deemed necessary to have the contemplated work rushed to completion.

It is stipulated that the Post Office wing must be ready by July 1, at which time trains will be running through the Pennsylvania tunnel.

The Fuller Company has agreed to pay heavy penalties for the non-completion of the structure within the stipulated time. McKim, Mead & White, architects of the Pennsylvania Station, are also the architects for the new Post Office.

$1.50 INVOLVED IN RATE CASE.

Commerce Commission Investigating Overcharge to Government by Reading

Commissioner C. A. Prouty of the Inter-State Commerce Commission took testimony in the Custom House yesterday in the action of the Government against the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company for alleged violation of inter-State passenger rates between Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and Newport, R. I.

Excess fares amounting in total to $1.50 was the specific point raised by the Government, but action was based on the principle involved.

The commander of the Bureau of Navigation, Lieut. W. R. Shoemaker, Washington, D. C., complained that the Navy Department was charged for the transportation of three sailors from Philadelphia to Newport, R. I., $12.10, and United States District Attorney Wise held that the fare should have been not more than $11.00 for each man, based on the excursion rate of $4 between Philadelphia and New York.

THE BEST

"APENTA"

NATURAL APERIENT WATER

BOTTLED AT THE SPRINGS, BUDA PEST, HUNGARY.

B. Altman & Co.

IN THE DRESSMAKING AND TAILORING DEPT. ORDERS WILL BE TAKEN AT VERY MODERATE PRICES FOR DRESSES AND TAILOR-MADE SUITS, FOR WHICH ADVANCE STYLES AND MATERIALS ARE SHOWN.

IMPORTED HAND-EMBOIDERED LINGERIE DRESSES ARE OFFERED AT REDUCED PRICES.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

THE EXHIBITION OF

Old Chinese Porcelains

by **GORER** of

170 New Bond Street, London, Eng.

NOW AT THE

PLAZA HOTEL Suite 134-6-8,

Will positively close on Saturday, January 22d.

NOTE:—Any part of the collection remaining unsold will be immediately re-shipped to England.

"MODEL BOY" YIELDS TO LURE OF WEST

Edward Skala, the "Perfect Messenger," Arrested for Taking an ex-Cowboy's Trappings.

LONGED TO BE A CATTLE KING

Planned to Emulate His Dime-Novel Heroes—Delivering Laundry Too Tame for Him.

The "model boy" has fallen from grace, and the yearning for the wild life on the plains, the life of a cowboy with chaps and spurs and big six-shooter at his hip, such as the story books tell about, was responsible for his fall.

Many years ago Edward Franklin Skala earned the nickname "Model Kid." He was about as model a lad as could be found anywhere in the city; never ran off with other boys of his age in the evening, always attended strictly to business as a messenger boy. His mother, who lives at 327 East Seventy-first Street, thought he was just about the best child ever born. She thinks so yet, for that matter, in spite of the "Model Kid's" fall.

Edward explained yesterday that he had intended going out West in a few days, for he says he saw a great future there for him, a future in which he was destined to be a cattle king and to ride on the best broncho in Nebraska and be lord and master over thousands of broad acres on which big fed steers and cows grazed under the watchful eyes of a score of cowboys, all in the pay of Edward Franklin Skala.

Diligent reading of several well-thumbed novels of the dime variety, which told of the great opportunities on the plains and of the daring deeds of the cowpunchers impressed on him a longing for a Western life. He began to lay his plans for the start. It was these plans which brought about his fall and his appearance yesterday in the Children's Court before Magistrate Deuel

There was also in court a real cowboy, or, rather, an ex-cowboy, who had a grievance against the "Model Kid." The ex-cowboy was Clement Burnap, who used to punch cows in Southwestern Nebraska, but who is now a prosperous real estate broker living in the Beardsley Apartments at 129 West Eightieth Street. Mr. Burnap has always kept his cowboy outfit—a heavy 45-calibre revolver in its holster, a cartridge belt, a kit of hunting tools, and other relics of his cowboy days. These have for a long time been hung about his apartment.

Now the "Model Kid" knew of Mr. Burnap's past experiences as a cowpuncher. He also knew of those cowboy trappings hung in Mr. Burnap's rooms, for he often went there to get Mr. Burnap's laundry. The "Model Kid" was employed by a laundry as messenger.

A few days ago Mr. Burnap arrived home and found that his cowboy relics had disappeared. He hastened to tell Detective Sussilo about it and the detective made a bee line for the home of the "Model Kid." Edward was not at home when Sussilo arrived, but Mrs. Skala was, and she readily consented to a search of the premises. In rummaging around in the room of young Skala the detective came across a box containing the missing articles. He was not at all surprised to find them, for one of the maids at the Beardsley Apartments had told Sussilo that the boy had been seen there on the day the cowboy trappings disappeared. Just as Sussilo made his find the lad came home.

"Why did you take these things?" asked Sussilo.

And then the story came out. The "Model Kid" said that the dime novels got the best of him. He pointed to several thumbed copies of "Liberty Boys" and other wild West stories, which were in the box with the six-shooter and the other things.

"After reading those stories I decided New York was no place for me," said he. "I decided to be a cowpuncher, and when I saw those things in Mr. Burnap's rooms they fit right in with my plans. I couldn't resist the temptation to take them."

Magistrate Deuel paroled the lad owing to his good record of the past.

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OLIVE OIL

GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY PURE.

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BORDEAUX
OLIVE OIL
Superfine Clarified

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ARE GOING OUT OF THE RETAIL BOOK BUSINESS,

retaining only the Rare Book Department

THEY OFFER THEIR ENTIRE RETAIL STOCK

(with the exception of the rare books)

AT CLOSING OUT PRICES

Until removal to their new building, Fourth Avenue and 30th Street, large reductions will be made on the books and autographs in the Rare Book Department.

A rare opportunity for those who wish to secure books at bargain prices. From the single volume to the set of standard author in fine leather binding.

They desire to announce that they have sold their Stationery Department to Messrs. E. P. Dutton & Company, 31 West 23d Street.

DODD, MEAD & CO.

Fifth Avenue and 35th Street

Clearance Sale

of

Lace Curtains

Annually we take from our *Curtain Stock* all small lots (1, 2, 3 and 4 pairs) which we sell at greatly reduced prices.

January 18th we will place on sale:—

150 lots of 4 pairs each
130 lots of 3 pairs each
250 lots of 2 pairs each
100 odd pairs

at reductions of

25%, 33⅓% & 50%

off original prices.

The original prices of above range from 75c. to $35.00 pair.

The sample or display curtain is included in all above lots.

Lord & Taylor

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

B. Altman & Co.

DIRECT ATTENTION TO THEIR SPRING IMPORTATIONS OF VALENCIENNES LACES IN MATCHED SERIES OF EDGES AND INSERTINGS, INCLUDING THE NEWLY ADOPTED WIDE WIDTHS.

FOR THIS DAY (TUESDAY), JAN. 18th,

VALENCIENNES LACES WILL BE OFFERED AS FOLLOWS:

IN WIDTHS RANGING UP TO 2½ INCHES,
AT 50c., 60c., 75c. & $1.00 PER DOZEN YARDS
HERETOFORE $1.10 TO $2.25

IN WIDTHS RANGING FROM 2½ TO 5 INCHES,
AT 9c., 12c., 15c. TO 32c. PER YARD
HERETOFORE 18c. TO 75c.

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR IN COMBINATIONS OF LACE, LAWN AND BATISTE, WILL BE MARKED FOR THIS DAY (TUESDAY), AT THE FOLLOWING SPECIAL PRICES:

LACE TRIMMED JABOTS AT 25c., 50c., 65c. & 95c.

LACE TRIMMED STOCKS WITH JABOTS ATTACHED 50c. & 65c.

WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR WILL ALSO BE ON SPECIAL SALE, COMPRISING

VESTS OF ITALIAN SILK, EMBROIDERED . .	$2.25
PETTICOATS OF ALBATROSS AND FLANNEL WITH EMBROIDERED RUFFLES	1.85
VESTS OF SWISS LISLE THREAD, LACE TRIMMED .	50c.

B. Altman & Co.

WOMEN'S WAISTS

FOR A SPECIAL SALE THIS DAY (TUESDAY), JAN. 18th, WILL COMPRISE ESPECIALLY PREPARED STYLES FOR WEAR WITH TAILOR SUITS, AND BE MARKED AT MUCH LESS THAN THE USUAL PRICES, AS FOLLOWS:

OF PEAU DE CYGNE $5.50 OF CHIFFON $10.00 & 12.00

ALSO FOR THIS DAY (TUESDAY),

HOUSE GOWNS AND NEGLIGEES, CONSISTING OF

HOUSE GOWNS OF INDIA SILK	$15.00
NEGLIGEES OF ALBATROSS	9.50
HOUSE GOWNS OF FLANNEL	9.00
ROBES OF BLANKET FLANNEL OR EIDERDOWN	3.75

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Think Right *about price*

Price fools a good many people in piano buying. Those with plenty of money often pay too much, judging value by price. Those who have to count the dollars often pay too little. There's a medium ground that is both safe and sensible. Estey pianos are made right, priced right and sold right. No charge for the Estey good name.

¶ The prices range from $335 to $800 and in any style or size you get full musical value for every dollar. Intending piano buyers should read "The Pocket Estey," which is sent free—of postage and strings. Don't be afraid to send for it.

THE ESTEY COMPANY
7 West 29th Street
Sixty years of honor in musical instrument making.

Think Right about an ***ESTEY PIANO***

YOUR WATCH IS YOUR TIME TABLE

SPEED
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COMFORT
SAFETY
New Jersey Central

Between **New York & Philadelphia** VIA **NEW JERSEY CENTRAL**

A two-hour train every hour on the hour, from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. from Liberty St., in addition to other trains. Ten minutes before the hour from West 23d Street.

Dining cars morning, noon and night. Parlor cars on all trains. Sleepers on midnight trains.

TWO HOUR TRAIN EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR

WALTHAM WATCHES

Ask to see the new thin model Colonial series

John Jameson
Three ★★★ Star
Whiskey

A gentle and wholesome stimulant, entirely different in its beneficial effects to that of ordinary spirits. Strengthens the heart's action and rapidly overcomes the depressing effects of the Grippe.

W. A. Taylor & Co., Agts., 29 B'way, N. Y.

EDWARDS INVESTIGATES GRAFT

Dismisses a Foreman After Hearing That $2 Was Demanded for Jobs.

Supt. Gunther of the Snow Removal Bureau of the Street Cleaning Department said last night that he believed a record was made yesterday in the amount of snow carted off the streets of New York. There were 11,650 men at work and 1,700 carts, an dat the end of the day nearly 20,000 carts of snow had been dumped into the rivers.

At 9 o'clock last night it began raining, and if the fall continues a great deal of the snow still in the streets which has not been heaped into piles will be washed away. The Weather Bureau, however, thinks that the rain may possibly be followed by another snow.

Commissioner Edwards said yesterday that he was receiving many complaints that emergency men were being charged $2 apiece for places. He was investigating every complaint. Every person found guilty of the practice would be dismissed summarily.

"Complaints," said Commissioner Edwards, "were brought to me by laborers in the nineteenth section in the Borough of Brooklyn that Acting Assistant to Section Foreman Philip Tyrone was holding emergency laborers up for the sum of $2 apiece before putting them to work for a certain length of time. Deputy Commissioner Hogan and I investigated this matter yesterday, and Tyrone had a hearing on the charges that he was guilty of conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline in that he demanded this money from three men who were present at the time. From the evidence taken it was apparent that there was some hold-up on the part of Tyrone, and he has been dismissed to-day from the department.

"Numerous complaints are coming in of this sort, and the Department of Street Cleaning is doing all in its power by way of checking and investigating complaints along the line. Under this form of hiring emergency men the question of properly checking their tickets arises, and strict attention is given to the proper accounting for emergency laborers. What this will lead to I cannot tell, but I have a great many complaints coming in, and the matter is receiving prompt attention."

Mr. Edwards also referred to the negotiations under way with Borough President McAneny for permission to use the manholes of sewers for dumping purposes. He said:

"During the experiment yesterday eighty truck loads were dumped in fifteen minutes, and the temperature was such that very little snow was in evidence after it had been carried a short distance in the sewer."

Supt. Gunther said last night that Mr. McAneny had not granted permission for the use of the manholes desired.

MRS. FISH NO SUFFRAGIST.

The Butler, the Secretary, and an Official Statement Say So.

Some one has blundered. Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish said yesterday through her secretary and through her butler, over the telephone, that she is not a suffragist.

On Saturday it was given out at the suffrage headquarters, 505 Fifth Avenue, that Mrs. Fish had become one. The suffrage headquarters shelter the National and State Woman Suffrage Associations, the Collegiate Equal Suffrage League, and the two front rooms, facing Fifth Avenue, are occupied by Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont as the headquarters for her own suffrage society. News from all these departments is given out generally from the press department of the headquarters, of which Mrs. Ida Husted Harper is the head. It was Mrs. Harper who told the reporters, who make daily visits, the news on Saturday of Mrs. Fish's conversion to woman suffrage.

This is the way Mrs. Fish's secretary put it over the telephone yesterday:

"Mrs. Fish. is not at home, but she left word to answer all inquiries that she is not a suffragist. She went to some meeting—I think it was at the Garden Theatre—with ten or a dozen others to hear about it, and she says it makes her feel very foolish to have such a statement made. No, she did not say anything about being an anti-suffragist—only to say that she was not a suffragist."

Mrs. Belmont was exceedingly busy in her office at the headquarters a little later when a reporter called there. She could not see any one, but sent out a message. It was:

"Mrs. Fish did not tell me that she had become a suffragist."

Mrs. Harper is a very busy woman and spends her mornings at home. She had not heard of Mrs. Fish's defection or refusal to confirm the statement that she had joined the cause. Called up over the telephone, she took it for granted that she was only asked to ratify her previous statement.

"Yes, you are quite right. Mrs. Fish has become a suffragist," she said. "Mrs. Fish told Mrs. Belmont after the meeting at which I spoke at the Colony Club."

Mrs. Fish was at home later in the day, but dressing for dinner, and the butler answered the telephone. Said he:

"Mrs. Fish cannot speak to any one, but she left word, if you called, to say that she is not a suffragist."

CHANLER BOOMER BANKRUPT.

Lawyer Says He Also Found Manning Mentally Unbalanced.

Sydney Harris, the confidential legal adviser of ex-Lieut. Gov. Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler, was put through a severe cross-examination yesterday in the suit brought by William F. Clark for $20,000 for alleged services in the Chanler boom for the Democratic Presidential nomination in 1907.

Testifying about the Chanler political headquarters at Astor Court, Mr. Harris said that he took a lease of the place in his name at $200 a month, and that William Astor Chanler advanced the money. The witness declared that for several weeks prior to the fatal illness of William T. Manning, Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler's original boomer, he was satisfied that Manning was financially and mentally irresponsible.

Mr. Harris tried to keep the name of the person who gave him $4,400 which he turned over to Manning out of the proceedings, but upon Justice Bischoff's direction to answer he admitted that it was William Astor Chanler.

"What did you consider the $4,400 you paid over to Manning?" asked Clarence J. Shearn, counsel for Mr. Clark.

"A quasi-investment. I got a partial return. I got Manning's note."

Asked about another $1,000 he advanced to Manning, Mr. Harris said:

"Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler gave it to me to help Manning out. Mr. Chanler added that it was a loan to 'Willie,' and said: 'He got me into this thing.'"

Mr. Harris said that Manning called the Chanlers "welchers" when he proffered the $4,400 to him.

"From whom did the $10,000 check you used to settle with the persons who had claims against the Chanler boom come?" the witness was asked.

"It came from Mr. Winthrop's office. I inferred that it was from Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler."

If you have lost anything read the List of Found articles on Page 17.

WALSH LOSES AGAIN; ASKS FOR NEW TRIAL

Supreme Court Denies the Chicago Financier's Petition for a Writ of Certiorari.

ATTACKS CONDUCT OF JURY

Banker, in Effort to Escape Prison, Presents Affidavit of Juror Who Says He Was Ill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The Supreme Court of the United States to-day denied a petition of certiorari to John R. Walsh of Chicago, former President of the Chicago National Bank, who is condemned to five years' imprisonment in the Federal Prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., on a charge of misapplying the funds of the bank. Though the banker's sentence carries five years for each of the fifty-four counts on which he was convicted, the sentences all run contemporaneously, so that the whole punishment will not exceed five years.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals not long ago denied Mr. Walsh's appeal for a second trial, and the final attempt was made to have the decree reviewed by the Supreme Court. Mr. Walsh is 72 years old.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—In view of the denial for a writ of certiorari by the Supreme Court of the United States the last effort to stay the penitentiary sentence of John R. Walsh was made by his counsel to-day

Attorney John S. Miller, contesting the plea of the Government's representative that a mandate at once issue directing commitment by the lower court, presented a petition for a new trial based on a declaration of misconduct on the part of jurors. The petition will be heard in the Circuit Court of Appeals to-morrow morning.

The evidence alleging misconduct of the jurors was contained in affidavits filed by Albert Palmer and J. E. Taggart. In Palmer's affidavit he asserted that, while acting as a juror, he was sick, and he signed the verdict of guilty under pressure from other jurors. He asserts "that said jurors continued their persecutions and that finally affiant, being so physically weak and growing constantly weaker and so fearfully nervous, gave way to his emotions and began to weap, when the juror, Brown, began to abuse affiant, and applied to him epithets and opprobrious names such as 'big fool,' 'great big baby,' 'big calf,' and the like, thereby greatly humiliating affiant and causing him to suffer great mental anguish and increasing his mental and physical distress."

Taggart, who was foreman of the jury, signed an affidavit in which he said Palmer went to him after the verdict had been sealed and asked him to unseal it and scratch off Palmer's name. He said he refused to open the verdict, telling Palmer it was against the law.

Added to arguments in support of the petition for a new trial, it was reported that a technical attack on Walsh's sentence would be made, based on an error of a certain court record, which reads "Leavenworth" in place of "Fort Leavenworth."

Notice of the adverse action by the Supreme Court reached Chicago at noon today. The information was conveyed to Mr. Walsh over the telephone. He displayed no distress when his son repeated the message, but said quietly:

"Well, well, that's too bad. But we must make the best of it and we'll see, we'll see."

Then he turned to the tasks that had engaged his attention during the morning, called a stenographer, and began dictating letters.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Jan. 17.—The officials at the Federal Prison here state that if John R. Walsh has to serve his sentence no special privileges will be accorded to him. After a few days' rest in the hospital, where his physical condition will be observed, he will be put in prison garb and then assigned to some light work, probably clerical.

ASKS AID FOR NEGROES.

W. J. Schieffelin Urges the Public to Attend Big Educational Meeting Here.

Calling attention to the meeting at Carnegie Hall on Jan. 24 in the interest of the extension of negro education, William Jay Schieffelin, President of the Armstrong Association, said yesterday:

"In order to continue and extend the work of industrial education for the negro in the South, it is necessary to appeal directly to the public for support. It is two years since any large public meeting has been held in New York in the interest of Tuskegee Institute. In the meantime the work of that school, under the leadership of Booker T. Washington, has greatly broadened its scope and increased its practical usefulness.

"For one thing, the school has succeeded, through its 'demonstration farming,' its agricultural wagon, and other educational devices, in bringing practical agricultural education directly to the man on the farm, so that thousands of negro farmers in Alabama and the neighboring States of Georgia and Mississippi are now practically at school at Tuskegee."

LEOPARD'S ATTACK MORTAL.

Mrs. Russelle, Animal Trainer, Dies of Her Injuries.

Mrs. Pauline Russelle, the plucky animal trainer, who in order to provide a living for her fatherless children tackled the job of breaking in several leopards, and on Jan. 9 was attacked and fatally injured by one she was trying to train, died yesterday from her injuries in Bellevue Hospital, where she was taken just after the accident. Her death came on the day she had expected to open her first engagement in public with her troupe of leopards.

It was in a dimly lighted loft over Huber's Museum that the woman was attacked by the leopard. She was alone in a cage with three of the animals.

The body will be sent to Shipman, Va., for burial.

TO-DAY TO-DAY

FOR THE

Most Astounding Recent Political Disclosures

READ THE

New York Evening Post

OF TO-DAY

An exclusive account, carefully verified printed in

The Evening Post

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WASHBURN-CROSBY CO.
WASHBURN'S TRADE MARK
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TO WIDEN 23D STREET.

Former Opponents of the Plan Finally Agree to It.

At a meeting of the Twenty-third Street Improvement Association yesterday, in the offices of the Controller of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, the members agreed to the plan for the widening of Twenty-third Street from the East River to Eighth Avenue. Previous opposition to the plan died when it was learned that the city would stand the expense of widening the thoroughfare, resetting the curbs, and putting down the sidewalks.

It is understood, nowever, that the owners of property will have to pay for the new arches under the sidewalks. It was brought out at the meeting that property owners will not have to give up four feet of their cellar room under sidewalks unless they desire it, as the city has a method of widening streets without cutting off cellar room under sidewalks. The plan now is to widen the street four feet. The original plan was for six feet.

In building the greatest Evening Dress Clothes Business in this city—if not in the country—we have lived up to certain high standards that have never been deviated from. We maintain complete assortment of sizes at all times, not only for men of regular proportions, but for unusually large and small men as well. We interpret the current fashion correctly. Our Evening Clothes are faultlessly designed and absolutely dignified—stylish—not faddish.

DRESS SUITS......$30 to $55
TUXEDO COATS..$14 to $30

Dress Suits, special at $30

Imported black dress whipcord—broad, angular lapels faced with silk to the buttonhole or the edge, long waisted effect and downward dip at the front of the coat.

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
Bloomingdales
Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th St.

From Near and Far

Come myriad folks to buy at "the Store of Certain Satisfaction"—Bloomingdales'. They find it the most accessible of Stores, whether the method of travel be via Auto, Carriage, Elevated train or surface car or foot—they find it the very best store along whatever lines of merchandise their needs may run.

Men's $35 Fur Lined Coats, new models, black kersey, lined with Spanish mink, finished with a large storm collar, at..................	$15.00
Men's $200 Mink Lined Coats, with Persian collar, at..........................	$95.00
Women's $20 Fur Lined Coats, made of black kersey, 48 inches long, lined with Spanish mink, at..............................	$8.25
Women's $50 Russian Pony Coats at $25.00	
Handsome Mink Coats, 27 inches long, reduced from $375 to........	$225
Alaska Seal Coats, 42 inches long, reduced from $800 to............	$550
Alaska Seal Coats, 50 inches long, reduced from $900 to............	$750

BLOOMINGDALES', Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

RUGS & CARPETS
Pre-Inventory Sale!

Royal Wilton Rugs, Size 9x12 ft., worth $37.50,	$25.50	Savonerie Carpets, New patterns; Regular $1.50 yd.,	$1.15 Yd.
Axminster Rugs, Size 9x12 ft.,	$18.50	Axminster Carpets, Good quality; Regular $1.25 yd.,	90c. Yd.
BRUSSELS RUGS, (Best 10 Wire.) Some woven in one piece; 9x12 ft.,	$14.50	Velvet Carpets, Room, Hall and stair patterns; Regular $1.25 yd.,	90c. Yd.

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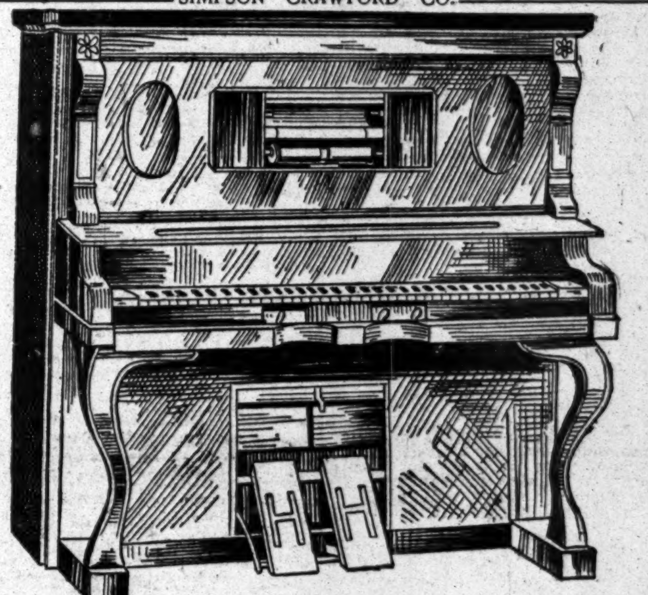

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Art in America
As Seen by
Prof. Justi of Germany.

The Times will publish next Sunday an article of exceptional interest and importance, giving the formal expression of the views of the famous Director of the Berlin National Gallery concerning the status of art in this country. Prof. Justi has recently finished a tour of inspection in this country, during which he examined the collections of J. Pierpont Morgan, P. A. B. Widener, John G. Johnson, Mrs. Havemeyer, Mrs. Gardner, Henry C. Frick, and others. Every lover of art will be interested in the detailed observations and conclusions of this well-equipped European authority.

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UNIFORM STATE LAWS ADVOCATED BY TAFT

Way to Halt Federal Centralization, President Intimates to Civic Federation Congress.

SETH LOW EXPLAINS PLANS

Says Concerted Action to Standardize Laws Will Meet Nation's Needs and Save States' Rights.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—President Taft to-day, in opening the three days' meeting of the National Civic Federation at the Belasco Theatre, urged the desirability of having the States use actively their powers in the interest of uniform legislation affecting conservation of national resources, divorce, marriage, and more expeditious judicial procedure. Seth Low of New York made the address of welcome, and among the other speakers were Governor Willson of Kentucky and Alton B. Parker, who was made temporary Chairman.

In introducing the President, Mr. Low said that the meeting of the Civic Federation to-day and the opening session of the Conference of Governors to-morrow was not an accident, but that it was due to the wisdom of the President in suggesting the time. Mr. Low explained that concerted action among all the States in some cases, among groups of States in other cases, for uniform laws covering matters where interests were common to all concerned, was the alternative of further extension of the Federal power. Here, he said, was a means of securing that "standardization" of laws which the growing commercial unity of the country demanded, and that without impairing the sovereignty of the several States. He urged uniform legislation especially along the lines indicated in the five bills prepared by the federation affecting negotiable instruments, warehouse receipts, sales, bills of lading, and stock certificates.

Remedy for Overcentralization.

The President pointed out that there were many powers of legislation that the Federal Government had not yet used. He intimated also that the cry against the overcentralization of the Government would be hushed if the States worked in harmony with each other in their lawmaking, otherwise, as Senator Root predicted two years ago, Congress will be urged to enact for the whole country the laws which conditions demand and State statutes fail to supply.

In discussing the movement started by the Civic Federation for uniformity in State laws, President Taft said that it was the outgrowth of a demand on the part of good citizens to bring about better conditions in the social fabric. His definition of a Constitutional lawyer as "a gentleman who has gone out of the practice of law and has gone into politics" called forth laughter and applause and cries of "Good, good."

Tracing the growth of centralization of power in the General Government in contradistinction to the power of the States, he said that the early appointment of Chief Justice Marshall made centralization possible. Marshall, he said, "did not minimize the power of the Constitution."

The President said that there should be uniformity in judicial procedure. He declared with emphasis that if anything in the system deserved attack, it was the delay that could be secured by the wealthy under judicial proceedings, and he advocated changes in the form of Federal court proceedings which could be taken as an example by the States. He wanted court procedure simplified along the lines of English practice both in equity and criminal law.

Mr. Taft told of the movement for a uniform law relating to child labor and cited the utterances of the Governor of Massachusetts in behalf of a Federal law regulating child labor because the power of the Federal Government was greater than the power of the State.

On the subject of conservation the President said: "The Federal Government has no power to compel owners of forests to attend to those forests with a view to the welfare of the community of the neighbors who live there or of those who are affected by the denuding of the land of the trees. That must be done through the State Governments if it is done at all. So with respect to many of the streams. Indeed, if one follows legal reasoning, it will seem I think there is more to be done by the States in the conservation of resources even than by the Federal Government."

Seth Low's Speech.

Mr. Low said, in part:

"This conference has been called to give an impulse to the movement for uniform legislation by the States as to matters upon which such legislation is desirable. The people of the whole Union have been growing together in their business relations, and in all the relations of life, without regard either to State lines or to constitutional theories. The result is that of late years the conviction has been steadily growing that uniform legislation by the States on many subjects is becoming, if it has not already become, essential to the welfare of the people of each State and of every State.

"Under our Federal system we can obtain uniformity of statutory law in only one of two ways. We can give, by constitutional amendment, addition and exclusive power to Congress; or we must develop the capacity and the habit in the separate States of acting together with reasonable uniformity upon the subjects of common interest that overleap State lines. Thus far in our history as a people we have been content mainly to develop only the elements of strength to be found in the Federal Government and in the States, acting separately. Now we want to develop the almost unsuspected resources of the States, acting each one in its own field, but acting together. There are many matters as to which each State's interests are peculiar to itself. But there are also many matters which concern equally the people of other States, and as to these, it is full time that each State should habitually legislate, to use Senator Root's happy phrase, 'as one of a family of States.'

"There are some subjects, like uniform bills of lading, for example, in which the people of all the States are interested and all in the same way. There are other subjects in which groups of States have such a predominant interest that common action by the States of this group is all that is essential. Such a subject is the proposed change in the theory of the laws of negligence, which would substitute workmen's compensation for employers' liability.

"Expressed in other words, uniform legislation does not mean in every instance that every State should act on all subjects. In many cases, action by groups of States will be as effective as action by all. If uniform action by the States, in groups or as a whole, can become habitual as to matters affecting the common life of the people in whatever State they live, there is no reason why there may not be added to all the other advantages of our Federal system this new element of strength, that we may enjoy the advantage of legislation in common such as the common interest may demand, without forfeiting that individuality of legislation as to interests purely local which the Federal system aims to preserve.

Value of Standardization.

"Uniform legislation is the equivalent in legislation of standardization in mechanical construction. Formerly, there were broad gauge railroads and railroads with a narrower gauge. Broad gauge railroads and narrow gauge railroads were standardized, that is to say, made uniform, and now the cars of every railroad can be used on the tracks of every other railroad. Differences in gauge did not make railroading impossible, but they did make it inconvenient, costly, and slow.

"If the States can be induced to standardize their laws by making them uniform as to matters that affect the interest of all the people in common, no one can overestimate the advantages that will accrue to the people of each State and of every State. This standardization of Statutes will make intercourse and business transactions easier, in a great many fields, and will increase such relations indefinitely; and all these advantages can be had, if the States please, without hazarding a single attribute of sovereignty, or limiting, in any way, the right and duty and opportunity of each State to legislate from its own point of view alone upon subjects that are purely local.

"Twenty years ago, more or less, the American Bar Association called attention to this subject; and, as a result of the action taken by it, Commissioners on Uniform Laws have been appointed by forty-four States, by two Territories, by the District of Columbia, and by the Government of the Philippines. These Commissioners organized themselves into a National Conference on Uniform Legislation a number of years ago, and last Autumn they held their nineteenth annual conference. In these nineteen years this conference has perfected five laws, which it has recommended to all the States for adoption. These laws are the Negotiable Instruments act, the Warehouse Receipts act, the Sales act, the Bill of Lading act, and the Stock Certificates act.

"Fortunately, during this same week, the conference of Governors which was initiated in 1908 by the invitation of President Roosevelt to the Governors of all the States to meet in the White House to consider the conservation of our natural resources, is also to meet in Washington. By the courtesy of Gov. Willson of Kentucky, who is the Chairman of that conference, and of the Committee on Programme, of which Gov. Hughes of New York is Chairman, an hour has been reserved on the afternoons of the first and second days of the Governors' conference, that is on Jan. 18 and 19, during which communications from this conference on uniform legislation will be received."

Ex-Judge Alton B. Parker reviewed in detail the complicated relations between States and National Governments.

"Complaints," he said, "have arisen of inefficiency resulting from the division of powers between the Federal and the State Governments. It is said, depending upon the point of view, that some States grant charters which are far too broad, while others go to the opposite extreme. That in some States the law has not been enforced against disobedient corporations and their officers, while in others the tendency is to presume them guilty of a desire to violate all law, written or unwritten.

"The public complaint for the present is more generally that the States have been lax in the enforcement of law, with most disastrous consequences. The charge of neglect must be admitted by all who appreciate that every one of the corporations now struggling for life was created in the face of the law under which they are now prosecuted—a law which by reason of its deliberate non-enforcement was assumed by the corporation founders to be 'more honored in the breach than in the observance.'

"This is not the time to consider whether the one Government or the other is the more responsible for this condition. For the claim is that in any event efficiency is sacrificed in the dual form of government, and that in the interest of business prosperity efficiency is of greater importance than all else.

"There is no political Government on earth so efficient as the government of the United States Steel Corporation from a purely business standpoint. Every step it takes is in obedience to a master mind. But it may safely be said that no one would be willing to have our Government thus managed, however much National wealth might be augmented each year.

"We are ambitious, it is true, for wealth and the comfort it brings, but we have not yet lost our faith in the proposition that the object of government is the greatest good to the greatest number. It is desirable, therefore, now, as it was in the beginning, that we should endure a less efficient form of Government in order to avoid the greater evils which would otherwise arise."

Judge Parker then pointed out the danger in attempting absolute uniformity of laws in States offering "diversities of climate, of production, of tradition, of heredity, of population, of pursuits which should be generally respected," and discussed the movement to make "each industry bear the burden of accident to employes, without regard to the question of negligence, upon the ground that such burden is properly a part of the cost of the product."

"Legislation in England and Germany," he said, "thus provides for the compensation to be paid to injured employes. The English statute provides for compensation during disability equal to 50 per cent. of the wage rate, and in case of death or total disability a sum equal to four years' wages. Surely this country ought not to lag behind those enlightened nations in righting what is now the most monstrous injustice of the age. Nevertheless that is likely to happen unless there be uniform legislation in many, if not all, the States on the subject. For in the absence of a general movement for uniform legislation New Jersey, for instance, would hesitate to place her contractors at a disadvantage in competing with New York contractors."

Gov. Willson of Kentucky, Secretary of the Conference of Governors, said that, while he was not authorized to speak for the Governors, he felt keenly the words of the President, "the serious thought of a serious-minded man, who had wonderful balance, showing in his public utterances the wisdom of the lawyer and the student of great political questions."

Among those present were a number of State Governors, and delegates from all parts of the United States, representing various commercial, labor, and social associations, among them the American Federation of Labor, the National Grange, the Farmers' National Congress, the National Association of Life Insurance Presidents, and the National Association of State Boards of Arbitration. On the stage were, among others, Samuel Gompers, ex-Justice Brown, ex-Senator Dryden of New Jersey, Senator Root of New York, Commissioner MacFarland, District of Columbia; John Hayes Hammond, John Mitchell, and William R. Willcox.

ACTORS' MEDAL FOR TAFT.

To be Made by Chester Beach, a Young American Sculptor.

Chester Beach, a young American sculptor, has been commissioned by Archer M. Huntington, President of the American Numismatic Society, to make the gold medal that is to be presented to President Taft at the opening of the Actors' Fund fair on May 9.

The presentation to the President will be made by a committee of twelve of the leading actresses in the country immediately after he has made his address opening the fair. From the same design as the President's medal 100 replicas in silver and 5,000 in bronze will be struck off, the latter for sale to the general public.

The design of the medal shows on one side Charity coming forward with Comedy and Tragedy on either side, with outstretched arms. On the reverse, in low relief, are the comic and tragic masks and the words, "Actors' Fund, New York, 1910."

The sculptor was recently elected to the National Academy of Design, the youngest member of the Academy. He is only 26 years of age, but has already won the Helen Foster Burnett prize with his figure "The Young Nymph." Up to five years ago he was a silversmith and saved enough from his wages to go to Paris to study.

R. A. Roberts in "Cruel Coppinger."

At the Plaza Music Hall yesterday afternoon R. A. Roberts, the English protean actor, presented a new sketch, "Cruel Coppinger." This sketch, somewhat in the nature of Mr. Roberts's "Dick Turpin" play, is a story of piracy on the Cornish Coast a century ago. Mr. Roberts appears in seven different characters —the Pirate, Coppinger; Paul Lavelle, a London gentleman; Sir Clifford Ross, a shipowner; Kate Ross, his daughter; Jolly Bob, a King's officer; Red George, a smuggler, and Hans Schmidt, a pirate. The piece is in two scenes, and tells the story of Coppinger's reformation through love. Other numbers on the bill at the Plaza were James J. Corbett, Bertie Fowler, "Those Three Fellers," the Zancigs, the McClellan-Carson trio, Boyd & Gilfain, and La Danseuse.

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WOOD TO PICK SITES FOR PANAMA FORTS

Will Head Army and Navy Board Which Is to Visit Isthmus in Near Future.

CANAL TO BE PROTECTED

Double Fortifications Likely at Both Colon and Panama—To be Built Before Canal Is Opened.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Plans are now under way for the fortification of the Panama Canal, and within the next few weeks a board of distinguished army and navy officers will go to the Isthmus to select sites for a system of coast fortifications, which, when completed, will be as nearly impregnable to attack by sea as it is possible for the best military engineers to make them.

This board of officers, it can be stated on high authority, will have as its President Major Gen. Leonard Wood, recently designated as the next Chief of the General Staff, while among his associates will probably be Brig. Gen. Arthur Murray, the Chief of the Coast Artillery Corps; Brig. Gen. William A. Marshall, Chief of the Corps of Engineers, and Brig. Gen. William Crozier, Chief of Ordnance. In addition to these there will be a number of other well-known army officers—most of them of the Engineering and Coast Artillery Corps—and at least two naval officers, Commander Harry S. Knapp and Commander William J. Maxwell.

The order naming the Panama Fortification Board will probably be issued within the next two weeks, and the members will probably sail from New York for Colon in about one month. The length of its stay on the Isthmus will probably be several weeks, and during that time every foot of both the Pacific and Atlantic terminals of the canal will be inspected and studied in order to fix on the best sites for the great forts that are to be constructed on them.

While nothing whatever about the plans is being made public, there is an impression that there will be two forts on each ocean, commanding respectively the entrances to the harbors of the Ports of Panama and Colon. These great fortifications will represent the very highest perfection in defensive and offensive coast protection, and will be equipped with powerful guns of at least twelve-inch and probably fourteen-inch calibre. All of these will be tested at the Sandy Hook proving grounds before they are shipped to the Isthmus.

Th Corps of Engineers will have entire charge of the work of construction, which will begin as soon as the plans of the board are completed and are approved by Congress and the President. That will probably be about six months hence.

All of the forts are to be finished and manned in advance of the opening of the canal to commerce. The forts will be absolutely under the jurisdiction of the United States, with the full approval of the Panama Government, and will be manned by some of the best-trained coast artillerymen in the army.

The construction of the Pacific forts guarding the entrance to the canal will practically complete the great system of coast fortifications now under way on the Pacific. The Corregidor fortifications, near Manila, are nearly completed, and the Honolulu fortifications are well advanced.

President Taft is taking a deep personal interest in the work that is to be done by the Panama Fortification Board, and is being kept posted on every step made in the matter.

No information concerning the foregoing was obtainable on Governors Island last night. Capt. Procter, Gen. Wood's aid, said that he knew of no order having been received naming Gen. Wood as President of the Panama Fortification Board. Other officers said they were just as much in the dark concerning the matter, which, if true, was one that was entirely in the hands of the War Department in Washington.

A SAD NIGHT AT THE THEATRE.

He Told of His Mother's Murder and She of an Unhappy Marriage, She Says

Miss Edith Faurie, who is suing Harry Lazelle, a broker, for $75,000 for breach of promise of marriage, before Justice Giegerich and a jury in the Supreme Court, took the stand yesterday.

Miss Faurie repeated a conversation she said she had had with Lazelle in a theatre box in 1899.

"Between the acts," she said, "he reached into his pocket and brought out a newspaper clipping.

"'There is a secret in my life,' he told me, 'and I have never told it to any one. It is a dark secret. My mother was a paralytic, and one day I went over to visit some friends of mine, druggists in New Jersey. When I came home my mother's lifeless body was in the courtyard. Some one had thrown her from the window and killed her. The neighbors accused me of it, and if I had not been able to prove an alibi by my friends in New Jersey I would have been executed for my mother's murder.'

"I said to him: 'Harry, it doesn't matter what there is in your life. I love you and will always be true to you. And I feel that you will always be true to me. There is a secret in my life, too.'

"And I told him:

"'When I was a young girl just out of the convent I fell in love with a very fine young Southern gentleman. He paid ardent court to me, and all the maiden fancy and romance of my young heart went out to him. But there was some prejudice on the part of my father.

"'I was a willful girl, and one day when we were talking about the matter and I persisted that I loved this young gentleman and would never be happy without him, my father had a fit of apoplexy and was like dead for nearly an hour. I knelt down by the side of my father's body and called on high heaven to witness that if God would bring him back to life I would never see this young gentleman again. My father's eyes opened and I made the same promise to him.

"'For eighteen months I never left the manorial grounds which surrounded my father's mansion. Then a handsome young physician of a good family in Suwanee, Tenn., came and began to pay his attentions. I had been like dead for eighteen months. Out of revenge, out of sorrow, out of pique, or perhaps because my heart had been so cruelly starved, I married him secretly. I knew I did not love him.

"'My old lover had told me that if I ever married any one else he would kill me and kill my husband, and crown it all with his own suicide. I was afraid to reveal my marriage. But my father made a place in the mansion for my husband, and at last the marriage was announced. I soon became satisfied I had made a mistake, and we separated.

"'Soon afterward came an epidemic of yellow fever, the last great epidemic in New Orleans. This was in 1896. My husband went out to do his share to fight the pestilence. There were thousands of people sick and dying. The funerals were passing up and down the street night and day. My husband caught the disease and died in one of the hospitals. An hour later he was buried in quicklime.'"

Counsel for Lazelle made objections to this manner of proving the death of the former husband, and Justice Giegerich overruled them, with leave to renew their motion. The trial will continue.

Coffin Too Large for House Door.

Mrs. Catherine Deering, wife of Henry Deering of 4 Thompson Place, Coney Island, will be buried to-day in the Holy Cross Cemetery, Flatbush. Mrs. Deering weighed 400 pounds at the time of her death, on Saturday, of heart disease, and the coffin, which is too large to be carried through the door of the Deering home, will be taken out through a wide window in the front of the house. Mrs. Deering was 52 years old.

BEN GREET AS GREEK POET.

His Players Present "The Little Town of Bethlehem" at Garden Theatre.

"The Little Town of Bethlehem," by Mrs. Katrina Trask, was presented at the Garden Theatre last night by the Ben Greet players. The play was given in New York last year under the auspices of the National Arts Club, and it had several performances in Brooklyn this Winter.

The story is of the time of the Nativity, and the characters are Romans and Jews gathered in the village of Bethlehem at that period. The Holy Family does not appear in character, but during the play the voice of Mary is heard.

Ben Greet appeared in the rôle of Cariston, a Greek poet, and Keith Wakeman had the part of Faustina, a Roman lady. The two songs of Mary were sung by Grace Clark Kahler, who also had the rôle of one of the women at the well. Other characters were played by Ruth Vivian, Grace Marchant, Frank McEntee, Redmond Flood, J. S. Crawley, and Violet Vivian. The engagement is for two weeks.

SLEZAK SINGS TANNHAUSER.

Tenor Receives Ovation on His First Appearance Here in This Role.

Frequent changes in the casts of the operas in the répertoire continue at the Metropolitan Opera House, and operagoers who visit that theatre often have many opportunities to institute comparisons between the different singers in the same rôles.

Last evening a performance of "Tannhäuser" brought forward Leo Slezak, the Czech tenor, for the first time here in the title rôle. It was also the first opportunity which New York has had to hear this tenor in a German work. Mr. Slezak, it will be remembered, for many years sang German parts at the Royal Opera House in Vienna. Later he studied Italian operas and it was in an Italian rôle, that of Otello, that he made his American début.

After last night's performance it must be considered more or less unfortunate that Mr. Slezak does not give more of his attention at present to the German works. There are still many satisfactory Italian tenors, but German tenors who both sing and satisfy the imagination in the leading rôles of the Wagner dramas are few. Mr. Slezak seems to be one of these. His appearance last evening was the occasion of a great ovation, and finally he was called out alone before the curtain after the second act.

The rest of the cast was the familiar one, including Mmes. Gadski and Fremstad, and Messrs. Hinckley and Whitehill. Mr. Hertz conducted.

McCORMACK AS RUDOLPHO.

"La Boheme" Repeated at the Manhattan with Changes in Cast.

The second performance of "La Bohème" this season at the Manhattan Opera House last evening brought with it several changes in cast. Mr. McCormack was heard here for the first time as Rodolpho, Mr. Sammarco sang Marcello, Mr. Gilibert, Schaunard. No one else approaches Mr. Gilibert in his conception of his part in this opera, and Mr. Sammarco, vocally at least, is more than satisfying in the part of Marcello. Mr. McCormack, too, was most excellent.

The rest of the cast remained unchanged. Mme. Carmen-Melis was the Mimi, Miss Trentini the Musetta, and Mr. Huberdeau the Colline. Mr. Anselmi conducted the performance in a roughshod manner.

Mr. Bagby's Musical Morning.

Mme. Bernice de Pasquali, John McCormack, G. Mario Sammarco, and Victor Herbert and his orchestra were the artists at Mr. Bagby's one hundred and seventy-ninth Musical Morning at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday. Among those present were Mrs. John E. Alexandre, the Misses Alexandre, Mrs. T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, Mrs. William Kingsland, Mrs. John R. Drexel, Mrs. Dandridge Spotswood, Mrs. Seth Barton French, Mrs. J. R. McKee, Mrs. S. Reading Bertron, Mrs. Luisita A. Leland, Mrs. Robert Winthrop, Mrs. Warren Delano, Mrs. John E. Parsons, Mrs. Elbert H. Gary, Mrs. Frederic Courtland Penfield, and Mrs. Henry Evans.

Two Parties for Stage Children.

Two parties for the children in Lew Fields's productions playing in town were given yesterday afternoon. Nora Bayes took the eighteen children from "The Jolly Bachelors" on a sleigh ride to a hotel in Westchester and gave them a supper before returning to the city for the evening performance. At the same time Marise Naughton of "Old Dutch" gave a birthday party at the Hotel York to the children in the play at the Herald Square Theatre.

"Morality" to be Produced in London.

The Stage Society of London, of which Bernard Shaw, J. M. Barrie, and other prominent authors are members, has arranged to produce Herman Bernstein's adaptation of "Morality" this Spring in London. The play has run for more than 300 nights at the Kleines Theatre, Berlin, and has been presented in nearly every large city on the Continent. It is a satirical comedy, concerning an anti-vice society.

Maud Allan to Appear Thursday.

Maud Allan, the American dancer who has been popular in England for the last year or so, will make her first American appearance at Carnegie Hall on Thursday afternoon. Miss Allan will interpret Grieg's "Peer Gynt" suite, Mendelssohn's "Spring Song," Tschaikowsky's "Arabian Dance," Gluk's "Orpheus," and others. She will be accompanied by the Russian Symphony Orchestra, Modest Altschuler, conductor.

Balance

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STOVER CHAMPIONS BOY PARK COASTERS

Commissioner Trying to Find More Hills for Them to Use in Snow Time.

HELPING THE SKATERS, TOO

Clearing the Lakes and Planning to Flood Them Overnight—Sets the D. A. R. Right on History.

Park Commissioner Charles B. Stover took up yesterday the cause of the small boy who loves coasting and of the people of all ages who like to skate. He found that opportunities for neither of these sports were all that could be desired, and he applied himself to improve them.

On Sunday afternoon in Central Park the Commissioner saw a number of small boys coasting on the slope at Fifth Avenue and 110th Street. Now, that slope was designed not for sliding purposes, but to enable baby carriages to enter the Park. A policeman drove the boys off, and loud were their lamentations.

The Commissioner spoke to the policeman, and learned that he had a good deal of sympathy with the lads, as there was no place set apart for their coasting anywhere in that neighborhood, and there are hundreds of young Harlemites who long for a good slide.

This set the Commissioner thinking, and he began yesterday morning to investigate the situation. He learned from the police that boys are allowed to coast on the Empire Rock ball grounds, near Seventh Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street; on the North Meadow, near 100th Street and Fifth Avenue, and on the centre drive, near Sixth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street.

For the girls the slope near the pond at Sixth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street and the two greens at Eighth Avenue and Seventy-second Street and near Fifth Avenue and Seventy-fifth Street are set apart. Both boys and girls may coast together on the hill north of the Metropolitan Museum, on the hill north of the large reservoir at Fort Fish, and near Eighth Avenue between Ninety-seventh and 100th Streets. On Riverside Drive the only coasting place officially recognized is just north of the Soldiers and Sailors' Monument.

The Commissioner made a circuit of Central Park and Riverside Drive yesterday, accompanied by a landscape architect, to see if more places could not be discovered. He said in the afternoon that, much to his regret, he could not be satisfied with the safety of any additional site in Central Park, but that he had already issued orders that the children might coast to their hearts' content on a hill in Riverside Drive half way between the Soldiers and Sailors' Monument and Seventy-second Street.

Then yesterday morning he heard downtown some one complaining that the lakes in Central Park were so covered by snow that it was hopeless to try to skate on them. The Commissioner, as soon as he got uptown, issued orders that every available man should be put to work clearing the ice. With sixteen teams and 125 park laborers the snow on the big lake just north of Seventy-second Street was attacked. The Harlem Mere will be cleared soon, but the lake at the Plaza will be left untouched till the others are in condition for the skaters.

The Commissioner also plans to keep the ice in as good condition as possible. He is seeking advice as to the filling in of the cracks in the ice, which are dangerous, and in one case he has heard of have caused a broken leg. He thinks, too, that it would be a good thing to flood the ice at night when the skating is over in order to freeze it still thicker and with a more even surface."

The Commissioner expressed himself as surprised yesterday at the small number of sleighs that had appeared in the Park. He has had good snow roads cut for them, but only a few turn out, and even in this Winter they are far outnumbered by the carriages and automobiles.

A deputation of the Daughters of the American Revolution called on Commissioner Stover yesterday with regard to the Washington's Birthday celebration of the society, at which Mr. Stover has promised to preside. Some question arose about the old iron figures, supposed to represent the date of the Jumel House erection, which stand outside it. Their accuracy has long been a bone of contention, because there is some doubt as to the date of a conveyance of the property. At the Commissioner's suggestion it was understood that the D. A. R. should consult the New York Historical Society over this and other doubtful points.

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TOILET SOAP
Cleans thoroughly and quickly
Send for Free Sample
CRETA CREME CO., 530 W. 27th Street

WHITE LABEL
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FINEST BOTTLED ALE IN THE WORLD
Empty White Label Bottles Redeemed
Pints at 15c. a doz. Splits at 12c. a doz.
THOMAS McMULLEN & CO.
5th Avenue & 42nd Street, N. Y.

THE RECOGNIZED MEDIUM.
The New York Times is the recognized medium for advertising Lost and Found articles. If you lose anything and wish to do your very best to bring about its recovery, telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise the loss in The New York Times.
—Adv.

The New Williamson Novel:
"Lord Loveland Discovers America"
3d Announcement
Loveland—the Dupe
Color Illustrations. Fixed price, $1.20 (postage 12c.)

Lord Loveland Discovers:
(1) The substitution of his servant's garments for his own. (2) That in his case "clothes have"—almost—"made the man."
Doubleday, Page & Co., 133 East 16th St., New York.
Our "Guide to Good Books" is sent free upon request.

Subject: Reductions

¶ The wires have taken a message of reduction to some of our finest suits and overcoats for men—and the message reads this way: Let a price be put on them so they'll not tarry long.
The reduced price—17.75.

WM. VOGEL & SON,
Two Broadway Stores { at Houston Street
at 44th Street

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In 1909 The New York Times printed more high-class display advertising than any other New York morning newspaper.

It published 3,721,135 lines of high-class display advertising, consisting of the following named classifications:

Dry Goods
Book Publishers
Financial
Railroads and Steamships
Automobiles
Amusements

This is equivalent to 1,772 pages the size of The Times, or 12,403 columns. It is an increase of 2,383 columns, or 715,048 lines, over 1908, and is a greater volume of high-class display advertising by 320,772 lines than any other New York morning newspaper.

	Agate Lines of High-class Display Advertising in 1909.
The New York Times	3,721,135
Second morning newspaper	3,400,363
Third morning newspaper	3,393,338
Fourth morning newspaper	3,101,387
Fifth morning newspaper	2,644,381
Sixth morning newspaper	1,498,357
Seventh morning newspaper	1,041,271

The New York Times rejects all unworthy or doubtful advertisements and welcomes information from its readers in aid of its efforts to keep its advertising columns absolutely clean.

The daily circulation of The New York Times exceeds 175,000 copies, and its daily city sale is greater than the combined daily city sales of the three other morning newspapers popularly classed with The New York Times as to character of circulation, while the purchasing power of its circulation is not excelled by that of any other New York newspaper or combination of newspapers.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

NURSE AND BED AFIRE IN WOMEN'S WARD

Miss Dressner Upset Ether Near a Candle in Beth Israel Hospital.

PATIENT IN BLAZING COT

The Nurse Smothered the Fire in Her Own Apron and Then in the Screen and Bed—Patients in a Panic.

As she was preparing a patient for an operation in a women's ward in Beth Israel Hospital at 65 Jefferson Street at 4 o'clock yesterday morning Miss Ida Dressner, a nurse, upset, the Superintendent thought later, a small bottle of ether that was on a table near a lighted candle. The ether instantly ignited, and for a few moments it seemed as though there would be a serious fire. Some of the ether wet Miss Dressner's apron, and that, too, took fire. The flame spread to the bedclothes covering the patient, Mrs. Sarah Freedman, and only the nurse's promptness in smothering the fire kept it from the rest of the room. There were twenty-five patients in the ward.

There was a screen about the patient's bed which partially hid what was going on from the other inmates of the ward, but the other women in the ward, who were not asleep, heard Mrs. Freedman's screams, and instantly there was a small panic.

Those who were able to do so left their beds and ran into the hallway. The commotion aroused the nurses in the adjoining ward, and soon every nurse and attendant in the hospital was busy trying to calm the excited patients.

They did not have to render any assistance in putting out the fire, however, as Miss Dressner's efforts had been entirely successful. She smothered the fire in her clothes with her hands. Then she tore the burning bedclothes from her patient and stamped out the flames with her feet. By this time the screen had also caught fire, and she also stamped out this blaze as well. Altogether the fire did not last two minutes, and some of the patients even slept throughout the excitement.

The nurses and attendants after a time succeeded in calming those who had left their cots and all returned. The fumes of the ether and the smoke from the charred bedding drifted into the other wards, and made many of the inmates restive. Miss Dressner was burned about the hands, but not seriously, and she refused to go home.

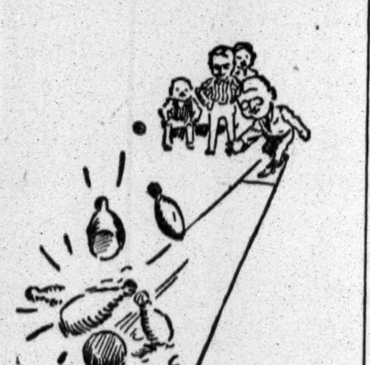
An attendant threw the charred screen out of the window and this attracted the attention of Policeman Charles Lang of the Madison Street Station. He did not turn in an alarm, however, as the attendants explained that the arrival of engines would only add to the fright of the patients and create needless excitement.

Later in the morning the operation which the fire had interrupted was performed upon Mrs. Freedman.

The Superintendent of the hospital praised Miss Dressner's promptness.

"The whole thing was over within two minutes," said he. "The ether did not explode, so far as I can learn, but Miss Dressner probably upset it while preparing for the operation. If she had not put out the flames so promptly it might have been a much more serious affair."

In the ward where the accident occurred there were twenty-five women patients, many of them seriously ill. In the other wards there are about three hundred and fifty. The hospital is a new one and has modern fire appliances.



The $15 price is bowling over these black cheviot suits that were $20, $22 and $25.

But sizes are still plentiful. $20 is the new mark for other black cheviot suits that were $25.

Winter weights.

Revised prices on separate striped trousers fit in with the bargains in the black suits.

$5 to $12 now.

Our Dollar Glove certainly is a glad handful of value.

Many $1.50 gloves are no better.

Tan cape, made in England.

Red-Man collars are a great tribe.

Quarter sizes.

Two for a quarter.

We don't believe there is any one best underwear.

So much depends on the taste, pocketbook, and habits of the wearer.

But with forty odd different kinds, we're fairly sure we've got the best underwear for every man.

Ever try combination suits?

Arctics, high and low.

Rubbers, high and low.

Double shoes, waterproofed, for men who won't wear overshoes.

Two thicknesses of black leather, each separately waterproofed.

Derbies that neither rain nor snow will hurt.

$3, $3.50, $4 and $5.

The Stetson "Special" Derby can be had only from us in New York.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores,

at Warren st. at 13th st. at 34th st.

TO BOOM AMATEUR RACING.

Invitation Meets to be Held—New Rules for the Sport.

An idea of the wide interest in amateur racing for the coming season is shown in the fact that at the recent Hunt Committee meeting W. T. White was present representing the Chagrin Valley Hunt of Cleveland. The Chatham Hunt of Savannah, Ga., though it had no representative present, sent a communication in which a hearty co-operation was promised during the racing season.

Another evidence of the enthusiasm with which the amateurs are going into their favorite sport is the fact that arrangements are under way for several invitation race meetings by different gentlemen. Last year Capt. E. B. Cassatt had an invitation day of sport at Chesterbrook, Penn., and it was such a big social and sporting success that many others have announced the intention of following his example this season.

The Virginia Hunts will have an annual reunion at Washington, beginning this year. At this gathering of the many hunts of Virginia club runs will be arranged and much good should be accomplished in keeping the hunts in closer touch with one another.

The Hunt Committee, in conjunction with the National Steeplechase and Hunt Association, is making possible better conditions among the amateurs and many reforms are under way. The Committee on Rules will formulate a set of regulations definitely describing galloways and hacks and dividing the hunters themselves into proper classification. Another important matter that will be taken up is the classing of the gentleman riders. Allowances will be made in weight for the amateurs that are lacking in experience until it will not be possible for a rider of the reputation of Robert Taylor, the Tucker brothers, Tommy Wright, or others of like ability to meet newcomers to the saddle under equal weights.

FIELD TRIALS IN SOUTH.

New Yorkers See Dogs Compete for All-Age Stake.

Special to The New York Times.

ROGER'S SPRINGS, Tenn., Jan. 17.—With probably a dozen millionaires on hand who fancy the field trial dog, supplemented by arrivals from Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago, New York, Memphis, Boston, and other points east and west, the annual race for the classic all-age stake of the United States Field Club, of which Herman B. Duryea is President, started to-day on the club's new preserves, which were tested for the first time. Birds were found in abundance by the various braces competing, and their work was closely followed. Mr. and Mrs. Hobart Ames of Boston, J. M. Avent of Grand Junction, Miss Irma Jones of Newport and Memphis, and Mrs. Arrington of Memphis, who chaperoned a large party; Paul J. Rainey of Cleveland and New York, J. C. Bradley and Miss Bradley of New York and others followed over the boggy fields, slips and falls being frequent but without accident.

Nineteen braces were run. Glengary Noble was paired with Ransom Tony, Black-eyed Susan with Wildfire, Master Tom with Peach Maid, Pride of Whitestone with Count Mohawk, Gilt Edge with Bloomwind, Milton with Monoro, Lady with Dolly Madison, Spots Riprap with Caesar's Ghost, Champion Tonapaugh with Count Whitestone's Sport. Half of the stake was completed.

Splendid showings were made by Ransom Fred, Whitestone, Gurlie Rodfield, Milton, Monora Lady, Powhatan, and Master Piece.

OUR HEAVY DEATH LOSS.

It Is Half Our Increase Since Consolidation, Says Mr. Marsh.

Before the Sunrise Club in the Café Boulevard last night Benjamin C. Marsh, Executive Secretary of the Committee on Congestion of Population in New York, urged that a proper governmental regulation of corporations was essential.

"Over one-half," said he, "of the increase of population in New York, since consolidation, has died, and about one-seventh of this increase has died from preventable diseases. The number of deaths from these has varied from 15,000 to 27,000 a year and aggregates over 200,000. With modern sanitary improvements and preventive medicine the death rate has been reduced, but there are about 135,000 people sick every day in Greater New York."

Speaking of the overcrowding of the tenements, Mr. Marsh said that an attempt to enforce the new tenement house law would drive poor people to the street.

"The law," he said, "provides that there shall be in every tenement 400 cubic feet of space for every person over 12, and 200 cubic feet for every minor under 12. The enforcement of this law would mean that some people would have to spend 50 per cent. of their income on rent, and they cannot do this because they need clothes and food, too, Summer as well as Winter."

REWARD CHILD FOR HEROISM.

Medal in School for Mabel McCormick, Who Saved a Baby's Life.

Mabel McCormick of Public School No. 37 was added to the list of child heroines in the schools yesterday when she received from the hands of President Winthrop of the Board of Education a gold medal for saving a child's life.

On Nov. 18 she dragged a baby from under the wheels of an automobile at the risk of her life.

All the class routine of her school was suspended for an hour yesterday in order that she might be rewarded in the presence of her playmates.

President Winthrop commended the act of the little girl highly in giving her the medal, which was the gift of the National Highway Protective Association.

REJECTS MRS. THAW'S CLAIM.

Court Strikes Out Her Counter Charge in Hartridge's Suit for Fees.

Judge Hand of the United States Circuit Court yesterday gave a decision in the suit brought by Lawyer Clifford W. Hartridge against Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw for $195,736 services and disbursements in the Thaw murder case, striking out a counter claim of $46,815.76 made by Mrs. Thaw. This sum was alleged by the mother of Harry Thaw to represent money in Mr. Hartridge's hands unaccounted for. Mrs. Thaw had been ordered to file a bill of particulars regarding this counter claim, which she failed to do.

The decision of Judge Hand is made conditional upon the failure of Mrs. Thaw, within the next five days, to file the bill of particulars in question.

Football Changes Suggested by Yost.

In the opinion of Fielding H. Yost, coach of the University of Michigan, the Rules Committee will not make any radical changes in revising the game of football. He would like to see the game divided into quarters, the first of twenty minutes, followed by five minutes intermission, then fifteen minutes more of play. Then would come the regular fifteen minutes' intermission, followed by a second half divided just like the first.

For the forward pass Yost would suggest no penalty for failure on the first down; five yards on the second, and loss of the ball on the third. This would make the pass, according to Yost, more reliable as a play, without endangering its being overworked. As for Michigan's prospects next Fall, Yost says it will largely depend on how many men get through their studies. If all the students now eligible stand well the Wolverines should have a formidable team.

Wanderers vs. Hockey Club To-night.

Another series of interesting hockey matches will begin to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink with a game between the Wanderers' team and the Hockey Club of New York. The Hockey Club team has played only one game this season, in which it put up a rattling fight against the Crescent Athletic Club. The latter and the New York Athletic Club are now tied for first place in the Amateur League championship series, while the Wanderers and St. Nicholas teams are tied for second place, with a game lost and won for each; but these ties will be broken this week in the event of a victory for the Wanderers to-night.

The only game of the week in the intercollegiate series will be played on Saturday night, when Princeton and Columbia come together. The former has not yet been beaten this season, and the present indications are that the Orange and Black team will win the championship.

Nursery Hospital to be Merged.

Mrs. Algernon Sydney Sullivan, President of the Nursery and Child's Hospital, where the nursemaids struck to be called "Miss," announced yesterday that the institution was soon to be taken over by the New York Infant Asylum.

OCEAN VIEW SITE FOR THE BIG FIGHT

Jack Johnson's Manager, George Little, Says This Detail Has Been Settled.

HISSES FOR THE CHAMPION

Big Negro Fighter Boxes Too Tamely to Suit a Critical Eighth Avenue Audience.

The Jeffries-Johnson fight is going to take place in California, if what George Little, Johnson's manager, said yesterday can be taken as authoritative. And it must be admitted, at least, that he ought to know.

Johnson expressed himself as perfectly willing to fight Jeffries anywhere. He said that he had absolutely no preferences as to site, so long as it produced Jeffries in the best of shape and exactly on the stroke of the hour set for the battle. All that he asked, Johnson said, was that Jeffries should be "right."

Little was inclined to be more explicit and voluble as to the location of the arena than his charge. He said that only one place in California was barred and that was Colma. Under no conditions that he could imagine, he said, would the fight be held at that place.

The site which had been agreed upon—and he said that he knew of it even before the articles of agreement were signed—was at Ocean View, a short distance south of San Francisco, and just across the city line. Ocean View, it may be stated incidentally, is not a very great distance from Coffroth's arena at Colma. A temporary arena, capable of seating 30,000 people, is to be constructed at Ocean View, according to Little, and a railroad company has agreed to deposit the ticket holders at the gates within twenty minutes from leaving Fourth and Market Streets, San Francisco.

Little and Johnson were seen at an Eighth Avenue theatre, where the negro is filling a week's engagement before going through a similar stunt in Toronto next week.

"You can take it from me," said Little, that the fight will never be pulled off in Utah. The Governor says he won't stand for it, and he ought to know. Of course Rickard is 'the man behind the dough,' and whatever he says will go. But I'm sure he can't put it over for Salt Lake City, much as he would like to do so.

"Before the articles were signed in Hoboken and while Johnson and I were on the train, Gleason met us at Pittsburg and showed me the architect's plans and specifications for the Ocean View arena. He said that he had everything arranged with the railroad people, and that he would get the patrons of the fight from the heart of San Francisco to the scene of the battle within twenty-eight minutes. He let me understand pretty plainly that even if he didn't bid high enough for the fight he would have something to say as to where it was going to be fought."

"If Rickard says it's going to be Salt Lake," broke in Johnson, "it'll be Salt Lake. He's the man with the dough and that's what I'm after. Jeffries and I are in this business for money. Rickard's the 'man behind the dough.'"

"It'll not be Salt Lake, I'm telling you," continued Little, "but Ocean View." And this time there was no interruption from the big black man. "I'm willing to bet $5,000 that the fight takes place in California and that Ocean View's the spot."

At that moment the call boy, or whoever takes his place at Miner's, interrupted the conversation to ask Johnson and his sparring partners to ascend the stairs to the stage. The house was crowded, about equally divided between white and colored men, with a few women of both colors interspersed here and there in the orchestra seats.

Little made a short speech, in which he announced that the highest priced athletic attraction on the stage would now take place. He stated that a telegram had been received by Johnson from Joe Walcott saying that the former welterweight champion would arrive in New York to-day, and that he would spar two rounds with the present heavyweight champion at the Wednesday performances. He then introduced Johnson's sparring partners, after which the giant negro bowed and scraped to the mention of his name.

His entrance was greeted with mixed applause and hisses and groans. It could not be determined from the wings whether it was the white or the colored portion of the audience which did the booing. Johnson and Heineman, one of his assistants, then fiddled through a minute round, with Little holding the watch. It was so tame that the crowd, almost without exception, voiced its disapproval. And one shrill voice from the gallery warned Johnson that "Jeff won't do a t'ing ter you."

The catcalls were so persistent that the house manager had to request fair play in a little speech, in which he set forth that if Jeffries defeated Johnson, then Jeffries would be the champion. But that until that time Johnson was the champion and entitled to a square deal. After that things were considerably quieter until the four one-minute rounds were finished, upon which the exit of Johnson was to the accompaniment of a volume of hisses and boohs.

The negro took it all good naturedly. "I'm gettin' the money, ain't I?" was his only comment.

Another Place for Big Fight.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Jan. 17.—A contract was signed to-day by "Tex" Rickard and the management of the Salt Air Beach Company for the use of the bicycle track arena at the bathing resort as the scene of the Jeffries-Johnson contest, July 4. The management of the Salt Air resort agrees to remodel the arena and provide for the seating of 50,000 spectators

Johnson's 'Phone Number Is 1313.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Jack Johnson, the champion heavyweight, applied for a telephone for his home here a few days ago and received "Douglass 1313." It is said that some of his friends are much disturbed that he should have accepted the number.

Bill Lang Defeats Bill Squires.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Jan. 17.—"Bill" Lang to-day retained his title of heavyweight champion of Australia by defeating "Bill" Squires in the seventh round.

West Point Fencing Schedule.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Cadet Garlington, manager of the fencing team, announced to-day that the army schedule would consist of seven meets besides the preliminary tourney at West Point, March 19, between Harvard, Yale, Cornell, and West Point, to decide which two teams enter the intercollegiate at New York March 26. The intercollegiate tourney will be held this year at the Hotel Astor, and the teams have arranged an innovation in the shape of a dance, to be held after the fencing. Mr. Vauthier, the army fencing instructor, has had an abundance of material to draw from, and out of forty-eight candidates at the start eighteen still remain on the squad, many of whom are skillful and will form a nucleus for next year's team to fill the vacancies left by the graduation of Sohlberg and Cockroft, the two army stars still here. In last year's intercollegiate Cockroft only lost one bout. The army team is composed of Cockroft, Sohlberg, and Dargue, with Rayner, Hinemon, and Anderson as substitutes. The schedule: Feb. 12, Pennsylvania at West Point; 19, Princeton at West Point; 22, New York Turn Verein at New York; 26, Columbia at West Point; March 5, Yale at West Point; 12, Cornell at West Point; 19, preliminary at West Point; 26, intercollegiates at New York.

Palm Beach Motor Boat Races.

The 15th, 16th, 17th, and 18th of March are the dates that have been selected by the Palm Beach Power Boat Association for their sixth annual regatta on Lake Worth.

The great event is the race for the Palm Beach Grand Prize of $2,500 in gold, the other prominent events being for the Palm Beach Cup, valued at $500, for speed boats, and the Association Cup, valued at $500, for Florida designed and constructed boats.

On the first day, March 15, three races are scheduled, four on the second day, also four on the third day, and on the closing day, Friday, March 18, there are two events, including a consolation race.

NATIONAL UMPIRE STAFF.

President Lynch Will Announce "Czars of the Field" Soon.

President Lynch of the National League is sending out the contracts for his staff of umpires. The new executive is giving unusual attention to the umpire question, and because of his own experience on the ball field as an indicator holder he expects to have umpires who will run the game properly.

The first week after he took office President Lynch wrote to every member of the staff asking just now, when, and where the umpires found the most difficulty in judging the games. Nearly all the umpires have contributed literary efforts in answer to this response, and as a result President Lynch has in his possession much inside information about how the players make life miserable for the umpires.

President Lynch stated yesterday that he would announce his umpires at the end of the week, and in the list will probably be some names new to big league baseball. There are one or two men whom he will probably try to sign whose work on the diamond he is acquainted with and whom he believes will be acceptable. Mr. Lynch expects to watch the umpires closely next Summer, and plans to bring the work of these judges of play up to a high standard.

Charles H. Ebbets, President of the Brooklyn Club, had a long conference with President Lynch yesterday, during which they discussed the schedule problem thoroughly. After the conference they announced that there was no schedule news to give out. Mr. Ebbets is Chairman of the Schedule Committee, and President Lynch and Mr. Dreyfuss of Pittsburg are associated with him on that body. Ebbets, according to instructions from the league, has prepared a schedule of 168 games, to which Barney Dreyfuss strenuously objects. When the committee meets in Pittsburg on Jan. 24 Mr. Dreyfuss threatens to present a 154-game schedule and Mr. Ebbets one of 168 games. So President Lynch is between two fires, and his decision in this matter means much to the league.

MATTY SAYS IT'S NOT FAIR.

Giants' Pitcher Does Not Want Players Tied Down by Year-Round Contract.

When Christy Mathewson, the Giants' famous pitcher, was in Buffalo last week with his indoor baseball aggregation, he said he had not heard a great deal about the all-year-around contract business, but if the club owners wanted to arrange matters that way they could do so, so far as he was concerned. "Big Six" contends that it would be a fine thing to get half the money during the playing season and half during the Winter, but he doubts that the present system will ever be changed.

"Personally, I wouldn't mind getting my money every two weeks all year, but, of course, I would want it as soon as I earned it. The only way that it could be done would be to start paying the player before the season opened. Thus if I should sign with Chicago in October, Chicago would commence to pay me all Winter, so that when the playing season started I would have half of my money. It would not be fair to the player to make him wait six months after he has finished earning his money.

"If the club owners wish to protect improvident players, they can do it by paying in advance. But the men will not stand for having their money kept back. If the club owners of a philanthropic turn of mind wish to pay the players every two weeks they could easily do it without any friction with the players. However, I do not think they will do it."

As to holding back 20 per cent. to prevent players taking part in hockey, basket ball, baseball, and other indoor games during the Winter, Mathewson says that will hardly be done. "It would not be right, and would be a real hardship on the players, not from a mercenary point of view, but from a recreation standpoint. Indulgence in Winter sports keeps a man right on edge and is a good thing if not indulged to excess. Indoor baseball, for instance, doesn't hurt the boys, it keeps them loosened up, and they report in good shape in the Spring. Why, when I was attending college I played football in the Fall and basket ball all Winter, and when I played baseball in the Summer I never felt so well as I did after a hard Winter's work in athletics.

PIRATES TO KEEP VETERANS.

Philippi and Leever Not to be Cast Off by Pittsburg Club.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Jan. 17.—All chance of Deacon Philippi and "Schoolmaster" Samuel Leever, the two veteran twirlers on the Pittsburg team, not being retained on the pay roll faded to-day when an announcement by Secretary Will Locke was made to the effect that Philippi had signed his contract for the coming season and that a document bearing Leever's signature would be in the club's safe within the next few days.

Secretary Locke set at rest all doubts as to whether or not the veterans would be taken on the Spring training trip by stating that they will. He did not say that carrying the old timers on the pay roll was a matter of sentiment, but on the outside this is thought to be the case, although it is freely admitted that there is still a lot of good baseball left in both of them. They will be carried as long last year, is the latest acquisition to the ball, says the club official.

Eugene Moore, the left-handed pitcher of the Dallas Club in the Texas League, las tyear, is the latest acquisition to the Pittsburg Club. Moore's contract with his signature attached was received today by President Barney Dreyfuss.

Knabe Will Work Hard for Dooin.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Jan. 17.—Otto Knabe, the Beltshoover boy who guards the second base for the Phillies, stated to-day that he had received his contract and he will sign and forward it at once to the Philadelphia Club. Knabe has been working each day with Hans Lobert, the Reds' infielder, and is looking fine. He said:

"Next year will be my banner one in the big league, and I am more than anxious to work my best for Charlie Dooin. There has never been any desire on my part to get away from Philadelphia, as my relations there with the fans and players have always been of the most pleasant character. Of course, when the report was circulated that I was to be traded I had nothing more to say. If I was not wanted there the only alternative was to go where they wanted to send me or quit the game, and I am far from ready to do the latter."

Boyd Beats Scheidig with Cue.

S. A. Boyd won an 18.2 balkline billiard handicap match last night at the Knickerbocker Billiard Rooms, Brooklyn, defeating C. Scheidig by the score of 215 against the latter's 228. Boyd's mark was 215 and Scheidig's 235. Boyd ran out his string in forty-nine innings with a high run of 31 and an average of 4 19-49, Scheidig's high run being 33, with an average of 4 36-48. Scheidig started off well, but toward the middle of the game suffered a slump, during which Boyd opened up a lead of 75 points, which he held for some time. Scheidig then took another spurt and gradually closed in on his opponent, but Boyd was unable to recover the lost ground, and Boyd was returned the victor.

Anson Wins Three-Carrom Match.

Capt. A. C. Anson of Chicago defeated William McKay of this city last night at McGraw's billiard parlor in the first block of a 150-point three-cushion carrom contest by the score of 50 to 31. Anson played a very steady game, and made some remarkable shots, but his high run for the two hours of play was only 2, while his opponent had a run of 4. McKay was unsteady most of the time and often changed his position after being set, the only real good lay he made being the high run of the evening, when he banked the ivories for four tallies.

Sunday Baseball in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 17.—Four big delegations to the Ohio General Assembly have come out openly for Sunday baseball in this State, and it is said will support the bill to be introduced by Representative Gilligan of Cincinnati to make baseball a legal Sunday amusement. The delegations are from Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, and Toledo. All the members say it is wrong to have the matter left to the Mayor of a city, and that the best thing to do is to change the Civic Code, putting it under the jurisdiction of the General Assembly.

Rooms and Board of the better sort. See Page 17.

MOORE AND THOMAS IN 10-ROUND DRAW

English Fighter Makes Good Impression in Olympic Club Bout.

PHILADELPHIAN STRONGER

Both Boys Were Rather Tired at the Finish—Clubhouse Packed and Many Unable to Get In.

Harry Thomas, the English bantamweight fighter, made his American début last night in a ten-round go with Pal Moore of Philadelphia at the Olympic Athletic Club, and, although displaying much cleverness in the use of both his hands and ability to step in and out with agility, the sturdy young Quaker was too strong for him, and at times hammered him pretty hard. The Briton was quick and game, and never once did he retreat from the attack of Moore, and, while Thomas did much of the leading, Moore went into clinches often and worried his man with short, choppy smashes to the face and body.

When the fun was over Thomas's countenance had fared worse than Moore's, although both boxers were evidently tired. The final session was a whirlwind affair, with Moore boring in wildly, trying to get over a dream punch, but the Englishman was too game, and fought back even when Moore was landing on him.

The clubhouse on 125th Street was jammed, and hundreds were left howling on the outside. There were a few preliminaries which were slam-bang affairs, and just furnished appetizers for the main go.

Owen Moran, another English fighter, handled Thomas, and Jimmy De Forrest was the chief of Moore's camp. The Briton went into the fight with much caution and seemed anxious. The Quaker lost no time in coaxing him close and displayed his best at infighting. In the second and third rounds Moore landed on his opponent's face and body often. But there wasn't enough steam behind them to do real harm to the Englishman worse than enlarging his face in the vicinity of the left eye. Moore rushed Thomas in the fourth with violence enough to send him to the floor, but the foreigner was up like a flash.

After the fifth round Moore tired and Thomas did most of the leading. In the sixth the Briton hit Moore a smart clip in the jaw which sent him to the floor, but in an instant he was up and got rights and lefts to the Englishman's head before he knew what had happened. In the seventh and eighth rounds Thomas did his best work, landing on Moore's body and head with both hands, and in the meantime showing how shiftily he could use his feet.

The attack of Thomas did not damage Moore, who was unusually strong even if he wasn't boxing as cleverly as the stranger. Many of the Quaker's swings were wild and were neatly ducked by Thomas. Moore's best work was his aggressive in-fighting, when he rained short jabs at his opponent. The last of the ninth and the tenth rounds had the crowd on its feet waving hats in the air. The fighters went at each other with a vengeance, and it was a fast give-and-take session most of the way. Several times Moore rushed his man against the ropes, but Thomas bored his way back into the middle of the ring with quick rights and lefts.

A draw would have been a good decision and eminently fair to both boys, but there were many who were of the opinion that Thomas would win in a longer encounter.

McGOVERN AND COSTER DRAW.

Brooklyn Lads Go Ten Rounds in an Even Battle.

Phil McGovern and Joe "Kid" Coster, both of Brooklyn, fought a fast ten-round draw at the Bedford Athletic Club, Brooklyn, last night. Coster had a lead in the first three rounds. McGovern was anxious to fight in the clinches, and Coster blocked cleverly. McGovern took the lead in the fifth round and used his right to Coster's body. McGovern staggered Coster with a hard right to the jaw.

The seventh round was Coster's by a slight margin. His left punches troubled McGovern, who was forced to cover up to escape punishment.

McGovern had the better of the last two rounds, and had Coster hanging on in the last round. McGovern landed heavily with his right and left to Coster's face and body. Coster had the better of the early rounds, but McGovern's aggressiveness and his condition at the finish entitled him to a draw.

The rainy weather did not prevent the members from turning out in large numbers.

In the preliminary contests, "Kid" Bolt defeated Tommy Owens in four rounds, "Young Joe Gans" and the "Famous Napoleon" went four rounds to a draw, Terry Jones defeated "Kid" Richards in four rounds, and Jack Farrell won easily from "Smoke" Jones in six rounds.

New York and Boston Boxers Quit Even

New York and Boston amateur boxers broke even in the intercity bouts at the Boston Athletic Association club house, Boston, on Saturday night, each city being credited with three victories and as many defeats. The sport wound up with a fast "go" between Emory Payne of New York and K. Salisbury of Brookline, Mass., in the final round of the heavyweight class. The men fought evenly for three rounds, but in an extra period Payne outpointed the Brookline man and got the decision. In the 118-pound class Eddie Christy of New York defeated Arthur Kane of Cambridge in one of the liveliest battles of the night. S. Saunders scored the third victory for New York, defeating D. Powers of Boston in the 145-pound class, Eddie Sherman in the 115-pound class and R. Peters, both of the Union Settlement A. C. of New York, were beaten, as well as W. Kenney of New York in the 158-pound class

Rosenberger to Enter Dartmouth?

It is reported that James Rosenberger, the well-known Irish-American Athletic Club sprinter, is contemplating entering Dartmouth. It is said that he will shortly abandon business and matriculate at the New Hampshire institution, and rumor says further that his friend Harry Hillman, who has lately become the Dartmouth track coach, is responsible for Rosenberger's change of plan.

NO KEENE HORSES ENTERED.

Leading American Turfman Passes Up English Spring Handicaps.

The name of James R. Keene does not appear among the nominators for the English Spring handicaps, although several of the Americans are well represented abroad. For the Lincolnshire Handicap H. P. Whitney has nominated Delirium and Perseus III. Louis Winans has nominated Sir Martin, and August Belmont is represented by Norman III.

For the mile and a quarter of the City and Suburban the only American nomination is Sir Martin, but in the seven furlongs of the Victoria Cup at Hurst Park six are engaged, with Mr. Whitney sending four in Delirium, Perseus III., Top o' the Morning, and Bobbin II. The other two are August Belmont's Norman III. and Louis Winans's Edward. Sir Martin is the only American horse in the mile and a quarter of the Kempton Park Jubilee Handicap.

In the mile and a half of the Coronation Cup, at the Epsom meeting, H. P. Whitney's Whisk Broom and Mr. Winans's Sir Martin are the American entrants. For the trying two mile and a half course of the Ascot Gold Cup W. K. Vanderbilt has named Sea Sick, Mr. Whitney Whisk Broom and the colt by Hamburg-Blue Girl, and Mr. Winans Sir Martin.

The handicaps in which no American-owned horse is named to perform are the Queen's Prize at Kempton, the Great Metropolitan, and the Alexandra Plate.

These handicaps have attracted the best horses in England, and Minoru, winner of the Derby, and Bayardo, rated by many as the best horse on the other side of the Atlantic, are both engaged in several of them.

When Mr. Keene brought such horses as Ballot and Helmet back from England last Fall it was not thought that he would be an extensive nominator in the English handicaps, and the absence of his name is in no sense surprising. In the Lincolnshire Handicap Wamba II., sold by Mr. Keene to G. A. Prentice, is nominated, but it is only in that handicap that the name appears.

HEIKE GIVES $5,000 BAIL.

Secretary of the American Sugar Company to Plead Next Monday.

Charles R. Heike, Secretary and Treasurer of the American Sugar Refining Company, against whom, with five others, an indictment was returned recently by the Federal Grand Jury, appeared yesterday before Judge Hough in the Criminal branch of the United States Circuit Court and gave $5,000 bail. He will plead next Monday.

Harry W. Walker, the assistant of Oliver Spitzer, the convicted pier boss of the Williamsburg plant, was held in $3,000 bail, and James F. Bendernagel, the cashier of the plant; Ernest Gerbracht, its former Superintendent, and Jean M. Voelker and James F. Halligan, Jr., had the bail continued that they were already under.

Henry B. Closson, a member of the law firm of Parsons, Closson & McIlvaine, was in court, and it was thought at first that he appeared for Heike, but later John B. Stanchfield was found to be counsel for the sugar man. Henry F. Cochrane appeared for Bendernagel, Walker, Halligan, and Voelker, and George M. Mackellar appeared for Gerbracht.

Winfred T. Denison, on behalf of the Government, asked $10,000 bail for Heike, but Judge Hough thought $5,000 was enough.

Before the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, yesterday, Mr. Cochrane argued a motion to admit the sugar men who were convicted a fortnight ago to bail pending their appeal. The motion was opposed by the Government, and the court took the papers.

Mrs. Salisbury to Wed W. A. Scott.

Mrs. Katharine Patterson Salisbury, who was divorced last Jan. 10 from George Bulkley Salisbury of 78 East Fifty-fifth Street, and William Ackerman Scott, a broker, obtained a marriage license yesterday at City Hall. Mrs. Salisbury, who is making her home temporarily at 62 Madison Avenue, has one daughter, Miss Dorothy W. Salisbury.

Anti-Racing Law Helps New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 17.—That there will be stubborn opposition to the effort of those trying to secure the repeal of the anti-race-track law was indicated yesterday when Mayor M. Behrman, over his signature, denied published statements to the effect that the business interests of the town were crippled as a result of the absence of Winter horse racing. "Statements to the effect that business in New Orleans is not good are misleading," said the Mayor. "Business is good. The town is in good condition and these reports are slanderous."

Pimlico Racing Starts April 20.

Secretary W. P. Riggs of the Maryland Jockey Club was a visitor at The Jockey Club yesterday. He said that the dates that have been selected for the Spring meeting at Pimlico were from April 20 to May 7, inclusive. These are the dates that have been submitted for the approval of The Jockey Club, and it was intimated that no earlier dates would be acceptable.

Trotting Brushes to Sleighs.

RED BANK, N. J., Jan. 17.—Some exciting trotting races to sleighs were held on the Broad Street "speedway" this afternoon. Lem Ketcham's Brother Melroy and Jaro won every brush handily.

Brown's Card for To-night.

Marty Rowan, the hard-hitting Brooklyn lightweight, and Mike Glover, have been matched to box ten rounds in the star bout at Brown's Gymnasium, in West Twenty-third Street, this evening. Rowan has been winning steadily, his latest victory being over Jack Denning last week. Glover has been making his way fast with his cleverness through the New England States, so a fast, clever bout is assured. In the semi-wind-up Jack Creely, the Brooklyn featherweight and Frankie Gibson of Jersey City will box six rounds.

Annual Stock-taking Sale

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CORBIN	1,888 Broadway. (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
HUDSON	A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3223 Col.
ISOTTA	IMPORT COMPANY, 1,623 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.
KNOX	Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4330 Col.
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MATHESON	Matheson Automobile Co., 1886-1888 Broadway, cor. 62d St. Tel. 4353 Col.
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Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Publication Office..........Times Square
Downtown..........15 Beekman Street
Wall Street..........80 Broadway
WASHINGTON..........Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA..........Public Ledger Building
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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JAN. 18, 1910.

"ADMINISTRATION MEASURES."

It is the President's Constitutional right and duty to recommend to Congress "such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient." During the official term of Mr. TAFT's predecessor it was customary to send such recommendations in the form of those essays which would have been admirable as contributions to current literature, but which have not received general approval as Presidential messages. President TAFT is making his recommendations in the form of bills. If he had attempted to introduce them personally on the floor of either House the incongruity and impropriety would have challenged instant attention. There is no member of either House who would not have perceived the infringement of his prerogative, but because the bills are said simply to be ready for the use of Congress if wanted, the form of courtesy so covers and obscures the principle involved that many approve a beginning which should not be allowed to strike too deep a root.

The President ought not to initiate the legislation which he is to administer, and he ought not to be a partisan. The President is President of the citizens who voted against him as well as those who voted for him. Republicans and Democrats are equally subject to the laws, which, when placed upon the statute book, cease to be matters of contention, and become matters for conscientious obedience by all good citizens. This is not true of mere projects of law, which are simply proposals for the embodiment of the mandate given at the polls. Congressmen do not cease to be partisans when they take their seats, or when they introduce bills. No deference is due to any Republican or Democratic Congressman's suggestions, and the criticism which they receive is part of a polishing process which is of high utility, and not easily applied to a President's suggestions, so great is the prestige of his office. There is no American who did not feel regret that any Representative should consent to offer a bill recommended by the President only with the derogatory formula "by request" appended. Yet how could any Representative who disapproved the proffered bill consent to introduce it otherwise?

The corporation tax affords an example of how the plan of "Administration measures" works. No Republican could have introduced it with any prospect of advancing it by any argument deduced from the Republican platform, or the mandate of the electorate. If introduced as a private measure, it could not have been enacted in the form in which it stands. But it was an "Administration measure," offered as perfected by the highest talent, and accepted as such. After it was enacted the Administration naturally had a fatherly feeling for it, and construed its defects in a manner to make it workable. If construed literally it is probably bad constitutionally, and certainly bad practically. As construed in order to make it workable the legal and practical and Constitutional defects may or may not have been cured. It is certain that lawsuits are pending to try out a few of the objections which have arisen already, with more in reserve. Surely no friend of the President likes this situation. Surely no Republican likes his party's responsibility for a measure without excuse through sanction by the party council.

But now there is a whole batch of such bills pending. There are nearly a dozen regarding conservation, and the details of conservation are as vexed as the details of the tariff, upon which the party's embarrassment is enough for the greediest standpatter. There are Administration bills regarding railways and inter-State commerce and National incorporation. And there is a large and growing opposition to them each and all. Now, opposition to Republican bills, or to Democratic bills, is useful, but opposition to Administration bills is embarrassing. There are plain indications that Congress is not as receptive as the legislators of Porto Rico or the Philippines might be. The country would be better pleased, we think, if the Administration used all its energies in straightening out the tangles in existing laws, without making fresh difficulties by "Administration measures," which are politically neither fish, flesh, nor fowl, and have no excuse in any popular demand. The demand is rather for retracing steps already taken, with consequent derogation from the Presidential authority, either under the Constitution, or in a party sense.

NOTTINGHAM PRICES.

We have all known, since the Gilbert and Sullivan operas, that a policeman's lot in the United Kingdom is not a happy one, but few of us, we think, are prepared for the statistics as to the pay of the guardians of his Majesty's peace in Nottingham, furnished by Consul MAHIN. It seems that there are 320 policemen of whom forty-five receive less than 12 cents an hour, while the weekly pay works out at from $6.25 to $9. Until this year they worked every day in the year, with twenty-one days' vacation; recently they have been granted one day in seven "off," and the annual vacation is reduced to one week. They receive an allowance which partly meets the expense of clothing and they participate in a benefit fund. But their highest possible compensation is only about one-half of the lowest received by the policemen of New York. Other employés in the lower grade of the Nottingham service receive from 6 cents to 12 cents an hour for twelve hours' work.

A movement to increase the scale of wages has been resisted by the authorities for fear of an increase in the taxes, which are now "abnormally high." It would be interesting to know what the normal level is held to be. Advocates among the laboring class of the plan of municipal ownership of street railways will do well to note that conductors in Nottingham get a maximum of 12 cents an hour and motormen a "shade more." Such wages, of course, would not be adopted in this country, but it is apparently a condition to the economical running of the town roads.

MR. WHITMAN'S FRAME OF MIND.

District Attorney WHITMAN's frame of mind when he expressed his contempt for the "high-class citizens" who wrote to him 20,000 letters after his election, requesting the appointment of acquaintances to lucrative jobs, will not hold. There is nothing new or strange in his predicament, if he persists in seriously regarding it as a predicament. Certainly 19,950 of his correspondents would have been astounded if the men they recommended had secured employment. It is very easy to dictate a letter of introduction to one's stenographer and tell the office boy to hand it to the eager person in the anteroom. One has then done "the best he could," paid a real or imaginary debt to the applicant's friends or relatives, and "put it up to Charley." After that one may enjoy his evening at the club with his mind unburdened by a pressing little annoyance.

The young man with the letter of introduction, who "got by" the District Attorney's secretary and consumed an hour of his time one day, might have done the same thing without the letter. Whether or not he is qualified to fill a post in the District Attorney's office, he is persistent enough to find a place somewhere and do well with it. The District Attorney ought to have sent him to Commissioner EDWARDS. He needs persistent fellows.

It is an old, old story that intelligent men of good standing will give letters of introduction heedlessly, and laugh at protests against them. It is a cheap way to show one's generosity. If Mr. WHITMAN has no worse difficulties to contend with he will do well. Every business man has his share of this sort of persecution, and nearly every business man gets even by treating his friends in the same way. The bearer of a letter of introduction, unless he is planning to do a substantial favor to the man to whom it is addressed, rarely gets anything more than a few coldly polite words. The man with a letter of introduction who succeeds in his object would, nine cases out of ten, succeed without the letter.

THE NEW YORK MERIT SYSTEM.

There are some notable features in the report of the State Civil Service Commission. The mere fact that it is the twenty-seventh year of the Commission's existence is significant to those who have followed the history of the patient and sustained efforts to introduce the merit system into the State service. In connection with this fact is the cognate one that the report is not required to mention any attempt of the Legislature in the past year to weaken or embarrass the civil service law. On the contrary, its administration has steadily extended and with every extension has met with added success and approval.

For example, the principle of competition has been applied during the year to the selection of Deputy Attorneys General receiving less than $3,000 a year and to Superintendents of Highways. In the latter case Mr. HOOKER, the head of the Department of Highways, who had originally opposed the change, accepts the results of the examination as satisfactory. In the case of the Attorneys General the Commission argues with force that the extension of competition to even higher grades than in the recent rule would tend not only to secure good men for the places, but continuity in the service. The Commission states with entire accuracy the effect of competition when properly applied:

> The competitive classification would prevent positions on the staff from being used for patronage with a change of administration, and at the same time would leave an Attorney General entirely free to dispense with assistants who were not rendering efficient service or not faithfully carrying out his policy.

There has been a good deal of nonsense talked about the civil service rules in competitive places "protecting" the incumbents. It protects them solely, as the Commission states, from the patronage hunters, but it leaves the appointing officer absolutely free to make any removals—except in the case of veterans—which he deems necessary for the good of the service. Both effects are essential to good work.

The Commission devotes some attention to the discussion of the question of retirement pensions or insurance for the State service. Its views are sound. It advocates insurance rather than pensions, and insurance with a fixed surrender value, in order that there shall not be any pretext for a claim of "vested right" in employment. It recommends that the cost of insurance shall be borne by the employés, with the exception of some aid from the State to the older men already near to the age of retirement. There is, however, no pressing need for action, as the loss to the State from superannuation is very small, much less, probably, than the cost of establishing a retirement system. In any plan that may be adopted the efficiency of the service should clearly and firmly be kept in mind. Such efficiency would be advanced, perhaps, by a proper retirement provision which offered advantages to faithful and competent employés on the one hand, and on the other made entirely clear the right and duty of superior officers to insist on competent and faithful work at the risk of prompt removal. That is the requirement of plain business sense, and it applies more to public than to private business because the former is in the nature of a trusteeship and should be conducted with the utmost regard to the interests and rights of those for whom the trustees act.

THE VOTING IN ENGLAND.

No further doubt is possible of the results of the British elections. Of the supporters of the Asquith-Lloyd-George policies 108 were returned by yesterday's voting. The Unionists carried 92 seats, and their net gain was 14. JOHN BURNS of Battersea, AUGUSTINE BIRRELL, and other members of the Government were re-elected. The majorities were greatly reduced, of course, but the indications now are that the Liberals will have a firm control of the House of Commons.

The maintenance of free trade is assured, the schemes of land taxation and supertaxes of the well to do will be carried out, and doubtless Mr. WINSTON CHURCHILL's plan of unemployment insurance will be aired in the House early in the session. A deliberate assault on the cherished prerogatives of the House of Lords would mean a fresh appeal to the country. Doubtless the victors will prefer to enjoy their triumph a little while before they go forth to battle again.

HIGHLANDS PARK OPPOSITION.

From Albany come rumors, and they are inherently probable, that the terms upon which Mrs. HARRIMAN, Mr. MORGAN, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, and fourteen other private individuals will supply in lands and money one-half the capital needed for the proposed new Highlands Park will be closely scrutinized by the Legislature before it commits the State to the plan. That is quite natural and proper. The teeth of a gift-horse that is only partly a gift-horse ought to be inspected.

Gov. HUGHES says the horse is a bargain, and that the State ought to be grateful for the offer of it on such advantageous terms. But in his message transmitting the offer the Governor was careful to include copies of all the correspondence with the Palisades Park Commission and with the private individuals concerned, in which the terms of the gift are explicitly set forth, so that the people and their representatives might know exactly what they were doing should they decide that the park shall be theirs. It is offered, Mr. GEORGE W. PERKINS said, as "one completed and rounded-out plan, viz., the drive under the Palisades, the saving of Hook Mountain, the moving of the prison site, and the establishment of a great Park at the north end of the drive." Mr. CHARLES A. PEABODY thus explains the "string" to Mrs. HARRIMAN's gift of $1,000,000 and 10,000 acres of park lands:

> It is proper to say that adjacent to the proposed park on the north is a tract of land which now constitutes Mrs. HARRIMAN's residence, and it has occurred to her that if some future suggestion as to the enlargement of the park should have in contemplation the condemnation, under the power of the State, of other lands of hers, it might greatly interfere with her plans as to the future, and she would not wish her gift to the State to be made the starting point of such a proceeding. She realizes that the exercise by the State of its power of eminent domain probably cannot be limited by any agreement, and it has seemed, therefore, wise that this gift on her part should be made conditional upon there being no attempt in the future to encroach on what she desires to retain for her own use.

It seems to Gov. HUGHES reasonable, therefore, that the State accept Mrs. HARRIMAN's gift under the condition that, if it be found necessary hereafter to condemn other land in Orange County belonging to her or her descendants, the grant of park lands shall thereupon revert to her or her heirs. Of course, in case of a dilemma not now foreseen or conceivable, making imperative the condemnation of lands on the Harriman estate, it might possibly waive this reasonable stipulation, which contemplates merely a possible encroachment of the park beyond the limits set by its donor.

Other motives will be looked for in the gifts of other private individuals. They will be accused of contributing in order to rid themselves of an objectionable prison site near their property. But a prison ought not to be in a recreation park, so that, if the whole plan of the park be wise, it would be to the public interest to remove the prison, even at the expense of $250,000 already invested in the site. THE TIMES has for years urged the acquisition by the State of all this picturesque and historic river front. Now is the time, we think, to acquire it most cheaply.

CONNAUGHT FOR VICEROY.

There are two reasons why a large number of Canadians desire the appointment of the Duke of CONNAUGHT as Governor General. One is obvious. The social influence of the residence of the King's brother at Ottawa would be enormous. Society and the shopkeepers, alike, would be gratified. Prince ARTHUR is a popular man, in spite of his retiring disposition, and he has the English gentleman's traditional tastes. The capital would wake up. There would be more gayety in its social life than there has been since the memorable term of the Marquis of LORNE and his royal wife. The influence would doubtless extend to American society. Ottawa would become, perhaps, a continental fashionable centre.

On the other hand the Conservatives are depressed by what they call the Government's "separatist" policy. The cry of "Canada for the Canadians" does not thrill them. They belong to the British Empire, they are heart and soul with old England in its triumphs and troubles. The advent of the Emperor of India's brother as Viceroy would surely stir up the true British spirit in the Dominion. It will be worth Mr. ASQUITH's while to think of this when he gets back to office. They say HERBERT GLADSTONE has been sent to South Africa to get him out of the Cabinet. In the South African climate an iceberg will be an agreeable novelty. Mr. LLOYD-GEORGE and Mr. BURNS may be brought to consider that one member of the royal family in Canada will make one less at home.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Justification Should Be Unnecessary. It is pathetic, from one point of view, and outrageous from another, that men like Dr. FLEXNER and his associates in the Rockefeller Institute should be disturbed in their infinitely important labors and forced to waste their time and strength in self-defense, simply because a little group of fanatic zoöphilists have found a means of bringing before that part of the public which is both thoughtless and ignorant some charges of cruelty made by a scrubwoman and two male servitors of like competency to decide scientific questions.

It should not have been necessary for Dr. FLEXNER to dignify these accusations with a denial. As he says, they were absurd on their face, being refuted in part by the fact that the work done at the institute would not be possible in the conditions described by these impudent critics, and in part not accusations at all, but merely an account of the sensations invariably produced by the routine doings of surgeons on minds incapable of seeing in them anything except the incidental mutilation of living bodies. Dr. FLEXNER probably realized, however, that, whatever may have been the motives of the new attack upon animal experimentation, there was danger in letting it pass unnoticed. Silence might be taken as confession by those who thought only of the appeal to their sympathies, and the consequence might be legislative action of the kind that has had in recent years such disastrous effects in halting medical progress in England.

Therefore has he told, plainly, but without heat, the facts of vivisection as he knows them and as everybody ought to know them before venturing an opinion of its propriety or its necessity. He has told, too, the sort of people by whom the latest sensation was started, the causes of their suddenly developed tenderness of heart, and the methods they have used in seeking support for their calumnies. His statement ought to end the whole discussion, but there is little hope that it will do so, since reason is not a faculty of the anti-vivisection mind and facts have no weight for it. No sane person, however, will give any further attention to this particular set of myths and misapprehensions.

Galatea Enters Journalism. There is to be in New York, it is reported, a new paper, financed and managed by the somewhat mysterious group of people who, just before the last municipal election, were moved to save the city by erecting in Times Square a large white statue. At that statue, both as art and as symbolism, everybody proceeded to laugh. We ourselves never quite understood whether the hollow giantess was supposed to typify the city or those who paid for her construction, but somehow or other she was expected to prove that anybody who denied the perfection of our local Government as administered by Tammany Hall was a slanderer, and to inspire with new enthusiasm those who claimed that the one condition on which the perfect happiness already attained could be perpetuated indefinitely was to avoid anything in the nature of change or reform.

"Miss Purity" began to fall to pieces, perhaps from a gnawing realization of her own absurdity, soon after election day arrived, and the sticks and plaster out of which she was made were carted away to some unrecorded limbo for rubbish. Now there is to be a newspaper to do the work which the statue failed to accomplish. Its name is to be For New York—with a pretty implication that the existing papers are antagonistic to the city's interests and reputation—and it is to declare, openly and boldly, that this is a fine town; that the business opportunities here are many and large, and that they are unwise and immoral who attack it with indiscriminate abuse and criticism.

We see no harm in this programme. It is, to be sure, more than a little naive, and as every paper now printed here preaches the same doctrines to the best of its ability and judgment, we do not see precisely what "field" the stranger is to occupy. That is its business, not ours, however, and if For New York will only be as funny as "Miss Purity" was, it will be a welcome addition to metropolitan journalism.

A Terror with No Reason. Fear of burial alive persists, in spite of the certainty that it is the very least of the innumerable dangers to which humanity is exposed. The thing has happened, no doubt, but only in conditions like those of war or great epidemics, when the disposal of the dead is hasty and careless. In other circumstances it is practically impossible, and what are described occasionally as instances of it can be dismissed as based on nothing more than an accidental disturbance of the coffined dead, brought about during or just before committal to the earth. Every trustworthy authority is agreed on this point, and yet people in considerable numbers go on worrying over the possibility of premature burial.

A woman who recently died in Pittsburg was so disturbed by this groundless apprehension that in her will she directed her executors, a trust company, to see to it that before she was buried a dagger should be thrust three times through her heart. A relative objected to the performance of this grisly ceremony, on the ground that it would be "desecration," while the company insisted on carrying out the provision of the will.

The controversy is curiously melodramatic to have for scene a city as prosaic and practical as Pittsburg, but we faintly recall that the piercing of dead hearts with daggers or big needles has been the custom in certain European families. Perhaps, however, the story is only a novelist's invention. Still, the thing has probably been done. Most foolish things have.

Impossible, but It Happened. Somewhere on the line that separates sea histories from sea legends stand not a few stories of sailors who have been washed from the deck of a vessel by one wave and brought back to it by the next. Hardly more easy to be believed than these wild tales is the one told yesterday of the man who went overboard from the American Liner Philadelphia while a sea was running in which no small boat could live or even be launched, and yet was rescued a few minutes later, alive and troubled only because the loop in the line thrown to him had been tied in a granny knot.

A quick-witted mate threw a life belt the moment the man followed a big wave over the side, a quick-witted Captain stopped the ship as soon as the accident occurred, and then by some impossibly lucky chance the steamer drifted straight down toward the obviously doomed victim. His rescue is one of the great marvels of the ocean—one of the things that couldn't happen and did.

The Exposure of Dr. Cook.

From The Fourth Estate.

The great victory won by THE NEW YORK TIMES in the polar controversy which for so many weeks raged furiously through the columns of the American press is recognized by scientists the world over and the public generally as making more firm the reputation of THE TIMES as a newspaper that does things.

From the moment when the intrepid Dr. Cook came out of the North with his claim of discovery of the pole, THE TIMES characterized his story as improbable, and when Peary denounced Cook as a fraud it took up the battle with a pertinacity which gave cold comfort to the believers in Cook.

With evident desire to be entirely fair, it published all the news that seemed to favor Cook, and all the claims of his friends in his behalf, but it constantly insisted upon its own view of the matter, and finally electrified the nations by printing the story of two men who claimed that they had under promise of pay prepared false data for him to submit at Copenhagen, and drove Cook into an obscurity from which even The Springfield Republican has been unable to rescue him.

This "cause celebre" recalls the great service performed by THE NEW YORK TIMES many years ago in the exposure and overthrow of the Tweed ring, and exhibits in striking manner the extent of its resources and the all-around capacity of its editorial staff.

Gas Bills in Philadelphia.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The person to whom you referred the other day as complaining that gas bills grow larger as the price goes down is "dead right" in his assertion. Last year you published my statement under head of "Paradoxical Gas Bills," which showed my yearly bills higher by 20 per cent. with gas at 80 cents than with gas at $1.10. Incredible as it may appear, in Philadelphia under municipal ownership bills always increased after every reduction in price. A relative with whom I boarded had two large houses on Broad Street. Gas in 1865 was $3 per thousand feet, and her bills for three months ran from $50 to $60. During the twelve years I made my home with her the price of gas was lowered from time to time and her bills increased after each reduction. When gas got down to $1.50 her bills ran up to $150 for three months, and when I called to pay the bill I said to the cashier, "For heaven's sake put gas back to $3, $4, or $5, for if it ever goes to 10 cents none but multimillionaires will be able to afford its luxury."

New York, Jan. 15, 1910. T. H. N.

Irish Humor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of Jan. 11 your correspondent B. Farrell complains that the Englishman's humor in connection with Irishmen is wounding to their pride and that it has its origin in malice. He wholly misses the mark. Almost without exception the Englishman pays tribute to Irish wit in these stories; he may use a simple character as better lending itself to the purpose than an educated one, but while foolishness or simplicity may be the basis of the story, the pith of it lies obviously in the wit. The basis is overshadowed and leaves no impression, but the wit remains and is remembered, and the credit of it is given to the Irishman. Were the Englishman inspired by malice he would reverse the process and make credit for himself at the expense of the Irishman, but he does not do so.

ENGLISHMAN.

Stamford, Conn., Jan. 15, 1910.

Champagne Importations.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note in your editorial of to-day under head of "Champagne and Customs Revenues" your comparison of the amount of champagne imported during the few months since the new tariff went into effect and formerly, and then draw your conclusion that there were "preposterous errors of judgment" displayed in framing "the abominable tariff law."

Is it possible you forget to take into consideration the enormous advance importations of this particular beverage by the importers in anticipation of the increase of duties, whereby they hoped, if possible, to get a supply sufficient to last for quite some months at least, which obviously accounts for the reduced importations?

G. H. PEABODY.

New York, Jan. 15, 1910.

Snowbound in the Bronx.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A roseate sunset sequel to a rosy rising, temperature just nicely two degrees below the one that freezes, no wind, dry snow—a foot and a half of it on the level and drifts five and six feet high—a perfect Winter's day! Can't knock the weather when it's like that. So gratefully appreciative are we up here in the Bronx that the rest is forgiven and already almost forgotten. There's joy—as somebody else may have said—in mere existence.

The Bronx, Jan. 16. B. ZIM.

THE HOUSE OF GOVERNORS

Its Original Proponent Outlines Scope of To-day's Historic Meeting at Washington.

By WILLIAM GEORGE JORDAN.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The conference of the Governors at Washington tomorrow marks the beginning of a new epoch in the political history of the Nation. It is the first meeting ever held of the State Executives as a body seeking, by their united influence, to secure uniform laws on vital subjects for the welfare of the entire country. It should not be confused with the Roosevelt conferences of May and December, 1908. It is in no sense a continuation of them. It is essentially different in aim, method, and basis, and is larger, broader, and more far-reaching in its possibilities.

Dangers Confronting the Republic.

The Nation to-day is facing a grave crisis in its history. Vital problems affecting the welfare of the whole country, remaining unsolved through the years, have at last reached an acute stage, where they demand solution. This solution must come now in some form—either in harmony with the Constitution or in defiance of it. The Federal Government has been and still is absolutely powerless to act because of Constitutional limitation; the State Governments have the sole power, but heretofore no way has been provided for them to exercise that power.

Senator Elihu Root points out fairly, squarely, and relentlessly the two great dangers confronting the Republic—the danger of the National Government breaking down in its effective machinery through the burdens that threaten to be cast upon it, and the danger that the local self-government of the States may, through disuse, become inefficient. The House of Governors plan seems to have in it possibilities of mastering both of these evils at one stroke.

The History of the Plan in Brief.

There are three basic weaknesses in the American system of government as we know it to-day. There are three insidious evils that are creeping like a blood-poison through the body politic, threatening the very life of the Republic. They are killing the soul of self-government, though, perhaps, not its form; destroying its essence, though, perhaps, not its name. These three evils, so intertwined as to be practically one, are the growing centralization at Washington, the shifting, undignified, uncertain status of State rights, and the lack of uniform laws.

It was to propose a possible cure for these three evils that I sent in February, 1907, to President Roosevelt and to the Governors of the country advance proofs of a pamphlet on a new idea in American politics. It was the institution of a new House, a new representation of the people and of the States to secure uniform legislation on those questions wherein the Federal Government could not act because of Constitutional limitation. The plan proposed, so simple that it would require no Constitutional amendment to put it into effect, was the organization of the House of Governors.

More than thirty Governors responded in cordial approval of the plan. Eight months later, October, 1907, President Roosevelt invited the State Executives to a conference at Washington in May, 1908. I pointed out at that time what seemed an intrinsic weakness of the convention, that it could have little practical result, because it would be, after all, only a conference, where the Federal Government, by its limitations, was powerless to carry the findings of the conference into effect, and the Governors, acting not as a co-operative body but as individuals, would be equally powerless in effecting uniform legislation. It was a conference of conflicting powers, an unwise attempt to mix Federal oil with the water of purely inter-State interests.

Meeting as a Body of Peers.

The Governors were urged to meet as a body of peers, working out by united State action those problems where United States action had for more than a century proved powerless. At the close of the Roosevelt conference the Governors, at an adjourned meeting, appointed a committee to arrange time and place for a session of the Governors in a body of their own, independently of the President. This movement differentiated the proposed meeting absolutely from that with the President in every fundamental. It essentially became more than a conference; it meant a deliberative body of the Governors uniting to initiate, to inspire, and to influence uniform laws. The committee then named, consisting of three members, later increased to five, set the dates Jan. 18, 19, and 20 for the first session of the Governors as a separate body.

Powerlessness of the Federal Government.

The Federal Government cannot act on these questions. We must realize this and face it. It is not a matter of administration policy or personnel. Were every member of the Federal Government, the President, Cabinet, Senate, and House of Representatives, absolutely patriotic, politically pure, and inspired only by the highest and most unselfish motives, they still would be powerless. The Federal Government is one of limited and enumerated powers. The Constitution fenced it in and said practically: "This is the absolute present limit of your domain; not one inch beyond this can you go unless the States deem it wise to grant you additional powers by Constitutional amendment. All other rights and powers belong to the States and to the people." The Federal Government has no inherent powers whatever; they have those delegated in explicit terms by the States.

It is folly to expect relief by Constitutional amendment. There are at least thirty to fifty great questions, not Federal, yet of vital interest to all of the States, requiring uniform laws. To enable the Federal Government to act on them might require fully as many Constitutional amendments. As we have been able to secure only three amendments in over a hundred years, and as 485 proposed amendments in Congress in fifteen years, from 1889 to 1904, failed even on the two-thirds vote necessary to refer them to the States, the hopelessness of relief in this way, even if it were wise, is self-evident. These questions may be settled by the co-operative action of the States through the House of Governors without requiring any Constitutional amendment.

Powers and Privileges of the States.

The States can make uniform laws on many vital questions without exceeding their rights in the least and without requiring any new powers by Constitutional amendment. Some of these subjects closely connected with the best interests of the entire country and on which free discussion tending toward uniform legislation is desirable may be named—marriage and divorce, rights of married women, corporations and trusts, conservation of National resources, pure-food laws, insurance, extradition, child labor, capital punishment, direct primaries, convict labor, prison reform, contracts, uniform system of conveyancing, inheritance tax, income tax, mortgages, referendum, election reforms, and similar topics.

There are honest believers in centralization, because they realized the need of uniform laws and felt that they could come only through the Federal Government. They must now see the hopelessness of such a belief and should welcome the House of Governors and co-operate toward making it prove equal to its possibilities. Those who are honestly opposed to the growing tendency to the concentration of all powers in the hands of the Federal Government must realize that killing centralization is not enough; this does not solve the problems. There are buring questions in the buffer territory between the Federal Government and the States, in the so-called "twilight zone." If we send back the Federal engines as not being qualified, we must call out the State reserve engines.

The Constitution Not Outlived.

During the past few years there have been increasing slurs cast upon the Constitution as a back-number document, "good enough for conditions a hundred and more years ago, but not for a great Nation like ours." The Constitution is a marvelously wise, broad, able plan. It is true it may not fit a paternal, imperial, centralized Government, for it was not designed for such, nor do we want such, but if we are to continue as a Republic, where the people govern, where the sovereign States are self-governing, and the Federal Government only does those things which the States individually cannot do for themselves, then the Constitution has not been outlived; it merely has not been lived up to.

There should be no fetich worship of the Constitution as a complete, final, unchangeable document, but we should have reverence for it in whatever condition we permit it to remain. If it be in any point inadequate to present needs, let us modify it by amendment, but as our chart and our charter it should be revered as the bulwark of American liberty. There is surely no menace in a Constitution that, limiting the power of the Federal Government, retains all powers not thus exclusively granted in the hands of the States and the people. The trouble has been that, while the States have had the power, no way has been provided for them to get together as States and to execute the will of the people. The House of Governors seems to meet this need.

The House of Governors would eliminate probably 90 per cent. of the need of Constitutional amendment by providing a way for the States to exercise in co-operation the power they have always had. It would afford an easy way to secure amendment on the remaining 10 per cent. by starting the impulse for amendment from the State Legislatures through the initiative of the House of Governors. Up to the present time all amendments have begun in Congress.

The House Could Not Make Laws.

It has been said that the House of Governors could not make laws. This does not imply weakness; it marks safety, solidity, and strength. Its power is as an initiative moral influence. Were it possible to empower it to make laws it would be a more dangerous menace than even our present centralization, because vesting legislative rights in a smaller body. But such a condition is not possible: it would mean an unwise overthrowing of the entire Constitution. Behind the House would ever be the people; the House, with its diffused moral power vitalized only by the people's will, could never be a menace. It would live only as a representative of the people, with no law-making power nor possibility of such. It would be a focusing point for public opinion; it would transform this into a dynamic public sentiment in the interest of self-government, and this would mean for the people a larger voice, a vote, and a veto in the guidance of their own destiny, and a power that could compel legislation.

The American Ideal of Self-Government.

The one point of superiority of a monarchy over a republic is in the uniformity of its laws on questions where uniformity is essential for the closest cohesion and the fullest harmony of the people. The House of Governors grafts this idea on the republican principle of self-government where they themselves make these laws through their own Legislatures. May it not be that the House of Governors may complete and perfect the ideal of American self-government, and in the working out of its details have corrective influence and inspiration in many ways now unrealized?

Possibilities of the House.

The House of Governors, even if it were merely a meeting place for the heads of our State Governments, would be of value, but with regular conferences on the broad basis of mutual helpfulness in the unifying of our laws and of combined action in staying the insidious invasion of centralized government, with the sympathy and co-operation of the people of the country, and with the lawmaking powers of the State Legislatures led into harmony, shamed into activity, or forced to do the people's will, the House of Governors, it would seem, should become in a few years a mighty force in the American Government. It should give the people greater power, strengthen the States by granting them fuller liberty, unite and unify them more perfectly, and make the United States more truly the United States.

RAILROAD OUTSIDE THE LAW.

Report Says New Haven Should Forfeit Massachusetts Charter.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—That the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad has violated the laws of Massachusetts and that it should at once obtain the approval of the Legislature for its consolidation with the Consolidated Company of Connecticut, and of the issue of a large amount of stock and bonds, under penalty of a forfeiture of its charter in this State, are the conclusions of a special commission which has investigated the situation and which submitted its report to the Legislature to-day.

The commission finds that the essential factor which has created the strained relations between the New Haven Road and this State is the exercise by the company of privileges granted by Connecticut, in violation of the laws of Massachusetts. These privileges, the commission holds, amount to converting the company into a non-supervised holding company unless Massachusetts shall in some degree exercise supervision. There should be a common rule of corporate conduct, uniform in several jurisdictions, which at once suggests Federal control. The commission points out that the President has declared in favor of such control, which, if approved by Congress, will, in part, solve this question.

The commission suggests that the New Haven Company within a reasonable time should petition the Legislature for the authorization of its acts. In doing so it should submit a complete report of its finances. The commission points out that Massachusetts cannot validate securities which are issued for any property other than for transportation. If the company continues to exercise the privileges without authority, the commission favors forfeiture.

"THE ARCADIANS" CHARM AT LIBERTY

A Musical Comedy Masterpiece Beautifully Staged and Acted.

MR. KNIGHT'S DRY HUMOR

Ethel Cadman, Julia Sanderson, and Audrey Maple Leaders in the Feminine Beauty Show.

THE ARCADIANS, a musical play, in two acts, by Ambient and Thompson, music by Lionel Monckton and Howard Talbot. Liberty Theatre.

James Smith	Frank Moulan
Simplicitas	
Peter Doody	Percival Knight
Jack Meadows	Alan Mudie
Bobby	Alfred Kappeler
Sir George Paddock	Lawrence Grant
Percy Marsh	John Paulton
Reggie	H. M. Meyer
Sir Timothy Ryan	E. H. Lyle
Harry Desmond	Tom Collins
James Withers	Sam Collins
Time	J. Gunnis Davis
Eileen Cavanagh	Julia Sanderson
Mrs. Smith	Connie Ediss
Lady Barclay	Vivian Blackburn
The Hon. Maud Barclay	Eleanor Pendleton
Lady Jim	Ethel Kelly
Beatrice	Josephine Howard
Lucy Selwyn	Esther Brunette
Marion	Grace Studiford
Sombra	Ethel Cadman
Chrysea	Audrey Maple
Amaryllis	Jane Hall
Daphne	Marion Mosby
Astrophel	Stanley Jessup
Strephon	H. H. Meyer
Damoetas	John O'Hanlon

After seeing "The Arcadians" one comes away with a sort of resident impression of a morning out of doors in a very pleasant sunshiny land peopled by graceful figures, a place where soft airs lull and soothe, and the prose of the workaday world seems very gray and dull beside the charming simple life.

That is probably one of the reasons why "The Arcadians" was such a hit in London. That is probably just the reason why in this tumultuous town of nervous, energetic hustling "The Arcadians" will duplicate its foreign success. It is restful and soothing. And though the ingredients are of the regular musical comedy sort, girls and tunes and tunes and girls, with the comedians to add the spice to the general concoction, there has been some very skillful mixing. Instead of a heavy and indigestible mass there emerges, therefore, a sort of musical comedy culinary triumph. The old things went into the pot—they came out changed. Just, for example, as Mr. James Smith, caterer, of London, England, went into the well of truth and would have come out another man—only he happened to be English, and you never can change that.

To begin with, there is a story—not so much of a story if you analyze it—but enough to hold an idea, and that idea is rigorously maintained to the very end. For the Arcadians, very simple, delightful, carefree people, living in a sort of sylvan glade, where the grass is very green and the flowers very pink and red, and where Old Time has forgotten to intrude, are surprised one morning by the sudden arrival, via a collapsing aeroplane, of Mr. John Smith, who for the first time introduces a lie into their midst, and is transformed in consequence with a sudden disappearance of all the signs of age, the bald pate, the side whiskers, and all the other et ceteras of the middle-class English shopman on the stage. And as it appears that John Smith is only one of a numerous class, and as the Arcadians are particularly desirious of reforming others as they have reformed this visitor, they, the Arcadians, on their part, determine to visit London to see what they can do.

Now, it ought to be easy to see how the contrasts which result may be the means of producing some good fun, but between seeing a thing of this sort mentally and producing it physically there is a wide difference. Authors, composers, and producers have combined fortunately to bring about a highly pleasing result, so that "The Arcadians" is both lovely to the eye and pleasing to the ear, and, not infrequently, tickling to the sense of humor.

The fun is seldom of a hilarious sort, to be sure, and most of that part of it comes from the dry, droll humor of Percival Knight, a comedian who is satisfied to leave something to the imagination of his audience, but he has the backing of a situation and good lines, which ought always to make good comedy, but often doesn't, if the actor overdoes or underdoes his share. In this case neither the one fault or the other is present. And so Mr. Knight, as a lugubrious-faced jockey, who never won a race, never hopes to win one, and sadly repines at memory of the other jockeys in the race calling to him to "take a taxi," succeeds in introducing just the element of fun needed to relieve the pretty little love story, give the chorus time to change its clothes, and the singers time to catch their breath between songs, almost every one of which gets many encores.

With the Arcadians in London, the scene changes to the Askwood race track, where, instead of simple bare-legged beauties in graceful, clinging draperies, the modish, up-to-date show girls, in high-tilted coiffures, sweeping trains, and blazing jewels, fill the frame with beauty and give variety, color, and dash to the picture.

The two Arcadian maidens, in their guileless way, bestowing kisses with the innocent freedom of their own land of delightful custom, succeed in making trouble for the lovers, but not of a nature so serious that it may not be overcome before the final curtain falls. Also, as is proper, the right horse wins the race, after the Arcadian maiden has talked with him and told him he must win, and sent the transformed John Smith to take the disabled jockey's place. And the effect of the race, with the people on the stage massed down close to the footlights, looking out over the audience and sweeping an imaginary course with their glasses, is worked up with lots of dash and spirit.

But, as may be surmised of John Smith, habit is strong, and having got back to London, his old enterprise interests him, so he must start an Arcadian restaurant, displaying in the last act an exquisitely lovely bower of green and purple, hung with wistaria, and lilacs, and huge bunches of grapes. In and out of this new Arcadia the story and the people make their way to some of the prettiest music of the piece. Incidentally, John Smith must meet his wife Maria, who is smitten with his youthful charms, but who is ready to welcome him home, after he has told another lie, had another dive into the well of truth, and been returned to the bosom of his family, the same bewhiskered, middle-aged Britisher of old. Whereupon the Arcadians presumably go back to their happy land, where those who wish may find them to-night and, no doubt, for many nights to come.

A stranger to Broadway, Ethel Cadman, very pretty and very graceful, and who has a most pleasing voice, with a beautiful bird note, quickly made her way into favor last night, singing delightfully "The Pipes of Pan," "Arcady Is Ever Young," and "Light Is My Heart." Audrey Mapel, a beauty of the most translucent type, as the other chief Arcadian, was very agreeable both in speech and song. And again, Miss Julia Sanderson, never prettier than now, was thoroughly charming and winsome. She danced splendidly and was repeatedly recalled, and deserved to be. Connie Ediss's opportunities were not especially rich, but she made the most of them. Frank Moulin is decidedly not funny. Alan Mudie has a pleasant manner, sings and dances nicely, and Mr. Knight, already referred to, has a capital topical song, "My Motter," which he sings with side-splitting effect.

Either the chorus is exceptionally handsome or the Arcadian dress is particularly becoming. At any rate, the effect is the same.

Columbia Organ Recital This Afternoon

The organ recital at St. Paul's Chapel, Columbia University, by Felix Lamond, organist of Trinity Chapel, will be at 4:10 this afternoon and not in the evening, as previously announced.

High-class Help Wanted. See Page 17.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Frederic Courtland Penfield will give a reception with music this afternoon at 787 Fifth Avenue. The artists are to be Mme. Gadski, Mme. Tetrazzini, Charles Gilibert, and John McCormack.

The wedding of Miss Louise Davis Van Beuren and Howard Bayne will take place this afternoon at the historic Van Beuren house in West Fourteenth Street.

Mrs. George Gould will give this evening at her town house a cotillion for Miss Marjorie Gould. Phoenix Ingraham will lead. This is the first large entertainment to be given in the remodeled house.

Lispenard Stewart is to give a dinner of one hundred covers this evening for his niece, Miss Evelyn Spencer Witherbee, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. Witherbee, at Sherry's. Dancing will follow.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish is giving a dinner this evening, from which the guests will go to the Gould dance.

Mrs. August Heckscher has sent out invitations to a dinenr dance, to be given on Jan. 27 at her Fifth Avenue residence, for Miss Antoinette Heckscher.

A dance for Miss Rosette Ford, the débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Ward Ford, will be given on Feb. 3 by Mrs. Robert McCurdy.

The dance Dr. Frederic Grosvenor Goodridge and Mrs. Goodridge are giving on Jan 28 at Sherry's is for Miss Constance Perkins, a débutante of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Barker Gummere are at the Webster at 40 West Forty-fifth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bliss Townsend have taken the house, 123 East Thirty-fourth Street, for the season.

Mrs. Henry D. Morrison of 205 West Fifty-seventh Street, will entertain with a small dance for Miss O'Day on the evening of Jan. 27.

Mrs. K. L. P. Mathews will give a small reception on Jan. 26 at her home, 160 West Fifty-ninth Street.

The next meeting of the Thursday Evening Club will take place at Sherry's Feb. 3.

Mrs. J. W. Renwick and the Misses Renwick left yesterday for Pinehurst, N. C., for the remainder of the Winter.

Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg has been the guest in Washington of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Roosevelt.

Mrs. Ten Eyck Wendell, formerly Miss May Dwight Foote of New York, gave a large reception on Saturday at her Washington residence for Mrs. George Wickersham, wife of the Attorney General.

Luncheon for Miss Ruth Adams.

Owing to the illness of Mrs. Edward D. Adams, Mrs. J. Henry Dick chaperoned at the luncheon for Mrs. Adams's débutante daughter, Miss Ruth Adams, which took place yesterday at the Colony Club. The young people sat at four tables in the assembly room, decorated with white carnations and other cut flowers. There were twenty-four covers and favors of orchid bouquets for each guest. Besides Mrs. Dick and the débutante those at the luncheon were the Misses Nance McCormack, Louise Munroe, Alice Kortright, Helene Demarest, Doris Dick, Hilda Holmes, Eleanor Hastings, Isabel Foote, Dolly La Montagne, Mildred Johnson, Rosette Ford, Frieda Pearson, Elizabeth Demming, Bessie Yoakum, Maude Gwynne Shepherd, Isabel Hoyt, Mildred Dodge, Alice Richard, and Miss Charlotte Wyeth.

Orange's Postmaster to Wed.

Mrs. Lucy Holland De Hart and John A. Ackerman of Orange, N. J., yesterday afternoon obtained a marriage license at the City Hall and will be married on Wednesday in the rectory of the Episcopal Reformed Church on Madison Avenue. The wedding will be a small one on account of the death of the bride's father a few months ago. The only attendant at the wedding will be Mrs. H. A. Flynn of New York, Mrs. De Hart's sister. Mr. Ackerman is Postmaster of Orange, and was Mayoralty candidate four years ago. Mrs. De Hart is the widow of Scott De Hart, who died several years ago.

Webb-Havemeyer Wedding Plans.

Miss Electra Havemeyer and James Watson Webb, whose marriage is to be celebrated on Feb. 8, have selected their attendants. Miss Louise Jackson, a cousin of Miss Havemeyer, will be her maid of honor, and Mrs. Peter B. Frelinghuysen (Miss Adeline Havemeyer) will be the matron of honor. The four bridesmaids selected are the Misses Margaret Dix, Anita Peabody, Katherine Atterbury, and Ethel Cowdin.

Mr. Webb's brother, W. Seward Webb, Jr., will be his best man and the ushers will include another brother, Vanderbilt Webb, Joseph Burden, Robert Bacon, Jr., John Higginson, Jr., George Whitney, Howard Roome, Ernest Tracey, Gordon Abbott, and Whitney Kernochan.

Miss Havemeyer will give a dinner to her attendants on Saturday, Jan. 29, at the Havemeyer residence, and Mr. Webb will give his bachelor dinner on the same evening at Delmonico's.

Miss Schulz to Wed S. P. Nash.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Ruth Winchester Schulz, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Schulz of Summit, N. J., to Stephen P. Nash, a son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Edward Nash of East Fifty-seventh Street, New York.

LAWTON—SCOTT.

Mrs. Newberry Davenport Lawton announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Anna Lawton, to Stuart Scott. Mr. Scott is a member of the Calumet and the Westchester Country Club.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Ma Gosse" began a second week at the American Music Hall yesterday, and among the other acts appearing were the Svengali trio, the McNallys, the Empire City Quartet, the Reid sisters, and Le Roy and Clayton.

At Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre Mlle. Minar and company entered upon their second week yesterday, and others who appeared were Maggie Cline, Al Jolson, Charlotte Parry and company, the Exposition Four, Alexander brothers and Brady, Bedini and Arthur, Bert Levy, Bert and Lottie Walton, and the Altus brothers.

Princess Rajah in her Cleopatra dance, appeared at the Colonial Theatre, and the rest of the programme included the sketch, "High Life in Jail," "The Futurity Winner," Louis Simon and Grace Gardner, Williams and Van Alstyne, Mr. and Mrs. Jimmie Barry, T. Nelson Downs, and Wormwood's animals.

At Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre Valeska Suratt, in "The Belle of the Boulevards," was the headliner yesterday, and other entertainers were Ryan and Richfield, the Four Huntings, Hoey and Lee, "The" Quartet, Ryan and White, Horton and La Triska, and the Four Ranios.

Adelaide Keim, in a one-act comedy, was the principal attraction at the Alhambra Theatre yesterday, and the remainder of the bill was made up of Margaret Moffatt and company, George Spink and Agnes Lynn, Herbert Clifton, Marcel and Boris, Duncan's collies, the Three Leightons, and Sadie Jansell.

At the Bronx Theatre Irene Franklin was the headliner, and the other acts included James Thornton, Gracie Emmett and company, Gus Edwards's "Schoolboys and Girls," Charles and Fanny Van, Harry Breen, Hassen Ben Ali's Arabs, and the Zara-Carmen trio.

The programme at the Brooklyn Orpheum Theatre yesterday included Fannie Ward in "Van Allen's Wife," "The Leading Lady," Tom Edwards, Lillian Shaw, Spissell brothers and company, Morrisey sisters and Brother, the Morton Jewell troupe, and the Village Choir.

Capt. Jack Crawford, the poet-scout, began an engagement at the Eden Musee yesterday in an illustrated lecture on life on the plains.

Frank Daniels, in "The Belle of Brittany," began a week's engagement at the West End Theatre last night.

This is the second and last week of May Robson in "The Rejuvenation of Aunt Mary," at the Academy of Music.

"The Harvest Moon" is the week's attraction at the Grand Opera House, with the same cast that appeared in the play at the Garrick Theatre.

"The Bon Tons" is the burlesque attraction at the Murray Hill Theatre; "Around the Clock," at Hurtig & Seamon's Music Hall; "The Follies of New York and Paris," at the Olympic, and "The Lid Lifters" at the Metropolis Theatre.

At the Hippodrome to-night the Mystic Shriners will attend the performance in a large theatre party. About 1,500 seats will be occupied by members of the order.

Isabelle Waldron has been engaged for a character part in "Mr. Buttles," the new play in which Henry E. Dixey is to appear at Weber's Theatre Thursday night.

The opening of "The Watcher," at the Comedy Theatre, has been postponed from Monday, Jan. 24, to Wednesday, Jan. 26, in order not to interfere with the opening of Maxine Elliott in "The Inferior Sex," at Daly's, on Monday evening.

Gertrude Hoffmann, the dancer, is going into vaudeville again, under the direction of Percy Williams, who has engaged her for a ten weeks' season. She will present a new act, in which she impersonates seventeen different persons, and which includes a new version of the Salome dance. She will open at the Alhambra Theatre on Jan. 31.

Fred Irwin's Big Show is the attraction at the new Columbia Theatre this week. This is a burlesque show of the usual type, consisting of a first and second part and an olio, in which several specialties are introduced, including an Apache dance, performed by Minnie Amato and Aura [illegible].

'THE MOLLUSC' AGAIN AT EMPIRE THEATRE

Sir Charles Wyndham and Mary Moore Warmly Welcomed in Davies's Bright Play.

DELIGHTFUL COMEDY ACTING

Present Engagement, Limited to Twelve Performances, Promises to be Highly Successful.

THE MOLLUSC, a comedy, in three acts, by Hubert Henry Davies. Empire Theatre.

Tom Kemp	Sir Charles Wyndham
Mr. Baxter	Sam Sothern
Miss Roberts	Dorothy Thomas
Mrs. Baxter	Mary Moore

Although not new to this city, where it has been seen twice before, the last time with the same pair of delightful artists who now play in it at the Empire, Mr. Hubert Henry Davies's play "The Mollusc" is certain to be sought by many of those who have seen it before, and it should be seen by all who can enjoy a light, bright, nimble-witted little piece.

With Sir Charles Wyndham and Miss Mary Moore in the two principal rôles, it is acted to perfection, so that all the resident charm of the dialogue and the quaintness of the theme is emphasized and brought forward. When "The Mollusc" was first acted in New York something was lacking for complete success—just the something which these two very engaging comedians are now able to provide.

Mr. Davies builds his play out of slight material, his means are slender, but he achieves a distinct artistic purpose in a genuine little comedy, through which runs a vein of irony, expressed in the action and the contrast of character. A wanderer returned from California, a pretty girl, at present a governess, though obviously with a higher destiny; a husband who finds more pleasure in the society of the governess than in that of his wife, and finally the wife—a character amazingly well drawn and acted—an apathetic, lazy, selfish woman, who allows herself to be entirely dependent on others, a hypochondriac—in short, to sum it all up, a mollusc.

And what is a mollusc? Well, not exactly the backboneless creature, mere jelly, of the scientific definition. Molluscry—as Mr. Davies understands it—is very different from mere inertia. The lazy person floats idly with the tide. But the mollusc sticks; it resists pressure. Force, kindness, argument, anger, are all wasted in an attempt to deal with a mollusc. It expends a great deal of energy in doing nothing.

Mrs. Baxter is a mollusc, very charming, very winning, indeed, as she sits in her chair while others fetch and carry at her bidding, with a husband and a governess who are slaves to her caprice and slightest whim.

And molluscry, as we presently discover, is contagious. Tom Kemp, returning to England to visit his sister and brother-in-law, at once sees what is wrong in the household. Having been away for a time he, at least, has a true perspective. But, lo and behold, the very next morning after his arrival he discovers that he is no match for his sister, and to complicate matters he falls in love with the governess. To make matters worse, Mrs. Baxter discovers her husband's interest in that lady, has an attack of nerves in consequence, and takes to her bed. While she cannot make up her mind to do without the ministrations of the governess, she is equally determined not to let her husband leave her bedside. But even molluscry can be cured, it seems, and here the panacea is a touch of jealousy. So, eventually, it all comes out right and pleasant.

Sir Charles Wyndham, than whom the English stage has seldom, if ever, had a more deft, authoritative, and engaging comedian, is at his best as Tom Kemp, the brother with the penetrating insight, so clever in his deductions and diagnosis of molluscry, but incapable of curing it. And Miss Mary Moore is absolutely charming as the mollusc—making of molluscry almost a virtue, in fact, so pleasant a thing it is to watch in her skillful and varied portrayal. Then, to complete the cast, there is also Sam Sothern, carrying out his rôle with naturalness and ease, and Miss Dorothy Thomas, to bring sympathy for and make attractive the rôle of the governess.

At the end of the second act Sir Charles responded to persistent curtain calls and made a little speech. He said that when he was here six months ago the reception he received was as warm as the month, and that he was glad to discover just as much warmth in a January reception. "My brother and sister actors," he said "might sing the old song, slightly changed, 'Summers come and Winters go, but we go on forever.' Mr. Frohman has invited us to come back for the next five years, and in that time I imagine you will have the chance to know whether you are sorry for welcoming us so heartily this time."

EDWARD HARRIGAN ILL.

Old Actor Has the Grip, but Is Now Out of Danger.

Edward Harrigan, the actor, is seriously ill at his home, 249 West 102d Street. He is suffering from an attack of grip which recently has developed several complications. At one time it looked as if the disease would terminate fatally, and there was much concern in the Harrigan family. His wife and his physician, Dr. Egbert Le Fevre of 52 West Fifty-sixth Street, said, however, that his condition had improved so steadily that he was now out of danger.

Mr. Harrigan is 62 years of age. He was first taken ill at the time of the Lambs' Gambol, which was held at the Metropolitan Opera House last May. Although he appeared there, he was unable to go with the Lambs on tour. Election night last year there was a turn for the worse, and since then he has been under the care of physicians.

"Mr. Harrigan during the last few months has taken many setbacks," said Mrs. Harrigan last night, "but now he is much improved, and we are looking toward a complete recovery."

EX-GOV. G. T. WERTS DEAD.

Last Democratic Governor of New Jersey and Old Politician.

Ex-Gov. George T. Werts of New Jersey, one of the best-known Democratic politicians in that State, died yesterday of pneumonia at his home, 275 Union Street, Jersey City. He had been ill only a short time. Mr. Werts was the last Democratic Governor of New Jersey. He was elected in 1892, defeating John Kean, the Republican nominee.

Mr. Werts was born at Hackettstown, N. J., in 1846, and was educated in the High School at Bordentown and at the State Model School in Trenton. He was admitted to the bar in November, 1867, and soon built up a lucrative practice in the law. In 1886 Mr. Werts was chosen State Senator. He led the fight in the Senate against the local option and high license measure which had been passed by the Republican Legislature. He drafted the new license law known as the Werts law.

Mr. Werts was appointed to the Supreme Court bench in 1889 to fill a vacancy created by the death of Supreme Court Justice Knapp.

Capt. Kerland, Ferryboat Pilot, Dead.

Capt. Thomas Kerland, who was said to have been the oldest ferryboat pilot in this port, died at his home, 1,114 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He received his first commission as a pilot in 1849, when he piloted a steam craft on one of the three ferries that crossed Newtown Creek to the old Calvary Cemetery. He was born at Frog Neck, L. I., seventy-seven years ago. He had been a pilot in the employ of the Union Ferry Company since 1868. He leaves two sons and a daughter. He was a member of the American Association of Masters, Mates, and Pilots.

GEN. SIGEL'S WIDOW DEAD.

Writer Met Husband When Both Were Refugees from Germany.

Mrs. Elsie Sigel, widow of Gen. Franz Sigel, died at 6 o'clock yesterday evening at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Lelia Schehl, at 1,020 Simpson Street. Mrs. Sigel's life had been despaired of since a week ago yesterday, when she suffered a third stroke of apoplexy.

Mrs. Elise Sigel was born in Werban, Germany, on Sept. 14, 1834. She was the daughter of the Rev. Dr. Rudolph Dulon, pastor of the Dutch Reformed Church in that city and an author of note. He became interested in the cause of the German revolutionists during the outbreak of 1848 and became known as the Tolstoy of Germany. During the same period Franz Sigel, then a young man, became one of the leaders of the revolutionary forces and consequently formed a close friendship with the pastor. After a few months together, however, they were forced to separate, as Sigel was put in charge of the Southern Revolutionary Army.

Miss Dulon at this time was 20 years of age, and with her father left Germany and went to London, where they took refuge with a Dr. Arnold Ruge, a German patriot. It was at this place that Miss Dulon met Gen. Sigel, who had come there for refuge.

Dr. Dulon in 1853 took his daughter to the United States, and Gen. Sigel followed. Miss Dulon and Gen. Sigel were married the next year. Mrs. Sigel, having inherited the literary ability from her father, took charge of The Baltimore Wrecker, a Socialist publication, upon the latter's death. She became widely known through the articles she wrote for this publication.

BRAZILIAN AMBASSADOR DEAD.

Joaquim Nabuco Ruptures Artery of His Brain—His Achievements.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Joaquim Nabuco, Brazilian Ambassador to the United States, died suddenly at the embassy this morning, an artery in his brain having ruptured. News of the diplomat's death was conveyed at once to the State Department, and immediately afterward the President, accompanied by Capt. Butt and Assistant Secretary of State Hale, representing the department, called at the embassy to condole with Mme. Nabuco and her daughter. Señor Nabuco leaves a wife, two daughters, and three sons.

Señor Joaquim Nabuco was born at Recife, Brazil, on Aug. 19, 1849. His father was in the diplomatic service of Brazil for a number of years and educated his son in the same line. After serving in London for three years, Señor Nabuco became a member of the Brazilian Parliament during the Empire period and returned to London in 1900 as envoy extraordinary and served in that capacity until 1905, when he was dispatched on a special mission to Italy. In January, 1905, Brazil elevated her legation in Washington to an embassy, and Señor Nabuco was chosen as the first Ambassador from Brazil to this country. Señor Nabuco was the President of the third Pan-American Congress, which was held at Rio Janeiro. He received the degree of LL. D. from Columbia University in 1907.

Henry M. Peyser.

Henry M. Peyser, the senior member of the glove importing and manufacturing firm of 467 Broadway, this city, died at the Hotel Brittanique, Brussels, yesterday morning, according to a cablegram received from the Belgian capital. He was a resident of Boston, but owing to ill health had lived in Brussels for some time. It was thought by the other representatives of the firm here that he would be buried there. Mr. Peyser was 64 years old and was born in Germany. He came to this country when young and was educated in Paris and Chauncey Hall School in Boston. In 1867 he engaged in the kid glove importing business in Boston, and later went to Naples, where he learned the trade of a glove maker from the bench up. It was said that he was the only practical glove maker engaged in the importing business in this country. Later he opened a branch of the firm in this city. In 1881 Mr. Peyser married Miss Lida Miner of Troy, N. Y., who survives him. They had no children. Mr. Peyser up to the time of his death was a prominent member of the American colony in Brussels and was at one time President of the Anglo-American Chamber of Commerce of that city.

Prof. Stephen V. Arrowsmith.

Prof. Stephen V. Arrowsmith, Superintendent of the Red Bank, N. J., Public Schools since 1897, died yesterday afternoon at his home in Red Bank after a six weeks' illness with stomach trouble, aged 67 years. He was born in Middletown Township, and his father was Major Thomas Arrowsmith, who was a former Treasurer of New Jersey. In 1875 he began his educational career, and in 1879 became Principal of the Keyport, N. J., graded schools. He acted in that capacity until 1897, when he accepted the Superintendency of the Red Bank schools. Prof. Arrowsmith was a charter member of the School Masters' Club of New York, a former President of the Council of Education of the State of New Jersey, and had been a member of the Monmouth County Board of Examiners for the last twenty years. He was also a member of Mystic Brotherhood Lodge, No. 21, F. and A. M., and the Red Bank Council, No. 984, Royal Arcanum. Besides a widow he left two daughters, Miss Eleanor J. Arrowsmith of Red Bank, and Emma, wife of Prof. George Morris, Superintendent of the Bloomfield, N. J., schools.

Obituary Notes.

EDWARD R. PHILLIPS, a member of the firm of Neuberger & Phillips, silk manufacturers of Paterson, N. J., died yesterday at his home there. Mr. Phillips was born in Paterson thirty-two years ago. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Sallie Ramsey, and three children. He was a member of Ivanhoe Lodge No. 88, F. and A. M., Adelphi Chapter No. 33, R. A. M., and Malita Commandery No. 13, Knights Templars.

DANIEL BUSH, a veteran of the civil war, died Sunday night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. George Huntsman, at 9 Charles Street, East Orange, N. J., aged 91 years. He was a native of Smithfield Township, Monroe County, Penn.

AUGUST F. CARELL, 36 years old, was stricken with paralysis of the heart at his home in Verona, N. J., Sunday evening, and died within an hour. Mr. Carell was an insurance broker, with offices at 31 Nassau Street, New York. He is survived by his wife and three children.

FREDERICK C. SEAMAN, aged 30 years, a lawyer, with offices in the Equitable Building, and whose home was at 363 Grand Avenue, Brooklyn, died in Wilmington, Del., yesterday at the residence of his father-in-law, George G. Lobdell, Jr. He had been ill at his father-in-law's home since last September with inflammation of the heart. Henry B. Seaman, Chief Engineer of the Public Service Board, New York, and Valentine H. Seaman of the Guaranty Trust Company, New York, are brothers. A widow and infant survive. Mrs. Rebecca Seaman of 135 St. James Place, Brooklyn, is mother of the dead attorney.

Dr. GEORGE J. HORNUNG, a well-known dentist of Jersey City, died yesterday at his home, 302 Grove Street. A widow, two sons, and a daughter survive. Death resulted from heart disease. He was a graduate of St. Peter's College, Jersey City, and the New York College of Dentistry. He was 44 years old.

VAN MARTER WYCKOFF SUYDAM, Vice President of the National Bank of New Jersey, died at his home in New Brunswick Sunday night after three days' illness from pneumonia, at the age of 68. He had been President of the bank for five years and Vice President for the last four years. He was a Director of the New York Rubber Company, of the Norfolk and New Brunswick Hosiery Company, the Wells Memorial Hospital, and Children's Industrial Home. Mrs. Mary Suydam, his wife, died suddenly in June as they were preparing to go to their Summer home at Belmar, and Mr. Suydam never recovered from the shock.

Dr. STEWART CHURCH, a retired physician, died early yesterday morning of paralysis at his residence, 236 Clinton Street, Brooklyn. He was in his sixty-fourth year. Dr. Church was born in Brooklyn, the son of the late Robert Church and Liza Stewart Church, and was a graduate of Columbia College and the College of Physicians and Surgeons. He was married to Miss Nevins in 1876. He is survived by his wife and one brother.

FREDERICK THATCHER PERRY, who was Chief Clerk in the Gates Avenue Court, Brooklyn, several years ago, died at his home, 193 Calyer Street, Brooklyn, from pneumonia on Sunday.

OLIVER E. STANTON, who had been in the Finance Department of the City of New York for eight years, died at his home, 378 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was born in Brooklyn in 1859, and was educated at the Adelphi Academy, that borough, and at a college in Toronto, Can. He was a son of John Stanton, who was at one time city editor of The Brooklyn Eagle.

ADOLPH SCHILLINGER, for ten years personal attendant to Justice O'Gorman of the Supreme Court, died on Sunday at the residence of his brother in Dumont, N. J., after a three months' illness. He had been connected with the Supreme Court for fourteen years, and prior to his appointment served a term as Assemblyman from the Eleventh District.

JASPER CAIRNS, a retired manufacturer of military furnishings, who was for more than forty years in business in Grand and Broome Streets, died yesterday in his home, 264 West Fifty-seventh Street, in his eighty-fifth year. He was the son of Elizabeth Westervelt, a daughter of Casparus Westervelt, who at one time owned a large part of Hudson Street and the ground where the Cooper Institute now stands. His father was descended from the Stryckers, Bougerts, and Vreelands. Mr. Cairns came to New York in 1839, when he was 14 years old, and in 1843 he founded the firm of J. Cairns & Co. in Grand Street, which later removed to Broome Street under the name of Cairns & French. He was a member of the Seventh Company, Seventh Regiment N. G., under Col. Duryea. A widow survives him.

HENRY ERDMAN, head of the firm of Erdman & Schottenfens, lace importers of 476 Broadway, died yesterday in his home, 14 East Ninety-second Street, following an operation, in his fifty-eighth year. He was born in California, and came to New York twenty-five years ago to embark in the lace importing business, in which he was very successful. Mr. Erdman was a charitable man, and belonged to all the German-American benevolent organizations in the city, and was a member of the Freundschaft Club at Seventieth Street and Park Avenue. He left a widow, a son, and a daughter.

HENRY EVERETT O'BRIEN, son of Henry Stanton O'Brien and the late Mary Elizabeth O'Brien, died yesterday at Briarcliff N. Y. He was 34 years old.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

GRISWOLD.—Jan. 13, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. Carlton Griswold, a son.

Engaged.

KLAUBER—KOPS.—Mr. Daniel Kops announces the engagement of his daughter, Helen V., to Mr. Leonard E. Klauber. At home, 904 West End Avenue, Sunday, Jan. 23, 1910, 3 to 6. No cards.

Married.

LADD—LEE.—Jan. 15, Cornelia Lee to William F. Ladd, Jr.

REINBERG—ALEXANDER.—Jan. 16, Fanchon Alexander to Harry Reinberg.

New Jersey.

FISHER—PRITCHARD.—Jan. 13, Paterson, Jennie Pritchard to Leonard Fisher.

Died.

ATKINSON.—On Jan. 16, at 302 West 79th St., James S. Atkinson. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, West 23d St.

BARNES.—Jan. 16, Richard E. Barnes, aged 67. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BUILDING.)

BLANKE.—On Monday, Jan. 17, at her late residence, 115 Brooklyn Av., Brooklyn, Lucy Reeves Blanke, wife of George C. Blanke. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BOGIA.—On Tuesday, Jan. 11, 1910, Charles Valentine Bogia of Passaic, N. J., in his 53d year.

CARELL.—Suddenly, on Jan. 15, August F. Carell. Funeral Tuesday, Jan. 18, at 2 P. M., from his late residence, Verona, N. J. Carriages at Montclair will meet Lackawanna train leaving West 23d St. at 12:30 P. M.

CAIRNS.—After a brief illness, on Monday, Jan. 17, 1910, Jasper Cairns, husband of Emma E. Riggs Cairns. Services at his late residence, 264 West 57th St., Wednesday, at 8:15 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

CHURCH.—Early Monday morning, Jan. 17, Stewart Church, M. D. Funeral services at his late residence, 236 Clinton St., Brooklyn, Thursday, at 10 A. M.

COLGATE.—On Sunday, Jan. 16, at her residence, 50 East 57th St., Annie A., wife of the late Bowles Colgate. Funeral services will be held at the Madison Avenue M. E. Church, Madison Av. and 60th St., on Tuesday, Jan. 18, at 2 P. M.

COMSTOCK.—At his home, Newark, N. J., Jan. 16, 1910, William Tompkins Comstock, son of the late Rev. David Close Comstock of Stamford, Conn., in the 68th year of his age. Funeral private. Interment at Nashua, N. H.

CONKLIN.—In New York City, Jan. 16, 1910, Minnie Buckingham Ferguson, wife of Richmond Conklin, and daughter of Mary J. and the late George W. Ferguson. Funeral services at 305 West 93d St., on Wednesday, the 19th inst., at 11 A. M.

COOK.—At Port Chester, N. Y., Jan. 15, 1910, Robert Edward, son of Robert B. M. Cook, aged 17 years. Funeral services on Tuesday, Jan. 18, at St. Peter's Church at 2:30 o'clock.

DOYLE.—Jan. 15, Charles J. Doyle. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BUILDING,) Wednesday afternoon.

DUNLAP.—Jan. 15, William W. Dunlap. Body lying at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., Campbell Building.

ERDMAN.—After a short illness, Henry Erdman, dearly beloved husband of Hattie Altmayer Erdman and beloved son of Babette and the late John Erdman. Funeral Wednesday, Jan. 19, at 10 o'clock from his late residence, 14 East 92d St.

FISHER.—On Sunday morning, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Goodhue, 157 East 34th St., Harriet Keeler Lott, wife of the late George Cooper Fisher, in her 82d years. Funeral services Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 18, at 4 o'clock at St. Mark's in the Bowerie, 10th St. and 2d Av. Interment private.

JONES.—At Maywood, N. J., Jan. 17, 1910, Winifred, wife of William Jones (Llundain.) Funeral Wednesday evening, Jan. 9, at 8 P. M., at family residence, Maywood, N. J. Friends can reach Maywood by Hudson River trolley from West 130th St., New York, not later than 6:45 P. M., or by N. Y. F. W. R. R. from Pennsylvania R. R. ferry not later than 6:25 P. M. Interment at convenience of family. Welsh papers please copy.

LOWNDES.—At Agusta, Ga., Jan. 15, 1910, James Lowndes. Funeral services at St. John's Church, Washington, D. C., on Tuesday morning, Jan. 18, at 11 o'clock.

O'BRIEN.—On Jan. 16, at Briarcliff, N. Y., in the 34th year of his age, Henry Everett O'Brien, beloved son of Henry Stanton and the late Mary Elizabeth O'Brien. Funeral Wednesday afternoon. Carriages will meet train at Ossining, which leaves Grand Central Station at 11:55 A. M. Southern papers please copy.

PERRY.—At her home, Westport, Conn., on Saturday, Jan. 15, 1910, Susan Morse Perry, daughter of the late Charles Walker and Mannette Lansing Morse of Saybrook, Conn., and wife of George K. Perry. Funeral services will be held at Christ Church, Westport, Conn., on Tuesday, Jan. 18, at 1:30 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting on the arrival of the 10:05 A. M. train from Grand Central Depot and the 10:40 A. M. train from New Haven. Interment at the convenience of the family. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

PEYSER.—Jan. 17, 1910, Henry M. Peyser, in his 64th year, at Hotel Britannique, Brussels, Belgium.

POLLOCK.—Suddenly on Saturday, Jan. 15, 1910, Mary Isabelle, widow of Alexander F. Pollock, and eldest daughter of the late Andrew Fletcher. Funeral services at her late residence, The Chatsworth, 344 West 72d St., on Tuesday, Jan. 18, at 11 A. M. Interment at convenience of the family. Denver and San Francisco papers please copy. Kindly omit flowers.

SEAMAN.—At Wilmington, Del., on Second Day, First Month, 17th, Frederic C. Seaman, son of Valentine H. and Rebecca C. Seaman, in the 30th year of his age. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral at the residence of his father-in-law, George G. Lobdell, Jr., 1,605 Broome St., Wilmington, Del., at 3 P. M. on Fourth Day, the 19th inst.

SMITH.—In New Brunswick, N. J., on Sunday, Jan. 16, 1910, Mary, daughter of the late Dr. F. R. and Anna Scott Smith, in the 85th year of her age. Funeral services at the First Presbyterian Church, New Brunswick, N. J., on Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 19, at 3 o'clock.

SULLIVAN.—Harry, beloved husband of Anna Sullivan, (nee Gorman,) Saturday, Jan. 15, at 5:40 P. M., at his residence, 931 Paradrome St., Cincinnati. Due notice of funeral later.

WALLING.—On the 17th inst., Edward, son of the late James K. and Sarah A. Walling, aged 58 years.

BINKENBURG.—George, 2,200 Ludlow Av., Unionport, Jan. 16, aged 86.

BRADLEY.—Patrick, 174 West 97th St., Jan. 16. Funeral notice later.

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Wednesday Afternoon
Jan. 19th, is the
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CHAS. H. DITSON & CO.
Sole Representatives
8-10-12 East 34th St.

Died.

BREEN.—James, 140 West 129th St., Jan. 16. Funeral to-day, 12:30 P. M.

BYRNE.—Maria F., 156 East 122d St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

CAREY.—William J., St. Joseph's Hospital, Jan. 16. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

CRANE.—Jeannette A., Jan. 15, aged 72. Funeral 171 8th Av.

DAVIS.—Elizabeth P., Sugar Loaf, N. Y., Jan. 15, aged 52. Funeral to-day.

DE LEEUW.—Morris R., 235 East 62d St., Jan. 16. Funeral private.

FOLLMER.—Bertha H., 193 Hudson St., Jan. 15, aged 18. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

GREIG.—Andrew, 29 Madison Av., Yonkers, Jan. 14, aged 37.

GREMLI.—Jacob, 416 East 173d St., Jan. 14, aged 51. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

GUINANE.—Mary, 16 Clarkson St., Jan. 16. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

HARTNEY.—Thomas, Fishkill, N. Y., Jan. 14.

KENDELER.—Henry, 119 East 76th St., Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

KENNEDY.—Elizabeth, 395 Bleecker St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

McINERNY.—Honora E., 27 Dominick St., Jan. 15.

McKENNA.—Thomas B., 2,809 8th Av., Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow.

MAYER.—George, Port Jervis, Jan. 16, aged 37. Funeral to-morrow.

MOSSLER.—Herman L., 133 West 113th St., Jan. 15.

NEWMAN.—Nellie, 876 Southern Boulevard, Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

POLLARD.—Lizzie, 372 West 46th St., Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

PROTE.—Isabella, 236 East 238th St., Jan. 16. Funeral notice later.

REISSER.—Mrs. J., 113 West 10th St., Jan. 16. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

ROGERS.—Catherine J., 110 Park Av., Jan. 16, aged 42. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

SCHUMACHER.—August, 352 East 52d St., Jan. 16, aged 46. Funeral to-day.

SELLER.—Walter, 146 West 105th St., Jan. 16, aged 61. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

SIMON.—Abraham, 1,038 Hoe Av., Bronx, Jan. 16. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

WOODS.—William, 171 8th Av., Jan. 15, aged 72.

Brooklyn.

ADAMS.—Joseph, Jan. 16. Funeral 411 Atlantic Av., to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

BALL.—Bridget, 400 Van Brunt St., Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

BAYER.—William, 92 Morgan Av., Jan. 16, aged 65. Funeral to-morrow.

BERNHARDT.—Gustavus H., 398 Prospect Av., Jan. 16. Funeral Jan. 20.

BORER.—Edward, 376 Lexington Av., Jan. 15. Funeral service to-day.

BLANKE.—Lucy R., 115 Brooklyn Av., Jan. 17. Funeral notice later.

CARWAY.—Mary A., 245 Hoyt St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CHURCH.—Dr. Stewart, 236 Clinton St., Jan. 17.

COSGROVE.—Mary T., 174 Court St., Jan. 16. Funeral to-day.

BRAUN.—Margaret, 429 62d St., Jan. 17. Funeral notice later.

DERWIN.—Michael, Kings County Hospital, Jan. 16, aged 48. Funeral to-day.

DONOGHOE.—Esther M., 396 Douglas St., Jan. 16, aged 58. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

FRANK.—Betsey, 210 Marcy Av., Jan. 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FRANKLIN.—Annie, 539½ Court St., Jan. 16. Funeral service to-day.

FREDERICK.—Elizabeth, 212 Rutledge St., Jan. 16. Funeral private.

GOUGH.—James, 57 Joralemon St., Jan. 16. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

GREEN.—Honorah D., 564 East 15th St., Jan. 16. Funeral private.

HERKIMER.—Seneca, 242 6th Av., Jan. 16, aged 76. Funeral service to-day.

HICKEY.—Margaret D., 585 75th St., Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

HUBBS.—George, 1,019 Hancock St., Jan. 16, aged 44. Funeral service to-day.

IGOE.—Mary, 97 Bergen St., Jan. 16. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

KELLY.—Thomas W., 336 Van Sicklen Av., Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

KERLAND.—Thomas, 1,114 Halsey St., Jan. 16, aged 78. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MATHEWS.—Ellen, 226 Skillman St., Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

OTTMAN.—Angelina, 316 Eldert St., Jan. 16, aged 78. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PRIESTER.—Margaret, 198 Water St., Jan. 15, aged 71. Funeral to-day.

ROESE.—Margaret, 1,080 Lincoln Place, Jan. 15, aged 64.

ROONEY.—Margaret, Sterling Place, Jan. 17. Funeral Jan. 20, 9 A. M.

ROONEY.—Patrick, 129 Eagle St., Jan. 16. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

SEYER.—Mary, 227 North 9th St., Jan. 16, aged 52. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SHANNON.—Richard, 172A Clifton Place, Jan. 16. Funeral service to-morrow.

SHEA.—Cornelius, 272 Van Brunt Av., Jan. 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SHEPHERD.—Stephen P., 953 4th Av., Jan. 16, aged 70. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

STANTON.—Elizabeth, 473 18th St., Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow.

STOCKLEY.—Alfred T., 369 Pacific St., Jan. 16.

VONNOH.—Emma P., 609 3d Av., Jan. 16, aged 38. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Connecticut.

BIXBY.—Louis, New Haven, Jan. 15, aged 64.

BROWN.—Mrs. Charles H., Hartford, Jan. 14, aged 74.

CASHION.—Margaret, New Haven, Jan. 14.

CHEMISE.—Joseph, 337 West Portsea St., New Haven, Jan. 15.

CONE.—Charles L., New Haven, Jan. 14, aged 49.

GREEN.—Ruth M., Rocky Hill, Jan. 14, aged 68.

HANFORD.—Edward W., Bridgeport, Jan. 14, aged 82. Funeral to-day.

HEALY.—Jane H., New Haven, Jan. 15.

HEMINGWAY.—Betsey B., Montowese, Jan. 15, aged 78. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

HOPPER.—Frederick W., West Haven, Jan. 15, aged 70.

KENNEY.—Thomas H., New Haven, Jan. 15.

McCANN.—Josephine, Hartford, Jan. 14.

MILLETT.—William, New Haven, Jan. 15. Funeral to-day.

NEMO.—John, 23 Union St., New Haven, Jan. 15.

WILLIAMS.—Cedelia L., 260 Lloyd St., New Haven, Jan. 15, aged 62.

Long Island.

FROHNHOEFER.—John, Elmhurst, Jan. 16, aged 59. Funeral to-morrow.

GARVEY.—May, Cutchogue, Jan. 16, aged 26. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

WIGGINS.—William, Centre Moriches, Jan. 14, aged 69.

New Jersey.

AINLEY.—Laurena A., Chatham, Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow.

BEAM.—Sophronia, 574 Market St., Newark, Jan. 16. Funeral to-day.

BELFATTO.—Francesco, Elizabeth, Jan. 17, aged 61. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

BLASHKE.—Albert, Jersey City, Jan. 14, aged 29.

BROOKS.—Anna, Paterson, Jan. 14, aged 50.

BRUHN.—Maria, 158 6th St., Hoboken, Jan. 15.

BURNETT.—Maria, Newark, Jan. 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BUSH.—Daniel, East Orange, Jan. 16, aged 91. Funeral service to-day.

CORTESE.—John, Paterson, Jan. 14, aged 70.

COUSINS.—Patrick, 150 Bowery St., Newark, Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow.

DENIS.—John E., Weehawken, Jan. 15, aged 43. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

"THE LAST STAND"

These words conjure up a "one shot in the locker" situation, though what we have in mind is not so terrible as that.

Undeveloped property in New York City is making its "last stand."

The beetling granite brows of the enemy encompass it on all sides.

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DENISE.—Lillian M., Bayonne, Jan. 17, aged 70.

DE RUITER.—Trina, Paterson, Jan. 14, aged 64.

FOUNTAIN.—George A., 534 Broad St., Newark, Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

FORTUNE.—Charlotte, 108 Phillip St., Jersey City, Jan. 15.

FROST.—Edward P., Jr., 142 North 15th St., Newark, Jan. 16, aged 2. Funeral to-day.

FREI.—Jacob, West Hoboken, Jan. 15, aged 91. Funeral to-day.

GANNON.—Annie E., Montclair, Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow, 8:45 A. M.

GEARITY.—James, 110 Central Av., Newark, Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow, 8:30 A. M.

GLYNN.—Sister N. Francisca, Newark, Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

GRIFFIN.—John A., 40 Orient Av., Jersey City, Jan. 17, aged 25. Funeral to-morrow.

HASTINGS.—Carsie, Orange, Jan. 16. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HELMSTAEDTER.—Michael, 218 Elm St., Newark, Jan. 16, aged 75. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HORNUNG.—George J., 302 Grove St., Jersey City, Jan. 17. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

HULLEY.—Rachel, 17½ Summer Av., Newark, Jan. 17. Funeral notice later.

HUNOLD.—John, Belleville, Jan. 16, aged 77. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

JONES.—Winifred, Maywood, Jan. 17. Funeral service to-morrow.

LANGE.—Katherine, 128 Bostwick Av., Jersey City, Jan. 15, aged 84.

LAUSECKE.—George, Secaucus, Jan. 16, aged 56. Funeral notice later.

LINDBLOM.—William S., Arlington, Jan. 15, aged 25. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

McBRIDE.—Margaret, 40 Mercer St., Jersey City, Jan. 17, aged 3.

McDEDE.—Anthony, Westfield, Jan. 16, aged 66.

MANNING.—Thomas, Elizabeth, Jan. 14, aged 43.

MILLER.—Mary J., Montclair, Jan. 15, aged 55. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

MURRAY.—William J., 166 Bergen St., Newark, Jan. 16, aged 39.

MURPHY.—William, 19 Chadwick Av., Newark, Jan. 16, aged 2. Funeral to-day.

NAGER.—Anna, 1,013 Park Av., Hoboken, Jan. 16, aged 35.

O'CONNELL.—Mary, 173 Webster Av., Jersey City, Jan. 16. Funeral to-day.

PARET.—Melissa, 146 4th Av., Newark, Jan. 15, aged 45. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PIERREZ.—Anning S., Bloomfield, Jan. 16. Funeral service to-day.

POPHAM.—Henry, Harrison, Jan. 16, aged 80. Funeral service to-day.

RAU.—Walter E., Jersey City, Jan. 16, aged 33. Funeral to-morrow.

RYERSON.—Elizabeth M., 101 South St., Newark, Jan. 17. Funeral notice later.

SAUER.—Elizabeth, Garfield Av., Jersey City, Jan. 15, aged 89. Funeral to-day.

SCHNUERIGER.—Catherina C., Union Hill, Jan. 16, aged 81. Funeral to-morrow.

SHEPHERD.—Eleanor M., Asbury Park, Jan. 15, aged 96.

SLEINANKA.—Egnas, Newark, Jan. 16, aged 37. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

STEINHOFER.—Agnes, 82 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, Jan. 14, aged 30.

STRUCK.—Richard V., Elizabeth, Jan. 15, aged 49.

STURM.—Anna, 708 Park Av., Hoboken, Jan. 14, aged 80.

SUYDAM.—V. M. W., New Brunswick, Jan. 16. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

TAYLOR.—Edna B., 91 Napoleon St., Newark, Jan. 17, aged 17. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

TODD.—Amanda, Elizabeth, Jan. 14, aged 80.

TRAGER.—Lawrence, 208 Beacon Av., Jersey City Heights, Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

VAN LEER.—Frances K., 321 Broad St., Newark, Jan. 15, aged 19.

WESLER.—Anna M., Irvington, Jan. 15, aged 72. Funeral to-day.

YUILL.—Dorothy, 45 Watson Av., Newark, Jan. 16, aged 7 months. Funeral private.

In Memoriam.

FALLON.—Bridget, mass, St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

McKEON.—Richard, mass, Sacred Heart Church, Vailsburg, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

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20 Union Typewriter 2d Pfd.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

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HIGH-PRICED SHARES DOWN

Renewal of Liquidation of Market Leaders—December's Trade Figures—Money Market.

In the first three hours of yesterday's stock market session there went on in somewhat irregular fashion the price recoveries which marked the trading on Saturday. Perhaps the lack of vigor and uniformity in this further rally provoked that part of the heavy selling of the final hour, which obviously proceeded from speculators operating for the fall, but side by side with this purely professional movement against values there went on once more the insistent liquidation of high-priced stocks, which did so much to unsettle the markets through last week. Its effects yesterday were found in such declines as 2⅝ points in St. Paul, 2 points in Chicago & Northwestern, 2⅝ points in Louisville & Nashville, 2½ in Union Pacific, 3¼ points in Great Northern, and 2 points in Northern Pacific. With such losses in the leaders it was altogether to be expected that the list as a whole should fall away, and this it did steadily until strengthened for a moment at the very close by covering of short contracts. News developments of the day were not of a kind to cause a market like that witnessed. There was for example the indefinite postponement of the Union Pacific suit, in response presumably to orders from Washington, where an investigation of the case is under way for the purpose of determining whether the entire matter shall be dropped; a December foreign trade report much better than had been looked for following the very poor showing of the country's sales of domestic products for the same month; the advancement of the appeal of the Standard Oil Company in the Supreme Court so that the case will now be heard on March 14, this making possible its early determination, and reports of rather substantial buying of equipment by a number of the railroads, including the Union Pacific, which ordered 20,000 tons of rails and 2,000 refrigerator cars. December's complete figures on our foreign trade, while disclosing an excess of exports smaller than anything recorded for that month in fourteen years, and in this respect disappointing, nevertheless fixed a favorable balance of $33,000,000. For the full twelve months of the calendar year the excess of exports fell $334,000,000 under those of 1908, and is also well under anything reported in recent years. Perhaps the month's decline in imports, the first noted for a number of months, is an intimation that the unfavorable tendency of our international trade is about to undergo correction.

The day's money market was distinctly easier both in the call and time departments. Call money dropped to 2½ per cent. at one time, and the day's maximum was 4 per cent., which was also the quotation for the nearer maturities in time money. These changes were the very natural results of Saturday's exceptionally strong showing of the local banks. The London market was reported as very much unsettled by the indications of a Liberal victory in the elections now under way, consols in particular moving down rather sharply. Discount rates were unchanged, and the Bank of England secured the bulk of the gold arriving from South Africa.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

De Long Hook and Eye Co.
East Pennsylvania Railroad.
Northwestern Elevated Railroad.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Audit Co. of New York.
Eastern Publishing Co.
Hutchison Rim and Lug Co.
Interborough-Metropolitan Co.
Lehigh Valley Railroad.
Liberty Life Insurance Co.
Mills-Gurley Co.
New York Times Co.
Pearson's Publishing Co.
Perfected Mantle Co.
Sixth Avenue Railroad.
Union Trust Co.
United States Rubber Reclaiming Works.

SPECIAL MEETING.

Missouri Pacific Railway.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2½@4 per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 3½ per cent.

Time money rates, 4@4. per cent. for sixty to ninety days, 4¼ per cent. for four months, and 4¼@4½ per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4¾@5¼ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 3⅛ per cent., unchanged; Paris, 2⅝ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 3 per cent., off ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $238,566,407; balances, $17,895,431; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,880,381.

The local banks have gained $1,590,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was steady, with demand quoted at $4.8675@$4.8690, sixty days at $4.84, and cables at $4.8710@$4.8715.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.16⅞@5.16⅞ plus 3-64 for cables, and 5.16⅞ less 3-64@5.16⅞ less 1-64 for sight; reichsmarks, 95¼@95 5-16 for cables, 95¼ plus 1-32@95 3-16 for sight, and 94⅞@94¾ for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 35c premium; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, $1 premium; St. Paul, 80c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was 1-16d lower in London, at 24⅛d per ounce, and ⅛c lower in New York, at 52⅝c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Interest to be added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar A 4s, March 15, 1911	98¼	98¾
Am. Cigar B 4s, March 15, 1912	97	97⅝
Atlantic Coast Line 5s, March, 1910	100	100¼
Bethlehem Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	99⅞	100¼
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100⅛	101
Interboro 6s, May, 1911	103⅞	104
Kans. City Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	96	97
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910	99⅞	100
Lake Shore 5s, February, 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Louis. & Nash. 5s, March, 1910	100	100¼
Michigan Central 5s, February, 1910	99⅞	100¼
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911	99	99½
New York Central 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100¼
Norfolk & Western 5s, May, 1910	100	100¼
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	100	100¼
Southern 5s, February, 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Tidewater 6s, June, 1913	101½	102
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1910	100¼	100⅝

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
4s..May, '59, f'chg	99⅞	100	99½	100
4½s..May, '57, f'chg	108⅝	109¼	109	109⅜
4½s..Nov., '57, f'chg	108¾	109¼	109	109⅜
4½s..Nov., '17, f'chg	102⅝	103½	103⅛	103⅝
4s..May, '57, f'chg	99⅞	100¼	100	100¼
4s..Nov., '58, f'chg	99⅞	100¼	100	100¼
4s..Nov., '36, reg	99⅞	100¼	99¾	100
4s..Nov., '55, reg	99⅞	100¼	99⅞	100
3½s..Nov., '55, f'chg	88⅞	89½	88⅞	89¼
3½s..May, '54, coup	88⅞	89½	88⅞	89¼
3½s..May, '54, reg	88⅞	89½	88⅞	89¼
*0s..Nov., '10, rev	99⅞	100	102½	100⅛
Rects. 4s, May, '59	99⅞	100	100	100⅛

*Coupon or registered.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday.

Total sales Jan. 17, 1910 1,155,120
From Jan. 1, 1910 12,128,873
Corresponding period last year 11,378,679

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
50	50½	1,000	Allis-Chalmers pf.	50½	50¾	50½	50½	+½
82⅞	83⅛	42,900	*Amalgamated Cop.	85	85½	82⅝	82⅞	−2⅝
45½	46	400	Am. Agricul. Chem.	45½	46	45½	46	+½
43½	44	1,980	Am. Beet Sugar	43⅝	44⅛	43½	43½	−⅝
12¼	12⅝	1,000	Am. Can	12½	12½	12½	12½	...
78	78¾	900	Am. Can pf.	79	79⅛	78¾	78⅝	−⅜
65½	66	4,400	Am. Car & Foundry	67	67⅛	65⅝	65⅝	−1⅜
116	117	30	Am. Car & Found. pf.	117½	117½	117½	117½	...
63	63½	2,000	Am. Cotton Oil	64½	65	63½	63½	−⅞
7⅛	7⅝	200	Am. Hide & Leather	7½	7½	7¼	7½	...
43	44	500	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	44½	44½	44	44	+1
24¼	25	900	Am. Ice Securities	25½	25½	24	24⅛	−⅞
15¾	16	400	*Am. Linseed	15¾	16	15¾	16	+¼
43⅝	44½	800	*Am. Linseed pf.	45	45	43½	43½	−1
55½	55¾	4,500	Am. Locomotive	57¼	58	55½	55⅝	−1⅝
113	114	125	Am. Locomotive pf.	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	−⅜
34	37½	300	Am. Malt pf.	37½	37½	37½	37½	−¼
93½	93⅝	36,330	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	95⅝	96⅛	93½	93⅝	−1⅞
109⅝	110¼	600	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	110½	110½	109½	109½	...
89	89½	300	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B.	89½	89½	89½	89⅝	−⅛
64¼	64½	600	Am. Steel Foundries	65	65	64½	64½	+½
122	123	300	Am. Sugar Refining	122¼	122¼	122¼	122¼	+⅛
137½	138	2,820	Am. Tel. & Tel.	138	138½	137½	137½	−¼
93¾	94½	800	Am. Tobacco pf.	95	95	94	94¼	−⅜
33	35	600	Am. Woolen	33½	33½	32⅝	32⅝	−1¼
101⅞	102	300	Am. Woolen pf.	102	102	101⅞	101⅞	−1⅛
49⅝	49¾	4,800	*Anaconda Cop. Min.	50¼	50⅝	49⅝	49⅝	−1⅛
118⅝	119	21,600	Atch., Top. & S. F.	120⅝	120⅝	118½	119	−1⅛
103⅝	103¾	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103½	103⅝	103½	103⅝	+¼
130	131	1,200	Atlantic Coast Line	132	132½	130½	130½	−1⅛
115⅝	116¼	4,950	Baltimore & Ohio	117	117⅛	115⅝	115⅝	−1
93	94¼	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	93	93	93	93	−½
30½	33	200	Bethlehem Steel	32½	32½	32	32	−½
74½	74¾	8,365	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	75⅝	76⅛	74	74⅝	−⅞
157	158	2,100	Brooklyn Union Gas	157⅞	160	156¼	157	−½
32½	33	100	Butterick Co.	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	−⅛
179¼	179¾	700	Canadian Pacific	179⅝	180¼	179¼	179¼	−⅜
43	43¼	4,650	Central Leather Co.	44½	44⅝	42⅝	43	−1
107⅞	108	300	Central Leath. Co. pf.	108	108¼	108	108¼	+⅜
86⅝	87	16,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	88	88⅝	86½	86⅝	−⅜
63¾	65	600	Chicago & Alton	65¼	65¾	64	64	−⅝
32⅛	32½	2,600	Chi. Gt. West. new	33¼	33¼	32¼	32½	−¼
60⅝	60⅞	400	Chi. Gt. West. pf. new	61	61	59⅞	60½	...
147¼	147⅝	37,900	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	149⅞	149⅞	146⅞	147⅝	−2⅝
157	158	920	Chi. & Northwestern	159⅛	159⅛	157	157⅛	−2
..	..	3,957	Chi. & N. W. rights	14¼	14¾	14⅛	14¼	...
4½	5	100	*Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta.	4½	4½	4½	4½	...
79½	80½	700	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	80	80½	80	80½	+1
43⅝	44	3,700	Colorado Fuel & Iron	44⅞	45¼	43⅝	43⅝	−1
57⅛	57¼	900	Colorado & Southern	58	58¼	57¼	57¼	−¼
81	81½	1,500	Col. & South. 1st pf.	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼	+½
89¼	89½	850	Col. & Hock. C. & I.	89	90	88⅝	88⅞	−⅞
..	..	500	*Comstock Tunnel	†35	35	35	35	...
150¼	150½	19,150	Consolidated Gas	150⅝	154¼	150¼	150½	−½
20⅝	20⅞	950	Corn Products Ref.	21½	21½	20⅞	20⅞	−1
83	84⅛	300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	84⅜	84⅜	84⅛	84⅛	+½
177	178	500	Delaware & Hudson	178	178	177⅞	177⅞	−⅞
44¼	45	2,750	Denver & Rio Grande	45⅞	46	44½	44½	−½
80½	81½	60	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	81	81	81	81	...
60	62	100	Detroit United Ry.	61	61	61	61	−2
34⅛	35	600	*Distillers' Securities	34⅝	35	34½	34½	+⅝
30⅞	31⅛	7,500	Erie	31⅞	32¼	30⅞	31	−1¼
48⅝	49	1,900	Erie 1st pf.	49½	49⅝	48⅝	48⅞	−⅝
38⅞	39	800	Erie 2d pf.	39	39¼	38⅞	38⅞	...
83¾	91	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	85	85	85	85	−1
154	154½	2,200	General Electric	155⅝	156	153⅝	154½	−⅛
133⅛	133¾	13,725	Great Northern pf.	136⅝	136⅞	133	133¼	−3¼
73½	74½	6,700	*G. N. certs. ore prop.	75½	76¼	73½	74	−1
89	90	100	Havana Electric	90	90	90	90	...
96½	99¾	200	Havana Electric pf.	96½	96½	96½	96½	...
..	90	300	Hocking Valley pf.	90	90	90	90	+¼
83	89	40	Homestake Mining	85	85	85	85	...
141½	142¼	1,000	Illinois Central	143	143	141½	141⅜	−1
24	24¼	9,200	Interborough-Met.	24⅜	24⅝	23⅞	24	−¼
60⅞	61	14,900	Interborough-Met. pf.	62¼	62½	60½	61	−1
121	122	980	Int. Harvester	122½	122½	121⅜	121⅜	+1⅛
126	127¼	100	Int. Harvester pf.	126	126	126	126	+⅛
50½	50⅞	800	Int. Steam Pump	51⅞	51⅞	51	51	...
89½	90	600	Int. Steam Pump pf.	89	90⅜	89	90	+1
26	26½	750	Iowa Central	26⅞	26⅞	26	26	−⅞
49	50	400	Iowa Central pf.	50	50⅜	50	50⅜	...
40⅛	40½	2,000	Kansas City Southern	41¼	41¼	40⅛	40⅛	−1⅜
68⅛	68½	100	Kan. City South. pf.	69	69	69	69	−⅝
107½	107¾	9,100	Laclede Gas	106⅞	108⅝	106⅞	107⅝	−⅝
150½	152	4,800	Louisville & Nash.	153	154	150¼	150⅝	−2⅝
85	87	900	Mackay Cos.	89	89	85	85	−4⅞
76½	78	300	Mackay Cos. pf.	77⅛	77⅛	77	77	+½
136½	138	200	Manhattan Elevated	137⅞	137⅞	137	137	...
6½	7	200	Mercantile Marine	6⅝	6¾	6⅝	6⅝	+¼
21½	21¾	600	Mercantile Marine pf.	21	21½	20⅞	21½	−¼
135	136	900	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	134¼	136	134⅝	134⅝	−¼
151	153	100	M., St. P. & S. S.M. pf.	152	152	152	152	+⅝
45⅛	45⅜	7,550	Mo., Kansas & Texas	46⅝	46⅝	44½	45¼	−⅞
73¼	73¾	200	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf.	73⅜	73⅜	73½	73½	+⅜
67	67½	2,700	Missouri Pacific	67½	68½	66⅝	66⅞	+⅛
110	114	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	113	113	113	113	−2
124	125	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	125	125	125	125	+2
24	24½	600	Nat. Enam. & Stamp.	24¼	24⅝	24¼	24⅝	+⅛
85½	85¾	3,400	Nat. Lead Co.	85¾	86⅜	85⅝	85½	+⅛
109	110	200	Nat. Lead Co. pf.	110	110½	110	110½	+½
61½	63	300	N. Rys. of Mex. 1st pf.	63	63	61⅝	61⅝	+⅝
25⅝	25¾	11,160	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	25	26⅛	25	25⅝	+⅛
87	89½	100	N. Y. Air Brake	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	+1⅞
119¼	119½	16,600	N. Y. Central	120¼	120⅜	118⅜	119¼	+⅛
154	156	300	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	155¼	156	155¼	156	+½
44¾	45	4,585	N. Y., Ont. & West.	46	46⅛	44¾	44¾	−1⅝
97¼	97¾	2,300	Norfolk & Western	97⅝	98¼	97¼	97¼	−½
79	80	700	North American	80⅜	81½	79½	80	+½
134½	134¾	21,400	Northern Pacific	137¼	137⅝	133⅞	135	−2
36	36½	100	North. Ohio Tr. & L.	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼	−½
113	117	100	Pacific Coast	115¾	115¾	115¾	115¾	−⅝
33	34	800	Pacific Mail	35	35⅛	33½	33½	...
39¼	40	600	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	39¼	40	39¼	39½	−½
133	133⅛	29,750	Pennsylvania R. R.	133⅞	134⅝	132⅞	133⅛	−⅞
112¾	113	3,100	People's Gas, Chi.	113⅜	113⅜	112½	113	−¼
100½	103	500	Philadelphia Co.	101½	101½	100½	100½	−2
97½	98	600	P., C., C. & St. Louis	98	98	97⅞	97⅞	−¼
22⅝	22¾	2,600	Pittsburg Coal	23⅞	23⅞	22½	22⅝	−⅝
76¾	77	2,400	Pittsburg Coal pf.	78	78⅛	76½	76⅝	+¼
46	46½	950	Pressed Steel Car	46	47¼	45⅝	46	...
104	104½	100	Pressed Steel Car pf.	104	104	104	104	−½
189	191	2,600	Pullman Company	189¼	190	189¼	190	+½
46	46½	600	*R'way Steel Spring	47	47⅜	46	46	−1
106	107	300	*R'way Steel Sp. pf.	106⅝	107	106⅝	107	+½
161⅛	161¼	146,700	Reading	163	163½	160⅝	161¼	−1⅝
92¼	93	200	Reading 1st pf.	93	93	93	93	+1
101½	103⅛	300	Reading 2d pf.	101½	101⅜	101¼	101⅜	−¼
40½	41	2,800	Rep. Iron & Steel	42	42	40¼	40½	−2½
100	101⅛	675	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	102	102	100	100	−⅛
45⅞	46	25,800	Rock Island Co.	45⅞	47⅛	45⅜	46	+⅛
86	87	100	Rock Island Co. pf.	86	86	86	86	...
71	72	100	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf..x d.	70½	70½	70½	70½	−½
56½	57	400	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	56	57	56	57	+1⅝
30⅞	31	1,300	St. Louis Southwest'n	31⅛	31⅜	30⅞	30⅞	+½
74½	74¾	100	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	74	74	74	74	+½
80½	81½	500	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	83½	84	83½	83½	+¼
82	85	150	So. Port Rico Sugar	84	84	84	84	+1
130¼	130½	54,400	Southern Pacific	132⅛	132⅜	129⅞	130⅜	−2
30¼	30⅝	4,200	Southern R'way ext.	31	31¼	30¼	30½	−½
68¼	68¾	3,300	South. R'way pf., ext.	70	70⅛	68⅝	68⅝	−⅝
36⅝	37½	400	Tennessee Copper	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	...
32⅝	32⅞	1,700	Texas & Pacific	33⅜	33⅜	32⅝	32⅞	+¼
15¾	16	1,100	Third Avenue	16½	16⅞	15½	16	+¼
13¼	13¾	700	Tol. R'way & Light	13⅞	13⅞	13	13	−½
48¾	49½	1,500	Tol., St. L. & West	50½	51	49	49½	−½
68½	69¾	900	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	69½	70⅜	69½	70⅜	+⅝
113⅜	114	200	Twin City R. Transit	113½	113½	113½	113½	...
11¾	12	500	Union Bag & Paper	12⅛	12⅛	11⅞	11⅞	−⅛
70	75	200	Union B. & Paper pf.	73	73	73	73	...
192¼	192⅜	110,300	Union Pacific	194¾	195⅜	191⅞	192⅜	−2½
100¼	101	2,060	Union Pacific pf.	101½	101½	100½	100½	−¼
119½	120½	50	United Dry Goods	120⅜	120⅜	120⅜	120⅜	...
111⅞	113	423	United Dry Goods pf.	112½	112½	112½	112½	+⅜
..	..	200	United R'ways Inv.	40½	40½	40	40	+½
29½	30½	1,250	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	29	31	29	29⅝	+¾
82	84	100	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf.	82	82	82	82	−1
122	130	100	U. S. Express	124	124	124	124	−1
46	46¾	2,810	U. S. Rubber	47½	47½	46½	46¾	+⅝
..	..	3,900	U. S. Rubber rights	⅛	⅛	1-16	0.11	0.03
112⅛	112½	2,225	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	113	113½	112⅛	112¼	+¼
84	84⅛	280,010	U. S. Steel	85½	86⅜	83¾	84	−1½
123	123¼	2,200	U. S. Steel pf.	123¼	123⅜	122⅞	123	−½
53¼	53½	4,725	Utah Copper	53⅞	55½	53¼	53¼	−½
54	54⅝	7,300	Va.-Caro. Chemical	55	55⅝	53	54⅝	−⅝
122	127¾	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	124	124	124	124	...
22	22½	6,100	Wabash	22¾	23¼	22	22¼	−⅛
49½	49¾	13,100	Wabash pf.	50⅝	51½	50¼	50¼	...
180	186	100	Wells Fargo Express	186	186	186	186	...
51	51¼	10,500	West. Md., 4th paid	50⅝	51½	50¼	50¼	...
50¾	51¼	100	W. Md. war., 4th pd.	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¼	...
73	73¼	1,200	Western Union Tel.	74	74	73½	73½	...
72	72½	3,400	Westinghouse E. & M.	73½	74	72	72	−1½
5⅝	6	1,150	Wheel. & Lake Erie	6	6	5¼	5¼	−⅜
10¼	11	1,260	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	10⅜	12	10¼	11	+1
5¾	6¼	2,725	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	5⅞	6⅜	5¾	6⅜	+⅞
48	50	200	Wisconsin Central	48	48	48	48	−1

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100⅝	100⅞
2s, c., 1930	100⅝	100⅞
3s, r., 1918	101⅝	102½
3s, c., 1918	101¾	102½
4s, r., 1925	114½	115½
4s, c., 1925	114¾	115½
Pan. 2s r., 1936	100	101
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100	101
Adams Exp.	250	300
Alb. & S.	280½	..
Allis-Chalm.	14	14½
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101	..
Am. B. S. pf.	93	94
Am. Coal	100	150
Am. Cot. O. pf.	101	107
Am. D. Tel.	10	25
Am. Exp.	280	295
Am. Malt	6½	8
Am. Snuff	250	..
Am. Sn. pf.	95½	100
Am. Sug. R. pf.	121½	122½
A. T. & C.	72	77
Ann Arbor	15	30
Ann A. pf.	..	50
Batopilas M.	3	4
Beth. Steel pf.	60	67
Bruns. Ter.	15	18
B., R. & P.	101	106
B., R. & P. pf.	128	138
B. & S. pf.	..	60
Canada So.	68	70
C. R. R. of N. J.	300	312
C. & S. A. Tel.	119	120
C. & A. pf.	..	69
C., B. & Q.	200	..
C. & E. Ill. pf.	..	118
C., I. & L. pf.	65	80
C. & N. W. pf.	210	225
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	148	155
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	175
Chi. Un. Tr. pf. cts. st.	10	11
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	103¾	108½
Cleve. & P.	174	..
Col. F. & I. pf.	118	120
Col. So. 2d pf.	80	81
Cons. Coal	100	..
Crex Carpet	54	61
D., L. & W.	580	610
D. M. & Ft. D.	9	15
D. & M. pf.	..	95
D., S. S. & A.	15½	16
D., S. S. & A. pf.	29¾	31¾
Du P. de N. Powder pf.	85¾	88
Ev. & T. H.	56	65
Ev. & T. H. pf.	80	90
F. M. & S.	..	75
Gen. C. Co.	93	98½
Gen. C. Co. pf.	103½	104½
Granby Con.	..	112
G. B. & W.	80	..
H. B. Claflin 1st pf.	97	99½
Hock. V. r.	108	120
Ill. C. l. l.	98	..
Inger.-Rand.	90	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	95	..
Int. Paper	13½	14½
Int. P. pf.	56	58
Int. Power	8¼	30
Jol. & Chi.	169	..
K. & M. r.	45	55
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	78	80
K. & D. M.	8	10
K. & D. M. pf.	40	45
Kings Co. El. L. & P.	128	133
Lacl. G. pf.	90	98
L. E. & W.	23	25
L. E. & W. pf.	61	63
Lake Shore	300	400
Long Island	63½	69
L. & W. C.	200	..
Mah. C. R.	310	..
Man. Beach	3	6
Md. C. pf.	50	..
Met. St. R.	21	24⅞
Mich. Cent.	145	180
M. S. T. pf.	92	..
M. & St. L.	40	48½
M. & St. L. pf.	80	89
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	91¾	92
N., C. & St. L.	138	145
Nat. En. pf.	95	100
N. Cent. C.	30	60
N. Y., C. & St. L.	59	63
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	105	110
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	91	96
N. Y. D. Co.	37	40
N. & W. pf.	88	92
Nor. Cent.	200	..
Ont. Mining	2½	3
Pac. C. 1st pf.	100	108
Pac. C. 2d pf.	113	117
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	90	98
Peo. & E.	23	27
Phelps-D'ge	245	265
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	110	120
P., Ft. W. & C.	173	..
Quicksilver	2¼	2½
Q'ksil'r pf.	3⅞	4¼
Rens. & S.	195	..
R., W. & O.	124	..
Rub. G. M. Co. pf.	100	110
Rutland pf.	30	38
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	150	180
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	63	65
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	..	117
Sears-R. pf.	..	125
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	115	119
So. P. R. S. pf.	110	114
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	84¼	90
Texas Cent.	35	..
Texas Cent. pf.	70	..
T. P. L. Tr.	87	90
T., P. & W.	17	20½
T. C. R. T. pf.	140	150
Un. Cig. M. pf.	108	111
U. S. R. & Impt.	80¼	81
U. S. R. & Ref.	9¾	12
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	24	30
U. S. R. 2d pf.	80¼	83½
U. & B. R.	174	..
Va. I., C. & Coke	68	70
Vulcan Det.	21	27
Vulcan Det. pf.	76½	85
Westingh'se 1st pf.	120	134

Evansville, Ind., Bank Is Closed.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 17.—The Citizens' National Bank to-day suspended temporarily, pending investigation into its affairs by National Bank Examiner J. C. Johnson of Indianapolis. Mr. Johnson said to-day that he hoped the depositors could be paid in full. Out of $1,202,000 outstanding in loans, there is said to be a considerable proportion for which the security is weak. Individual loans in excess of $50,000 caused the first suspicion of the examiner. It is said that President S. P. Gillett has borrowed to that extent, but he has made over personal property to indemnify the bank. The Citizens' Bank has total assets, according to its statement, of $1,900,000, a $200,000 capital stock, and $67,000 surplus.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Monday.

U S 2s, cpn, 1908-18		
	1,500	102
4s, cpn, 1925		
	5,000	114⅝
Impr Jap Gov 4½s, sterl loan		
	15,000	95
2d series		
	8,000	94⅝
	15,000	94½
	2,300	94½
Rep of Cuba 5s		
	3,000	104
	2,000	103⅞
Repub of Cuba 4½s		
	4,000	97
N Y City 4s, 1957		
	19,000	100
N Y City 4s, 1959		
	22,000	99⅞
	3,000	100
	103,000	99⅞
receipts		
	5,000	100
	82,000	99⅞
Adams Express 4s		
	1,000	93
Allis-Chalmers 5s		
	14,000	84
Am Hide & L 6s		
	10,000	101½
Am Ice Secur 6s		
	3,000	72
Am Spirits M 6s		
	2,000	96
Am Tel & T conv 4s		
	58,000	103⅛
	5,000	103⅛
	12,000	103⅛
	2,000	103⅛
	12,000	103⅛
	16,000	103⅛
	5,000	103⅛
Am Tobacco 6s		
	1,000	107¼
	1,000	107⅛
	85,000	107
	15,000	107
	14,000	107
	6,000	107
	26,000	107
Am Tobacco 4s		
	14,000	78
Armour & Co 4½s		
	2,000	94
	6,000	93⅞
	8,000	94
At, T & S F gen 4s		
	1,000	100⅛
	5,000	100⅛
	7,000	100⅛
	500	100⅛
	5,000s60f	100⅛
	1,000	100⅛
conv 5s		
	3,000	119¼
	17,000	119
	25,000	118⅞
conv 4s		
	10,000	119⅛
	10,000	118
Atl Coast Line 4s		
	1,000	94½
Atl Coast Line, Lo & Nash col 4s		
	3,000	93⅝
	3,000	93½
	82,000	93
Balt & O gold 4s		
	7,000	99⅛
	5,000	99⅛
	5,000	99⅛
P, L E & W V 4s		
	12,000	93
Beth Steel 5s		
	1,000	88⅜
	5,000	88½
	5,000	88⅜
B R T ref conv 4s		
	11,000	85
Buffalo Gas 5s		
		66½
Can So 1st ext 6s		
	1,000	104⅞
	2,000	105
C of Ga Ry con 5s		
	10,000	109
	17,000	108½
Cent of Ga Ry 1st inc 5s		
	9,000	88
Cent Leather 5s		
	7,000	99½
	1,000	99⅝
	3,000	99⅞
	500	100¼
	1,000	99⅞
Cen of N J gen 5s		
	8,000	125
Cen Branch Ry 4s		
	1,000	94⅝
Cent Pac gtd 4s		
	1,000	97⅛
	4,000	97⅛
Cent Pac T S L 4s		
	1,000	93⅞
Cent R R & Bkg Co of Ga col 5s		
	1,000	103
Ches & O fund 5s		
	3,000	105
Ches & O gen 4½s		
	24,000	102⅝
Chi & Alton R R 3s		
	5,000	74½
Chi, B & Q gen 4s		
	2,000	99⅛
	2,000	99⅛
	2,000	99
Chi, B & Q deb 5s		
	4,000	101¼
Chi, B & Q joint 4s		
	10,000	96⅜
	20,000s15f	96⅜
	15,000	96½
	15,000	96⅜
	16,000	96⅜
	10,000	96⅜
Ill div 3½s		
	5,000	89
Nebr ext 4s		
	3,000	100¼
	2,000	100⅛
Chi, Mil & St Paul 4s, 1934		
	5,000	93⅝
	5,000 s	93⅝
Chi, Mil & St Paul gen 4s, Ser A		
	4,000	100¼
Chi, Mil & St Paul, C & P W 5s		
	3,000	108⅜
Chi, R I & Pac Ry refundg 4s		
	13,000	91⅝
	1,000	91¼
	1,000	91⅞
C, R I & P R R 4s		
	27,000	81¼
	8,000	81⅛
	26,000	81
Clev, C, C & St L gen 4s		
	10,000	95½
Col Industrial 5s		
	1,000	81
	1,000	81¼
Col Mid 1st 4s		
	10,000	80½
	1,000	80¼
Col & South ref & ext 4½s		
	10,000	98
Col & So 1st 4s		
	2,000	96⅝
	3,000	96⅞
Consol Tobacco 4s		
	1,000	77⅝
Corn Prod Ref S F 5s, 1934		
	10,000	95½
S F 5s, 1937		
	2,000	97
Del & H 1st ref 4s		
	6,000	100¼
D & H in eqpt 4½s		
	1,000	102⅞
Den & R G con 4s		
	1,000	96
Den & R Gde 1st & ref 5s		
	2,000	94½
	10,000	94
Det City Gas 5s		
	2,000	101
Dist Sec Corp 5s		
		74⅜
Edison El Ill of N Y 1st conv 5s		
	3,000	100
Erie 1st gen 4s		
	3,000	76⅜
	1,000	76⅛
Erie conv 4s, Ser B		
	29,000	72
Gen El conv deb 5s		
	2,000	145¼
	13,000	145
Gr Bay & Wn deb ctfs B		
	1,000	15⅜
	1,000	15½
	1,000	15
Ill Cent refdg 4s		
	4,000	99⅞
Inter-Metro 4½s		
	10,000	82⅝
	20,000	82⅝
	5,000	82½
	5,000	82¼
	3,000	82⅜
	8,000	82¼
	6,000	82½
Int Rap Tr 5s		
	9,000	103⅛
	2,000	103⅛
Interb R T conv 6s		
	8,000	103⅛
	4,000	103⅛
	2,000	103⅛
	1,000	103¼
Int & Gt Nor 2d 5s Trust Co ctfs		
	1,000	107½
	20,000	107⅛
	4,000	107⅛
	5,000	107½
Inter Paper 6s		
	2,000	104½
Int Steam Pump 5s		
	1,000	93⅝
Iowa Cent 1st 5s		
	4,000	106
Kanaw & M 1st		
	1,000	90¼
K C, Ft S & M 4s		
	6,000	82
Kan City So 5s		
	5,000	102⅝
Kan City So 3s		
	3,000	73½
L Sh & M So 4s		
	1,000	94⅞
	3,000	94⅞
1931		
	11,000	94⅞
	2,000	94⅞
	8,000	94⅞
L S & M So 3½s		
	2,000	91¼
Long Isld refg 4s		
	2,000	97¾
Long Isld unified 4s		
	1,000	94¾
Lo & N unified 4s		
	6,000	[illegible]
Manhattan con 4s		
	1,000	98¾
Mer Mar col tr 4½s		
	6,000	69¾
Met St Ry ref 4s, Tr Co ctfs, sta		
	4,000	53½
Mich Centl 3½s		
	1,000	89½
M, St P & S S M 1st cons 4s		
	30,000	99⅜
Mo, K & T 1st 4s		
		99¾
Mo, K & T s f 4½s		
	22,000	90½
Mo, Kan & Ok 1st		
	1,000	106½
Mob & O new 6s		
	1,000	120½
Nat Rys of Mexico prior lien 4½s		
	13,000	94½
	10,000	94¾
gen 4s		
	30,000	89
N O, K & T 4½s		
	3,000	87
N Y C & H R R R deb 5s, 1934		
	5,000	95¼
	6,000	95⅛
	9,000	95⅛
N Y C, L S col 3½s		
	40,000	80½
N Y Gas, E L, H & P pur money 4s		
	1,000	83⅛
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s		
	7,000	134¼
	1,000	134⅜
	2,000	134
conv 3½s		
	23,000	101½
non-conv deb 4s, 1955		
	5,000	96⅝
N Y, O & W ref 4s		
	2,000	96½
N Y Tel 4½s rects		
	6,000	93⅝
Norf & West con 4s		
	1,000	98⅞
Norf & West conv 4s		
	7,000	101
	3,000	101¼
	5,000	101
	6,000	101¼
	10,000s20f	101¼
	5,000	101⅛
	3,000	101
North Ohio 5s		
	2,000	112
North Pac 6s		
	2,000	102¼
North Pac 3s		
	1,000	73⅞
Ore R & N con 4s		
	3,000	97½
Ore Short Line gtd refg 4s		
	10,000	94½
Ore Short Line 1st 6s		
	5,000	116⅞
Pac Tel & T 5s		
	4,000	99⅛
	3,000	99⅛
Pa conv 3½s, 1915		
	3,000	96⅛
	50,000	96⅛
	80,000	96⅛
	9,000	96
Penn Co 4s, 1948		
	6,000	104½
Pere Mar ref 4s		
	10,000	78⅝
	5,000	78⅝
Pitts, C, C & St L 4½s, Series B		
	3,000	107
Ry St Sp 5s		
	2,000	103½
Reading gen 4s		
	500 s	99⅛
	3,000	99⅞
	3,000	99½
St L, I M & So, River & Gulf 4s		
	1,000	87½
St L & S F R R gen 5s		
	12,000	88⅞
	5,000	88⅝
	2,000	88⅝
	21,000	88½
ref 4s		
	10,000	84½
	10,000	84¼
	7,000	84⅛
	4,000	84
St L S W 1st 4s		
	1,000	93¼
	2,000	93½
	1,000	93¼
St L S W con 4s		
	16,000	78⅝
	4,000	78⅝
South Pac 4s		
	15,000	92⅞
	1,000	92⅞
	4,000	94
	8,000	94⅛
	30,000	94⅛
	4,000	93
	12,000	94⅛
	1,000	94⅛
	15,000	94
	10,000	93⅞
	20,000	94
	1,000	93⅞
	28,000	93⅞
	500	93⅞
	18,000	94
	4,000	94
	1,000	93⅞
So Pac conv 4s		
	65,000	103⅞
	20,000	103⅞
	80,000	103⅞
	15,000	103½
	10,000	103⅝
	3,000	103⅞
	72,000	104
	23,000	103⅞
	15,000	103⅞
	25,000	103⅞
	1,000	104
	1,000	103⅞
	40,000	103⅞
	50,000	103½
	16,000	103
	10,000	103⅛
	50,000	103⅛
	10,000	103⅛
	30,000	103⅛
	327,000	103
	30,000	102⅞
So Pac Ref 4s		
	5,000	94⅝
	9,000	94⅝
	5,000s6f	94⅝
	2,000	94⅝
South Ry 1st 5s		
	10,000	109⅞
	12,000	109⅞
South Ry, M & O col 4s		
	2,000	89⅝
South Ry gen 4s		
	29,000	80⅞
Third Av con 4s, Cent Trust Co ctfs stamped		
	20,000	67⅞
U Rys of London 4½s		
	100,000	85
	4,000	85⅛
	3,000	85¼
income 6s		
	10,000	83½
Un Pac 1st 4s		
	4,000	101⅞
Un Pac conv 4s		
	10,000	112¼
	88,000	112
	50,000	112⅛
	10,000	112¼
	2,000	112⅛
	10,000	112⅛
	135,000	112¼
	10,000	112¼
	70,000	112
	5,000	111⅞
	205,000	111⅞
	38,000	111⅞
	80,000	111⅞
	25,000	111⅞
U S R & Imp 5s		
	26,000	93
	2,000	93¼
U S Rubber 6s		
	3,000	104
U S Steel Corp s f 5s		
	4,000	104⅞
	43,000	105
	34,000	104⅞
	63,000	105
	2,000	105⅛
	2,000	105
	23,000	105⅛
	2,000	105⅛
registered		
	500	105⅛
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s		
	1,000	98⅝
	1,000	98
Va I, Coal & C 5s		
	1,000	99⅛
Wabash 1st 5s		
	3,000	111
	1,000	111⅛
	5,000	111¼
Wabash 2d 5s		
	2,000	103¼
Wabash ref & ext 4s		
	25,000	74½
	10,000	74⅝
	5,000	74⅝
	3,000	74⅝
	5,000	74⅝
	7,000	74⅝
	20,000	74⅞
	5,000	74⅝
	4,000	75
	20,000	74⅝
	23,000	74⅝
	5,000	74⅝
	10,000	74⅝
	4,000	74⅝
	3,000	74
Wabash Pitts Ter 1st Trust Co ctfs		
	10,000	48½
	5,000	48⅝
	1,000	48½
	5,000	48⅝
	15,000	48½
	10,000	48⅝
	3,000	48
Wabash Pitts Ter 2d Trust Co ctfs		
	2,000	7⅛
	14,000	7
	3,000	6⅞
	1,000	7
	4,000	6⅞
West Md 4s		
	2,000	85
West Shore 4s		
	3,000	101⅛
West Union fund & real estate 4½s		
	1,000	98½
Westinghouse El & M 1st conv s f 5s		
	5,000	92¼
	3,000	92
Wis Cent gen 4s		
	1,000	94⅛
	4,000	94¼
	2,000	94⅛
	1,000	94⅛
	1,000	94⅛
	20,000	94⅛
Wis Cent, Sup & Dul Div & Term 4s		
	14,000	92¼

Total sales Jan. 17, 1910 .... $4,347,000
From Jan. 1, 1910 43,356,000
Corresponding period last year 71,092,500

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat Breaks Sharply on Lower Foreign Markets—Corn, Oats, and Hogs Easier—Cotton Weak.

Wheat was weak all day, rallying a little at the close. The market opened off on the cables and the foreign statistics, steadied slightly, but developed quite decided selling pressure as the day advanced, and was weak late in the session. The markets were lower on the easier Argentine markets and increased Argentine offerings, while the foreign statistics showed continuation of liberal world's exports.

Western receipts were liberal, particularly in the Northwest, and the primary movement for the day was about 300,000 bushels in excess of last week and nearly 350,000 in excess of last year. The primary receipts exceeded the shipments by 800,000 bushels, and the aggregate was 1,037,000 bushels. Mr. Patten of Chicago was on the Produce Exchange, and expressed belief that the country was a large holder of wheat, which would have to be liquidated as the season advanced. The Government reports confirmed the big Russian estimate and showed the world's crop 18 per cent. more than last year. The visible supply decreased 829,000 bushels.

Cash wheat was inactive in the West. Twelve loads of Manitoba were reported late Saturday. Interior cash prices were easier with futures. No. 2 red was quoted $1.30 in elevator, domestic rate, and $1.30 free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.23⅛; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.24; No. 1 Northern, $1.19⅛.

Corn was weaker. The market opened up on the rains in the Central West and reports of light country offerings, but later the market eased off, influenced by an increase of nearly 300,000 bushels in the receipts, compared with last week, and an increase of 736,000 bushels in the visible. The market, late, was steady at the decline.

Cash corn was quiet. Sales of No. 2 were quoted 74½c elevator, domestic, and 73½c export; No. 3, 72c; No. 4, 70¼c, and steamer, 71¾c nominal.

Oats were fairly active, and also weaker. There was considerable selling on account of the heaviness in other grain, and the market worked off with very little support. The visible supply showed a decrease of 825,000 bushels, and the interior receipts were less than last year, although showing an increase of 200,000 bushels compared with last week.

Cash oats were quiet. Natural whites were quoted 53½c@55½c, track; white clipped, 54 to 58c.

Provisions also weakened, and the close was at about the low point. The decline was in sympathy with grain, although the live hog receipts were fairly liberal, and a quiet demand was reported for cash product.

NEW YORK FUTURES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.18⅝	$1.17⅛	$1.17⅛	$1.18⅝
July	1.10¼	1.09⅝	1.09⅞	1.10¼
Corn—				
May	..	..	78	78½
July	..	..	77	..
September	..	..	76⅝	..
Oats—				
May	..	..	53⅝	54⅜

Curb, 2:30 P. M.—May, wheat, $1.17⅝; puts, $1.16⅝; calls, $1.18⅜.

CHICAGO FUTURES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Wheat—				
January	....	....	1.10⅝	1.12
May	1.11⅛	1.09⅞	1.10⅛	1.11½
July	1.02⅛	1.01⅛	1.01⅛	1.02⅛
September	97⅝	97⅛	97⅛	98⅛

2:30-2:45 P. M.—May ups, $1.10⅛@$1.11; downs, $1.09⅛@$1.09.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Corn—				
May	69¼	68⅛	68½	68⅞
July	68⅛	67⅝	68	68⅝
September	68⅝	67⅝	67⅝	68½

May ups, 69@69¼; downs, 68.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Oats—				
May	48⅜	47⅞	48	48½
July	45	44½	44⅝	45⅜
September	42	41½	41½	42
Lard—				
January	12.70	12.62½	12.62½	12.60
May	12.25	12.15	12.17½	12.22½
July	12.17½	12.10	12.10	12.15
Ribs—				
January	11.80	11.75	11.75	11.72½
May	11.67½	11.57½	11.60	11.60
July	11.67½	11.60	11.60	11.62½
Pork—				
January	..	..	21.80	21.87½
May	22.12½	21.90	21.92½	22.07½
July	22.17½	21.92½	21.95	22.10

COTTON.

Cotton showed decided weakness again, and at low point was more than 60 points under the high, but at the close there was a recovery of about 20 points. The market closed, however, at a net decline of 14 to 46 points.

The market opened steady, but immediately developed weakness and sold down, with distinct pressure of cotton on the market. The selling was by brokers who were supposed to be operating for the spot cotton interests which took the distressed cotton last week. On Saturday this interest was credited with selling 100,000 bales, and sold heavily again yesterday.

As the market declined the selling by other interests became pronounced, and the decline uncovered a good many stop orders. There was a good deal of selling by people who went through the break without selling, but who were so unsettled in their position by the smash in prices that they immediately began selling when the market showed signs of weakness yesterday. The break in stocks brought in a great deal of Wall Street selling.

The report was current that the spot pool took about 300,000 bales of distressed cotton on Friday, and prior to the Friday break about 200,000 bales more were sold, all supposed to have been for one interest. The selling on Saturday and the selling yesterday evidently distributed a great deal of this cotton on the market.

The break in values has unsettled the situation very materially and has disturbed the position of the buyers of merchandise to a serious extent. It will take a period of steadiness and absence of liquidation in the market to re-establish confidence and bring back to the trading point a great many dealers in goods and in cotton products who have been frightened off by the extremely violent fluctuations in the futures.

Southern spot markets were irregular, with prices unchanged to ¼ decline. This was again a nominal quotation in most cases. There has been very little done on the decline. Holders are adverse to making concessions. A great deal of cotton has been called on the break, but this calling does not seem to have increased the amount of business done in spot cotton.

Spot cotton quiet, 35 decline. Middling upland 14.20. Middling Gulf 14.45.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
January	14.40	13.91	14.07@14.10	14.43
February	..	..	14.00@14.05	14.46
March	14.47	13.80	14.10@14.12	14.43
April	..	..	14.10@14.15	14.56
May	14.64	14.01	14.23@14.25	14.60
June	14.63	14.08	14.20@14.25	14.62
July	14.67	14.03	14.23@14.25	14.67
August	14.41	13.85	14.00@14.02	14.29
September	13.36	12.85	13.00@13.02	13.30
October	12.99	12.60	12.68@12.70	12.96
December	12.75	12.70	12.60@12.66	12.70

The close was steady, at 14 to 46 decline.

COFFEE.

Coffee opened steady with near positions showing an advance of 5 points, while the other months were unchanged, and during the first part of the session was firm, with very light offerings. Sales on the opening call were 1,000 bags, and after the opening the market worked up about 5 points, but the close was steady at unchanged to 5 points' advance. Total sales for the day were 36,250 bags. The European markets were generally steady, Havre closing unchanged, while Hamburg was ¼ to ½ pfennig higher. Mail advices from Europe brought the detailed report of the Valorization Committee, and some authorities here stated that Havre was justified in its interpretation—that the report states that the committee may sell 600,000 bags in addition to the 500,000 prescribed, if at the discretion of the committee it is thought desirable. This report has been one of the unsettled features in the market for the past week or ten days. Spot coffee inactive, but steady; 8⅝c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
January	..	..	6.75@6.80	6.75
February	..	..	6.75@6.80	6.75
March	6.85	6.75	6.75@6.80	6.75
April	..	..	6.80@6.85	6.80
May	6.90	6.85	6.85@6.90	6.85
June	..	..	6.90@6.95	6.90
July	6.95	6.90	6.95@7.00	6.90
August	..	..	6.95@7.00	6.90
September	7.00	6.95	6.95@7.00	6.90
October	..	..	6.95@7.00	6.90
November	..	..	6.95@7.00	6.90
December	6.95	6.95	6.95@7.00	6.90

Boston Bank Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—The weekly statement of the Associated National Banks of Boston compares as follows:

	Jan. 15,'10.	Week's Inc.	Jan. 16,'09.
Loans	$189,482,000	*$814,000	$210,202,000
Circulation	7,110,000	*24,000	9,344,000
Deposits	165,715,000	2,820,000	180,192,000
Due banks	74,157,000	*1,904,000	84,796,000
U. S. deposits	3,029,000	6,000	1,622,000
Res. ag't	30,426,000	1,170,000	37,283,000
Exchanges	20,513,000	131,000	19,693,000
Due from bks.	23,741,000	*40,000	24,692,000
5% fund	362,250	....	480,500
Legal-tender	4,915,000	159,000	4,280,000
Specie	22,563,000	2,340,000	28,611,000
Surplus	5,056,714	472,285	6,327,000
N. Y. surplus	7,034,714	1,219,285	11,369,000

*Decrease.

WILL BUY:
100 Albany Southern Com. ....@ 13¼
100 Borden's Milk Com. ....@118
50 Kings Co. E. L. & Power....@130
WILL SELL:
45 Borden's Milk Pfd. ....@106
2 City New York 4s Reg. 1956..@ 99¼
1 Erie Electric Motor 5s, 1941..@102
100 E. W. Bliss Com. ....@140
1 Hecker Milling 1st 6s.......@106
1 Republic Cuba 6s, 1896-1910..@100
125 United Bank Note Pfd. ....@ 53¼
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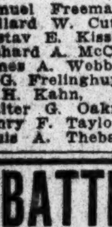

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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Hill Victory Over Harriman Line.

The injunction which James J. Hill's Oregon Trunk Line Railway obtained some months ago against the Harriman rival line has been followed, it was announced yesterday, by a refusal of the local land office at Portland, Ore., to review the decision awarding to the Hill line the exclusive right of way on one side of the Deschutes Cañon, for the possession of which a lively contest was waged between the Hill and the Harriman forces. This will not shut out the Harriman line, but will force it to take a less desirable route than the Hill line has obtained through this cañon. The objective of both the Hill and the Harriman lines through the Deschutes Cañon is the table lands in Central Oregon, a heretofore neglected district which is regarded as capable of very profitable development.

⁂

Gold Outflow Continues.

The withdrawal from the Sub-Treasury yesterday of $600,000 gold coin by the National City Bank for shipment to South America testified to the ability of foreign markets still to draw on New York for the gold which is needed in South America. New York has escaped foreign exchange rates, which would bring about direct shipments of gold to Europe, but the level of exchange for a period of months with the exception of brief intervals has been high enough to permit a shifting of the South American gold demand from Paris and London to New York.

⁂

Consolidated Gas Up, Then Down.

Consolidated Gas ran up over 3 points in the early trading yesterday above Saturday's closing price, but in the afternoon lost all of this advance. Even so it showed at the close a net loss of only half a point compared with such declines as 1⅛ in Steel, 2¼ in Union, and 2 in Southern Pacific, 1⅞ in Reading, 2⅝ in Amalgamated, and 2⅝ in St. Paul. When the afternoon decline came Consolidated Gas had the advantage of starting downward from a relatively higher level than the other stocks. Accompanying the morning's advance in Consolidated Gas were reports that the larger distribution of earnings to the company's shareholders which the Street has discussed from time to time was likely to materialize in the near future. All that has so far been admitted in any authoritative source is that the earnings of the company are considerably more than enough to pay the present dividend of 4 per cent. a year.

⁂

Less Interest in Cotton.

The cotton market has less interest for the outside public now that the third big killing of the season has been made by the insiders largely at their expense. It is usually the experience of the stock trader who abandons the tape for the cotton board that his profits disappear as quickly as they came. This season the speculating public found money easy to make on the first rise and lost it on the first slump. Being overwise, they scorned the bait of 17-cent cotton predictions and fought the rise above 12 cents. Converted too late, it was this public which furnished most of the stop loss orders on which the market was so easily put down from the 16-cent level. Last Friday's big market on the decline was largely a professional affair, the small fry having been eliminated days before. Although cotton dropped from 30 to 40 points yesterday, rallied again, and finally broke as much as 64 points, it took very little to move it either way, and the buying as well as the selling gave little indication of a renewed participation of that outside public which only dips into the cotton market once in so often.

⁂

Copper Resumptions.

With January half over the resumptions of copper production in the Northwest, where the snow conditions and the railroad strike caused shut-downs last month, are not likely to come in time to bring the output of the metal back to November's figures. It is the known policy of the large producers to curtail output until selling conditions improve, and there are plenty of excuses besides snow and strikes to keep it down. A dispatch from Butte yesterday said that Boston and Montana would resume early this week.

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 17.—A. C. L. consolidated debenture 4s were in good demand, but the price showed no change. International Trust advanced 2 points to 140, while Consolidation Coal dropped 2 points to 115 following the regular quarterly dividend. Shares, 720; bonds, $147,000.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
87,000	A. C. L. con. deb. 4s	100¼	100	100
1,000	Bal. Elec. 5s	91	91	91
3,000	City & Su.5s,(Wash.)	104	104	104
8,000	Cotton Duck 5s	75½	75½	75½
6,000	Cons. Gas 6s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
1,000	Fair.& Clark. Trac. 5s	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
1,000	Geor. & Ala. con. 5s	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜
1,000	Md. & Penn., Inc.	64	64	64
1,000	Norfolk Ry. & Lt. 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
9,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	84	84	84
23,000	Seaboard 3-year 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
6,000	Seaboard 10-year 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
1,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	83⅜	83⅜	83⅜
1,000	United Rys. 4s	86½	86½	86½
1,000	United Rys., inc.	60	60	60
2,000	West. Va. Cent. 6s	101½	101½	101½
	STOCKS.			
100	Consolidation Coal	115	115	115
10	Fidelity & Deposit	154	154	154
60	International Trust	140	138	140
25	Maryland Casualty	127	127	127
25	Mechanics' Bank	27½	27½	27½
140	Seaboard Co. com.	25½	25½	25½
360	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	45	45	45

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 17.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,270	Crucible Steel	16⅞	16½	16⅝
825	Crucible Steel pf.	90⅛	89⅞	90
150	Fireproofing	8½	8½	8½
1	Fireproofing pf.	27	27	27
50	Independent Brew.	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
100	Independ. Brew. pf.	19	19	19
2,861	Mfrs. Light & Heat.	22½	21⅞	22⅜
177	Ohio Fuel	58	57¾	57¾
50	Pitts. Brewing	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜
100	Pittsburg Coal	22⅞	22⅜	22⅞
42	Pittsburg Coal pf.	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛
100	Pittsburg Oil Gas	10	10	10
445	Pitts. Plate Glass	116	115½	115½
120	River Coal pf.	25	23½	23½
800	Ross Mining	23c.	23c.	23c.
70	West. Machine	40	39	39
40	West. Elec. 2ds	87½	87	87
160	West Penn	50	50	50
	BONDS.			
$1,000	Independ. Brew. 6s	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝
1,000	Pitts. Brew. 6s	100	100	100
	UNLISTED.			
500	Mt. Elliott	82c.	81c.	82c.
496	Ohio Fuel Oil	8	8	8
200	San Toy	86c.	86c.	86c.
285	Union Gas	138½	136	138½
	BANKS.			
$10,000	Mfrs. Light & H. 6s	100	100	100
500	Union Steel 5s	104½	104½	104½

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OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Heavy Declines in Miami Mark Day of Weakness in Copper Stocks on Curb.

DOWN 1⅞ POINTS ON DAY

Transactions in Large Volume on the Decline—Other Coppers Make Fractional Losses and Move Sluggishly.

Marked weakness characterized the copper stocks in yesterday's Curb market, and although in most issues transactions were in minor volume the losses were in some cases substantial. Miami was the most conspicuous issue in the decline and the most active. After opening at 25⅞ the price declined to 23⅞, and the close after transactions of 17,700 was at 24, a loss for the day of 1⅞ points. Greene-Cananea lost ¼, Nevada Consolidated ¼, Ray Consolidated ⅝, and Ray Central 1-16. Other issues were sluggish and many closed even with opening prices.

⁂

The principal transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	INDUSTRIALS.				
99	Am. Tobacco	420	420	418	418
500	June Oil	30	30	30	30
50	Standard Oil	653	657	651½	656
413	Un. Cig. Mfg.	89¼	†90	88⅞	88½
4,800	U. S. L. & H.	2¼	2 11-16	2¼	2½
100	U. S. L. & H. pf.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
	RAILROADS.				
30	Chicago Subway	4½	4½	4½	4½
200	K. C., M. & O.	21⅝	21½	21⅛	21½
	MINING STOCKS.				
500	Boston Copper	19	19⅝	19	19¼
120	Braden Copper	4⅝	†4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
200	Brit. Col. Cop.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
100	Butte Coalition	26	26	26	26
15,000	Chino Copper	13⅞	14½	13⅞	14
2,000	*Cobalt Central	21½	22	21	21½
500	Colonial Silver	7-16	7-16	7-16	7-16
1,200	*Comb. Fraction	40	40	40	40
400	*Comm. Mining	52	52	52	52
18,000	Con. Ariz. Sm.	3⅛	3 5-16	3	3⅛
2,200	Davis-Daly Cop.	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3⅜
200	Dolores M. Co.	7¼	7⅜	7¼	7⅜
300	El Rayo	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
500	First Nat. Cop.	5⅝	6	5½	6
600	*Gila Copper	10	10	9⅝	9⅝
2,000	Giroux Mining	11½	11½	11¼	11⅜
2,500	Goldfield Con.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
3,000	Greene-Cananea	10⅝	10⅝	10¼	10⅜
17,500	*Greenwater	8½	9½	8½	9½
10,600	*Harcuvar Cop.	74	75	74	75
2,000	Inspirat'n Cop.	9 3-16	9 7-16	9 3-16	9 5-16
6,000	Kerr Lake	9¼	9½	9	9 1-16
800	La Rose Cons.	4¾	4⅞	4¾	4⅞
130	Mason Valley	2 5-16	2⅜	2 5-16	2⅜
17,700	Miami Copper	25⅞	25⅞	23⅞	24
1,500	*M. of C. Rica	4	4	4	4
500	M. Co. of Am.	50	50	50	50
8,500	Nev. Cons. Cop.	26¼	26¼	25⅞	26
3,000	N.-U. M. & S.	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1 9-16
1,500	Nip. M. Co.	9⅝	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞
2,500	Ohio Copper	4⅝	5	4⅝	4⅝
2,250	Pac. Smelters	1½	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
7,500	Ray Central	3 13-16	3 15-16	3 11-16	3⅞
1,070	Ray Consol.	25	25	†24⅜	†24⅜
3,000	Silver Leaf	13	13	13	13
200	Sup. & Pitts.	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
700	Tenabo M. & S.	2½	2½	2½	2½
2,700	*Tonopah Ext.	68	68	65	65
30	Tonopah Min.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
8,750	*Tramps Cons.	6½	8	6½	7
200	Tri-Bullion	1	1	1	1
300	Tuolumne Cop.	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
1,500	Union Mines	2	2	1 15-16	2
300	United Copper	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
900	*United Rico	21	22	21	22
200	Yukon Gold M.	4 15-16	4 15-16	4⅞	4⅞
	BONDS.				
$4,000	C. Ariz. S. 5s.	65	68	65	68
75,000	Mo. P. 5s, 1. in.	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞
15,000	Wn. Pacific 5s.	97⅜	97⅜	97½	97⅜

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Friday:

	Jan. 17.		Jan. 14.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Tobacco	416	420	424	425
Am. Writing Paper	2¾	3¼	2¾	3¼
Am. Writng Paper pf.	24½	27	24½	27
Am. Light & Traction	300	302	300	302
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	108	110	108	110
Borden's Cond. Milk	117	119½	110¼	121
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	104	106½	105	107
Boston Copper	19¼	19⅝	19¼	19⅝
British Col. Copper	7⅝	8	7⅝	8
Braden Copper	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4¾
Butte Coalition	25½	26¼	25⅞	26¼
Chicago Subway	4½	5	4⅜	4⅞
Combination Fraction	40	42	40	42
Cobalt-Central	21	22	21	22
Davis-Daly Copper	3¼	3⅜	3	3¼
Giroux	11¼	11⅝	11½	11⅝
Goldfield Con.	7⅝	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
Greene-Cananea	10⅝	10½	10½	10⅞
International Salt	4	8	4	8
Kerr Lake	9	9 1-16	9½	9⅝
Manhattan Transit	2	2¼	2	2¼
Mason Valley	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
Miami Copper	24	24⅛	25⅝	25⅞
Nevada Con. Cop.	25⅞	26	25⅞	26
Nev.-Utah M. & S.	1½	1 9-1-6	1½	1⅝
Nipissing Mines Co.	9⅝	9⅞	9⅝	10
Ohio Copper	4⅝	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞
Pope Mfg.	79	81	79½	81
Pope Mfg. pf	86	88	86	88
Ray Central	3 11-16	3 13-16	3¾	3 13-16
Ray Con.	24½	24⅝	24¼	24⅝
St. L. & S. F., w. i.	40	41½	40½	41½
Seaboard	26	27	26	27
Silver Queen	22	28	22	28
Southern L. & S.	21	24	21	24
Southern I. & S. pf.	50	52	50	52
So. Utah M. & S.	3½	3⅞	3½	3⅞
Standard Milling	19	21	20	21
Standard Milling pf.	58	59½	58	59½
Standard Oil	651	655	658	662
Tri-Bullion	1	1 1-16	1	1 1-16
Tonopah Mining	6⅝	6⅞	6¾	7
United Cigar Mfg.	88	90	89½	91
United Copper	7⅝	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
U. S. Light & Heat	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	8	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝
West Pac. 5s	97½	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
Yukon Gold Mining	4⅞	5	4⅞	5

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Tri-City Ry. & Light. Com.
Denver Gas & Electric
U. S. Light. & Heat. Com.
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International Trac. Com., Pfd. & 4s
St. Joseph Ry., Lt., Ht. & Pow. 5s
West Penn. R'ways Com. & Pfd.
Saginaw-Bay City Ry. & Lt.
Public Service Corp. Perp. Certs.
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ROB'T S. ROSS, Vice President. WM. J. FIELD, Secretary and Treasurer.
JAY S. PERKINS, Assistant Treasurer. J. RICHARD TENNANT, Assistant Secretary.

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EPPS MARKET LETTER
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DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership heretofore existing between CYRUS L. W. EIDLITZ and ANDREW C. McKENZIE, under the firm name of EIDLITZ & McKENZIE, Architects, No. 1,123 Broadway, New York City, has been dissolved on the 31st day of December, 1909.
CYRUS L. W. EIDLITZ will continue his practice at the above address.

THIRD AVENUE Railroad Company. REORGANIZATION

TO HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ISSUED BY THE CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK AS DEPOSITARY UNDER THE BONDHOLDERS' AGREEMENT, DATED NOVEMBER 6, 1907, FOR FOUR PER CENT. FIRST CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE HUNDRED YEAR GOLD BONDS OF THE THIRD AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the DEPOSITING BONDHOLDERS and HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ISSUED by the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK AS DEPOSITARY, under the Bondholders' Agreement, dated November 6, 1907, between holders of the above mentioned Four Per Cent. First Consolidated Mortgage Hundred Year Gold Bonds of The Third Avenue Railroad Company, as parties of the first part, and James N. Wallace and others, Committee, as parties of the second part, that pursuant to the terms and provisions of said Bondholders' Agreement, the undersigned Committee has prepared and adopted a Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, dated December 2, 1909, and has lodged a copy thereof with the Central Trust Company of New York as Depositary.

As provided in said Bondholders' Agreement of November 6, 1907, to which reference is hereby made, holders of certificates of deposit of the Central Trust Company as Depositary may assent to said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization either by filing with said Depositary their written assent thereto, specifying the date and number of the certificates held by them, or by failing, within thirty days after the completion of the publication of this notice, to file with the Depositary written notice of dissent from said Plan and Agreement, specifying the date and number of the certificates held by them. Such dissent must be filed on or prior to February 28, 1910, with the Depositary at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City.

Said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization will become effective and binding upon all Certificate Holders and will be finally and conclusively deemed to have been assented to by all Certificate Holders unless within thirty days after January 29, 1910, the latter being the date of the completion of the publication aforesaid, one-third in amount of the Certificate Holders shall file with the Depositary written notice of their dissent from said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, the notice of dissent filed by each Certificate Holder specifying the date and number of the Certificates held by him.

Printed copies of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization may be obtained by Certificate Holders on application to the Depositary at its office, No. 54 Wall Street, New York.

Dated New York, January 13, 1910.

JAMES N. WALLACE,
ADRIAN ISELIN,
EDMUND D. RANDOLPH,
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,
JAMES TIMPSON,
HARRY BRONNER,
Bondholders' Committee.

THIRD AVENUE Railroad Company REORGANIZATION

Notice to Non-Depositing Bondholders

TO HOLDERS OF THE FOUR PER CENT. FIRST CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE HUNDRED YEAR GOLD BONDS OF THE THIRD AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY ISSUED UNDER ITS MORTGAGE DATED MAY 15, 1900.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the above-mentioned Four Per Cent. First Consolidated Mortgage Hundred Year Gold Bonds of The Third Avenue Railroad Company issued under its mortgage dated May 15, 1900, that pursuant to a Bondholders' Agreement, dated, November 6, 1907, entered into between certain holders of said bonds, as parties of the first part, and James N. Wallace and others, Committee, as parties of the second part, to which Bondholders' Agreement reference is made for all its terms and provisions, a Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, dated December 2, 1909, has been duly prepared and adopted and a copy thereof duly lodged with the Central Trust Company of New York as Depositary. Printed copies of such Bondholders' Agreement and of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization may be obtained at the office of said Depositary, No. 54 Wall Street, New York.

Holders of said Four Per Cent. First Consolidated Mortgage Hundred Year Gold Bonds of The Third Avenue Railroad Company who have not yet deposited their bonds under the aforesaid Bondholders' Agreement of November 6, 1907, are hereby notified that they may without penalty, become parties to the said Bondholders' Agreement of November 6, 1907, and entitled to avail of the benefit of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, by depositing their bonds with the coupon of January 1, 1908, and all subsequent coupons accompanying the same, with the Central Trust Company of New York, as Depositary as aforesaid, on or before February 18, 1910, and such deposit shall be deemed equivalent to the filing of written assent to said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization. Bonds so deposited will thereafter be held by the Depositary for account of the Committee, subject to the terms and provisions of said Bondholders' Agreement of November 6, 1907, and said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, as fully to all intents and purposes as if heretofore deposited.

Dated New York, January 13, 1910.

JAMES N. WALLACE,
ADRIAN ISELIN,
EDMUND D. RANDOLPH,
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,
JAMES TIMPSON,
HARRY BRONNER,
Bondholders' Committee.

Southern Pacific Railroad Co. First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bond.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000, in the year 1909, in trust, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,809.40 in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this company at its office, 120 Broadway, in the City and State of New York, on or before the 31st day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

Dated December 27th, 1909.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.
By G. L. KING, Secretary.

6% Coupon Bonds
In $100, $500, and $1,000,
Maturing in May, 1914.
Secured by tax exempt mortgages on income real estate in Brooklyn.
Send for booklet "Series A."
KINGS COUNTY MORTGAGE CO.,
185 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE TRI-CITY RAILWAY AND LIGHT COMPANY.

The undersigned, as Trustee under the Five Per Cent. Collateral Trust First Lien Mortgage, dated April 1st, 1906, will receive sealed tenders up to 3:00 P. M. on February 3d, 1910, for the sale to it of $50,000 face value of bonds issued thereunder, for account of the Sinking Fund, at a price not exceeding 105% and accrued interest. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee,
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
Dated New York, January 3d, 1910.

DIVIDENDS.

THE BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.
Baltimore, Md., January 13, 1910.

The Board of Directors this day declared from the net earnings of the Company for the six months ended December 31, 1909, a dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Company, to be paid March 1, 1910, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on February 1, 1910.

The Board also declared from the surplus earnings of the Company a dividend of Three (3) Per Cent. on the Common Stock of the Company, payable March 1, 1910, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on February 1, 1910.

The transfer books will not close.

C. W. WOOLFORD, Secretary.

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY.

New York, December 31, 1909.

The Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. for the last quarter of the year upon the common stock of the Company, payable on and after February 15th, 1910, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, January 21st, 1910, at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 16-22 William Street, New York City. Dividend checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed orders.

E. S. PATTEE, Secretary.

To the Stockholders of the Beaver National Bank of New York City:

A dividend of Ten Dollars per share has been declared, payable to stockholders upon presentation of stock certificates for endorsement, at the office of the undersigned, No. 60 Wall Street, Room 705, on January 20th and 21st, 1910, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

GEORGE MERCER, Jr.,
WILLIAM E. McREYNOLDS,
Liquidating Committee.

UNITED CIGAR MANUFACTURERS CO.

New York, January 12th, 1910.

A dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. will be paid on the Common Stock of this Company on February 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record on January 26th, 1910, at 3 P. M.

Transfer books of Common Stock will close January 26th, 1910, at 3 P. M., and reopen February 4th, 1910, at 10 A. M.

MAURICE WERTHEIM, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

New York, January 13th, 1910.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank, held January 11th, 1910, the following-named gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors:

J. Edward Simmons,
Cornelius N. Bliss,
Robert W. Stuart,
Richard T. Wilson,
James G. Cannon,
William S. Opdyke,
T. Frank Manville,
Thomas H. McKittrick,
Mortimer L. Schiff,
L. F. Loree,
Edward A. Shepard.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, Mr. J. Edward Simmons, President, and Mr. James G. Cannon, Vice President, were unanimously re-elected.

CHARLES H. PATTERSON, Cashier.

NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY.

115 Broadway, New York.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the National Surety Company for the election of Directors and the transaction of any other business which may come before it will be held at the principal offices of the Company, in the North Trinity Building, 115 Broadway, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the 25th day of January, 1910, at 11 A. M.

Transfer books will be closed for the ten days immediately preceding the meeting.

DAVID W. ARMSTRONG, JR., Secretary.

Office of the Maryland Coal Company, No. 1 Broadway, New York, January 5th, 1910.

The annual meeting of the Maryland Coal Company, for the election of a President and ten Directors and for such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 1 Broadway, New York, on Tuesday, February 1st, 1910, at Eleven A. M.

Transfer books will close on January 20th at three P. M., and reopen on the morning of February 2d, 1910.

H. R. NEDHAM, Secretary.

UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,

80 BROADWAY.
NEW YORK, January 7th, 1910.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders for the election of Trustees of the UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, of the class of 1913, will take place at the office of the Company, No. 80 Broadway, New York, on Tuesday, January 18, 1910, at 12 o'clock M. Polls open at 12 o'clock and close at 1 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will close January 17 and reopen January 19, 1910. JOHN V. B. THAYER, Secretary.

GENERAL COLORS COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of General Colors Company will be held at the Company's office, 54 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, Jan. 25th, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing seven Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

Polls will remain open until 11:30 A. M.

De WITT CLINTON JONES, 3D.,
Secretary.
Dated New York, January 11th, 1910.

Consolidated Gas Company of New York, 4 Irving Place.

January 1st, 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 24th, 1910. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 8th, 1910, at 12 M. and reopen Tuesday, January 25th, 1910.

R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Fidelity Trust Company of New York for the election of Directors, the appointment of three Inspectors of Election, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Chambers and Hudson Streets, New York, on Wednesday, January 19, 1910, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and one o'clock P. M.

ANDREW H. MARS, Secretary.
December 18, 1909.

POTOSINA ELECTRIC COMPANY.

New York, January 13, 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Potosina Electric Company for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 31 Nassau Street, Manhattan, New York City, on Feb. 1, 1910, at 2 P. M. Polls will be open from 2:30 to 2:45 P. M.

F. H. SOUTHWICK, Secretary.

PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY (of Chicago.)

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Peoples Gas Light & Coke Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Chicago, Adams Street and Michigan Avenue, on Thursday morning, February 10, 1910, at 11 o'clock. The transfer books will close in accordance with the by-laws, at the close of business on Thursday, January 20, 1910, and will reopen Friday morning, February 11, 1910, at 10 o'clock. GEORGE O. KNAPP, President.

GUARDIAN TRUST COMPANY OF N. Y.

170 Broadway, corner of Maiden Lane.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election will be held at the office of the Company, 170 Broadway, on Wednesday, January 19, 1910. Polls open from 12 noon to 1 P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from January 17th to January 19th, inclusive.

LATHROP C. HAYNES, Secretary.

MORTON TRUST COMPANY.

New York, December 15, 1909.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Morton Trust Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 38 Nassau Street, New York, on Wednesday, January 19, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon.

The transfer books close at 3 o'clock P. M. January 5, 1910, and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M. January 20, 1910.

H. M. FRANCIS, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the W. L. Kaestner Company will be held at the office of the company, 147 West Twenty-fourth Street, New York City, on Friday, January 21st, 1910, at 3 P. M., for election of Directors and such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

FRANK J. WAGNER, Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THOMAS L. MANSON & CO.—KNOW ALL Men by These Presents:

Whereas, The business of the firm of THOMAS L. MANSON & CO., a firm which has transacted business in this State for not less than three years, continues to be conducted by some of the partners therein, to wit., by Thomas L. Manson, John A. Black, Timothy F. Allen, Henry S. Fullerton, and Vance S. Manson, who were partners in such firm;

Now, Therefore, the undersigned, the said Thomas L. Manson, John A. Black, Timothy F. Allen, Henry S. Fullerton, and Vance S. Manson, who were partners in said firm, in pursuance to the statute in such case made and provided, do make and sign this certificate, and do declare that the persons intending to deal under such name with their respective places of residence are as follows:

Thomas L. Manson, residing at No. 21 West 52d Street, New York City.
John A. Black, residing at The Langham, 73d Street, Central Park West, New York City.
Timothy F. Allen, residing at Bronxville, N.Y.
Henry S. Fullerton, residing at Scotch Plains, N. J.
Vance S. Manson, residing at No. 21 West 52d Street, New York City.

Dated New York, December 31st, 1909.

THOS L. MANSON,
JOHN A. BLACK,
TIMOTHY F. ALLEN,
H. S. FULLERTON,
VANCE S. MANSON.
Witness: ALFRED H. SPEAKE.

Valuable information for investors, bankers, and brokers in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Stock market situation impartially dealt with; movements in steel, copper, cotton, and wheat; the money market at a glance. Quotations of every security dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year. Adv.

TITLE INSURANCE CO. DEAL.

Knickerbocker Trust, U. S. Realty, and Barney Holdings Bought In.

President Edgar J. Levey of the Title Insurance Company, has acquired the stock in that company held by the estate of Charles T. Barney, the United States Realty Company, and the Knickerbocker Trust Company, the whole amounting to about 2,000 shares of a par value of $200,000. The price paid was not made public, but it was said yesterday to be above the recent market quotations for the company's stock. The latest recorded market for the stock was 150 bid, offered at 160.

The Title Insurance Company has a total capital stock of $2,000,000. It has been paying semi-annual dividends of 3½ per cent., the latest payment having been made on Oct. 1.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The Daily Consular and Trade Report notes the following trade opportunities abroad. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to.

4,414.—PUBLIC WORKS AND IMPROVEMENTS—An American Consular officer in a European city reports that work on the vast scheme of local municipal improvement involving a total expenditure of about $46,350,663 is now going on, and the authority of the Government has just been asked for the construction of a central Post Office building to cost nearly $1,000,000. American contractors and dealers in building supplies would do well to get in touch with the officer submitting the report.

4,415.—UPPER LEATHERS OF ALL KINDS AND HIDES—One of the special agents of the Department of Commerce and Labor has furnished the names of three large shoe manufacturing concerns in Latin-American countries that desire samples and prices of American upper leathers in all colors and grades. Prices should be quoted at New York or Boston, and correspondence in each case may be in English.

4,416.—MACHINE FOR PUTTING PORCELAIN HEADS ON PINS—An American manufacturing concern writes that it would like to purchase a machine for putting porcelain heads on pins.

4,417.—AGRICULTURAL TRACTION PLANTS—An American Consul reports that a correspondent desires to get in touch with an American firm of engineers making a specialty of agricultural motor traction plants using alcohol or low-grade paraffin as fuel. The Consul states that there exists in his district an excellent field for the introduction of suitable traction power for that port, and the question is engaging not only the attention of business men, but the Government will probably be in the market for the purchase of traction engines. It is positively imperative that those considering this market should offer a machine capable of operating on heavy grades.

4,418.—REPRESENTATION AT BUENOS AYRES EXPOSITION—An American writes that he has just returned from Buenos Ayres, where he went over the grounds of the different expositions to be held there, starting in May of this year, and would like to get in touch with some firms in the United States contemplating making an exhibit with the object of obtaining supervision of the exhibit and later becoming the representative of the firm in Argentina.

4,419.—AUTOMOBILES FOR ITALY—An Italian business man, who states that he is in a position to furnish the best of references, informs an American Consulate that he wishes to undertake the sale of some good lightweight and low-priced American automobiles in Italy. The type of car most suitable to his needs would be one having as long a wheel base as possible, fitted with two or more cylinders and magnetic ignition, and costing less than $1,000 in the United States.

4,420.—DECOMPOSED FATTY ACIDS — A commercial organization in New York City writes that one of its correspondents in Sweden is desirous of being placed in communication with manufacturers of decomposed fatty acids in the United States, manufactured under the so-called Twitchell method. These acids are used in the manufacture of soap.

4,421.—STEAM CRANES OF VARIOUS SIZES—A report has been received from an American Consul in a Latin-American country stating that the local officials of the local railway are advertising for seventeen steam cranes of various sizes. Bids for the same are to be opened in the offices of the company on March 12, 1910.

4,422.—AMERICAN GOODS FOR TURKEY—M. Carlo, Porta Galata, Omar Abed Han, 3eme Etage, Constantinople, Turkey, writes that he has opened an agency for the sale of the following lines of American goods: Housefurnishings, automobiles, hardware, paper, machinery of every kind, paints, typewriters, lithograph equipment, &c. He asks for consignments.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday business was dull, with prices about steady for copper. Spelter was up 5 points, while tin fell nearly ½c. Lead was unchanged.

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday copper, for both spot and future deliveries, at the close remained unchanged on the day's transactions from the initial prices of the day, but a decline of 6s 3d from the final figures of Friday. The market finished steady, closing prices for both commodities ruling at: Spot, £60 12s 6d; futures, £61 7s 3d. Pig tin ended easy with spot and future deliveries each down 15s, to £146 10s and £148 2s 6d, respectively. Spanish pig lead was steady and up 1s 3d, to £13 15s. Spelter was steady and unchanged, at £23 7s 6d. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 52s 1½d.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Friday:

	Monday.		Friday.	
Standard copper:	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Spot	13.12½	13.50	13.12½	13.50
January	13.12½	13.50	13.12½	13.50
February	13.12½	13.50	13.12½	13.50
March	13.12½	13.50	13.12½	13.50
Spelter	6.15	6.35	6.10	6.25
Lead	4.67½	6.72½	4.67½	4.72
Tin	32.00	32.35	32.40	32.65

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 17.—Acute weakness in the local traction stocks became a feature in the local market to-day. The rest of the market was decidedly irregular. Cambria Steel fluctuated between 50⅝ and 52¼. Trading in this issue was very heavy. There were fractional recoveries in Philadelphia Electric and United Gas Improvement.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am. Cement	26¼	26¼	26¼
100	Am. Milling	1 7-16	1 7-16	1 7-16
50	Am. Railways	48¼	48	48
58	Cambria Iron	46	46	46
11,972	Cambria Steel	52¼	50⅝	51⅛
20	Col. Fuel & Iron	44	44	44
745	Electric Storage	62	61	61
130	Erie	31⅝	31½	31½
465	General Asphalt	32	31	31½
250	General Asphalt pf.	83	82	82½
134	Ins. Co. of N. A.	23	22⅞	23
100	Inter.-Met. pf.	62½	62¼	62¼
25	Keystone Tel.	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
100	Lake Superior Corp.	26½	26¼	26¼
14	Lehigh Nav.	119½	119½	119½
61	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	120	119¼	119¼
10,780	Lehigh Valley	105	102⅛	103¼
100	Lit Brothers	16	16	16
100	Mexican Central	26½	26½	26½
100	N. Y., O. & W.	45½	45½	45½
1,100	Pennsylvania	67⅛	66 11-16	66 11-16
221	Phila. Co. pf.	45½	45	45½
710	Phila. Electric	14	13⅞	14
8,131	Phila. R. T.	26¾	25	25½
50	Phila. Traction	88¾	88½	88¾
330	Reading	81½	80½	80⅞
12	Reading 1st pf.	46	46	46
100	Rock Island	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝
210	Southern Railway	30⅞	30¾	30¾
10	Tol., St. L. & W.	50¼	50¼	50¼
805	Tonopah Belmont	15-16	15-16	15-16
130	Tonopah Mining	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
1,358	Union Traction	51⅝	51	51
1,367	U. G. I.	94¼	93½	93½
7,030	U. S. Steel	86¼	83⅞	84¼
14	U. S. Steel pf.	122¾	122¾	122¾
10	Wabash	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞
106	Warwick L. & S.	11½	11⅛	11½
10	W. J. & S. S.	55	55	55

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for Jan. 15 as follows:

	Jan. 15.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Cust.	$1,070,121.85	$11,316,628.80	$179,172,622.76
In. rev.	1,541,178.57	10,016,846.88	147,045,250.57
Misc.	973,784.63	2,659,311.32	24,654,036.83
Total	$3,585,085.05	$23,992,787.00	$350,871,910.16
Expds.	1,483,992.50	27,032,341.70	377,831,375.33
Surp.	2,101,092.55	*3,039,554.70	*26,959,465.17

*Deficit.

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Jan. 17.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	8¼	8¾	McKinney	46	48
Elkton	70⅛	70½	Old Gold	4	4¼
El Paso	64⅛	65	Portland	88	90
Gold Dollar	11	11½	Vindicator	72½	76
Isabella	17¼	18¼	J. Sample	9½	9⅞
Jackpot	7	7¼			

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Lee McClung, United States Treasurer, spent yesterday at the Sub-Treasury in conference with Assistant Treasurer Terry.

At the annual meeting of the Standard Coupler Company yesterday Directors were re-elected with the exception that George A. Post, Jr., was elected to succeed J. E. French.

E. C. Gayley has been elected Vice President and Director of the Western Steel Car and Foundry Company, to succeed the late [illegible] W. Friend. J. H. Regan and James A. [illegible] have been elected Directors to succeed [illegible] McCord and D. W. McCord, retired.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Monday.

Liquidation pressed upon the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Mingled with it was heavy short selling by the room traders, which assisted materially in carrying prices downward. Commission house stop-loss orders were uncovered all through the list, and the decline was unchecked, until near the close of the day, when there was large covering to secure profits on the short side. This prevented a number of the leading stocks from touching as low prices as were reached on the New York Stock Exchange. Sales were heavy, totaling 164,150 shares, distributed among sixty-six different issues.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
6,350	Amal. Copper	85	85½	82¾	83½
100	Am. Beet Sug.	43⅝	44½	43⅝	44
120	Am. Can	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½
580	Am. C. & Fdy.	66⅞	67⅝	65⅝	65¾
140	Am. Cot. Oil	65	65	63⅞	63⅞
10	Am. H. & L.	7½	7½	7½	7½
10	Am. Ice	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼
30	Am. Linseed	16	16	16	16
280	Am. Locomo.	57⅝	57⅝	55¼	55¼
8,750	Am. Smelting	95⅜	96	93¼	93½
50	Am. Sugar	122½	122½	122	122
240	Anaconda Cop.	50½	50¾	49⅞	50½
740	A., T. & S. F.	119⅝	120¼	118¾	118¾
30	Balt. & Ohio	117	117	115½	115½
740	Brook. R. T.	75⅝	76¼	75⅜	74⅞
770	Cent. Leather	44¼	44¾	43	43
620	Ches. & Ohio	87¼	88⅜	86⅝	87
10	C. G. W., new	33	33	33	33
5,700	C., M. & St.P.	149¾	149⅞	147	147⅝
1,170	Col. F. & I.	44½	45⅛	43⅝	43⅝
820	Consol. Gas	151	153⅞	150⅛	150⅝
100	Corn Products	21¼	21¼	20⅝	20⅝
300	Den. & R. G.	45¾	46	44¾	45
60	Dist. Securities	34½	34⅝	34¼	34¼
800	Erie	31⅝	32	30⅝	31
30	Erie 2d pf.	39	39	39	39
280	Gt. North. pf.	136½	136¼	133	133¼
60	G. N. ore cfs.	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾
670	Inter.-Met.	24¼	24¼	23⅞	23⅞
660	Int.-Met. pf.	62¾	62½	60½	61
20	Kan. City So.	40⅝	40⅞	40⅝	40⅞
1,240	Mo., K. & T.	46⅝	46⅝	44⅝	44⅝
390	Mo. Pacific	67½	68⅝	66⅝	67
100	Mo. Pac. rts.	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
300	Nat. Lead	86¼	86¼	85⅛	85⅛
310	Nat. M. 2d pf.	25¾	26¼	25¼	25¾
850	N. Y. Central	120	120⅝	119	119⅝
390	N.Y., O. & W.	46¼	46⅜	44¾	44⅞
1,240	Nor. Pacific	137¼	137⅝	134⅜	134⅝
210	Pacific Mail	34⅝	35	33⅝	33⅝
3,100	Pennsylvania	133⅞	134⅛	132⅛	133¼
130	People's Gas	113⅝	113⅝	112⅛	112½
380	Pitts. Coal	23⅝	23⅝	22⅝	22⅝
130	Pr. Steel Car	46¼	46⅝	45⅝	46
30	Ry. St. Spg.	46⅜	47	46⅜	47
23,840	Reading	162⅞	163⅛	160⅝	161¼
70	Rep. Steel	41⅞	41⅞	40⅜	40⅞
1,930	Rock Island	45⅞	47⅛	45⅛	45⅛
4,580	Southern Pac.	132⅝	132⅝	130	130⅝
180	Southern Ry.	31	31⅛	30½	30½
20	South. Ry. pf.	70	70	69¾	69¾
10	Tenn. Copper	37	37	37	37
60	Texas Pacific	33¼	33¼	32¼	32¼
90	Third Av.	16¼	16⅝	15½	16
45,700	Union Pac.	194⅝	195⅞	192	192¼
450	U. S. Rubber	47	47½	46¼	46¼
360	U. S. Rub. rts.	8c.	8c.	8c.	8c.
46,000	U. S. Steel	85⅝	86¼	83⅞	84⅛
160	U. S. Steel pf.	123¼	123⅝	122¾	122⅝
70	Utah Copper	54⅛	54⅛	53½	53⅝
400	Va.-C. Chem.	54¾	55⅛	53⅝	53⅝
380	Wabash	22¾	23¼	22⅝	22⅝
830	Wabash pf.	50⅛	50⅝	49⅝	50
50	West. Union	74	74	73½	73½
20	Western Md.	50½	50½	50½	50½
120	Westing. Elec.	74	74½	72¾	73
164,150					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Atlanta	.11	.11	.11	.11
400	Belmont	.92	.92	.90	.90
500	Comstock	.34	.34	.34	.34
600	Com. Fract.	.40	.40	.40	.40
300	Cons. C. & V.	1.72½	1.72½	1.72½	1.72½
400	Goldf. Daisy	.08	.08	.08	.08
400	Goldf. Cons.	7.80	7.85	7.80	7.85
1,600	Jumbo Ext.	.13	.13½	.13	.13½
300	Ohpir	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10
1,000	Pharmacist	.03	.03	.03	.03
500	Tonopah Ext.	.71	.77	.71	.77
3,200	Tramps	.06	.07	.06	.07
9,700					

WHEAT.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
450,000	May option	1.11¼	1.11⅝	1.09⅝	1.10⅛

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—The local market opened strong this morning, with North Lake the feature. Opening quotations on this issue were one point above Saturday's close, and the price made a further fractional advance to 17¾. North Butte sold up to 44¼ and Lake to 91¼. The undertone held steady until after the noon hour, when the softening tendency which became apparent in the New York market was reflected in the local list, and the copper shares suffered a reaction all around. There was no very heavy selling on the decline, however, and the close was steady at the recession.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	93	92¾	92¾
5,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	103½	103½	103½
2,000	Am. Z., L. & S. M. 6s	150	150	150
500	Atch., T. & S. F. 4s	100½	100½	100½
2,500	A., G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	70	70	70
5,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
3,000	C., B. & Q. jnt. 4s, reg.	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞
4,000	C., J. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101¼	101¼	101¼
3,000	C. & West Mich. 5s	104	104	104
1,000	K. C., M. & B. inc. 5s	91	91	91
10,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	98½	98½	98½
5,000	Western T. & T. 5s	98½	98½	98½

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Atchison	119	119	119
20	Atchison pf.	104	104	104
95	Boston Elevated	134¾	134½	134¾
25	Boston & Albany	232	231	232
25	Boston & Maine	149	149	149
40	C. J. R. & S. Y.	153	153	153
21	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf.	118	117	118
20	Fitchburg pf.	129¼	129¼	129¼
300	Mass. Electric	18½	18½	18½
22	Mass. Electric pf.	80½	80	80
181	N. Y., N. H. & H.	156½	156	156½
55	N.Y., N.H.&H. 25% pd.	147	147	147
35	Union Pacific	195	193¾	193¾
5	Vermont & Mass.	168	168	168
78	West End	94½	94½	94½
2	West End pf.	108	108	108

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,777	American	138⅜	137⅞	137⅞
210	Mexican	3½	3½	3½
113	Mexican pf.	6½	6	6
120	New England	134½	134½	134½
30	Western	16	16	16
27	Western pf.	93	93	93

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
410	Am. Agr. Chem.	45½	45¼	45¼
61	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	103	102¼	102¼
12	A., G. & W. I. S. S.	10¼	10¼	10¼
10	A., G. & W. I. S. S. pf.	27	27	27
820	Am. Pneu. Svc.	7	7	7
402	Am. Pneu. Svc. pf.	19¼	18¾	18¾
100	Am. Sug. Rfg.	123	122	122
254	Am. Sug. Rfg. pf.	122½	121¼	122
286	Am. Woolen pf.	103	101⅝	102
100	Boston Land	6½	6½	6½
50	East Boston Land	10¾	10½	10¾
2,450	Edison (rights)	3⅝	3½	3½
141	Edison	243½	243	243
16	Eastern S. S.	81	80	80
10	Georgia Ry. & El. pf.	88	88	88
10	General Electric	154¼	154¼	154¼
233	Mass. Gas	80	79⅞	79⅞
26	Mass. Gas pf.	95½	95	95
20	N. E. Cotton Yarn	123½	123	123
74	Pullman	189	189	189
80	Reece	12	11¾	12
305	Rotary Ring	14½	13¾	13¾
104	Swift	109	108½	109
60	Torrington Class A	34	33½	33½
158	United Fruit	167	166	167
1,736	United Shoe	68⅛	67⅝	68
165	United Shoe pf.	30	30	30
5,324	U. S. Steel	86⅛	83⅞	84
5	U. S. Steel pf.	123¼	123¼	123¼

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
515	Adventure	8¼	7⅝	7½
4,867	Amalgamated	85¼	82¾	83⅛
100	Allouez	54	54	54
50	Am. Zinc	36	36	36
520	Arcadian	9¼	9	9¼
845	Arizona Com'l	46⅞	45¾	45¾
950	Arnold	1⅝	1½	1½
970	Atlantic	11¾	11½	11½
317	Boston Cons.	20	19	19⅝
220	Boston Corbin	23¼	22½	22½
1,125	Butte Coalition	26⅝	25⅞	26
355	Calumet & Arizona	94	92	92½
170	Centennial	34	34	34
360	Copper Range	83	82¼	83
70	Daly-West	8½	8¼	8½
577	East Butte	12	11⅝	11⅝
525	Elm River	3½	3¼	3¾
1,298	Franklin	20	18⅝	18¾
1,450	Giroux	11½	11	11
43	Granby	105	104	104
5	Granby (rights)	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,225	Greene-Cananea	10¾	10⅝	10⅝
585	Hancock	33¼	32	32
1,095	Isle Royale	27	26	26
1,850	Kerr Lake	9¼	9	9¼
125	Keeweenaw	5¾	5¼	5¼
5,800	Lake	91¼	85½	88
2,233	La Salle	18¾	18	18¼
115	Mass.	9	9	9
890	Mayflower	1⅝	1½	1½
5,020	Miami	26	24	24¾
50	Michigan	7¼	7¼	7¼
1,900	Mohawk	72	70	71¼
200	National	1	1	1
1,004	Nevada	26¼	25⅞	26¼
240	Newhouse	3⅝	3¼	3¼
365	Nipissing	10	9⅞	9⅞
2,840	North Butte	44⅛	42⅞	42⅞
13,945	North Lake	17⅞	15⅞	16⅞
785	Ojibway	12¼	11¾	11⅞
150	Old Colony	1½	1 7-16	1 7-16
180	Old Dominion	50⅞	50	50
45	Osceola	160	160	160
277	Parrot	20¼	20	20
5	Santa Fe	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
970	Shannon	16¼	16¼	16¼
385	St. Mary's Land	68⅛	67	67
385	Superior	65¾	63⅞	64¼
235	Superior & Boston	16¾	16¼	16¼
1,225	Superior & Pittsburg	16⅜	15¾	15¾
85	Tamarack	67	66⅛	66⅜
860	Tamarack (rights)	2	1⅞	1⅞
245	Trinity	10	10	10
875	U. S. Oil	39⅜	39	39¼
855	U. S. Smelting	50⅜	49¼	50
499	U. S. Smelting pf.	52⅛	51	51
115	Utah Apex	5	4⅝	4⅝
160	Utah Cons.	42	41	42
120	Utah Copper	54⅛	53	53
45	Victoria	5	5	5
985	Winona	13⅝	12⅛	12⅛
985	Wyandotte	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

London Exchange Reflects Disappointment Over Election Results.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Money was a shade harder to-day, owing to payments for Treasury bills amounting to $20,000,000. Discounts rates were easy. The Bank of England and India shared the weekly gold arrivals, which amounted to $2,500,000.

On the Stock Exchange prices opened lower on realizations by disappointed traders, who bought in anticipation of larger Unionist gains at Saturday's elections. Home rails, Kaffirs, and consols suffered most, the latter falling half a point during the session and closing only a sixteenth above the worst. Foreigners were steady on Paris buying, and copper shares recovered in sympathy with Americans.

American securities opened steady and a fraction higher on better trade reports and the good New York bank statement. Union Pacific and Canadian Pacific led the improvement, which was maintained until the afternoon, when New York offerings caused weakness. The market recovered near the close and finished steady.

Bar silver steady, 24½d per ounce.

Money, 2 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3 1-16 per cent.; for three months' bills, 3 1-16 per cent.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 99f 15c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 18c for checks.

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—Prices were stronger on the Boerse to-day. American securitise were in good demand.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	93½	94½
German consol 3s	84½	85½
Prussian Government 4s	102	103
Bavarian Government 4s	102	103
Hessian Government 3½s	92½	93½
Saxony Government 3s	84	85
Hamburg Government 3s	83¾	84¾
City of Berlin 4s	100½	101½
City of Cologne 4s	100½	101½
City of Augsburg 4s	100½	101½
City of Munich 4s	100½	101½
City of Frankfurt-a-M. 3½s	93	94
City of Vienna 4s	95½	96½
Mexican Government gold 5s	100½	101½
Russian Government gold 4s	91½	92½
French Government rente 3s	98½	99½
British consol 2½s	82	83

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	82⅝	..	..	—1-16
Consols, account	82 13-16	..	..	—1-16
Anaconda	10½	51⅛	50⅝	+ ⅜
Atchison	123⅜	120⅛	120⅛	+ ¼
Can. Pacific	185	180⅜	179½	+ ⅝
St. Paul	153½	149⅜	150	— ⅝
Erie	32⅞	32	32¼	— ¼
Erie 1st pf.	51	49⅝	49½	+ ⅛
Illinois Cent.	147	143	142¾	+ ¼
Louis. & Nash.	158	153¾	153	+ ¾
N. Y. Cent.	123¼	120	119¾	+ ¼
Pennsylvania	68½	133¾	134	— ¼
Reading	83½	162½	163	— ½
Southern Pacific	136⅛	132½	132⅛	+ ⅜
Union Pac.	200⅛	194⅝	194⅞	— ¼
U. S. Steel	88⅜	86	85½	+ ½
U. S. Steel pf.	126½	123¼	123⅛	..

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	8	3	Esperanza	2	18	9
Tomboy	0	17	6	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	7	3	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	3

Bank of Germany.

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes:

Cash in hand increased 78,859,000 marks, loans decreased 49,208,000 marks, discounts decreased 139,231,000 marks, Treasury bills decreased 53,374,000 marks, notes in circulation decreased 195,254,000 marks, deposits increased 39,576,000 marks, and gold in hand increased 57,154,000 marks.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 17.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.18	Julia	.16
Alpha Con.	.13	Justice	.20
Andes	.25	Kentucky Con.	.15
Belcher	1.22	L. Wash. Con.	.15
Best & Belcher	.85	Mexican	1.75
Bullion	.20	Occidental Con.	.35
Caledonia	.65	Ophir	2.12
Challenge Con.	.36	Overman	.67
Chollar	.10	Potosi	.61
Confidence	1.35	Savage	.53
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.77	Sag Belcher	.10
Con. Imperial	.08	Sierra Nevada	.77
Crown Point	1.15	Union Con.	.89
Gould & Curry	.39	Utah Con.	.10
Hale & Norcross	.59	Yellow Jacket	1.30

Silver bars, 52@52⅝; Mexican dollars, 45; drafts, sight, 4@5 per cent. premium; telegraph, 9@10 per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	1.00	Crackerjack	.01
Jim Butler	.09	Daisy	.08
McNamara	.26	Goldfield Con. M.	7.95
Midway	.19	Great Bend	.03
Montana	.85	Jumbo Extension	.21
North Star	.01	Lone Star	.03
Tonopah Extension	.08	Red Hills	.03
West End	.21	Sandstorm	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.08
Atlanta	.10	BULLFROG.	
Blue Bell	.02	Montgomery Mtn.	.02
Combination Fract.	.40	Tramps Cons.	.07

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Trading on the local Exchange was quiet and in some of the higher-priced issues there was recession, as, for instance, Diamond Match, Chicago Telephone, and Swift were off a fraction. Sears was fractionally higher. In the afternoon Chicago Telephone shares recovered, but Boxboard sold down half a point. Booth closed ½ point higher and Sears showed as much net loss. Street's closed at 40. Illinois Brick took a new grip on things and closed at 79, a net gain of 2½ points.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Can	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
200	American Can pf.	79⅝	79½	79⅝
20	American Ship	77	77	77
10	Booth Fisheries	37½	37½	37½
180	Chicago Pneu. Tool	40	40	40
50	Chicago Subway	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
24	Chicago Telephone	130	129¾	130
86	Com. Edison	120	120	120
60	Com. Edison rts. w. i.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
175	Diamond Match	124	122	123
253	Illinois Brick	79	77	79
1	Kan. City Ry. pf.	70	70	70
175	M. T. El. pf.	54	53¼	53¼
10	Nat. Biscuit	114	114	114
25	Nat. Carbon	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝
286	People's Gas	113⅝	113	118
75	Quaker Oats	165	165	165
100	Quaker Oats pf.	105	105	105
25	Quaker Oats rcts.	163	163	163
500	Sears-Roebuck	160	158	158
130	Sears-Roebuck pf.	121¼	121	121
975	Street's S. Car	40⅞	39¼	40
236	Swift & Co.	109	108½	108⅝
670	Union Boxboard	13	12½	12½
75	Western Stone	20	20	20

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
CHICAGO & ALTON—			
1st week Jan.	$214,282	$219,855	*$5,573
July 1-Jan. 7	7,414,986	6,919,071	495,915
GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA—			
1st week Jan.	39,529	38,669	860
July 1-Jan. 7	1,210,880	999,106	211,774
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—			
2d week Jan.	200,249	178,411	21,838
July 1-Jan. 14	6,157,951	5,876,126	281,825
TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—			
1st week Jan.	58,723	55,874	2,849
July 1-Jan. 7	2,028,950	1,862,112	166,838
TWIN CITY LINES—			
1st week Jan.	129,017	117,399	11,618
WABASH—			
2d week Jan.	511,148	441,276	69,872
July 1-Jan. 14	15,694,741	14,206,810	1,487,931

*Decrease.

NORTHERN OHIO TRACTION AND LIGHT for December—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	182,912	160,454	147,862
Expenses	101,555	86,147	82,286
Net	81,357	74,306	65,570
Charges	43,209	43,999	43,362
Surplus	38,148	30,307	22,214
Gross, 12 mos.	2,177,642	1,890,473	1,909,001
Expenses	1,190,057	1,086,423	1,095,755
Net, 12 mos.	987,585	804,050	813,306
Fixed charges	524,066	526,532	513,242
Surplus	463,519	277,517	300,064
Dividends	157,500	134,151	158,778
Surplus	306,019	143,366	141,286

ST. LOUIS, ROCKY MOUNTAIN & PACIFIC for the year ended June 30—

	1909.	1908.	Decrease.
Gross revenue	1,439,045	1,535,996	96,951
Cost, exp., and taxes	982,981	1,006,586	23,605
Net income	456,064	529,409	73,345
Interest chgs.	377,618	380,548	8,930
Other deductions	20,684	17,144	*3,540
Total deductions	398,303	403,692	5,389
Balance	57,761	125,717	67,956
Replac & deprec.	79,306	106,508	27,202
Deficit	21,545	†19,209	*40,754
Prev. surplus	157,067	137,858	*19,209
Total	135,522	157,067	21,545
‡Apprec. of stk.	248,954		*248,954
Surp. June 30	384,476	157,067	*227,409

*Increase. †Surplus. ‡Appreciation of stock of Blossb. Mer. Co., &c.

UNITED RAILWAYS OF ST. LOUIS for December—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	918,328	910,288	870,002
Expenses	601,491	555,430	557,907
Net	316,837	354,858	312,095
Charges	232,176	233,866	231,494
Surplus	84,661	120,992	80,601

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN LIGHT AND TRACTION COMPANY for December—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Gross	$391,822	$310,342	$81,479
Expenses	9,562	3,000	6,562
Net	382,259	307,342	74,917
Gross, 12 mos.	3,345,440	2,723,063	622,377
Expenses	106,261	45,000	61,261
Net, 12 mos.	3,239,179	2,678,063	561,116

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

O'Neil & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss M. Frink, fancy goods; The Breslin.
Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. J. Barnett, woolens; 438 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.
Boston Store, Chicago, Ill.; O. J. Jacobson, hats and clothing; B. J. Ryan, domestics; E. P. Nolan, dress goods; J. A. Witt, cloaks and suits; Mr. Leslie, shoes; Mr. Price, linings; G. Brandels, general merchandise and silks; K. Louis, gloves; L. V. Clark, hosiery; 377 Broadway.
McCreery & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; A. F. Williams, upholstery goods; 214 Church Street; Hotel Navarre.
Samuels, J., & Brother, Providence, R. I.; J. C. Mizer, notions; Park Avenue Hotel.
Weil, R., & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; E. O. Peterson, cloaks and suits; 100 Fifth Avenue.
Prager Company, San Francisco, Cal.; I. Rosenthal, notions and linings; Hotel King Edward.
Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. S. Rauh, hosiery and knit goods and gloves; 377 Broadway.
Baird, D., & Son, Louisville, Ky.; Miss E. Owen, millinery; 621 Broadway; Hotel St. Denis.
Doody, W. A., Company, Macon, Ga.; J. T. Redding, notions and furnishing goods; 821 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.
Barton Company, Manchester, N. H.; W. C. Hoyt, cloaks and suits; Hotel Broztell.
Dayton Dry Goods Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; L. Collins, cloaks and suits; 821 Broadway; Hotel Woodward.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. F. Bruce, dress goods; G. E. Fechtner, hosiery; A. R. Palmer, rugs and carpets; 104 Worth Street.
Martin & Naylor Company, Gloversville, N. Y.; J. Martin, carpets and millinery; Mrs. W. E. Jeffers, cloaks and suits; 41 Union Square; Hotel York.
Purcell, J. D., Company, Lexington, Ky.; W. O. Sweeney, cloaks, waists, and corsets; 45 Lispenard Street; Hotel Latham.
Rhodes, E. L., & Co., Atlanta, Ga.; E. L. Rhodes, millinery; Broadway Central Hotel.
Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; H. G. Cameron, cloaks and suits; 214 Church Street.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss E. Spillane, cloaks, suits, and waists; 214 Church Street.
Epstein, J., Baltimore, Md.; A. R. Katz, neckwear; Hoffman House.
Symons Dry Goods Company, Butte, Mon.; W. L. Melic, domestics and dress goods; 821 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.
Tootle-Campbell Dry Goods Company, St. Joseph, Mo.; R. L. Campbell, wash goods; J. B. Campbell, domestics; 75 Leonard Street.
Fordyce-Osborne Company, Youngstown, Ohio; V. C. Thompson, cloaks and suits; 75 Spring Street.
Bush & Bull Company, Williamsport, Penn.; C. S. Longacre, housefurnishing goods; Hotel Grand.
Bartel, Adam H., Company, Richmond, Ind.; J. M. Coate, hosiery and gloves; 43 Leonard Street.
Maxwell-McClure-Fitts Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; R. M. Maxwell, hosiery and furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street; Park Avenue Hotel.
Robinson, J. M., Norton Company, Louisville, Ky.; G. P. Walton, laces, hosiery, corsets, and underwear; 72 Leonard Street.
Burnham, Stoepel & Co., Detroit, Mich.; F. S. Stoepel, silks and dress goods; T. Griffith, prints and wash goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Holmes, D. H., Company, New Orleans, La.; J. A. Bellamy, linens and white goods; D. J. Geary, furniture and draperies; J. J. Muller, ribbons and notions; A. Mengelle, men's furnishing goods; J. A. Monier, men's clothing; N. L. Clark, china and glass; C. B. Merrill, shoes and boys' clothing; Miss L. Mogreevy, hosiery, gloves, knit underwear, and umbrellas; Mrs. R. Sherwood, cloaks, suits, and dresses; Miss J. L. Hogan, muslin underwear and children's wear; Miss M. Cronan, millinery; Miss M. Gee, waists; 20 East Twentieth Street.
Kjos, O. A., Lewiston, Idaho; cloaks and suits; 16 East Eighteenth Street.
Marston, G. A., San Diego, Cal.; A. Marston, cloaks and suits; 31 Union Square.
Crews-Beggs Dry Goods Company, Pueblo, Col.; L. N. Hart, cloaks, suits, waists, and millinery; 41 Union Square.
Schipper & Block, Peoria, Ill.; W. Forbes, cloaks, suits, and waists; 41 Union Square.
Chamberlain-Johnson-Dubose Company, Atlanta, Ga.; E. H. Macon, furniture; 31 Union Square.
Original Picture Frame Manufacturing Company, Scranton, Penn.; D. Rubinowitz, pictures; 26 Union Square.
Joske Brothers Company, San Antonio, Texas; F. Falkstein, ready-to-wear; 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Lewis, A. J., & Son Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; C. W. Finlayson, cloaks and suits; Karl von Kalt, clothing, furnishing goods, and women's knit underwear; 16 East Eighteenth Street.
Giddings Brothers, Colorado Springs, Col.; Mr. Koch, cloaks and suits; 16 East Eighteenth Street.
Wolff, J. S., Clothing Company, St. Louis, Mo.; S. C. Kendis, furnishing goods and hats; W. Wolff, clothing; Hotel Knickerbocker.
Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; Miss E. Thall, cloaks and suits; J. M. Mayer, general merchandise; 684 Broadway.
Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; J. Strachan, hosiery; F. O. Streich, silks and ribbons; D. S. Betts, ribbons; H. H. Anning, outings and flannels; 72 Leonard Street.
Horne, J., Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; W. Schenck, dress goods; 320 Church Street.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss McCann, cloaks and suits; 821 Broadway.
Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co., Providence, R. I.; Mr. Martin, dry goods; A. J. Ferguson, housefurnishing goods; 2 Walker Street.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; W. N. Baxter, underwear and knit goods; 454 Broome Street.
Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; J. McLaren, carpets; E. S. Henner, carpets; A. S. Dalglish, millinery; J. A. Armstrong, clothing; 214 Church Street.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss M. Munn, suits; 214 Church Street.
Clawson & Wilson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; A. Hamling, notions and laces; 51 Leonard Street.
Sweeney Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; G. P. Herzog, muslin underwear and infants' wear; 75 Spring Street.
Schuster, E., & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; M. Levy, cloaks, suits, and muslin underwear; Prince George Hotel.
Bacon, Jr., & Sons, Louisville, Ky.; C. C. Gunn, cloaks and suits; 214 Church Street.
Goldstein, J. A., Waco, Texas; Mr. McGill, dry goods; 43 East Seventeenth Street.
Kerfoot-Miller Dry Goods Company, Oklahoma City, Okla.; M. Kerfoot, dry goods; Park Avenue Hotel.
Hargadine-McKittrick Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; J. A. Robie, silks; J. L. Selfridge, dress goods; 72 Leonard Street.
Smith-McCord-Townsend Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; P. P. Barber, dress goods and silks; A. B. Hestwood, domestics; 72 Leonard Street.
Havens & Geddes Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; L. P. Goebel, dress goods and silks; 72 Leonard Street.
Patrick, F. A., & Co., Duluth, Minn.; Mr. Rose, dry goods; F. A. Patrick, domestics; 51 Leonard Street.
Donaldson, L. S., Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; T. E. Covington, draperies; 2 Walker Street.
Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. W. Toles, carpets and upholstery goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Burnham, Stoepel & Co., Detroit, Mich.; J. Wilson, knit underwear and hosiery; W. B. Campbell, laces, notions, and muslin underwear; 43 Leonard Street.
Burnham-Hanna-Munger Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; R. S. Jones, linens, laces, and notions; H. L. Root, hosiery and gloves; D. L. Munger, linings; 43 Leonard Street.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; W. Granfield, handkerchiefs; 2 Walker Street.
Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; E. A. Blackwell, furnishing goods; 2 Walker Street.
Wheeler & Motter Dry Goods Company, St. Joseph, Mo.; J. Motter, domestics; 51 Leonard Street.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. W. Ohl, cloaks and waists; W. E. Nesbit, dry goods; 115 Worth Street.
Crowley Brothers, Detroit, Mich.; J. J. Crowley, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Murphy, Grant & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Mr. Gerwin, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Root & McBride Company, Cleveland, Ohio; S. M. Bond, prints and dress goods; J. B. Henrion, hosiery and underwear; 72 Leonard Street.
Lowenstein, B., & Brothers Dry Goods Company, Memphis, Tenn.; W. Folz, prints and dress goods; 72 Leonard Street.
Patrick, F. A., & Co., Duluth, Minn.; T. A. Reynolds, dress goods and linens; 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Broztell.
Clawson & Wilson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; N. Collins, overals and working shirts; 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Broztell.
Bernhard, S., Fort Worth, Texas; cloaks, suits, and waists; 11 West Seventeenth Street; Hotel Navarre.
Tootle-Campbell Dry Goods Company, St. Joseph, Mo.; O. Teagarten, dress goods and silks; Mr. Smith, dry goods; 75 Leonard Street.
Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; F. Smith, wash goods; C. Parkhill, dress goods and woolens; W. E. Rice, wash goods; 72 Leonard Street.
Youngstown Dry Goods Company, Youngstown, Ohio; T. R. Stevens, domestics and dress goods; 72 Leonard Street.
Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; C. R. March, cloaks and suits; 2 Walker Street.
Peck, George B., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; Mr. Graham, dry goods; 2 Walker Street.
Burnham-Hanna-Munger Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; W. Clay, dress goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Burnham, Stoepel & Co., Detroit, Mich.; O. F. Robinson, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Ferguson-McKinney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. Kent, remnants; R. Lowenbaum, muslin underwear and manufacturing department; H. Lawson, manufacturing department; 350 Broadway.
Hibben, Hallwek & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; H. S. Pollock, dress goods; 320 Broadway.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; W. Granfield, handkerchiefs; 2 Walker Street.
Nordhoff & Co., Seattle, Wash.; C. MacLaren, notions and leather goods; 2 Walker Street.
Pittsburg Dry Goods Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; E. H. Lloyd, domestics; W. F. Dalzell, dress goods and prints; H. Jennwine, umbrellas; D. T. McKeag, flannels; C. W. Dickinson, furnishing goods and manufacturing department; 43 Leonard Street.
Hundley Dry Goods Company, St. Joseph, Mo.; J. M. Brady, laces and embroideries; A. G. Ferguson, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Maxwell-McClure-Fitts Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; J. C. Fitts, domestics, dress goods, and silks; L. B. McJumpsey, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street.
Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; B. S. Chapin, cloaks and suits; 2 Walker Street; Hoffman House.
Konn, S., Sons, & Co., Washington, D. C.; H. P. Selmon, cloaks and suits; 621 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Hutzler Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; L. S. Hutzler, wash goods; E. B. Hutzler, notions and gloves; Hoffman House.
Edward, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss M. Reed, fancy goods; Hotel Victoria.
Wyman, Partridge & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; F. P. Hopwood, prints; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Seville.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; G. E. Smith, suspenders; W. M. Williams, ladies' neckwear; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Latham.
Herz, A., Terre Haute, Ind.; E. Bauer, cloaks, suits, and waists; 487 Broadway; Hotel Latham.
Hale Brothers, San Francisco, Cal.; W. C. Moore, dress goods and silks; 395 Broadway; Hotel Seville.
Daniels & Fisher Stores Company, Denver, Col.; J. A. Porter, cloaks, suits, and waists; 56 Worth Street.
Ascher, T., Company, Chicago, Ill.; L. Burlin, hats; 621 Broadway.
MacInnes, J. C., Company, Worcester, Mass.; G. F. Moran, linings; G. W. Aubuchon, hosiery and gloves; 57 White Street; Hotel Broztell.
Bernheimer Brothers & Co., Kansas City, Mo.; S. Ewing, hosiery, underwear, and umbrellas; 685 Broadway.
May Shoe and Clothing Company, Denver, Col.; T. Milroy, hats; 4 Washington Place; Hotel St. Denis.
McWhirr, R. A., Company, Fall River, Mass.; Miss E. Hathaway, laces and ribbons; 75 Spring Street; Hotel St. Denis.
Smith-McCord-Townsend Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; C. C. Wright, ladies ready-to-wear; 72 Leonard Street.
Rosenberg, J., Troy, Ala.; dry goods; The Breslin.
Lord & Gage, Reading, Penn.; Miss A. B. Szink, ladies' wear; 214 Church Street; The Breslin.
Drewry-Hughes Company, Richmond, Va.; J. H. Estes, notions and furnishing goods; W. A. Powers, dry goods; The Breslin.
Rindskoff & Loeb, Schenectady, N. Y.; J. C. Rindskoff, dry goods; The Breslin.
Healy, R., Company, Worcester, Mass.; A. J. McGrail, cloaks and suits; Hotel Imperial.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; Miss K. Maloney, infants' wear; 454 Broome Street.
Byrne & Hammer Dry Goods Company, Omaha, Neb.; W. M. Nash, dry goods; 51 Leonard Street.
Powers & Little, Knoxville, Tenn.; H. H. Powers, cloths; Hotel Imperial.
Baker-Poston Company, Mineralsville, Texas; J. A. Dixon, general merchandise; Miss Davis, ladies' wear; Hotel Albert.
Silberberg Brothers, Niagara Falls, N. Y.; L. S. Silberberg, furnishing goods; G. J. Silberberg, gloves; Hotel Imperial.
Shepard Company, Providence, R. I.; Miss V. Gormley, laces; 31 Union Square.
Healy, R., Company, Albany, N. Y.; T. J. Buckley, cloaks and suits; Hotel Imperial.
Frederick & Nelson, Seattle, Wash.; C. B. Baskette, white goods; 16 East Eighteenth Street; Hotel Broztell.
Baker-Poston Company, Weatherford, Texas; G. C. Poston, dry goods; Miss Sturgis, waists; Hotel Albert.
Baker-Poston Company, San Angelo, Texas; W. A. Hemphill, general merchandise; Miss Felton, ladies' wear; Hotel Albert.
Shortenberg & Robinson, Pawtucket, R. I.; C. H. Clark, cloaks, suits, and waists; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Broztell.
Siegel, H., Company, Boston, Mass.; P. B. Sharp, silks; Hotel Broztell.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; J. Engler, upholstery goods; 454 Broome Street; Hotel Broztell.
Minneapolis Dry Goods Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; C. Bertram, upholstery goods; 454 Broome Street; Hotel Broztell.
Tinsley, P. J., Millinery Company, Nashville, Tenn.; W. H. Jetton, millinery; W. A. Roberts, millinery; Hotel Navarre.
Lowenstein, B., & Brothers, Memphis, Tenn.; F. W. Ives, jewelry and leather goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Navarre.
Callender, McAuslan & Troup Company, Providence, R. I.; F. E. Leach, dress goods; 2 Walker Street.
Armstrong-Turner Millinery Company, Denver, Col.; J. J. Platfoot, millinery and ribbons; 621 Broadway; The Hermitage.
Wolff & Marx Company, San Antonio, Texas; E. Wolff, cloaks and infants' wear; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel King Edward.
Townsend & Wyatt Dry Goods Company, St. Joseph, Mo.; W. H. Gordon, dress goods and silks; 38 Union Square; Hotel York.
Carleton Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; C. D. Short, white goods; J. W. Stahlberg, laces, handkerchiefs, and ribbons; 56 Worth Street; Hotel Navarre.
Siegel, H., Company, Boston, Mass.; R. G. Alexander, bedding; Herald Square Hotel.
Strowbridge & Clothier, Philadelphia, Penn.; J. M. McCutcheon, dress goods; 874 Broadway; Hotel Cadillac.
Gayber, C. J., & Co., Mobile, Ala.; J. I. Manning, cloaks and suits; Hotel Cadillac.
Isaacs, M., Company, New Orleans, La.; M. Zander, clothing; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Meldrum, H. A., Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. Mischler, boys' clothing; 41 Union Square; King Edward Hotel.
Arbuthnot-Stephenson Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; T. I. Donaldson, hosiery and underwear; 43 Leonard Street.
Goldsmith, J., Sons & Co., Memphis, Tenn.; M. Kremer, millinery; 43 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Long, J., Sons, Scranton, Penn.; A. C. Roberts, upholstery goods; 817 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.
Wallace Sons, Statesville, S. C.; H. Wallace, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Mandelbaum, J., & Sons, Des Moines, Iowa; M. Cohen, cloaks, suits, and waists; 45 Lispenard Street.
Nachman & Meertief, Montgomery, Ala.; A. Nachman, dry goods; 31 Union Square.
Gushard, William, Dry Goods Company, Decatur, Ill.; J. A. Kuth, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Cumberland.
Boston Dry Goods Company, Boston, Mass.; I. Talman, dress goods; W. K. Melcher, linens; 72 Grand Street; Hotel York.
Beekmans, New Oreans, La.; B. Beekman, cloaks and suits; Hotel Wellington.
Klein, L., Chicago, Ill.; E. Mayer, clothing; 406 Broadway; Hotel Cadillac.
Leverton, J. L., & Co., Washington, D. C.; J. L. Leverton, cloaks and suits; Hotel Grand.
Fordyce-Osborne Company, Youngstown, Ohio; E. L. Morgan, notions, gloves, handkerchiefs, and trimmings; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Grand.
Holden & Stone, Pittsfield, Mass.; F. L. Stone, cloaks, suits, waists, and millinery; Miss E. Murphy, waists; Miss E. Hayden, ladies' underwear and infants' wear; Hotel York.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

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CHILDREN'S DRESSES, KILTS, & ROMPERS.
Bergoffen & Philip, 128 E. 7th St., nr. Av. A.

CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Av.

FURS.
A. Arnstam & Co., 97 Fifth Av., cor. 17th

KNITTED UNDERWEAR.
American Hosiery Co., 108-110 Franklin St.

LINOLEUMS AND CORK CARPETS.
Scott & West Company, 133 Fifth Av.
Joseph Wild & Co., 366-370 Fifth Av.

NECKWEAR—Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th St.

RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Av.

SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.

SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Av.

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th St.

Out-of-Town Merchants Registered at the Offices of the Merchants' Association, 66-72 Lafayette St.

Ducker, George A., Company, Joliet, Ill.; J. S. Botts, general merchandise; Broadway Central Hotel.
Lutz, C. J., Ottawa, Ill.; Elmer E. Roberts, drugs; Hotel Latham.
Nabler, Charles, Peru, Ill.; drugs; Hotel Latham.
Keller & Livingston, St. Louis, Mo.; Sig. Livingston, cloaks and suits; Hotel Langham.
Columbia Manufacturing Company, Jacksonville, Ill.; F. L. Best, wholesale notions; New Grand Hotel.
Lederer-Brobst Company, Chicago, Ill.; V. D. Lederer, dress goods; 256 Church Street.
Babcock & Davidson, Hornell, N. Y.; C. F. Babcock, dry goods; Hotel Bayard.
De Witt-Borg Company, Hornell, N. Y.; P. C. De Witt, veilings; The Breslin.
Wolfe, E. S., Parkersburg, West Va.; notions; Broadway Central Hotel.
Bliss, Swain & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; J. G. Kirkwood, clothing and furnishings; Hotel Broztell.
Cohn, M. B., Mercantile Company, Kansas City, Mo.; M. B. Cohn, wholesale ready-to-wear clothing and dry goods; Hotel York.
Purcell, J. D., Company, Lexington, Ky.; W. O. Sweeney, department store; Hotel Waldorf.
Munger, H. G., & Co., Herkimre, N. Y.; Clarence Dwyer, dry goods; Hotel Latham.
Kinane Brothers-Sullivan Company, Springfield, Ohio; C. R. Rabbitts, coats, suits, and waists; J. M. Powers, white goods, linens, and domestics; Hotel Latham.
Culp Store, The, Alliance, Ohio; J. A. Grimes, cloaks, suits, and dry goods; The Breslin.
Hayden Brothers, Omaha, Neb.; T. H. Johnson, department store; Hotel Waldorf.
Klotz, H. and G., & Co., Chicago; James I. Julick, perfumery; Hotel Woodstock.
Massari, H. W., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. W. Massari, embroidery; Charles S. Stein, embroidery; Broadway Central Hotel.
Bernheimer, Jacob S., & Brother, Chicago, Ill.; James Levy, cotton goods; Hotel Woodstock.
Gross, W. & M., Troy, N. Y.; M. Gross, clothing and furnishings; Astor House.

INTERESTING TO MANUFACTURERS OF ladies' waists and dresses, also to all manufacturing ladies' wear. Will install a system as to the way in which ladies' garments can be manufactured. Double the amount of wor turned out at half the cost. K 120 Times Downtown.

DON'T DESPAIR.
No matter how valuable an article is lost or how hopeless may seem the loss, do not despair. Just telephone 1000 Bryant, and advertise in The New York Times. Be prompt about it, and the chances are the lost will be returned without delay.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF

STOCKS AND BONDS

By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON

OFFICE, NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, Jan. 19th, 1910
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

BY ORDER OF LAWRENCE E. SEXTON, TRUSTEE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THE FOLLOWING SECURITIES TO BE SOLD IN LOTS TO CONFORM WITH CERTIFICATES OR ENTIRE TO SUIT PURCHASERS:

3 shs. Corn Products Refining Co. common.
10 shs. Electric Vehicle Co. common.
550 shs. War Eagle Consolidated Mining Co. prefd.
1,342 shs. War Eagle Consolidated Mining Co. common.
1,300 shs. Consolidated Rway. Electric Lighting & Equipment Co.
70 shs. Consolidated Rway. Electric Lighting & Equipment Co.
230 shs. Ohio & Indiana Consolidated Natural & Illuminating Gas Co.
167 shs. Canadian Northern Quebec Rway.
2,000 shs Underground Electric Rways Co. of London, Ltd., (ctf. of Central Trust Co. of N. Y., Trustee, under agreement date Sept. 8, 1902.)
500 shs. Orleans County Quarry Co.
10 shs. Orleans County Quarry Co.
115 shs. Orleans County Quarry Co.
4,076 shs. United Breweries Co. of Chicago prefd.
$42,000 Beaver Land & Irrigation Co. of Col. 1st mtg. 6% 10-year S. F. Bds., due June, 1917.
781 shs. Beaver Land & Irrigation Co. of Col.
$71,000 Pittsburgh, Westmoreland & Somerset R. R. 1st mtg. 5% Gold Bds., due Oct., 1935, with interest notes dated April 1, 1908, due April 1, 1918, for April and Oct., 1908 and 1909, interest, and with coupons from April, 1910, attached.
$45,000 Pittsburgh, Westmoreland & Somerset R. R. 1st mtg. 5% Gold Bds., due Oct., 1935, with interest notes dated April 1, 1908, due April 1, 1918, for April and Oct., 1908 and 1909, interest, and with coupons from April, 1910, attached. Manchester Escrow.
3,537 shs. Pittsburgh, Westmoreland & Somerset R. R., (majority and controlling interest in completed and operating R. R. in Pennsylvania.)
$17,000 Pennsylvania Central Brewing Co. 1st mtg. 6% Gold Bds., due Oct., 1927.
67 shs. Pennsylvania Central Brewing Co. prefd.
68 shs. Pennsylvania Central Brewing Co. common.
200 shs. R. T. Davis Mill & Manufacturing Co.
140 shs. Clinch Valley Coal & Iron Co. common, par value reduced to $96 by payment of $4 per share.
70 shs. Clinch Valley Coal & Iron Co. prefd., par value reduced to $96 by payment of $4 per share.
68 shs. Kentucky Union Co. common.
13 6-10 shs. Kentucky Union Co. prefd., par value reduced to $8.50 per share.
70 shs. New York Phonograph Co. trust certificates of Voting Trustees.
17⅓ shs. Ensley Land Co., new stock.
310 shs. Osceola Placer Mining Co. common, scrip certificates, Series B.
140 shs. Conneaut Water Works & Supply Co.
5 shs. New York & Charleston Warehouse & Steam Navigation Co.
Daimler Manufacturing Co. of N. Y. All debts, dues, claims, and demands of Lawrence E. Sexton, as Trustee in Bankruptcy of Kessler & Co., formerly bankers at 54 Wall St., N. Y. City, against Daimler Manufacturing Co., amounting to upward of $300,000, together with 2,401 3-5 shares stock of Daimler Manufacturing Co. common; also 66 9-10 of said shares prefd. held as collateral against $6,690 of above indebtedness, and 10 shares old stock of said company, excepting books, records, patterns, etc., which belong to Co., but which will be turned over to purchaser, to be sold all together as one entire lot.
1,341 shs. Daimler Manufacturing Co. prefd., collateral in so-called Manchester Escrow, to be sold pursuant to order of court of agreement.
$5,000 United Breweries Co. of Chicago 6% note, dated Sept. 17, 1903, due Sept. 17, 1913, Manchester Escrow.
$20,000 United Breweries Co. of Chicago 6% note, dated Sept. 17, 1903, due Sept. 17, 1914. Manchester Escrow.

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

20 shs. United States Medicine Co. of N. J.
137 shs. United Box Board Co. of N. J.
20 shs. Fifth Avenue Trust Co.
20 shs. Norwich & Worcester R. R. prefd.
1 sh. Clinton Hall Asso.
75 shs. Realty Associates.
20 shs. Westchester & Bronx Title & Mtge. Guar. Co.
20 shs. Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
$8,000 Consolidated Rubber Tire Co. 4% Deb. Bds., 1951.
20 shs. Guanajuato Amalgamated Gold Mines Co.
12 shs. Indiana Lighting Co.
$81 Indiana Lighting Co. scrip ctf.
$854 Indiana Lighting Co. 1st mtg 4% scrip ctf.
200 shs. Camden Land Co.
60 shs. Dominion Copper Co. Limited.
20 shs. Dominion Mining & Chemical Co. prefd.
20 shs. Dominion Mining & Chemical Co. common.
1,000 shs. Funter Bay Mining Co.
100 shs. Goldfield Hub Mining & Milling Co.

BY ORDER OF ADMINISTRATORS.

5 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.

FOR ACC. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

5 shs. New Orleans Gas Light Co.
Rights on 10 shs. Bank of Lawrence, Lawrence, L. I.
$80,000 La France Copper Co. 6%, Bds., due Jan., 1932.
400 shs. American Ice Securities Co.
42 shs. Union Exchange National Bank.
20 shs. Lincoln Trust Co.
50 shs. Alliance Realty Co.
10 shs. Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
100 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
100 shs. Title Insurance Co. of N. Y.
50 shs. Westchester & Bronx Title & Mtge. Guar. Co.
20 shs. Fifth Avenue Trust Co.
250 shs. A. Booth & Co., (old common stock.)
$50,000 C. K. Davis Coal Co. 1st Mtge. 5% Bds.
$5,000 C. K. Davis Coal Co. 1st Mtge. 5% Bds.
$31,000 Alma Coal Co. 1st Mtge. 5% Bds.
$15,000 Alma Coal Co. 1st Mtge. 5% Bds.
500 shs. C. K. Davis Coal Co. common.
50 shs. C. K. Davis Coal Co. common.
400 shs. Cincinnati Northern R. R. Co.
27 shs. Realty Associates.
79 shs. Lake Shore & Mich. Sou. R. R. guar.
20 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
10 shs. Niagara Fire Insurance Co.
10 shs. Woman's Hotel Co.
$12,000 Pitts., Binghamton & Eastern Ry. Co 1st Mtge. 5% Bds., 1956, April, 1909, coupons on.
2 shs. United States Trust Co.
20 shs. Morton Trust Co.
10 shs. Astor Trust Co.
25 shs. Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Co.
100 shs. Brooklyn City R. R. Co.
3 shs. Brooklyn Borough Gas Co.
10 shs. Lawyers Mortgage Co.
10,000 shs. Dominican Placer Mining Co.
40 shs. Germania Fire Ins. Co.
24 shs. Hanover Natl. Bank.
79 shs. American Exchange Natl. Bank.
8 shs. Union Trust Co.
20 shs. Crocker-Wheeler Co.
10 shs. New Jersey Zinc Co.
25 shs. Stamford Manufacturing Co.
14 shs. Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
$5,000 Delaware River & Lancaster R. R. 1st Mtge. 6% Bds., 1913, Jany., 1906, coupons on.
10 shs. World Securities Co.
30 shs. Fifth Avenue Trust Co.
100 shs. Union Typewriter Co. common.
$120,000 Independent Telephone Co. of Omaha 1st Mtge. 5% Bds., due April 15, 1937.
50 shs. Elsner-Mendelson Co. Pfd.
5 shs. Phenix Fire Ins. Co. of B'klyn.

David W. Biow & Co., Auct's.

Tel. 2437 Franklin. 13-15 Lispenard St.
To-day, Tuesday, January 18, 10:30 A. M.,
Special Peremptory Auction Sale
For account of a prominent manufacturer,
700 Dozen Ladies' High-Class

Muslin Underwear

Comprising elegant lines of Gowns, Corset Covers, Chemises, Drawers, Skirts, Combinations; also quantity of

Silk Underwear

Tea Gowns, Kimonas, Dressing Sacques.
At about 12 o'clock will offer
300 LOTS

Laces and Lace Goods

with Duplicates on every Lot,
Also a large assortment of

Ladies' Shirt Waists

Skirts, Coat Suits, Dresses and Sundry Lines

Dry and Fancy Goods.

MORTGAGE SALE.—By virtue of a chattel mortgage, will sell at public auction at the Chelsea Storage Warehouse, 426 West 28th St., on the 19th day of January, 1910, at 11 o'clock, the entire contents of a large photographing establishment. EUGENE ODELL, Marshal. ROSENDALE & DODD, Attorneys for Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.—Josua Weinstock, auctioneer, sells this 18th day of January, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., at 87 Stanton St., Manhattan, saloon fixtures. By order of mortgagee.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Splendid Opportunities
IN SLIGHTLY USED
Pianos of Renowned Makes

Kranich & Bach Upright	$150
Weber Upright	165
Sohmer Upright	175
Chickering Upright	175
Steinway Upright	250
Hallett & Davis Upright	190
Steinway Baby Grand	450
Angelus Player & Piano	300

All in good order, stool and cover included.
CHRISTMAN SONS, 35 West 14th St.

Family must sacrifice mahogany upright piano, $150; cost $450 one year ago; perfect condition. Owner, 56 East 76th St., private house.

[illegible] upright piano, latest style; powerful tone; bargain; rosewood; $75. Stadie's, 270 [illegible] Av., 130th.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of KESSLER & COMPANY, Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.

Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells on Wednesday, January 19th, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113-115 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the estate of the above bankrupt firm and of the partners thereof, consisting of balances of accounts receivable on certain suspense accounts standing on the books of the said bankrupt firm, a list of which follows, together with the dates of the last payments on said accounts, and the security, if any, held against the same.

Suspense account No. 1—J. Harby Moses & Co., [illegible] Further information concerning the foregoing accounts may be obtained at the office of the undersigned. LAWRENCE E. SEXTON, as Trustee in Bankruptcy of Kessler & Co., 68 William St., New York City, N. Y. WALLACE MACFARLANE, Attorney for Trustee, 26 Liberty St., New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE BROWN, DAVID HACHTMANN, and JOSE L. HACHTMANN, individually, and as copartners trading as BROWN-HACHTMANN & CO., Bankrupts.—No. 12,691. Notice of sale at auction.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupts will be sold under the direction of William S. Creevey, Esq., the Trustee, at public auction, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at No. 510 West 23d Street, New York City, on the eighteenth day of January, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon. A general description of the property to be sold is as follows: Machinery and hydraulic presses used for the manufacture of hats. The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value. The above-mentioned property will be open for inspection on January 13th and 14th, 1910, at No. 510 West 23d Street, New York, N. Y. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy. JAMES, SCHELL & ELKUS, Esqs., Attorneys for Trustee, 170 Broadway, N. Y. City. Dated New York, January 4th, 1910.

NO. 12,161.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of THE ABBOT-GAMBLE CO., bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Ralph Folks, the trustee, at public auction, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at the property of F. M. Hoffstot, located at Port Washington, Long Island, on the 18th day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon. A general description of the property to be sold is as follows: Water wagon and tools used for paving and grading roads. The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of the appraised value. JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy, 45 Cedar Street, N. Y. City. NEWMAN & BUTLER, Attorneys Trustee, 116 Nassau St., N. Y. City. New York, January 7, 1910.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EDWARD L. SILVERMAN, trading as CHANDLER'S CLOAK SHOP, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Jan. 18, 1910, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 104 E. 125th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cloaks, suits, fixtures, &c. JAMES D. BOYD, Receiver. CHARLES GINSBURG, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of H. HAGEMEISTER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Jan. 27, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, fixtures, &c. GRENVILLE CLARK, Trustee. OSBORNE & LAMB, Attorneys for Trustee, 115 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX GOTTESMANN, Bankrupt. Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Jan. 26, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., by order of the Court, at 164 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a pawnbroker's sale stock, containing jewelry, clocks, watches, rings, fobs, pins, instruments, dress suit cases, lockets, safe, fixtures, etc. THOMAS D. HEWITT, Receiver. WALTER T. KOHN, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHELSEA WAIST CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Jan. 25, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 160 Wooster St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of shirtwaists, dresses, laces, lingeries, ribbons, embroideries, buttons, all machines, safe, fixtures, etc. WM. F. ALLEN, Receiver. H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 13,096.—DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of GEORGE S. HART & COMPANY, bankrupt.

To the creditors of George S. Hart & Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of December, A. D. 1909, the said George S. Hart & Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of its creditors will be held at the offices of Nathaniel S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, and examine the bankrupt. And you are further notified that Harlan F. Stone, receiver in bankruptcy herein, has filed in this office, where it may be inspected by any creditor, his petition praying for a meeting of the creditors of the above-named bankrupt to consider and act upon an offer from one Lee C. Hart, which is offer substantially as follows: Said Lee C. Hart agrees to purchase the entire stock of merchandise of said bankrupt, except about 700 cases of Osborne's California Waters of Life; the good-will and right to use the name George S. Hart & Company; all trade marks, labels, brands, and patents; all furniture and office fixtures; book accounts; and tea samples, all without cost to the receiver's right, title, and interest in and to all of the said property. In consideration for which the said Lee C. Hart agrees to pay $4,000 in cash and an additional amount (to be computed) estimated to be about $20,000, making a total of about $24,000. Further details as set forth in said petition. And you are further notified that a meeting of creditors to consider the said offer of the petition and to examine the report of the appraisers appointed herein will be held at the office of the undersigned referee, at the same time and place as the aforementioned first meeting of creditors, or at such adjourned time or place as the said meeting will be transacted. Dated New York, January 7th, 1910. NATHANIEL S. SMITH, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 12,324.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of WILLIAM ALLEN BRUCE, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 3d day of August, A. D. 1909, the said William Allen Bruce was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 40 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Jan. 17th, 1910.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Many Sales in the Dyckman Section—Business Drives Out West 72d Street Residents—Jay Gould Estate Sells Big Plot.

L. J. Phillips & Co. have sold for the Gentle estate to the Hamilton Holding Company (Lowenfeld & Prager) 286 West Seventeenth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling on lot 20 by 88. The property adjoins the southeast corner of Eighth Avenue, and has not been transferred before in sixty years.

Big Price Paid for 23d St. Plot.

The Charles Buek Construction Company sold 153 to 157 West Twenty-third Street, three four-story buildings, on plot 60 by 98.9. The buyer is a builder, who will erect on the site a twelve-story loft building.

The former owner held it at $225,000, and is said to have been paid a price very close to that figure, which would make a considerably higher rate than was paid proportionately for the premises 148 to 156 West Twenty-third Street, sold at auction last week to Alfred M. Rau for $296,000.

Sales in Loft Zone.

S. S. Goodale & Son have sold for Emile S. Wittnauer, as attorney for Martha S. Wittnauer, 54 West Twenty-fifth Street, a four-story and basement dwelling, on lot 22 by 98.9.

Albert B. Ashforth has sold to a client for occupancy 119 East Twenty-sixth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, 14.3 by 98.9, between Fourth and Lexington Avenues.

Gibbons & Young have sold for Ernest Rieger 216 Third Avenue, a three-story dwelling, on lot 18 by 50, leasehold, to a client for occupancy.

Leonard St. Plot to be Resold.

Negotiations are said to be pending for the resale of the old Five Points Mission House at 155 to 160 Leonard Street, purchased last Friday by James H. Cruikshank from the Children's Aid Society. It is understood that the prospective buyer contemplates the erection of a large loft and office building on the plot.

Business Invades West 72d St.

Theodore Offerman has sold 148 West Seventy-second Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 102.2. The property is on the block between Broadway and Columbus Avenue, in which several dwellings have recently been altered for business use. It is believed that the Offerman dwelling will also be altered for the same purpose. The invasion of business has driven a number of old residents from the street, and other sales will undoubtedly follow.

Mitchell A. C. Levy has bought through William R. Ware from the estate of Philip V. Myers 10 West Eighty-third Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 17.2 by 102.2.

David Lion has sold the two five-story tenements, 218 and 220 West Sixtieth Street, on lots 27 by 100 each.

Investor Buys the Lynwood.

Edward Dressler has sold, in conjunction with Henry Beek, for the Broad Construction Company, the northwest corner of Audubon Avenue and 178th Street, a six-story elevator house known as the Lynwood, on plot 75 by 100. This property has been held at $180,000.

George J. Becker has sold 609 and 611 West 178th Street, a five-story apartment house, on plot 50 by 100. The property is situated on the north side of the street between St. Nicholas and Wadsworth Avenues. William P. Jones & Son were the brokers.

Buys Big Broadway Plot.

The estate of W. B. Isham has sold through Hall J. How & Co. the northeast corner of Broadway and Emerson Street, a plot 100 by 180, the longer dimension on the street. The buyer is R. H. Mygatt.

This plot was bought by Mr. Isham at one of the first auction sales of the Dyckman estate holdings forty years ago, and has been held in the family ever since.

Deal in the Dyckman Section.

M. W. Halpin has sold for James H. Cruikshank to Arthur C. Brown the plot of eight lots situated on the east side of Vermilyea Avenue, 100 feet north of Dyckman Street, being 200 by 150. Mr. Cruikshank recently acquired this property from Bleecker & Simon in part payment for 483 to 485 Greenwich Street, which he sold them.

Max Just has bought from Dr. V. M. Rogers his plot on the east side of Vermilyea Avenue, 100 feet north of Hawthorne Street.

Jay Gould Estate Sells Plot.

The Jay Gould estate has sold the plot, [illegible] by 124.7 by 140.11 by 69.6, on the west side of Sherman Avenue, 175 feet north of Isham Street.

The northeast corner of Tenth Avenue and 206th Street, a plot 150 by 100, has been sold, five of the lots by the Chelsea Realty Company, and the northerly lot 49.11 feet south of 207th Street by Valentine Fink.

Brooklyn Sales.

Charles A. Goldman has bought from Catherine Doherty 176 Concord Street, corner of Duffield Street. Mr. Goldman will occupy the house as a residence.

Queens Sales.

Roe H. Smith & Co. have sold for Caroline Egan the two two-family frame dwellings on the easterly side of Lathrop Street, Astoria, at a reported price of $12,500; they have also sold for Mary G. Johnson two lots 25 by 100 each on the southerly side of Woolsey Avenue, Astoria, for $3,500, and one lot, 25 by 100 feet, on the westerly side of Thirteenth Avenue, near Broadway, for $2,000.

Suburban Sales.

Fish & Marvin have sold for the Homestead Realty Company ten acres of land in Scarsdale. The property was held at $30,000. Also, for a client, a cottage and one-half acre of land on the corner of Post Road and Wayside Lane in Scarsdale.

The lease and good will of the Hotel Longacre, 157 and 159 West Forty-seventh Street, has been sold by H. L. Shares to John G. Boggs for about $80,000, through the John H. Fife Company. The realty is owned by Horace M. Swetland, who has given a lease to the new owner for five years, with privilege to renew for two similar periods. The new tenant has formed the Long Acre Operating Company to conduct the hotel.

Big Sale of Jamaica Bay Property.

A big sale of Jamaica Bay property, including about 400 acres, will be the big auction feature to-day in the Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange. The property will be sold by Auctioneer James L. Brumley and is offered under foreclosure proceedings in the suit of the Flatbush Improvement Company against the Atlantic, Gulf, and Pacific Company. This large acreage includes the upland, meadows, and land under water bordering on Jamaica Bay and including Mill Island, and land under the waters of Mill Pond, Dam Creek, Big Flat Creek, and Mill Creek.

$480,000 Loan on Furniss Plot.

The Highwood Realty and Construction Company has secured a building loan of $480,000 from the Title Insurance Company of New York, through A. L. Mordecai & Son, on the northeast corner of Ninety-ninth Street and Riverside Drive.

This corner is a portion of the Furniss property, which the latter recently sold to them, and upon which they intend to erect a twelve-story high-class apartment house.

Bedford Park Taxpayers to Meet.

A regular meeting of the Bedford Park Taxpayers' Association will be held Wednesday evening at Arcanum Hall, 197th Street and Webster Aevnue. There will be a discussion on the need of railways for the Bronx and the proposed routes.

Brooklyn Court House Plans.

Borough President Steers of Brooklyn received a delegation from the Brooklyn League yesterday, who advocated the building of the new County Court House opposite Borough Hall, on Joralemon Street. Prof. Franklin W. Hooper said the proposition was to utilize the entire block bounded by Court, Livingston, and Joralemon Streets and Boerum Place, with the exception of the site occupied by the present Hall of Records, for the proposed new Municipal Building and the County Court House. He spoke for a uniform style of architecture for the two buildings, the Court House to be erected in the centre of the block.

Those present were Franklin W. Hooper, George W. Brush, Ralph Jonas, Daniel Arthur, Wallace P. Groom, Paul H. Graef, Clarence B. Smith, Edward White, A. H. Weston, and Elwin S. Piper.

$500,000 Hospital for Queens.

A five-hundred-thousand-dollar hospital is to be erected at Woodhaven, L. I., by the Little Sisters of the Poor, who have conducted for several years St. Peter's Hospital, in Brooklyn. Plans for the new hospital were filed in the Bureau of Buildings in Queens on Saturday. The building will be four stories in height, constructed of brick, with stone trimmings, and it will be fireproof throughout. There will be a main building with a number of wings. Construction is to be commenced as soon as the weather will permit. A whole block will be occupied, bounded by Vandeveer and Woodhaven Avenues, Fulton and Elm Streets. It will be easily accessible by established lines of travel. It will be known as St. Anthony's General Hospital.

Notes.

The United Realty Company has become the exclusive renting agent for the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company on the concourse of the new terminal buildings. Its renting office is at Booth No. 57.

Everett M. Seixas has been appointed renting agent of the Columbia Bank building, 507 Fifth Avenue.

Negotiations are pending for the leasing of the new twelve-story structure now in course of erection at the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street. The property, which measures 29 by 125 feet, was purchased several months ago by Max Marx and A. J. Connick for about $710,000.

W. T. Stelle, formerly with S. Osgood Pell & Co., is now associated with David Lamb in the real estate and insurance business at 400 West End Avenue, corner of Seventy-ninth Street.

The Tomahawk Realty Company, Robert M. Silverman President, is the builder and owner of Convent Court, a six-story apartment house, now in course of construction, at 149th Street and Convent Avenue. The cost of the structure is about $250,000.

Leases.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased for the Realty Holding Company the store and basement in the new building recently sold, at 127 and 131 West Twenty-seventh Street, for a term of years to Dublin, Morris & Kornbluth, fur importers; for Ida L. Churchill, the store and basement at 147 West Twenty-sixth Street for a term of years to J. A. O'Neill & Co., fur importers; for the Meteor Realty and Construction Company, 5,000 square feet of space in the new building 40 and 42 West Seventeenth Street for a term of years to Levi M. Rosenthal; for the Garfield Building Company and Levy & Julius, 5,000 square feet of space in the building 28 and 30 East Tenth Street for a term of years to the Ostrich and Fancy Feather Boa Company, Incorporated, and for William C. Walker's Sons, the first loft at 139 and 141 West Nineteenth Street to Piller & Lifshitz.

M. & L. Hess have leased for Freydberg Brothers to Szerlip & Block the first loft at 124 West Eighteenth Street; for Nathan Schuss to Schwartzman & Pike, the eighth loft at 138 and 140 West Seventeenth Street; for Thomas Morgan, in conjunction with F. & G. Pflomm, the top loft at 27 West Twenty-seventh Street, and for the Martin Holding Company to Finkelstein & Elias, the eighth loft at 39 East Twentieth Street.

Denzer Brothers have leased for M. D. Mirsky & Co. 10,000 square feet at 123 and 125 Bleecker Street, northwest corner of Wooster Street, for a term of years; for Isaac Love, the store and basement and first loft, containing 7,500 square feet, at 115 Mercer Street; for Henry Keale, as agent, the store and basement at 99 Spring Street to Kato Brothers & Co.; for the Chesebrough estate, 5,000 square feet at 187 and 189 Mercer Street to Pletscher & Brand; for William A. White & Sons, two lofts at 179 Greene Street and one loft at 110 Bleecker Street; for the Globe Dress and Suit Company, the first loft at 91 Bleecker Street, northwest corner of Mercer Street; for Saveria Ruffolo, the fourth lofts at 123 West Houston Street, southwest corner of Sullivan Street; for Lewis Friedman, 2,500 square feet at 79 Mercer Street, and for L. Tanenbaum, Strauss & Co., 4,000 square feet at 137 Greene Street.

The Ruland & Whiting Company has leased for Joseph W. Meeks the third loft at 10 Barclay Street to the United Printing and Paper Company; also, the third loft at 25 Cliff Street to Henry M. Rynehart and the fifth loft, same building, to the Von Hardenberg Company; also, the second loft at 12 and 14 Spruce Street for the Eastern Leather Company to the Marburg Leather Company, and has subleased for Gustav Muller the second loft at 103 John Street to the Thermo-Chemical Company.

Huberth & Gabel have leased in the New York American Building, Fifty-ninth Street and the Circle, the store and basement at the northwest corner of Broadway and Fifty-eighth Street to the American Simplex Automobile Company for a term of five years at an aggregate rental of $50,000.

The Maxlow Realty Company has leased the southerly store at 645 Lexington Avenue for a term of years as a branch of a large laundry concern.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased the store and basement of 46 Fulton Street for ex-Congressman Jefferson M. Levy to I. Fried, and lofts in 1?? Pearl Street for Edward Mallinckrodt to A. F. Mellilo and 59 Ann Street for Potter & Brother to the C. J. Osborn Company.

The Ruland & Whiting Company has leased for a term of ten years the entire building at 235 Avenue A to Joseph Finger; also, the fourth loft at 13 East Sixteenth Street to the Auto Robe and Rubber Company, the third loft at 31 Beekman Street to John Isaacs, the fourth loft at 68 Beekman Street to Berkowitz & Oberhard; also, the first loft at 225 Pearl Street to William Van Benthuysen.

The American Real Estate Company, which has just completed its new mercantile office building at the junction of 149th Street and Melrose and Third Avenues, reports the following new leases: Saul Davis, George Gross, Dr. Thomas H. Curtin, Mints & Stamper, C. H. Tanner, and the McVickar-Gaillard Realty Company; also, the large store adjoining the one rented to William B. Riker & Son Company on Melrose Avenue to the "Walk-Over" Shoe Company.

S. Osgood Pell & Co. have leased for Dr. Samuel G. Gant the dwelling 65 West Fifty-second Street for a term of years; also, for F. L. Kiernan the dwelling 28 East Fifty-fifth Street to A. E. Matthews, and an apartment in the Osborne apartment house, Seventh Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, to Dr. Gant for a term of years.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

108d St, 182, s s, 40⅓ ft w of Columbus Av, 16.6x100.11x16.5x100.11, three-story and basement dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, G. A. Robertson Home, $15,000.

8th St, 39, n s, 554.5 ft w of 5th Av, 23x98.11, vacant; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Jan. 31.

119th St, 433 and 435, n s, 204.6 ft w of Avenue A, 37.6x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Meyer Jarmulowsky, $36,584.

119th St, 437 and 439, n s, 213 ft w of Avenue A, 37.6x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Meyer Jarmulowsky, $36,584.

Stanton St, 333 and 335, s s, 99.6 ft e of Goerck St, 39.8x55.5, two five-story tenements and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Arthur Fishman, $20,100.

Stanton St, 329 and 331, s s, 59.10 ft e of Goerck St, 39.8x51.3x39.9x51.8, two five-story tenements and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Arthur Fishman, $28,774.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans were filed yesterday in either Manhattan or the Bronx.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, JAN. 17.

AMSTERDAM AV, s e corner of 142d St, 199.10x irregular; Simon Sichel to Israel Lebowitz, (mtg $135,000,) $100.

AVENUE A, 1,404, e s, 26.1x98; Margaret Friedrich to Charlotte Hammer of Brooklyn, (mtg $21,000,) $1.

BECK ST, e s, 509.5 ft n of Longwood Av, 0.6x100; Moritz L and Carl Ernst to Winnie Realty and Construction Co, $1.

BELMONT AV, e s, 285 ft n of 181st St, 24.2x172.11x24x170; Adolph J. Kohn, referee, to Rowland W Thomas, $7,100.

BRADHURST AV, 122, e s, 25x75; Solomon Mintz to Henry Walz of Jersey City, N. J., (mtg $17,000,) $1.

BROOK AV, 1,242, e s, 17.8x95; Nathan Lemlein to Frederick Lemlein, (mtg $4,000,) $100.

COLUMBUS AV, w s, 75.9 ft n of 97th St, 25x100; S C Hatch to Samuel Eisnitz, quitclaim, $1.

DALY AV, s w corner of 178th St, 50x80; Levoll Construction Co to Elizabeth K Dooling, all liens, $100.

DELANCEY ST, 44, 25x100; Malvina Jerchower and another to Gesela Goldstein, $1.

EAST BROADWAY, 102, n s, 25x65; Harris Wolf to Hyman Moscovitz et al, one-sixth part; mtg $24,200, $100.

HENRY ST, 190, s s, 24.11x irregular; Charles A. Person to Theresa Schmeidler, $100.

HESTER ST, 175, n e corner of Mott St, 26.6x45.2; Joseph Weissmann and others to Marshall Realty Co., $100.

HUGHES AV, e s, 121.6 ft s of 188th St, 24.8x87.6; James L. Van Sant to Julia D. Bernard, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

LORING PLACE, e s, 175.11 ft n of 183d St, 42x113; William D. Peck to Helen C. Juillard, $500.

LOT 572, map of Gleason property; Bertha Huttelmaier to Victor Gerhards, (mtg $4,833,) liens, $100.

LOT 112, Block 8, map of Section 1, Bathgate Estate; Edward Kavanagh to Fridolin Weber, $100.

LOT 12, map of Ruser Estate; Michael Noonan et al to Hudson P Rose Co, $1.

LOTS 89 and 504, map of Arden property; Thomas L. Reynolds Company to the Speculative Realty Co, (mtg $5,150,) $1.

MADISON AV, 112 and 114, w s, 49.4x95; Century Investing Co. to U. S. Realty and Improvement Co., (mtg $100,000,) $100.

MARION AV, e s, 309.5 ft n e of Southern Boulevard, 50x110; Ida J Cronemeyer to Alfonso De Saloo, $1.

MOTT AV, s w corner of 144th St, 27.9x83.3; Carl J. Breidbach to Carl E. Breidbach, (mtg $15,000,) $100.

SHEIL ST, n s, Lot 753, map of Laconia Park, 25x100; Arthur J. Mace and another, executors, to Louis Steinberg, (mtg $200,) $511.

SUFFOLK ST, 165, w s, 25x100; Jacob Epstein to Ida Epstein, ½ part, $100.

TINTON AV, 1,231, w s, 20x110; Carl A. Nigey to Theodor Rautenkranz, (mtg $4,500,) $1.

TINTON AV, 1,231, w s, 20x110; Theodor Rautenkranz to Anna Nigey, (mtg $4,500,) $1.

WESTCHESTER AV, s e corner of 156th St, 44.5x irregular to Beach Av; Barney Goldman to Samuel Mann, (mtg $38,000,) $100.

WESTCHESTER AV, s e corner of 156th St, 44.5x irregular to Beach Av; Joseph Kaplan and others to Samuel Mann, $100.

WILDER AV, e s, 325 ft n of Randall Av, 25x100, Edenwald; Matilda Nelson to William Schraiden, (mtg $2,500,) all liens, $1.

WILLIAM ST, 152 and 154, s e corner of Ann St, 40x51.6; Annie W. Cremer and others to Minnie A. Blanchard, $100.

WILLIAM ST, 152 and 154, s e corner of Ann St, 40x51.6; Margaret A. Giraud and others to Minnie A. Blanchard, $30,000.

WILLIAM ST, 152 and 154, s e corner of Ann St, 40x51.6; Minnie A. Blanchard to Charles F. Noyes, $100.

2D AV, e s, 40 ft n of 52d St, 20x71; Bertha Levy to Sarah Levy, $1.

3D ST, 80 East, s w s, 25x100.7; Charles M. Grainger to Rebecca E. Grainger of Brooklyn, (mtg $28,500,) $1.

5TH AV, n e corner of 52d St, 50x130; City Real Estate Co. to Edward H. Harriman of Arden, N. Y., May 17, 1907, $100.

5TH AV, s e corner of 44th St, 65x105; 44th St and 5th Av Building Corporation to American Real Estate Co, (mtg $1,200,000,) $100.

7TH AV, n w corner of 49th St, 25x96; Henry T. Williams to Gallatin Operating Co., (mtg $135,000,) $1.

8TH AV, 2,545, w s, 25x85; Thomas Scholes to George Kitt, (mtg $18,000,) $100.

8TH AV, 760 and 762, 30x100; Nathan Weiss to Isidor Freundlich, (mtg $48,000,) $100.

21ST ST, n e corner of 5th Av, 105x114, Wakefield; Leon F. Wazeter to Frank Piasecki, (mtg $6,500,) $100.

24TH ST, 146 West, s s, 18.9x98.9; Marion J Barkley to District Realty Co, (mtg $22,000,) $100.

24TH ST, 146 West, s s, 18.9x98.9; Marion J Barkley to William N Heard of Brooklyn, (mtg $17,000,) $100.

32D ST, s s, 225 ft w of 6th Av, 50x197.6 to 31st St; Charles F. Hoffman to Betty M. Hawks, $100.

32D ST, s s, 225 ft w of 6th Av, 50x197.6 to 31st St; Betty M. Hawks to Alliance Realty Co, (mtg $280,000,) $100.

41ST ST, n s, 275 ft w of 7th Av, 25x98.9; Edward Van Volkenburg and others to Bernard Seymann, $1.

48TH ST, 240 and 242 West, 48x98.7; Israel Lebowitz et al to Simon Sichel, (mtg $43,000,) $100.

60TH ST, 218 and 220 West, s s, 54x100.5; David Lion to Lewis A Cushman, (mtg $37,000,) $100.

61ST ST, 112 East, 18.6x100.5; Minnie Brothers to Albert Feldheim, $34,100.

80TH ST, 319 West, n s, 17x102.2; George H De Witt to Arthur M Cox, (mtg $18,000,) $100.

86TH ST, 218 East, s s, 22x100; Walter A. Wells and others to Herman A. Schmidt, (mtg $14,000,) $1.

89TH ST, 211 East, n s, 25x100.8; Caecilie Sternglanz to Lucy Bach, (mtg $17,750,) $100.

107TH ST, 328 East, n s, 25x75; Jacob Stein to Pendent Realty Co., (mtg $25,000,) $100.

117TH ST, 429 West, 18.4x100.11; Eugenia Wolf to Clarence C Dickinson, (mtg $21,500,) $100.

117TH ST, n s, 81 ft e of 2d Av, 24x50; George Davis to Raffaele Di Luglio, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

123D ST, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 100x100.11; Cornelia L. Nelson to Thomas Nelson, Jr., and another, (executors,) $1.

130TH ST, 130 West, 17.5x99.11; Lafayette Olney, Jr, to Sara Prince, (mtg $10,000,) $100.

134TH ST, 89 West, n s, 17.6x99.11; Alonzo G McLaughlin et al to Woronoco Corporation, $100.

134TH ST, 89 West, n s, 17.6x99.11; Woronoco Corporation to James C Thomas, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

141ST ST, 314 West, 16.8x99.11; Adaline Schafer to Archibald A Gulick, (mtg $5,500,) $100.

142D ST, 318 West, s e corner of Edgecombe Av, 71.3x24.11; George Kitt to Thomas Scholes, (mtg $24,000,) $100.

157TH ST, n s, 75 ft e of 11th Av, 50x100; R H Thompson to Ellery A Thompson, quitclaim and C. A. G., $100.

157TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x99.11; Owen E Kelly to Merwin Realty Co, $100.

161ST ST, s w corner of William St, to centre line of William St; Amelia G. Friedman to Isabelle C. Adler, $100.

164TH ST, 434 and 436 West, 50x112.4; Edwin D Hays, Referee, to Joseph Troy, (mtg $50,187.50,) $10,000.

107TH ST, 229 East, 25x100.11; Fannie Weiss et al, heirs to Dora Weitzner, (mtg $14,125,) $1.

186TH ST, n e s, Lot 31, map of Thomas Bassford, 50x100; Melvin G. Palliser, referee, to Mary Dunne, $5,200.

188TH ST, s s, 152 ft w of Bathgate Av, 20x95; Mountain Construction Co to Clara Ellner, (mtg $7,500,) $100.

233D ST, n e s, 53.3 ft n w of Bronxwood Av, 40x irregular; Julius Wolf to Mark Brown, $100.

233D ST, n e s, 53.3 ft n w of Bronxwood Av, 40x irregular; Julie C. Tompkins to Julius Wolf, $1,525.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

ALBANO, Peter, to August Casiraghi; Union Av, s w s, at s e s of 5th St, 52.10x100, Unionport, 1 year, 6%....$3,000

AMERICAN REAL ESTATE CO. to Forty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue Building Corporation; 5th Av, s e corner of 44th St, 65x105, prior mtg $1,200,000, due, &c., as per bond....$275,000

BRADHURST REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION Co. to Manhattan Life Insurance Co.; 8th Av, n w corner of 150th St, 99.11x112.6, due, &c, as per bond....$135,000

BROWN, Mark, to Julius Wolf; 233d St, n e s, 53.3 ft n w of Bronxwood Av, 40x—, prior mtg, 3 years, 6%....$1,500

DE PASQUALE, Salvatore M., to Catharine C. Hill; 8th St, n s, ½ of Lot 1,089, map of Wakefield, 52.6x114, 5 years, 6%....$3,000

DE SALVO, Alfonso, to Caroline Gareiani; Marion Av, s e s, 309.5 ft e of Southern Boulevard, 50x110, prior mtg, 3 years......$8,000

ELLNER, Clara, to Mountain Construction Co.; 188th St, s s, 152 ft w of Bathgate Av, 20x95, prior mtg $7,500, 3 years, 6%....$750

EWALD, Andrew J., to Frederick G. Ewald; 45th St, s s, 475 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100.4, 1 year, 6%....$1,500

FRIEDMAN, Isaac, and another to Sally Orth; Adams Av, e s, 145 ft s of Columbus Av, 3 lots, each 16.8x100, 3 mtgs, each $2,500, 5 years, 5½%....$7,500

GRAHAM, William, to Beadleston & Woerz; West St, 417 and 419, and Perry St, 173, leasehold, demand, 6%....$5,441

GROSS & HERBENER Corporation, to Ellery A. Thompson; 157th St, n s, 75 ft e of Broadway, 50x100, 3 years....$15,000

GOLDSTEIN, Joseph D., to Cornelius G. Coakley et al., executors; Delancey St, 44, n s, 25.1x100x25.2x100, 5 years, 4½%..$32,000

GREY, Minnie E., to Benjamin Wertheimer and another; 17th St, 117 East, prior mtg $20,000, due, &c., as per bond....$600

HAWKS, Betty M., to Henry A. C. Taylor; 32d St, s s, 225 ft w of 6th Av, 50x197.6, to n s of 31st St, prior mtg, 3 years, 4½%.. $280,000

HEARD, William N., to Marion J. Barkley; 24th St, 146 West, due, &c., as per bond..$5,000

HEINEMAN, Isaac, and another to Ellen E. Wheeler; Lots 90 to 94, map of 300 lots of Hy Morgenthau, Bronx, 5 years, 5½%..$12,000

HOLER, Frank J., to Marie L. Thiede; Tinton Av, w s, 74.6 ft s of Home St, 19x90, due Oct. 1, 1912, 6%....$2,500

KEMP-JONES REALTY CO. to Susette Berkemeier; Plympton Av, e s, 123.4 ft s of Boscobel Av, 25x—, 3 years....$6,000

LEBOWITZ, Israel, to Simon Sichel; Amsterdam Av, s e corner of 142d St, 199.10x—, prior mtg $135,000, 3 years, 6%....$38,000

LESE, Louis, to Rosie D. Otto; 162d St, n s, 160 ft s e of Morris Place, 2 lots, each 87x115, 2 mtgs, each $3,250, 2 prior mtgs $13,500 each, 1 year, 6%....$6,500

LINDLEY, Charles A., to Willard P. Lindley; 4th Av, s e corner of 30th St, 87.6x—, 5-36 part, prior mtg $112,000, due, &c., as per bond....$11,000

LIVINGSTON, William, to Sarah A. Meeks; 90th St, 116 West, s s, 26.6x100.8, due, &c., as per bond....$25,000

McDEVITT, Lucy A., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 43d St, 326 West, s s, 25x100.5, 5 years, 4½%....$6,000

MEISEZAHL, Charles, to Richard H. Handley; Avenue A, e s, 75.5 ft s of 56th St, 25x100, 5 years, 5%....$5,000

MOSKOVITZ, Hyman, and others to Celia Wo..; East Broadway, 114, 5 years, 6%.$7,000

MOSKIEVITZ, Regina, to Louisa H. Scudder; 103d St, 166 East, 3 years....$16,500

MURPHY, Mary, to Charles P. Hallock; 134th St, s s, 140 ft e of Trinity Av, 20x103.9, demand, 6%....$1,000

NOYES, Charles F., to Metropolitan Trust Co.; William St, 152 and 154, s e corner of Ann St, 40x51.6, prior mtg, 5 years, 4½%..$75,000

REILLY, Charles, to German Savings Bank; 62d St, n s, 125 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.5, 3 years, 4½%....$15,000

RUCKSTUHL, Frederick W., to Gertrude Calhoun; 84th St, 152 and 154 West, prior mtg $35,000, 2 years, 6%....$3,000

SEYMANN, Bernard, to Title Insurance Co.; 41st St, 221 West, n s, 25x98.9, prior mtg, 1 year....$25,000

SINGER, Myer, and another to Samuel J. Singer; Amsterdam Av, e s, 39.11 ft s of 159th St, 2 lots, each 40x100, 2 mtgs, each $10,000, due Feb. 1, 1912, 6%....$20,000

STERLING REALTY CO. to Edward A. Kerbs; 95th St, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 62.4x100.10x56x100.8, 5 years, 4½%.... $95,000

STEINBACH, Katherine, and another to Florence Rudden; 12th St, 627 East, due, &c., as per bond....$10,000

STEINBERG, Louis, to Arthur J. Mace and another, executors; Sheil St, n s, Lot 753, map of Laconia Park, 25x100, prior mtg, 2 years, 6%....$200

STRAYER REALTY CO. to John W. Strayer; 118th St, 19 West, prior mtg $4,000, 3 years, 6%....$3,500

V. GAROFALO, INC., to Levi S. Tenney; 116th St, 411 East, due Dec. 30, 1914....$8,600

Mechanics' Liens.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 248.4 ft n of 155th St, 124x90.11; George F. Moore, Incorporated, against St. Nicholas Construction Co., owner and contractor, $126.

BELMONT AV, n w corner of 189th St, 16x75; A. M. Pope against Frank Martoccia and Louis Noschese, owners; Donato Picoulo, contractor, $366.

17TH ST, 111 West; William Muller against David Osterweis, owner; Salkin & Slipian, contractors, $100.

FORT WASHINGTON AV, n e corner of 180th St, 100x144.6x irregular; Thomas & Betts Co. against Dacorn Realty Co., owner; Rapaport Electrical Co., contractor, $838.

110TH ST, 158 East; Harry Grohman against Rosina Pinto and Salvatore Isalli, owners; Pietro Pinto, contractor, $25.

BROADWAY, w s, whole front between 108th and 109th Sts; Robert Griffin Co. against C. M. Butler, owner; J. D. Butler, contractor, $346.

PROSPECT AV, e s, 50 ft — of 183d St, 50x110; John Bell Co. against Anna Welschman, owner and contractor, $364.

3D AV, 2,102; James S. Roberts against Simon Fox, lessee and tenant; M. D. Howard, lessee and contractor, $65.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

69TH ST, 225 West; Gustave Uhlig against Silverman-Jones Construction Co. and others, Oct. 27, 1909, $72.

FREEMAN ST, s w corner of Hoe Av; E. I. Du Pont de Nemours Powder Co. against Samuel Lyttle and others, Dec. 14, 1909, $59.

106TH ST, 52 and 54 East; Samuel Solovy against Charles Flaum and others, Nov. 9, 1909, (canceled,) $28.

INTERVALE AV, 1,324; George A. Frank against Tulare Realty Co. and others, Jan. 13, 1910, $150.

180TH ST, 784; Papatonio & Salsano against Dennis Carraher and others, Aug. 13, 1909, (canceled,) $700.

180TH ST, 784; Raffo Sollito against Dennis Carraher and others, Aug. 13, 1909, (canceled,) $370.

180TH ST, 784; Frank Pottinati against Dennis Carraher and others, Aug. 13, 1909, (canceled,) $970.

108TH ST, 7 East; Genovoso Sorgi against Rachel Bleier and others, June 26, 1909, (canceled,) $30.

EAST HOUSTON ST, 294; Kussel Golod against Samuel Kamiet and others, Nov. 26, 1909, $160.

69TH ST, 225 West; Paul B. Goldhammer against Silverman-Jones Construction Co., Nov. 29, 1909, $158.

Lis Pendens.

FULTON ST, 144; Charles H. Israels against Berghoff Brewing Association, (action to foreclose mechanics' liens;) attorney, S. T. Stern.

LOT 182, map of portion of Hunt estate, Bronx; Clara Peter against Agnes Decker and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, R. H. Bergman.

ANTHONY AV, w s, 67.9 ft n of 174th St, 22.7x78.6; Mary L. Bates against Ekwanok Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wilson, Barker & Wager.

HUGHES AV, 2,496 and 2,498, two actions; Alois L. Ernst against Hughes Avenue Construction Co. and others, (amended foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, Parker & Ernst.

AUDUBON AV, n e corner of 185th St, 214.10x95x irregular to 185th St; 170th St, s e corner of Audubon Av, 95x25; Kate Mordecai and others against Emanuel Heilner and others, (partition;) attorneys, Simpson, Werner & Cardozo.

9TH ST, s s, 258 ft e of Avenue C, 25x93.11; Katharina Pullman and others against Katharina Pullman and others, executors, and others, (amended partition;) attorneys, Bouvier, Dugro & Doyle.

226TH ST, n s, 305 ft e of White Plains Road, 25x114; Joseph S. Brown against Francesco Napolitano, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Hillquit & Hillquit.

LUDLOW ST, s e s, — — Houston St, 25x87.6; Lot 80, map of Leandert farm; Elija M. Goebel against Harry Neustadt and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. C. Goebel.

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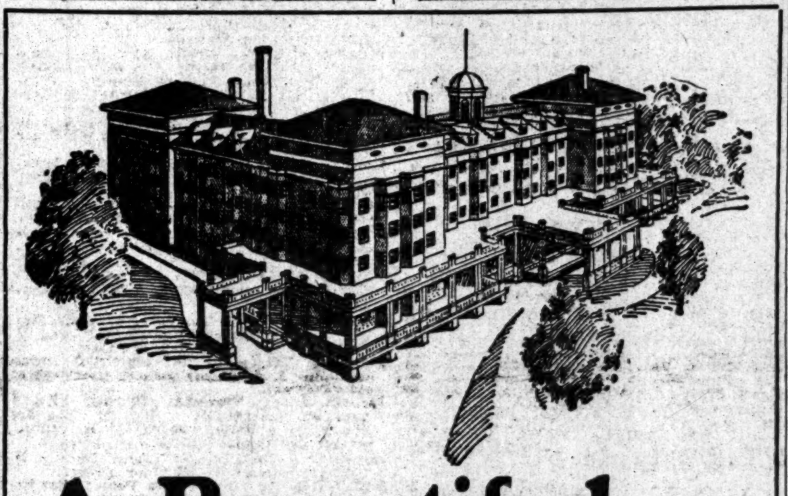
REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.



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It contains 200 guest rooms, and is fairly well furnished.

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Sale at City Hall, Battle Creek, Mich., Tuesday, Feb. 15th, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Terms one-third cash; balance one and two years, 6% interest.

Bidders must deposit certified check for $10,000.00 on Feb. 14th.

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Fifth Avenue,
Between 82d and 83d Streets,
New Modern 25 Foot American Basement Private Residence.
Alterations and Terms to Suit.
Apply to your own broker or on premises

—$31,000—
Come quick! A 4-story high stoop private residence, with parquet floors, 3 tiled bathrooms, electric lights, handsomely decorated and appointed. Park block in the Eighties. Frank L. Fisher Co., 440 Columbus Av., 81st.

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Southeast corner Lafayette and 4th Sts. Jay & Candler, 48 Wall St.

Below 14th St.

Broadway, Northwest Corner Reade St.
66.6x124; for sale, one of the most desirable corners downtown. Apply to WM. C. WALKER'S SONS, 299 Broadway.

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On Crotona Av., near 177th St.
4 four-story Double Flats, Lots 40.8x70; no vacancy; bank mortgage $17,500 (5%) 5 years; bring $2,600 each.
4 four-story Triple Flats with Stores; corner Lot 40.8x70; 3 four-room apartments on floor; bank mortgage $25,000 (5%) 5 years brings $3,250; no vacancy.
5-story apartment; 4-family floors, (3 fours; 1 three;) Lot 36.6x110; mortgage $20,000 (5%) 5 years brings $3,864; Bargain.
4-story Triple Flat, (one 5, two 4;) Lot 30x231; brings $3,400; reasonable.
On Prospect Av., near 177th St., five 4-story Double, (two 5;) Lot 25x100 each; each brings $2,568.
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Near Corner of Crotona Av., Bronx.

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one hundred feet south of 163rd Street. Lot 25x98 with two story frame store and dwelling with stable. Rental $600 per year. Lowest price $7,500, mortgage $5,000 at 5% for three years. Oposite new Workingmen's Club building to be erected. The above is the value of the lot without the building and is recommended to those desiring an invesment for a small sum of money that will pay interest on the amount invested while the lot increases in value.
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I have THE HOUSE, just one, for the discriminating buyer in Flatbush. A handsome, comfortable house in sound condition and tastefully decorated recently. THE ONE house in a very choice location where there is nothing for sale. THE ONE you would select from every house on the block. It lacks nothing for solid comfort and is the home for the buyer I am sure to find. Frame, detached, centre hall, twelve rooms and bath, on a 50 by 100 lot. Asphalt street, block fully built. This house is well worth $14,000. I can deliver it at $12,750. H. M. Eppes, 185 Montague St., Brooklyn.

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COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The following were among the decisions handed down by the United States Supreme Court to-day:

167—E. T. Mankin and others, co-partners, &c., plaintiffs, vs. the United States for the use and benefit of Ludowici Celadon Company and others.—Judgment affirmed.

47—State of North Dakota vs. O. G. Hanson, Sheriff of Grand Forks County, N. D.—Judgment reversed.

351—Macon Grocery Company and others, appellants, vs. Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company and others.—Judgment affirmed.

4—Western Union Telegraph Company, plaintiff, vs. State of Kansas.—Judgment reversed.

725—Standard Oil Company and others, appellants, vs. the United States.—Motion to advance granted and case assigned to be heard March 14.

719—Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, petitioner, vs. the Wagner Electric Manufacturing Company.—Certiorari granted.

586—Harry Haynes, petitioner, vs. Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company.—Certiorari denied.

701—Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, petitioner, vs. E. A. Williamson.—Certiorari denied.

710—John R. Walsh, petitioner, vs. the United States.—Certiorari denied.

658—Commercial Union Assurance Company, Limited, of London, petitioner, vs. the Richmond Coal Company.—Certiorari submitted.

414—Buck Stove and Range Company, appellant, vs. the American Federation of Labor; and,

415—Samuel Gompers, petitioner, vs. Bucks Stove and Range Company; and,

720—American Federation of Labor and others, appellants, vs. Bucks Stove and Range Company.—Motion to consolidate and advance submitted.

736—Thomas Franklin, plaintiff, vs. the United States.—Motion for the admission of the plaintiff to bail submitted.

86—Central Trust Company, appellants, vs. Central Trust Company of Illinois.—Argument commenced.

Day call for Tuesday—86, 87, 88, 89, 94, 91, 92, 93, 95, 96, and 53.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—132—Silz v. U S. 133—Zanone v. Oceanic Nav Co. 134—Penn R R v. Kelly. 136—Connery v. S S Ponce. 137—Hughes v. Gypsum King. 128—Hensel v. U S. 141—In re Russell. 142—Hygienic Chemical Co v. Provident Chem Works. 143—Paull v S S Indrani. 144—U S v. Ashcroft Mfg Co.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Court opens in Room 47, Post Office Building, at 11 A. M.—Ray, J.—Equity calendar. 26—Fellows v. Borden's Milk Co. 44—Underwood v. Fox.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Adams, J.—Admiralty. 49—Luckenbach v. Tug Fenner. 104—Roberts v. Steamboat Albertina.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Dowling, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 96—Rubber Trading Co v. Fisk Rubber Co. 97—Lambert v. Hays. 70—Duryea v. Lohrke. 38—Russell v. Pittsburg Life and Trust Co. 1—People v. Gangi. 100—Pakas v. Clarke. 2—People v. Borsuch. 84—Dimon v. Whitcomb. 77—Joseph v. Sulzberger. 40—Staten Island R T Ry v. Marshall. 82—Bartlet v. Knowlton Co. 105—Hedden Const Co v. Rossiter Realty Co. 108—Goldberg v. Herman. 109—Gansevoort Bank v. Empire State Surety Co. 111—Herzog v. Marx.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Gerard, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Brown v. De Rosa. 2—City of N Y v. Resler. 3—In re Robinson. 4—Nash v. Schade. 5—In re Hare. 6—Yale & Towne Mfg Co v. Hollingshead. 7—Porter v. Simms. 8—Sperry & Hutchinson Co. v. Millstein. 9—Herzig v. Herzig. 10—In re W 174th St. 11—Film Imp & T Co v. N Y Motion Pictures Co. 12—Berk v. Joline. 13—McDermott v. Vail. 14—Heustis v. Cinequita Sec Co. 15—In re Morgenthau. 16—Giegerich v. Feller. 17—Rosenfield v. Pulct. 18—Tuchmann v. Ginsburg. 19—City of N Y v. Sidenberg. 20—Supplementary S S S Co v. St Louis S S S Co. 21—Muller v. Muller. 22—McTaggert v. Sheffield Farms, &c., Co. 23—Connelly v. Smith Co. 24—Enfelholz v. Trommer Brew Co. 25—Landy & Fielding. 26—Imhof v. Terry & Tench Co. 27—Manning v. same. 28—Long v. same. 29—Curatola v. Bradley Const Co. 30—Hays v. Maiden Lane Realty Co. 31—Perceval v. Hudson & Man R R. 32—City of N Y v. Cohn. 33—Barry v. Levenson. 34—O'Neill v. Delaney. 35—Stens v. Stens. 36—Lehmeyer v. Shapiro. 37—Greenley v. Armstrong. 38—Lesser v. Lyons. 39—In re Klein. 40—Di Bennedette v. Schwarzschild & S Co. 41—In re Birn. 42—Rogow v. Lenz. 43—In re Sewerage Dist No 43. 44—Newcomer v. Newcomer. 45—Cohn v. Cong Kahal, &c. 46—Seidl v. Kaempfer. 47—Leigh v. Bernstein. 48—Fuchs v. Saledino. 49—Salvaty v. Salvaty. 50—Fenn v. Ostrander. 51—Schmidt v. Schmidt. 52—Hagan v. Bippert. 53—Sperry & Hutchinson v. O'Neill-Adams Co. 54—Weinfeld v. Mehler. 55—Greenleaf v. Armstrong. 56—Chaskin v. Mackay. 57—Kline Bros Co v. German Union Fire Ins Co. 58—Weldon v. Penn Steel Co. 59—Centennial Mtg Co v. Rolstein. 60—Middlebury College v. Wood. 61—Kraus v. Hoffman. 62—Squier v. Huppert. 63—Hollub v. Carucci. 64—Guenther v. Moulton Stable Co. 65, 66—Gross v. Elias. 67, 68—Kates v. Bok. 69—Marsh v. Ryan. 70—In re Pest. 71—Strates v. Rogow. 72—Pinches v. Pinches. 73—Riordan v. Riordan. 74—Collier v. Postum Cereal Co. 75—Sitomer v. Ladies' W M Union. 76—City of N Y v. Berlinger. 77—Hammerstein v. Sylva. 78—Newcomer v. Newcomer. 79, 80—In re New Weston Hotel Co. 81—Stannard v. Atlantic Terra Cotta Co. 82—Zuckerman v. Mutual Coal Co. 83—Kreizer v. Horn. 84—Bon Ton Tailoring Co v. Champion Laundry. 85—Kessler v. Pettel. 86—Pinches v. Pinches. 87—Creatore v. Creatore. 88—Levine v. Gittelson. 89—Vose v. Noiseless & D, &c, Co. 90—Krupienski v. N Y C & H R R R. 91—Lesser v. Lyons. 92—Carrent v. Carrent. 93—Makaroff v. Ferrara. 94—Collins v. Ahearn. 95—Gwarsinsky v. Gwarsinsky. 96—Loomis v. Dixcy.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Hendrick, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Blanchard, J.—Calendar called at 2 P. M. Motions. Demurrer. 2390—Galezio v. Brush. Preferred causes. 4780—Betts vs. Stupmiller. 4789—Schwartz v. Smith. General calendar. 2407—Vautier v. Vautier. 3719—Cohen v. Kameny. 3821—Stewart v. Willigan. 3834—Feller v. Rosenberger. 3837—Goldman v. Kupperman. 3838—Thalheimer v. Thalheimer. 3840—Manheim v. Scheinberg. 2347—Gielow v. Steindler. 2528—Sherard v. Bevins Co. 2370—West v. West. 3553—Fisher v. Fisher. 2131—Hoff v. Butler Bros. 2942, 2943, 2944, 2945—Butler v. Hoff. 3246—King v. Lincoln Trust Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—O'Gorman, J.—Certiorari and special franchise cases.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Goff, J.—Criminal Term. 1—A. Santaniello. 2—C. De Pasquale. 3—Eugenia Nikowski.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—6283—Lamport v. Goldstein. 6215—Weiner v. Balsom. 6014—Robinson Clay Product Co. v. Paladino. 6578—Potter v. Smith. 6110—Khodoff v. Brouner. 6064—Ripley v. Blum.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—McCall, J.—820—Coveney v. Whitridge.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Platzek, J.—2247—McTierney v. Thompson. 1710—Solomon v. Press Pub Co. 2275—Church v. Tribune Association. 2315—Monaco v. Lange. 889—Hackett v. H. Koehler & Co. 2740—Margulies v. Goerlitz. 1180—Smith v. New York Times Company. 1190—Quinlan v. same. 2427—Auerbach v. Phelps. 2773—Loughlin v. City of New York. 1428½—Lawson v. Fargo. 1684—Mahoney v. N Y Edison Co. 2797—Weil v. New York Taxicab Co. 155—Hurley v. Butler. 2864—Hambrecht v. Reiss. 2892—Sackett v. Kamenstein. 2832—De Veilla v. Tooker. 2185—Crighton v. Folsom. 2230—Holahan v. Konkla. 6282—Vaughan v. McGowan. 1260—Spuhler v. McNamara. 1904—Vesotsky v. Bock. 841—Brok v. Buckley. 845—McLoughlin v. Press Pub Co. 2995—Drexel v. Breng. 3008—Koewing v. Thalman. 3504—Ambrose v. Orbach. 6140—Maguire v. Pfeiffenschneider. 2755—Brennan v. Gardan. 2811—Sartaris v. Morgan. 2440—McInerney v. Fest Biscuit Co. 2507—Guttenberg v. Fried. 2654—Johansen v. Roeber. 2576—Weintraub v. Baldouf. 2848—Middleton v. Reutler. 2905—Dobrozensky v. Hartford Carpet Corp. 2926—Pappas v. N Y Con Co. 2952—Mayer v. Hearn. 2953—Graham v. Green. 2962—Emond v. Rogers. 3081—Clark v. N Y Cont Co. 3486—Maitz v. Meirowitz. 3496—Lustgarten v. Farind. 2970—Garfinkel v. Segschneider. 2981—Crawford v. Haff. 2982—Cubbins v. Met Riding Club. 3026—Townsend v. Degnon Cont Co. 2826—McDermott v. City of New York. 2897—Mullett v. Ehret. 3099—Morrell v. Judge Co. 2988—Nolan v. City of New York. 3007—Favarita v. National Ice Cream Co. 3025—Steinhardt v. Shapiro.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Giegerich, J.—326½—Herletz v. Loeb. 2608—Majud v. Weil. 3757—Strauss v. Dilg. 3427—Crane v. Werthman. 6465—Clement v. Lippman. 1237—Butler v. Gould. 3493—Napier v. Spielmann. 597—Lyon v. West Side Transfer Co. 1817—McCormack v. City of N Y. 3609—Johnson Service Co v. McLennon. 6400—Clement v. Schneider. 1904—Cochrane Mfg Co v. Galland-Cohn-Hall Co. 1825—Flagg v. Schultz. 1336—Fidelity & Cas Co v. Amsterdam Const Co. 1376—Titusville Agency v. City of N Y. 1433—Met Trust Co v. Kilt. 2979—Pretrowski & Konop Co v. Kantar. 3368—Smith Const Co v. Con Gas Co. 6399—Clement v. Smith. 1434—Met Trust Co v. Pierce. 1435—Same v. Montgomery. 1436—Same v. Parks. 1438—Same v. Irwin. 1451—Fidelity & Casualty Co v. Adelstein. 1069—McCartin v. McCartin. 1114—Lavelle v. Richard. 1591—Met Trust Co v. Maran. 1592—Same v. Payne. 1681—Kaestner & Co v. Schmidt & Schanenfugel. 134½—Gallagher v. Walsh. 2045—Swing v. Wanamaker. 2158—Shilling v. Floyd-Harsman Co. 2167—Gross v. Leo. 2185—Rich v. Kutrukian. 2257—Gross v. Manheimer. 2342—Beddt v. Pullman. 2490—Harris v. Nat Biscuit Co. 2416—Exposition Arcade Corp v. Southern Ins Co. 4730—Spearin v. City of N Y. 1226—Met Printing Co v. Hyde. 1969—Converse v. Flack. 2060—H Koehler Co v. Schachner. 3574—Souvenir Post Card Co v. Schloss. 1364—Bulman v. Roach. 1761—Baker v. Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Co.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S.—Motion calendar. Terence F Reilley, Ina M Hendrix, Ella M Haffen, Robert J Fitzgerald, Isaac Levinson, Charles Grossman, Benjamin Hurtig, John C Martin, Edward H Bulkley, Jacob Fiselite, Frank Cicconi, Joseph Lutz, Mary McManus, Cesare Di Ciocco, Pauline Wager, Christopher Nooney, Herman Oppenheim, Alexander G Bolton, Harriet N Pond, (2,) Esther B Marks, Ellen M Maverick, Henrietta Bopp, Isaac Tanenbaum, John F Gibson, Adamo Tonelli, Frederick O'Dugan, Marie Crepet, Salvatore Di Grande, Louis Levy, Mary A Manley, Ellen McDonald, Luigi Paolini, Abraham Weinstein, Charles L Ryan, Abraham I Adler, Gertrude Y Cheever, (2,) George Smith, (2,) Hannah S Peixotto, Martin Early, Jeanette Adler, Joseph R Tillinghast, Margaret Hogan, Charles E Thorburn, Pauline U Herrmann, John or Johann Dehof, Love E Biagiotti, Woodbury Lowery, Lawrence G Andrews, Elizabeth S Tappan. Wills for probate. Albert P Reilay, Catherine McVey, David C Christie, David Hochstadter, Soloman Zeman, Charles Batchelar, Samuel A Taylor, Julius Bien, Adele Secor.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Donnelly, J.; Part II., Smith, J.; Part III., Lynch, J.; Part V., Schmuck, J.; Part VI., McAvoy, J.; Part VIII., Delehanty, J.—Calendar called at 9:45 A. M. 4276—Cohen v. Pokress. 4062½—Co-op Outfitting Co v. Gertner. 4173—De Marco v. Shubert Piano Co. 4781—Economy Plumbing Co v. Harris. 5328—Mundheim v. Levine. 2801—Halstead v. Wells. 7108—Calleta v. Whitridge. 7157—Ujlaky v. Club Tuci Co. 702—Vollnick v. Goldwater Drug Co. 4101—Charlop v. Waldman. 4471—U S Trust Co v. Gabriel. 6027, 6028—Searles v. Empire City Subway Co. 7258½—Siff v. Forbes. 1878—Steinman v. Goldberg. 4701½—Higgins v. Clark. 1055—Fleischhauer v. New Amst Gas Co. 2643—Grill v. Gutfreund. 2356—Mowery v. House. 5856—Rosenstein v. Goodman. 5345—Warshowsky v. Goodman. 757—Sippo v. Mountain Const Co. 7242½—Brandt v. Zipkin. 5789—Rubinstein v. Empire State Surety Co. 5742—Brusch v. Golding. 5737—Lee v. Levy. 5319—Quinn v. Shapiro. 6979—Tyler v. Savage. 1794—Pavlino v. Lordi. 5412—Rubenstein v. Harvitt. 4725—Rosin v. Hamil. 3423—Young v. Hubert. 5723—Levittas v. Hart. 5857—Feinstein v. Drusin. 3955—Disken v. Oppenheim. 555—Levine v. Gabler.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Green, J.—Short causes. 1719—McKown v. Realty Supervision Co. 1725—Belfiore v. Illinois Surety Co. 1726—Arminio v. same. 1668—Salkind v. Miller. 1641—Flint v. Stein. 1701—Bath v. Met Mer and Realty Co. 1613—Hess v. Investors and Traders' Realty Co. 1618—Burnstiner v. Goldstein. 1660—M. Bowsky F D & D Co v. Weinstein. 1392—Isaacson v. Brenner. 1667—Palladino v. Rubano. 1656—Reiman v. Whitehead. 1405—Gude-Bayer Co v. Robin. 1678—Ballard v. United Tungsten Lamp Co. 1638—Dehls v. Stein. 1743—Concentino v. Illinois Surety Co. 1671—M. Bowsky F D & D Co v. Gross. 1705—Mugler's Iron Works v. Schneider. 1729—Sadler v. Lennon. 1731—Siraguso v. Delucia. 1591—Thompson v. Levitan. 1663—Ferber v. Kahn. 1585—Paine v. Bernstein. 1706—Krug v. Goldsmith. 1639—Hochberg v. Holmes. 1711, 1712, 1713—Capital Nat Bank v. Overland Co.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Schuldenfrei vs. Schuldenfrei—Patrick J. Dobson. Montague vs. Groge—Miles Rosenbluth. Jones vs. Armenia Ins. Co.—J. S. Bernstein.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J.—Deshons vs. Deshons—Richard M. Martin. Gedele vs. Lutz—George F. Roesch.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J.—Graeber vs. Taft Realty Co.—Denis O'L. Cohalan. Kirsh vs. Main Realty Co.—Charles Firestone.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J.—Max Wachsman vs. Joe Hirshhorn—Jacob Schlamp. Lawyers Mortgage Co. vs. Deby Simon—Percival Wilds.

CITY COURT—La Fetra, J.—Reuben O'Sprague vs. Francis Chofield—John Joyce.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Hirschberg, Woodward, Thomas, Rich, Carr, JJ.—Non-enumerated day calendar. 3—Matin v. Starbuck. 7—Title Guar Co v. Brown. 11—Schlegel v. R C Church of the Holy Trinity. 42, 43—Schultz v. Barber Co. 19—Bandel v. City of N Y. 40—Welzel v. Zuckerer. 14—Feller v. Kronowitz. 24—Chesnut v. Chesnut. 25, 157 E N—Same v. same. 115, 116 M A—Parodi v. Tilford. 47—Emmet v. Runyon. 48—Hirsch v. Parsheisky. 49—Brighton v. Ripson. 50—Balmer v. Leasehold Realty Co. 51—Anderson v. Duggan. 52—Same v. Fry. 53, Motion—Weyand v. Park Terrace Co. 54—Foot v. Groos. 56—Matter of Bronitsky. 58—Bedford Co v. Dubroff. 59—Matter of Un Bldg Co. 60—Reimer v. Samuels. 55—Matter of Fox. Enumerated day calendar. Re-argument. 218—Lewis v. Gehlen. 148—Quinn v. Whitney. 73—Matter of Richardson. 35—Gugel v. Hiscox. 91—Estate of Long Beach v. Clarkson. 149—Corell v. Sylvester. 138 M A—Killian v. Hanson.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Maddox, J.; Part II., Sutherland, J.; Part III., Aspinall, J.; Part IV., Kapper, J.; Part V., Jaycox, J.; Part VI., Putnam, J.; Part VII., Garretson, J. 2203—Schwartz v. Nathan. 2205—Impellizzeri v. Cranford. 2206—Devlin v. N Y & Queens Co R R. 273—Kalkstein v. Jackson. 1418—Scudder v. B H R R. 821—Kanheil v. B, Q C & Sub R R. 2211—Fingerhut v. B H R R. 2215—Kneeland v. Union Milk Co. 2219—Bierach v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2222—Ellman v. Nassau R R. 2223—Flaherty v. B H R R. 2225—Galasso v. City of N Y. 2226—Goldstein v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2230—Zwinge v. Dunn. 2233—Renkauf v. Nassau R R. 2234—Powers v. Levering & Garriguez Co. 2237—Britt v. B H R R. 1797—Varey v. same. 2240—Rosenberg v. same. 2244—Michaelson v. Hogan. 2245—Kahr v. Wiarda & Co. 2247—Nicholas v. Atlantic Stevedoring Co. 2248—Griffin v. Higgins. 2250—Francois v. B H R R. 2251, 2336—Cherpin v. same. 2252—Semptimus v. Nassau R R. 2253—Hyman v. B H R R. 2186—Medlowitz v. same. 6186—Wetzel v. Siet. 905—Friess v N Y & L I Traction Co. 7170—D'Agostino v. Moody R E Co. 7521—Jenkins v. Lafayette Trust Co. 7416—Rubin v. Rubin-Blankfort Co. 1697—Werback v. City of N Y. 7254—Enterman v. Hirschberg. 7539—Taishoff v. Coyne et al. 6663—Williamsburg Trust Co v. Scharfenberg. 7385—Henry v. Hudson & Manhattan R R. 6397—Humbert v. Empire Wire Co. 3844—Fairfield v. Campbell. Highest number reached on regular call, 2264. No reserve calendar.

COUNTY COURT—Dike, J. 311—Law v. B H R R. 312—Conklin v. N E R R. 1131—Foster v. Fogg. 313—Lichtenstein v. B H R R. 261—Goldstein v. Werbelowsky. 187—Carter v. Randall. 319—Davis v. B H R R. 320—Cash v. N E R R. 300—Livio v. B H R R. 321-2—Fitzgerald v. N E R R. The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 1069—Heinitz v. Darmstadt. 1176—Jones v. Hipkins. 1175—Gould v. Gasteiger. 323-4—Sencien v. B H R R. 267—Macumber v. Freel. 326—Chaberski v. Lomax. 328—Lynch v. Kelly. 170—Lynan v. Moore. 330—Frenza v. B H R R. 331—Kiernan v. same.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Mills, J.—18—Arnold v. Phillipse Manor Co. 27—Warren v. Bailey. 33—Troy Public Works Co v. Yonkers. 2—Parsons v. Curran. 17—Yorks v. Hopkins et al. 8—Bauer v. Breese. 41—Fernschild v. Chalmers. 46, 47, 48, 49—Armour v. Fraade et al.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J.—People v. Robert Fleming, James Marino, Frank Sebusky, Henry Lewis, Joseph Seribano, William K Youngs, John Finn, Frank Urso, Frank Annichiarico.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Morschauser, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.—91—Borzick v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 194—Mandy v. Schleicher Co. 215—Broderick v. Sutherland. 221—Molloy v. village of Briarcliff Manor. 162—Raffel v. village of Mamaroneck. 191—Hughes v. Hunter's Island Co. 226—People ex rel McCluskey v. Brown et al, as commissioners, &c. 228—Reynolds v. Cowan. 186—Taylor v. African M E Church of N Y. 218—Bard v. Carr. 244—Kowronski v. Sheets. 245—Delabarre v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 248—Kureca v. Abendroth Bros. 247—Foucault v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 246—Vinci v. N Y C & H R R R Co.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 249—Peck v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 250—Taral v. Rabb. 253—Leoni v. Campbell and another. 254—Zeltner Brewing Co v. Valendino. 256—Adams v. Chapter General of America K of St J and Malta. 257—Maass v. Rosenthal. 258—Tierney v. Bruckel. 259—Hays v. Healy et al. 260—Con Ice Co of Port Chester v. Mulchay. 40—Downing v. N Y Telephone Co and another. 55—Reider v. City of Mount Vernon. 107—Genna v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 146—Newell v. City of Mount Vernon. 168—Allis Junior v. Dillington. 216—Wock v. Westchester Lighting Co. 220—Bennsoak v. Thompson-Starrett Co.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Scudder, J. People v. Fabrizzio.

COUNTY COURT—Trial Term—Police Building, Long Island City.—Humphrey, J. 133—Woolney v. Sussman. 79—Peterson v. B H R R. 114—Kellinghausen v. Leuckert. 87—Wagner v. Anderson. 107—Savine v. N Y & Q Co Ry. 78—Ferber v. Norton.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 135, 136—Demola v. Hutchings. 137—Hart v. B H R R. 138—Irwin v. Spears. 139—Firma v. B H R R. 140—Berner v. same. 141—Keating v. Kornfeld. 142—Kings Co Iron Foundry v. N Y & Q Co Ry. 143—Domenico v. B H R R. 144—Wexler v. Hand. 145—Potter v. Dunson. 146—Beckhaus, an infant, v. Schickler. Highest number reached on general calendar is 146.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

MAX GOTTESMAN.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Max Gottesman, jeweler, 164 Park Row, show liabilities of $4,029 and assets of $2,000, consisting of stock $2,200 and fixtures $400.

CHARLES E. PAGE & CO.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Sept. 9 against Charles E. Page & Co., wholesale lumber dealers, 1,170 Broadway. Both partners put in an answer denying that they had committed the acts of bankruptcy alleged in the petition.

RICHARD MARTIN.—Richard Martin of 2,620 Eighth Avenue made an assignment yesterday to Solomon Simmons giving preference to Margaret E. Stevens for any deficiency arising from foreclosure of a chattel mortgage of $600 held by her on the fixtures. The business is not given in the assignment.

ARMIN EICHLER.—Armin Eichler, clerk, 127 West 124th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,389, contracted in 1906 to 1909, and no assets. Among the creditors are the Northern Bank of New York, $562; Summit Bank of New Jersey, $1,507, and Lorenz Zeller, $1,207. He was formerly a painter and decorator.

GEORGE GOTTESMAN.—Schedules in bankruptcy of George Gottesman, dealer in butter and eggs, 113 Rivington Street, show liabilities of $4,600 and assets of $353 in accounts. He owned a house at 56 Grafton Street, Brooklyn, valued at $5,600, mortgaged for $3,900, which was recently sold under foreclosure of a mortgage and his interest was wiped out.

ADOLPH DAVIDSON.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Adolph Davidson, cloak manufacturer, 15 West Seventeenth Street, by these creditors: Harry Gottfried, $500; Jacob N. Heyman, $18, and Samuel Tischler, $26. It was alleged that he is insolvent and made preferential payments of $500. The liabilities are $5,000 and the assets are estimated at $2,500.

LILY WAIST AND DRESS COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Lily Waist and Dress Company, 138 West Seventeenth Street, show liabilities of $20,201 and nominal assets of $8,459, consisting of stock, $800; machinery, $3,500; notes, $1,500; equity in assigned accounts and free accounts, $2,659. Among the creditors are the National Butchers and Drovers' Bank, $1,500, secured; Julius Alexander, $1,000, secured; Standard Trading Company, $10,070, secured, and Fulton County Silk Mills, Gloversville, $1,744.

STEPHEN J. SCHERER.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Stephen J. Scherer, photographer, 1,160 Broadway, show liabilities of $14,444 and nominal assets of $7,252, consisting of cash, $2; claim, $250; patent for improvement in printing frames, $100, and notes, $6,900, of which $6,000 is of the Grand Union Vaudeville Company, out of business. He has also nineteen shares of stock of that company and fifty shares of the Paragon Photo Chemical Company. Among the creditors are Charles W. Osborn, $1,800, and G. S. Willoughby, $1,456.

COOPERMAN & SPRINGER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Bernhard Cooperman and Philip Springer, who compose the firm of Cooperman & Springer, jewelers, 124 Hester Street, by these creditors: Louis Manheimer & Co., $174; I. Abramson, $259, and Rosenthal & Kaplan, $625. They have been in business ten years. Herman H. Oppenheimer, attorney for the creditors, said that the liabilities are from $60,000 to $70,000. The assets consist of stock estimated at $10,000, of jewelry and diamonds; accounts, $4,000, and equity in real estate. They have two tenements, one on Sheriff Street and the other on Stanton Street, which, a year ago, they valued at $89,000. They are mortgaged for $65,000.

GLOBE FOUNDRY COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Globe Foundry Company of 51 Cliff Street and Port Chester, N. Y., by Henry W. Sykes for these creditors: New York Nickel Plating and Manufacturing Company, $898; Leopold C. Gosselin, $400, and Joseph T. Harris, $200. It was alleged that the company is insolvent, and allowed J. J. Daly to obtain two judgments against it on Jan. 14 for $4,120, on which the Sheriffs of New York and Westchester Counties have made levies on assets. The company was incorporated about five years ago, and was capitalized at $75,000, and manufactured soil pipes, stoves, and castings. William A. Mills was President. Mr. Sykes said that the liabilities were about $100,000, and the assets $75,000. The company has been under an extension since last Spring.

UNITED STATES PAPER EXPORT ASSOCIATION.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the United States Paper Export Association, exporters of paper at 17 Battery Place, by these creditors: Woronoco Paper Company of Woronoco, Mass., $583; Mittineague Paper Company of Mittineague, Mass., $528, and W. M. Pringle & Co., this city, $31. It was alleged that the corporation was insolvent, and committed an act of bankruptcy by making preferential payments to the Battery Place Realty Company, $125, and the Panama Railroad Steamship Company, $30. The corporation was incorporated under Delaware laws with a capital stock of $75,000, in 1901, and its business was principally with South American countries. The liabilities are said to be over $40,000.

DANIEL LEHMAN.—Daniel Lehman, manager and salesman at 498 Broadway, formerly an importer of laces and embroideries, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $74,084 and nominal assets of $8,032, consisting of stock on hand, $182; stock pledged as collateral, $2,200; fixtures, $100; accounts, $5,050, and a surety deposit of $500 in a suit. He also has 245 shares of stock of Daniel Lehman, Incorporated, value unknown, pledged, and his life is insured for $20,000, which is also pledged. Among the creditors are the Public Bank, $9,300, secured; Isidor N. Landauer, $10,000; Irving Sondheimer, $5,000; Josephine Lehman, $2,300; Einstein, Wolff & Co., $3,502; F. Engster, Alstaetten, Switzerland, $8,900; Reichenbach & Co., St. Gall, Switzerland, $6,400, and Salmon Lumley & Co., Paris, $9,200. He began business in 1906, and incorporated Dec. 16, 1907, with capital stock of $40,000, but the corporation, it is said, did not take hold of the business until Sept. 1, 1909.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hand in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

NAYEF HADDAD, shawls and kimonos, 35 Broadway; liabilities, $12,826.
LOUIS HOEDT, baby carriages; liabilities, $10,236.
JOHN LYNN, inventor, 307 East 141st Street; liabilities, $8,560.
HEW MILLER, 28 West Twenty-sixth Street, manager of an apartment house; liabilities, $14,749.
SHAPIRO & BORENSTEIN, women's garments, 54 Lispenard Street; liabilities, $8,922.
JOHN COSSEN, liquors, 183 William Street.
CHARLES I. FARIAN, tailor, 757 Broadway.
LOUIS HIRSHLER, salesman, 129 West 112th Street.
HYMAN HORDES, 1,833 Madison Avenue, formerly cloaks.
JOSEPH KLEINMAN, hardware, 1,754 First Avenue.
JOHN RAINESS, 601 West 184th Street, jeweler.
SIMON BROTHERS, furniture, Port Chester.
MOSES SOLINSKY, clerk, 135 West Forty-seventh Street.
HYMAN WEINSTEIN, tailor, 1,326 Fifth Avenue.

Where the liabilities are not mentioned they are less than $5,000.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Auerbach, Max—J. Rapeport, $113.
Abrams, Herman—Werner Co., $253.
Betts, Percy De M.—Century Holding Co., $154.
Bauman, Emanuel W.—J. Braunstein, $257.
Connors, John and Peter—O'Brien Bros., $824.
Carroll, John A.—L. A. Heibener et al., costs, $118.
Collier, Peter F. and Robert J.—J. Liccione, $4,211.
Craigie, A. Walpole—William Taylor Co., $157.
Chapman, Azalia, admnx.—C. Franklin Carr Burial Co., Inc., $244.
Dominy, Clarence—C. Rouse, $1,671.
Donnellon, John J.—D. Coffey, $459.
Devine, William F.—Mott Haven Apartments, $723.
Decker, Charles O.—J. P. Decker, $650.
Farrell, Patrick—N. Y. Contracting Co., P. T., costs, $108.
Finger, Nathan—Ig. Roth, Inc., $234.
Same—Same, $230.
Finger, Nathan and Fannie—Same, $392.
Gerard, Philip—V. Hornung, $104.
Griffen, John C.—F. Schroeder, $112.
Heller, Barnet—G. Rosenfeld, $214.
Hecht, Louis, et al.—G. Rosenfeld, $214.
Heller, Isidore, et al.—Same, $214.
Hoff, Ida, admnx.—N. Y. Contracting Co., P. T., costs, $108.
Hunt, Thomas P.—Snare & Triest Co., $161.
Jurnick, Max F.—C. Hubert, $316.
Jonson, Edwin H.—Elmer P. Morris Co., $267.
Klein, Thomas J.—W. Post et al., $123.
Lallande, Rathbone T.—A. M. Blake et al., $215.
Loebel, August H.—J. Meurer, $173.
Lais, William—B. O'Brien, $112.
Lacomber, William B. and Clara, et al.—H. S. Renwick, costs, $148.
Meyer, John J., et al.—J. J. Finn, $321.
Mincho, Gus—L. Goldstein, $1,090.
Nicholas, George—L. Ginzberg et al., $197.
Quinn, Edward A.—C. Heimstadt, $162.
Reinheimer, Charles—Aeolian Co., $248.
Rehder, Henry—T. M. Sinclair & Co., $366.
Stravinides, Peter—D. Tsaconas, $878.
Salhin, Alex. E.—J. Cohen, $123.
Stiebel, Samuel J.—T. L. Reynolds, $1,245.
Silverman, Louis—E. J. Livingston, $121.
Sacks, Meyer—N. Y. Terra Cotta Co., $275.
Salman, Arthur C., Jr.—E. L. Blumline et al., $655.
Smith, Edward C., George R., and John T.—V. Oberlein, $751.
Tessler, Louis, and Gussie, or Gustav—I. A. Krulewitch, $232.
Von Goeber, Hanz—H. Cohen, $1,068.
Worth, Louis R.—C. D. Davis, $127.
Weeden, Henrietta H., et al.—H. S. Renwick, costs, $148.
Weeden, Henrietta H.—H. S. Renwick, $110.
Warren, William J.—O. Heimstadt, $163.
Wentworth, Louisa—J. C. Root, $203.
Weitzel, Charles—J. Rehm, Jr., $137.
City of New York—People, &c., costs, $434.
Pearson, S. P., & Co.—Crocker-Wheeler Co., $115.
City of New York.—S. Buchanan, $3,144.
Interborough Supply Co.—M. Reischmann & Sons, Inc., $393.
Tweedie Trading Co.—C. M. Hussey, $417.
U. S. Clerks' Corp.—A. Lane, $197.
Van Rensselaer Realty Co.—A. D. Wood et al., $104.
Same—H. Rump et al., $329.
Buckingham Realty Co.—B. Baltowsky, $591.
Hillside Realty and Construction Co.—E. B. Schaidner, $889.
New York Cab Co., Ltd.—S. G. Bromson et al., costs, $143.
Bank of Martin County—C. H. O. Houghton et al., costs, $109.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

American Surety Co. of N. Y.—J. Q. Cohen, Jan. 15, 1910, $117.
Benson, David H. W.—W. C. Martin, June 4, 1907, $156.
Bennett, Adolph, et al.—A. Friendlander, May 18, 1909, $351.
Lowenthal, Leo H., et al.—A. Friedlander, May 18, 1909, $351.
Clarke, Thomas A., et al.—M. Casey, March 3, 1909, $1,652.
Same—Same, Dec. 31, 1909, $104.
Stowe, Harold C., et al.—M. Casey, March 3, 1909, $1,652.
Same—Same, Dec. 31, 1909, $104.
Ershowsky, Samuel, et al.—D. M. Oltarsh, March 31, 1904, $217.
Greitzer, Isidor, et al.—D. M. Oltarsh, March 1, 1904, $217.
Fitzhugh, P. Henry—S. Katz, Aug. 27, 1909, $828.
Herbst, Max—Ballou-Dickson Co., June 19, 1908, $193.
N. Y. City Ry. Co. and N. Y. Mail Co.—A. F. Kiesow, Oct. 29, 1908, $125.
Same—Same, March 3, 1908, $11,598.
N. Y. Mail Co.—Same, Jan. 13, 1910, $139.
Parshley, Frank E.—M. Samlowitz, Aug. 25, 1908, $111.
Rosenfeld, Monroe and Ray—Schwartz Plumbing Supply Co., Nov. 13, 1909, $189.
Wishart, George—F. C. L. D'Aix, Nov. 15, 1909, $737.
Levins, Harris—City of N. Y., Aug. 31, 1908, (vacated,) $210.
Winthrop Realty Co.—City of N. Y., May 27, 1909, (vacated,) $104.
Winthrop Realty—City of N. Y., May 27, (vacated,) $104.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Major S. M. Waterhouse, Medical Corps, to Fort Washington, Md.

First Lieut. J. L. Jordan, Eighteenth Infantry, relieved from duty at military prison, Fort Leavenworth, Kan., Feb. 1, and will join his regiment.

First Lieut. R. R. Wood, Fourteenth Infantry, relieved from duty at military prison, Fort Leavenworth, Kan., upon arrival of Fourteenth Infantry in the United States, when he will join that regiment.

First Lieut. S. B. McIntyre, Fourth Infantry, to Fort Logan H. Roots, Ark., for duty pending arrival of Fourth Infantry in the United States.

Capt. P. L. Miles, Fourteenth Infantry, relieved from duty at Girard College, Philadelphia, Feb. 13, and will join his regiment.

Capt. R. C. Marshall, Jr., Quartermaster, to Cincinnati and Chicago to inspect plumbing fixtures of manufacturers, and to Fort Snelling, Minn., to inspect plumbing in barracks at that post, and to other matters relating to the Quartermaster's Department.

Capt. H. H. Scott, Coast Artillery, relieved from treatment at Walter Reed General Hospital, D. C.

The resignation of Capt. C. T. Baker, Quartermaster, has been accepted, effective April 15.

The Navy.

Passed Assistant Surgeon C. C. Grieve, to duty naval hospital, Norfolk, Va.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—DesMoines and Prairie at Bluefields, West Virginia and Pennsylvania at Yokohama, Mayflower at Washington, Wilmington and Callao at Swato, Michigan at Sewall Point, South Dakota, California, Maryland, and Colorado at Yokohama.

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The Quebec Steamship Co.'s Mail Steamship "Guiana" leaves New York February 10 for a delightful Cruise of about 28 days, calling at the islands of St. Thomas, St. Kitts, Barbados and other islands and Demerara.
Rate for Entire Cruise $130 and up.
BERMUDA
From New York EVERY WEDNESDAY, twin-screw S. S. "Bermudian" (5,530 tons). EVERY SATURDAY twin-screw S. S. "Oceana" (8,000 tons). Perfect Service.
TOURS to the ORIENT
Our Annual Parties are nearing completion. Several dates still open. Telegraphic application necessary. Usual independent railroad and steamship tickets everywhere. Cook's Traveller's Cheques Good Throughout the World.
THOS. COOK & SON
245, 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 Fifth Ave., (Windsor Arcade), N. Y.

Go To Bermuda
By Twin Screw Line
Largest and Fastest Steamers
S.S. Oceana, 8000 Tons
S.S. Bermudian, 5530 Tons
Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels
Forty hours from frost to flowers. Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday from New York.
WEST INDIES
New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbados and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Agts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or
QUEBEC S. S. COMPANY, LTD., QUEBEC.

CLARK'S 12th ANNUAL CRUISE
Feb. 5 to April 19.
TO THE ORIENT
By S. S. Grosser Kurfuerst
THE ONLY ORIENT CRUISE THIS WINTER
Under the Able Management of
FRANK C. CLARK.
Seventy-three days, including 24 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, costing only $400.00 and up, including shore excursions, Hotels, &c. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, Constantinople, Athens, Rome, the Riviera, &c. Tickets good to stop over in Europe, to include Passion Play, &c.
Europe-Oberammergau Tours, $270 up.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

RIO DE JANEIRO
"The City Beautiful"
BAHIA, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AYRES and ROSARIO
by the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York, 5th & 20th of each month.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York

FABRE LINE
REGULAR FAST STEAMERS FROM NEW YORK FOR NAPLES, NICE, AND MARSEILLES. DIRECT. OUTSIDE STATEROOMS ON PROMENADE DECK, $70 UP. FRENCH CUISINE. WINES GRATIS. SPECIAL MEDITERRANEAN YACHTING CRUISE 59 DAYS. LVE. NEW YORK JAN. 29TH. MARSEILLES, SICILY, ATHENS, SYRIA, HOLY LAND, EGYPT, NAPLES, $299.50. WRITE FOR BOOKLET.
J. TER KUILE, G. P. A., 23 B'way, N. Y.

FOR FORTRESS MONROE,
(Old Point Comfort,) Norfolk, and Portsmouth, Va., via Baltimore and the BALTIMORE STEAM PACKET COMPANY. (Old Bay Line).
Leave Baltimore every week day at 6:30 P. M. Finest steamers South of New York. Equipped with wireless telegraphy. All the delicacies of the Chesapeake. Delicious meals. Refreshing night's rest. Through tickets at principal railroad ticket offices. Staterooms engaged at S. A. L. Ry. Office, 1,183 B'way.

3000 MILES Cruise in Tropical Seas. $50.
Information W. S. Irwin, 33 B'way, N. Y.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
CRUISES DE LUXE
3 CRUISES
TO THE
WEST INDIES
Venezuela, Spanish Main, Panama Canal
By the Steamship
MOLTKE
12,500 Tons
Largest vessel ever sent to the West Indies.
Leaves N. Y.
January 22
February 22
March 24
16 & 28 days—Cost $85-$150 Up
21 years' experience in arranging and conducting cruises ensures efficient management.
Also cruises to the Orient and South America.
Send for new illustrated book.
REGULAR SERVICES
All Modern Safety Devices (Wireless, &c.)
London—Paris—Hamburg
S. S. AMERIKA 23,000 TONS.
Leaving New York Feb. 19, 11 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant. Gymnasium, Elec. Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.
*Pres. Lincoln..Jan. 29, 9 A. M. | §G. Waldersee..Feb. 26
*Pres. Grant..........Feb. 5 | †Kais'n Aug. Vic. Mar. 5
†Amerika..............Feb. 12 | *Pres. Lincoln, Mch. 12
§Pennsylvania.........Feb. 19 | *Pres. Grant..Mch. 19
§Hamburg direct. *Omits Plymouth.
Italy AND THE Nile
CONVENIENTLY REACHED BY OUR
Mediterranean Service
The splendid, large steamships CINCINNATI, Jan. 29, 10 A. M., HAMBURG, Feb. 15, March 29, BATAVIA, March 8, etc., for Gibraltar, Naples, and Genoa, (with occasional calls at the Azores and Madeira Islands.) Excellent connection with steamers of Hamburg & Anglo-American Nile Co.'s services up the Nile through EGYPT.
TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

The Most Inviting Cruises of the Season are those to AGWI The American Mediterranean
PORTO RICO
Only 5 Days from New York
This newest and delightfully situated resort in the West Indies, possesses an incomparable "summer" climate throughout the winter months, and presents a perfect panorama of picturesque scenery from seashore to mountains, forests, fashionable cities, and affords every opportunity for outdoor recreation, including Fishing, Bathing, Yachting, Automobiling, Horseback Riding, Driving, Golf, Tennis, etc., and has excellent hotel accommodations for those wishing to spend the entire winter on this tropical island.
Most conveniently reached by the
N. Y. & Porto Rico Steamship Co.
$30.00 - $50.00 - $90.00 - $140.00 Every Saturday
One of the most delightful and interesting cruises this year is from New York to Porto Rico and around the entire island—calling at the various ports—and return to New York, all meals and accommodations on steamer for the entire trip being included in the rate.
Florida, The Carolinas, Alabama, Texas, Nassau, Cuba, Mexico, Yucatan are directly and most conveniently reached by the 20th Century steamers of the Clyde, Mallory, Porto Rico & Ward Lines
Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines
Write for copy of AGWI NEWS—a travel magazine describing this romantic resort region, and outlining some of the season's most attractive all water, or rail and water combination tours with liberal stop-overs. Our Tour Bureau can issue all tickets, reserve choice accommodations, arrange all details, and render invaluable service in all travel matters. Address
N. Y. & PORTO RICO STEAMSHIP CO., 12 Broadway
TOUR BUREAU, AGWI LINES, 290 Broadway } New York

WHITE STAR LINE
ORIENT CRUISE
S. S. ARABIC
Sailing January 20
73 Days—$400 and up
All Expenses Included
ITALY and EGYPT
via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers
Largest Steamers in the Trade.
CELTIC CEDRIC
FEB. 2, MAR. 16 FEB. 16
ARABIC.........Jan. 20, to Alexandria
CRETIC..........Jan. 29; Mar. 12
ROMANIC.........Feb. 26, Apr. 2
CANOPIC.........Mar. 24, May 4
9 Broadway, New York

THOUSANDS OF AMERICANS
have already visited the
PANAMA CANAL
to see the gigantic undertaking now in full operation under the energetic management of the U. S. Government to connect as soon as possible the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.
HOW TO GET THERE?
By the Atlas Service of the HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.
Weekly sailings by the superb "Prinz" steamers (6,000 tons), with accommodations equal to those of the best transatlantic steamers.
Also special winter tours of 24 and 25 days duration to JAMAICA and the CARIBBEAN.
Two special cruises of 28 days duration by the well-known cruising S. S. Moltke (12,500 tons), largest steamship ever sent to the West Indies. Leaving New York January 22 and February 22. Also call at Colon, allowing time for visit to great canal works.
For further particulars, rates, etc., apply ATLAS SERVICE
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.
41-45 Broadway, New York.

North German Lloyd
Large, Fast, and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships, Equipped with Wireless and Submarine Signals.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
SAILING OF THE
PRINZ FRIEDRICH WILHELM
POSTPONED TO
THURSDAY, JANUARY 20.
Express Sailings Tuesdays at 10 A. M.
Pr.F.W., Thurs., Jan. 20 | K. Wm. der Gr. Feb. 8
Kronprinz Wm. Jan. 25 | K. Wm. der Gr. Mar. 8
BREMEN DIRECT
Twin-Screw Sailings Thursdays at 10 A. M.
Zieten..........Jan. 27 | *G. Washington. Feb. 24
Roon..........Feb. 10 | Rhein..........March 3
*Calls at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA—ALGIERS
Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at 11 A. M.
*Berlin (new)..Jan. 29 | K. Albert.....Feb. 12
†Gr. Kurfuerst..Feb. 5 | Barbarossa...Feb. 26
*Omits Algiers. †Orient Cruise.
Independent Around the World Tours.
Travellers' Checks Good All Over the World.
Apply OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Bermuda
New Weekly Service by 6,000 Ton
R. M. S. P. "Orotava"
From New York every Wednesday
Pier 50, North River
From Bermuda every Saturday
Comfortable voyage. High Class Cuisine—Orchestra. Electric Fans in all rooms.
JAMAICA-COLON, BARBADOS, Etc.
Clyde..........Jan. 22 | Nile..........Feb. 19
Ortona.........Feb. 5 | Tagus........Mar. 5
Tours of 12 to 25 days from $95 up
CRUISES DE LUXE
TO THE WEST INDIES
18 to 54 Days, $85 to $350 up
ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
Sanderson & Son, G. P. & F. A.,
22 State St., N. Y.

ITALIAN LINES
*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE, (Fast Italian Line.)
‡ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
TO NAPLES AND GENOA DIRECT.
†America (new). Jan. 18 | †Europa........Feb. 1
‡Ancona........Jan. 27 | *D. D. Genova. Feb. 9
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., 21 State St., N. Y.

NEW UNION TICKET OFFICE
1393 B'way, N.Y. Phone 2037 Murray Hill. Railway and steamship tickets to all points at lowest rates. First-class European-Oberammergau tours, $190 up. Write for Booklets
J. P. McCANN, Ticket Agent.

OLD DOMINION LINE
DAILY SERVICE
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 26, N. R., foot of Beach St., every weekday at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

American Line From Pier 15, N. R., at 10 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Philadelphia. Jan. 22 | New York.....Feb. 5
*Oceanic.....Jan. 29 | *Adriatic.....Feb. 12
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 48, N. R.
Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct—Pier 39, N. R.
Min'apolis. Jan. 29, 9:30 AM | Min'waska, Feb. 12
Minnetonka, Feb. 5, 2 PM | Minnehaha, Feb. 19
Red Star Line From Pier 14, N. R., at 10 A. M.
New York—Antwerp—Paris
New Mammoth S. S. Lapland
Saturday, Jan. 22, 11 A. M.
Glass-enclosed Promenade, Verandah Cafe, Lounge, Elevator, Orchestra, Shop, Wireless.
Lapland. (new). Jan. 22, 11 AM | Vaderland. Feb. 9
Finland..............Feb. 2 | Zeeland. Feb. 16
White Star Line From Piers 48 & 49, N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Baltic, Jan. 22, 2 PM | Laurentic (new). Feb. 5
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
†Philadel. Jn. 22, 10 AM | †N. York, Feb. 5, 10 AM
Oceanic. Jan. 29, 10 AM | Adriatic. Feb. 12, 10 AM
†American Line Steamer from Pier 15, N. R.
NEW YORK & BOSTON TO ITALY & EGYPT
Via Azores, Madeira, and Gibraltar.
Arabic, Jan. 20. Special Alexandria Sailing.
Cretic.........................Jan. 29, March 12
Celtic, (20,904)...............Feb. 2, March 16
Cedric, (21,035 Tons)..........Feb. 16
Romanic.......................Feb. 26, Apr. 2
Canopic.......................March 24, May 4
PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 BROADWAY.

CUNARD LINES
From Piers 51-52-56, North River, 9 A. M.
Liverpool Service. Calling at Fishguard, South Wales.
Quickest Route to London and Continent
via Fishguard.
Wednesday from New York
Monday in London
MAURETANIA—LUSITANIA.
Largest, Fastest Steamships Afloat.
Sail Wednesdays.
Wireless Telegraph—Submarine Signals.
Lusitania.....Jan. 19 | Mauretania....Feb. 9
Campania......Jan. 26 | Campania......Feb. 16
Umbria........Feb. 2 | Umbria........Feb. 23
To Italy & Egypt
THREE SPECIAL CRUISES.
CARMANIA & CARONIA
Magnificent New 20,000-Ton Strs.
Jan. 22—Feb. 19—March 5.
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar.
ALSO TWO SPECIAL CRUISES
SAXONIA TO ITALY, Feb. 5—Mch. 19.
HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE
TO FIUME, VIA
GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE.
Carmania. Jan. 22, noon | Pannonia......Feb. 12
Saxonia.. Feb. 5, noon | Caronia.......Feb. 19
Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.,
21-24 State St., opposite the Battery.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
California, Jan. 22, 3 P. M. | Caledonia, Feb. 12, 10 A.M.
Columbia, Feb. 5, 2 P. M. | California, Feb. 19, 3 P. M.
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $28.75 AND $30.
Apply for Illustrated Booklet of Tours.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

CALIFORNIA
Independent 30-Day Tour. "Invisible Courier System." Starting any time, including Hotels, Pullmans, Transfers, etc., $280.25.
FRANK TOURIST CO., 347 Broadway.

DIRECTORY FOR DINERS
Telephone Your Reservation.

LÜCHOW'S
108 to 114 E. 14th St., Tel. 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE AND TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by the VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.

NORMANDIE,
Broadway and 38th St.
New Restaurant, Cafe, and Rathskeller. Lunch 40c. Fine Dinner, with Wine, 75c. A la carte at all hours. Famous Bavarian Orchestra. Vocal Entertainment.
SOUVENIRS—WEDNESDAYS.

On 124th St. and 7th Av. HARLEM CASINO
SAMONOFF and his Russian Quintette.
Din. (6-8), 75c. Sat. & Sun., $1. Alc at all hrs.

THE OAK S. W. Cor. 23d St. & 8th Av. Most Moderately Priced High-class Restaurant in Town. Alc. Tdh. Music.

FLAT IRON RESTAURANT. B'way, 23d St., 5th Av. Breakfast. Dinner. Supper.

POMMERY "Sec" and Brut
THE STANDARD FOR CHAMPAGNE QUALITY

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

A.—Diamond chain, set in platinum, lost in or near New Theatre, or Madison, Amsterdam and 76th St., Jan. 14; liberal reward. Apply Hugo Baer, 3 Maiden Lane.

LOST—In taxicab, night of Dec. 5, a brooch; two wings, pearl studded, diamond in centre, between Murray's Cafe and 14th St., Subway, or taxicab at Atlantic Av., Brooklyn; reward. Notify V 147 Times, Times Square.

LOST—A Lincoln medal awarded by The New York Times, on Saturday afternoon in vicinity of Essex and Powell Sts., East New York. Finder please notify Solomon Mednik, 369 Essex St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—In or near Frederick Leeser & Co.'s store, lady's gold hunting case watch; monogram L. D. T.; diamond on opposite side; suitable reward on returning to B. C. Woodruff, 157 State St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Between East 86th St. and 5th Av. and 60th St. and Madison Av., lady's small handbag marked R. B.; no intrinsic value; prized because of associations; $25 reward. 225 5th Av., Room 1,111.

LOST—Service medal; inscription: "15 years' faithful services, 1894, Metropolitan Life Insurance Co."; gold and white enameled; reward. H. Roscuberger, 320 Broadway.

LOST.—Saturday night, enamelled pansy pin, diamond centre; surrounded by small diamonds; liberal reward paid to finder. Return to Mrs. E. Radford, Hotel Belmont.

LOST—A Waltham watch, open face, gold case and gold face; engraved large letters "W. H. C." Return to Wilbur H. Crane, 295 Garfield Place, Brooklyn. Reward.

LOST—Will party picking up camera Sunday evening, 139th St. and Brook Av., please return to Room 2,003, Park Row Building? Liberal cash reward; no questions.

LOST—Diamond ring in washroom, Simpson-Crawford's, Monday, at noon; 3 diamonds in shape of three-leaf clover; small chip in stem; reward. 112 Lexington Av.

LOST—Jan. 16, 94th St., Riverside Drive, coasting hill at 80th St., enameled brooch, 4-leaf clover, 3 diamonds in centre; liberal reward. Brady, 311 West 94th St.

LOST—On Saturday night, gold and turquoise bracelet; liberal reward for the return or information leading to its recovery. Hillman, 300 Central Park West.

LOST—In a red taxicab, going to 6th Av. and 23d St., Saturday night about 10 o'clock, lady's black walrus leather handbag; will reward. K 118 Times Downtown.

LOST—Lady's gold hunting case watch, Elgin movement, initials "A. S. B."; reward. Return to Miss Brenner, 16 William St., care Lehman Brothers.

LOST—On Monday forenoon, an amethyst necklace containing twenty stones. A suitable reward will be paid for return of same to Cashier Stratford House, 11 East 32d St.

LOST OR STOLEN—Bank book No. 503755 of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank. Payment stopped. Please return book to bank, No. 51 Chambers St.

LOST—Overcoat, initials L. M. W.; exchanged at Childs's restaurant, 42d St., Monday evening; will return other coat. V 153 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Pearl and diamond earring, 44th St., between Seymour and Algonquin Hotels; $25 reward. Return Seymour Hotel office; no questions asked.

LOST.—Lady's Tiffany watch, monogram "M. A. J.," between 86th St. and 3d Av. and 72d St. and 8th Av. Liberal reward. 226 West 72d St.

LOST—On Thursday evening last, at Sherry's, a small diamond brooch, in shape of a crown. Liberal reward if returned to 41 East 50th St.

LOST—Pocketbook containing $40, Saturday, 100th, 109th and Columbus; reward. Byron, 106 West 109th.

LOST—Bank book No. 11245, Yorkville Bank, special deposit department, issued to George Firman. Payment stopped. Return to bank.

LOST—On Thursday, Spalding's, 42d St., gold mesh bag, containing $8; suitable reward; no questions. Miss Wood, 159 West 45th St.

LOST—Probably at Grand Central Station Friday, old-fashioned breastpin, painting of Madonna and child. Reward at 6 East 72d St.

LOST—Pointed fox muff in Wallack's Theatre or hansom to Waldorf-Astoria; $15 reward. Return to Pollock, Waldorf-Astoria.

LOST.—Bank Book No. 7,508, Yorkville Bank, Special Deposit Department, issued to Etel Miklos. Payment stopped. Return to bank.

LOST—Gold watch, initial "M. E. F.," Jan. 15, between 145th and 151st Sts., Amsterdam Av.; reward. Klein, 412 West 148th St.

LOST—Mink neckpiece, Friday night, vicinity 23d St. Subway and 103d St. Broadway; reward. Heckman, 229 West 105th St.

LOST.—Monday noon, between 89th and 42d Sts., gray fur collar. Leave at desk, Manhattan Hotel. G. H. Murphy.

LOST—A silver filigree eyeglass case, Grand Central Station or Subway train; $5 reward. 1,166 Dean St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Suit case exchanged by mistake, Subway, Jersey Central. Herbert Charles, 233 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Solitaire diamond ring, Grand Central Station. Large reward return Bryan, 308 West 97th St.

LOST—Gold locket, with diamond; "Edna" engraved on back; reward. Strauch, 243 West 99th.

LOST—Mink muff on West 111th St.; reward. Cowen, 312 Manhattan Av.

LOST—Oxford Bible in uptown Subway; J. H. R. inside. Return 226 West 78th St.

$100 REWARD and no questions asked for necklace of irregular pearls lost Jan. 17, probably between 5th Av. and 50th St. and 57th St. and 7th Av. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—White fox terrier, female, in vicinity of 111th St. and 8th Av.; answers to name of "Daisy." Liberal reward if returned to Vedder, 246 Manhattan Av.

$100 REWARD
For return of Mexican dog; light brown; weight, 4 pounds; lost in Easthampton, L. I. Return to Miss Constance McCall, 321 West 86th St.

Bide-a-Wee Home, 36 Lexington Av. Free clinic, 2-4; advice and treatment to animals of the poor free. Dogs, cats, given to responsible people guaranteeing good homes.

FOUND.—Angora cat, neighborhood of 179th St. O'Neill, 507 West 179th St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Jan. 17—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Package.

FOUND, Jan. 17—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Package, umbrella, pair gloves.

FOUND, Jan. 17—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Muff, 2 packages, pair glasses.

FOUND, Jan. 17—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Purse, scarf pin, package, 2 books, wallet, suitcase, overshoes, 4 umbrellas, 3 pair overshoes, veil, satchel, suitcase, 2 eyeglass cases, 3 keys, military brush, comb, nail file, hat, pair gloves, handbag. 23D ST. STATION: Package, photograph. JERSEY CITY STATION: Book.

FOUND, Jan. 17—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Bible, 2 umbrellas, package, overcoat, pair eyeglasses.

FOUND, Jan. 17—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PRISCILLA, Fall River Line—Fur collar, eyeglasses, scissors, package, whiskbroom, umbrella, bed, socks, rubbers, umbrella, book, small key, pocketknife, one glove, sweater, 2 keys, 1 glove, 1 eyeglass, earrings.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Jan. 15 and 16—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, bag, glove, overalls, bottle liquid. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Vest, pocketbook, part of pen, satchel, book, photos, pipe, hat, pair slippers, shoes, rubbers, overalls, collars and belt, purse, waist, 2 muffs, purse, knife, gas tool, paper holder, bag, books, aprons, chamois. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Grip, muff, coat, case, rubbers, 2 purses, underwear, gloves, books, magazine, 4 umbrellas, muff, muffler, pocketbook, belt, music, gloves, rubbers, belt, 2 pair gloves, bag, specs. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Handbag, keys, muff, underwear, gloves, napkins, letter, part of pen, bottle whisky, purse, pair gloves, package books, apron, bottle, piece tubing, beads, cap. SUBWAY—8 umbrellas, 2 pocketbooks, purse, locket, necklace, hatpin, bag, glove, pair gloves, magazine, drawings, music, photos, book, neckpiece, box collars, underwear, paints, paper, 3 muffs, sugar, hat, tea, pair shoes, tobacco, bottle whisky, photo, letter, bottle liquid, glass, veil, part of sweeper.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; stenographer; small manufacturing business; references required; $12 to start. Address Steno., Box 25 Times Downtown.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

DRESSMAKERS TO MAKE CHILDREN'S DRESSES; GOOD PAY; STEADY WORK ALL YEAR. WHITEHEAD & ASIEL, 24 UNIVERSITY PLACE.

WANTED—Woman to help in pantry. Apply Superintendent Delivery, O'NEILL Building.
O'NEILL-ADAMS COMPANY,
Sixth Av. and 20th St.

WANTED—Young ladies with at least one year high school education to enter nurses' training school. Graham Sanatorium, Rochester, N. Y.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

YOUNG WOMAN, general housework; private family; good wages. 12 West Fordham Road, near Jerome Av.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AN EXPERIENCED UNDERWEAR STOCK CLERK BY A WHOLESALE HOUSE. APPLY BY LETTER STATING REFERENCE AND SALARY WANTED, M. & C. M., 568 BROADWAY.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted, in large publishing house, services of a qualified accountant, not over 40 years of age; practical experience absolutely necessary; only those who can furnish bond need apply; salary, $100 per month. Address, "Subscription," Box K 119 Times, Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent; double entry; manufacturing costs, &c.; state age, (not over 27,) experience, and salary. V 154 Times, Times Square.

BRIGHT BOY, willing to work hard for advancement; $5 to start. Apply in own handwriting, Insurance, 121 Times, Downtown.

DRAUGHTSMAN wanted for woodwork sketches and shop detail; one having some experience in mechanical drawing preferred. Call 290 East 134th St., city.

BOY, about 16, in office of jewelry factory; one recently from school preferred. Apply Stern Bros. & Co., 33 Gold St.

"BROAD GAUGED MEN" wanted to sell bonds; live leads furnished; men who are making good where now employed will have a golden future with us; write or call. Inter-State Land & Building Co-Operative Association, 261 Broadway, New York City.

MAN.—$30 a week, your city; postal. Electric Metal Works, 3,604 Woodbridge, Cleveland, O.

PAINTER.—One who can paint automobiles from start to finish. Call Imperial Garage, 210 West 76th St.

SALESMAN.—A high-grade salesman who has "made good" with adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, typewriters, or similar specialties can obtain lucrative, guaranteed territory for sale of Burroughs, Pike, and Universal adding and listing machines; liberal commissions; give complete history of past connections and sales; if convenient send photo (will return.) Address Burroughs Adding Machine Company, Baltimore, Md.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman wanted on skirts and linen suits; outskirts of city; one who has good appointments with good trade; no pikers; good proposition to right party; only experienced man should inquire. Call Tuesday morning, Commercial Skirt Co., 38 East 8th St.

SALESMEN, honest, sober, to represent us; excellent opportunity; weekly remittance; experience unnecessary; ability recognized; references. Write North Jersey Nurseries, Newark, N. J.

SALESMEN.—Choice territory open with the Perfect Fox Visible Typewriter; 9 to 10 A. M. Schenanga-Carver Co., (Inc.,) 93-99 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educated; Protestant; $2 day; temporary work. Bethany Church, 402 East 67th St.

SWITCHMEN WANTED—EXPERIENCED RAILROAD SWITCHMEN FOR YARD WORK WHERE STRIKE IS IN PROGRESS; ONLY COMPETENT MEN, PHYSICALLY SOUND, ACCEPTED. APPLY ONE FLIGHT UP, NO. 129 CEDAR ST.

WANTED—Able-bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35. Must be native born or have first papers. Monthly pay $15 to $69. Additional compensation possible. Food, clothing, quarters, and medical attendance free. After 30 years' service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances. Service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 West 42d St., 79 Cortlandt St., 101 Park Row, 252 Third Av., New York, N. Y.; 330 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CUSTOM CLERKS WANTED.—Custom frauds mean many appointments; examinations in New York coming; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. CU. 53, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—By a city bank, bright young man, about 18 years old; must be good penman and well educated; good opportunity for a young man who desires a good start in the business world. Address K 122 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—Bright boys, about fifteen years old, in the office of a well-known manufacturing concern; must have good education and come well recommended; salary to start, $5 per week. Driffield, P. O. Box 645, N. Y. City.

YOUNG MAN wanted in advertising department; must be energetic and of neat appearance. Apply 9 o'clock, Room 206, Times Building, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

SALESMEN.—With runabout automobile selling two machines daily; salary $20 daily. 93 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

A.—A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, office assistants, furnished short notice without charge. 'Phone 5712 Barclay. Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

BOOKKEPERS, stenographers, office help, male, female, furnished free. 4470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, competent office help wanted for permanent positions. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

High-Class Help Wanted

Intelligent men and women in search of employment will do well to read daily the Help Wanted advertisements on this page. Employers of the better sort, when they want Help, advertise in The New York Times. Here are samples:

Help Wanted Female.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; stenographer; small manufacturing business; references required; $12 to start. Address Steno., Box 25 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted Male.

DRAUGHTSMAN wanted for woodwork sketches and shop detail; one having some experience in mechanical drawing preferred. Call 290 East 134th St., city.

Make it a practice to devote a few minutes every morning to the Help Wanted advertisements. Sooner or later you'll find your opportunity.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
47 W. 42d St. Telephone 3872 Bryant.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:
Otto T. Bannard, President; Jacob H. Schiff,
John R. MacArthur, V. Pres.; Robert W. De Forest,
Paul M. Warburg, Treasurer; Frederick G. Bourne,
V. Everit Macy, Secretary; George Blumenthal,
Francis L. Hine.
EDWARD W. CARPENTER, Manager.

WE ARE CONSTANTLY BEING REQUESTED TO FURNISH COMPETENT OFFICE HELP, BOTH MALE AND FEMALE. ANY PERSON FILING AN APPLICATION WITH US WILL BE GIVEN AN OPPORTUNITY TO ACCEPT ANY POSITION WE MAY BE REQUESTED TO FILL, PROVIDING THEIR REFERENCES ARE FAVORABLE AND THEY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ORDER.

A FEE EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT OF THE FIRST WEEK'S SALARY IS CHARGED FOR PERMANENT POSITIONS, SIX WEEKS' TIME BEING ALLOWED TO PAY SAID FEE, ONE-SIXTH EACH WEEK, IN ALMOST EVERY INSTANCE.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

STENOGRAPHER to President of bank, $15; other immediate openings. Mighill, (Position Broker,) Flatiron Building.

Domestic Help.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Capable English housekeeper required for fifteen servants in town. Bureau Social Requirements, 6 East 43d St.

FOR SELECT COLORED HELP apply Duncan Help Exchange, 250 West 133d St. 'Phone 5078—Morning.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 729 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4696—Plaza.

MISS BRINKLEY
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.
Competent, thoroughly trained servants supplied after a careful and thorough investigation of their references.

MISS WILD
Employment Office,
47 West 34th St., Rooms 111-15-17.
Tel. 2943-2944—Murray Hill.
Thoroughly trained high-grade servants supplied after references are personally investigated. Circular sent on request.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.
HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

CHAMBERMAID, German; seamstress; excellent references. Lind Bureau, 729 Lexington Av. Tel. 4696 Plaza.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th St. Tel. 486 Morningside.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, waitresses, nurses, helpers; references. Flaherty's Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Tel. 741—Riverside.

KEMPER, 615 Columbus Av.—First-class cooks, laundresses, chambermaids, waitresses, investigated references. 9348 Riverside.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th. Bond, $1,000; guarantees A1 help. 'Phone 1119—Harlem.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

AN EDUCATED business woman, exceptional managerial and executive ability, wants position as private secretary, office manager, or representative. V 121 Times, Times Square.

AMANUENSIS.—Expert lady will handle your correspondence or manuscripts at your house; copying wanted. V 92 Times, Times Square.

AN ENGLISHWOMAN requires a daily engagement (morning preferred) to commence teaching a young or delicate child. V 146 Times, Times Square.

A GENTLEWOMAN would like a position in an office; compensation small. Address A. D. Beldon, Brooklyn P. O.

AMERICAN woman, good housekeeper, well recommended; wages, $30. Smith, 361 West 36th St.

ADDRESSING and copying done at home. Mrs. Kirk, 68 West 83d St.

COMPETENT woman wishes engagement reading aloud to elderly person or invalid one or two afternoons a week. V 142 Times, Times Square.

DRESSMAKER.—Experienced; out by day or week; reasonable. Patterson, 116 West 63d St.

ELDERLY WOMAN, graduate nurse, physician, desires position attending invalid or elderly woman; person going south preferred; highest references. Address Louisa Kean, care Dr. Purington, West Hartford, Conn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert, accurate, reliable; thoroughly experienced; operate any standard machine; understands office work; best references furnished. Capable, 106 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Am business college graduate; will take beginner's position; small salary to start. Miss Lazell, 605 Madison Av. 'Phone 2993 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat, accurate, conscientious worker; knowledge of law; $8, with opportunity of advancement; agencies ignored. K 113 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six months' experience; neat, rapid, accurate, painstaking, and reliable; hours immaterial; $7-$8. Miss Dorothy, 107 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady wants position; three years' good, practical experience; first-class references. V 150 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, well educated, capable, desires permanent position. Robson, 546 West 156th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—(17;) years' experience; attended high school; speaks German; $7. Margaret, 117 Times Downtown.

YOUNG GIRL experienced in clerical work wishes to secure a position where strict attention to business will be appreciated; best references. V 151 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, supervised, closed; monthly audits; systems devised; corporation tax reports prepared. Accountant, 320 Broadway. Room 1204. Telephone 2114—Worth.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT—BOOKKEEPER.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, expert bookkeeper, writes up, balances books, regular intervals. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Certified public accountant; audits, opens, closes books; reasonable rates. M., 5 West 125th St.

BOY, 16, wishes position where advancement is assured for an industrious worker; honest and reliable; can furnish best of reference; public school graduate and have attended high school. George Kraskin, 1-3 Willett St., City.

BOY, 17, wishes position in an office where advancement is assured to an earnest worker; can furnish best of reference; honest, intelligent, and neat. Samuel Beiler, 77 Ridge St., city.

BOY, with knowledge of drawing, wishes position in architect's office. Bender, 329 East 83d St.

CARPENTER.—First class; wants jobs by day or contract; German. 207 East 52d St.

ENGINEER, licensed; 22 years' experience on ice machines, dynamos, motors; own repairing and firing; stationary or construction. V 141 Times, Times Square.

MAN, 22, wishes steady position at anything. Morris Kelner, 625 Park Av., Brooklyn.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, Swiss graduate, wide experience, wants position in manufacturing concern; references. V 149 Times, Times Square.

POSITION wanted by young man, very well acquainted English, German, French, Italian, Spanish languages; quick typewriter; experienced in clerical work; references. V 144 Times, Times Square.

POSITION wanted as cashier, bookkeeper; take charge of office; employed at present; desire to make change. R 131 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 22, wishes to become acquainted and start out as salesman with reliable wholesale house. A. Mattern, 270 Franklin St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHIC services; terms not requiring permanent stenographer; moderate rates; typewriting, specifications, legal work; specialty, manifolding, addressing. Address Michaels, 30 West 18th St.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position as stock clerk in millinery or cloak house; will work hard; best of reference furnished. Box T 87, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN wishes position; very handy in handling tools; country or city; reference. C. R. Burrs, 612 West 110th St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires clerical position where work will merit advancement. K 116 Times Downtown.

THE NEW YORK TIMES aims to obtain for its Want Page that stamp of character which clean and reliable advertising alone can give. The Times therefore welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Information considered confidential. Telephone 1,000 Bryant.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1—ATTRACTIVE suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 46.—Handsomely furnished large back parlor bedroom, bath, suitable gentleman; other rooms.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Large, attractive room for two; all conveniences; well-appointed house; reasonable.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Handsomely furnished single rooms; telephones; house and table strictly first class.

54TH, 54 WEST.—DOCTOR'S OFFICE; Also large room; table guests; references.

55TH ST., 351 WEST.—Comfortable room; good table; reasonable for couple; all conveniences.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—With board, single room; southern exposure; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; single room; electric light, steam heat.

79TH ST., 106 WEST.—Second floor front or entire floor; excellent table. Telephone 7223—Schuyler.

79TH ST., 152 WEST.—Second-floor room; Southern exposure; table guests.

79TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large rear room; table board.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—High-grade rooms, with board.

80TH ST., 156 WEST.—Table guests; home cooking specialty; best food; also nicely furnished room.

82D ST., 121 WEST.—Furnished rooms; private bath; parlor dining room; home comfort; Americans.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Cozy room, bath; steam heat; parquet floors; excellent table; electric light.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Small room, with excellent board, $10 weekly.

83D ST., 127 WEST.—Sunny rooms; large, $18; hall, $7; excellent table; table guests; references.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Delightful, warm rooms; excellent cooking; Subway; table guests. Telephone 2871—River.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Large sunny room, all conveniences; good table; desirable neighborhood; telephone; references.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large rooms, table board; back parlor suitable dentist; telephone 7442 Riverside.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations; southern cuisine; parlor dining; table guests. Telephone 429—Riverside.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Single and double room; bath; table and house first class.

130TH ST., 258 WEST.—Medium, sunny room; suitable one or two; conveniences; private house; "L."

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101, (Washington Square, N. W.)—Suite two large rooms, also single; private bath; steam heat; table excellent.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th St.)—Large and small connecting rooms, with board, in handsome private house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 100.—Desirable rooms, steam heat; excellent table; river view; fifteen minutes to Manhattan.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, DOUGLASTON, L. I.; easy commuting distance. For Winter rates, apply New York Office, 1,123 Broadway.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

9TH ST., 39 WEST.—Large room, one flight; private bath; also single room.

15TH ST., 206 WEST.—Large and small rooms; warm, quiet house; clean; rates moderate.

20TH ST., 48 WEST.
Private house; large, also hall rooms; reasonable.

22D ST., 352 WEST.—Comfortable, large front room; running water; exceptionally clean, quiet house; reasonable.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

50TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegantly furnished room; connecting bath; gentleman; references.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Nicest kept parlor bedroom, bath, in city; restaurant; $30-$60 monthly.

63D ST., 161 WEST.—Outside steam-heated room; running water; single or couple; all conveniences. Hamilton.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant, warm, homelike room; attractively furnished; all improvements; central; moderate.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Warm, comfortable rooms; private baths; excellent service; meals optional; telephone; references.

69TH ST., 103 WEST.—Very desirable bright, sunny rooms; large, small; well-kept house; nicely furnished dressing rooms; running water; breakfast optional.

69TH ST., 145 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished suite in high-class apartment; all conveniences.

70TH ST., 306 WEST.—Small, nicely furnished rooms in private house; terms moderate.

72D ST., 105 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; bath; convenient "L," Subway; references. Telephone 8380 Columbus.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms; near "L" and Subway stations.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, warm rooms; refined house and neighborhood; breakfast; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, large, sunny room; dressing room; all conveniences; references; reasonable.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Second floor room, south; bath adjoining; one or two gentlemen; references.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room for physician's office; extension; reception room; service; telephone.

79TH ST., 130 WEST.—Room suitable one, two gentlemen; bath floor; select house; Subway, elevated.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelor home; handsome rooms; refined surroundings; private residence. 'Phone 7063 Schuyler.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; large front room; furniture and decorations entirely new; references.

81ST ST., 108 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite; private house; Subway, "L."

81ST ST., 209 WEST.—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; private family; Subway and elevated; gentleman; references. Friedenrich.

81ST ST., 201 WEST.—Warm, sunny room for business woman; call evenings; references. Downing.

81ST ST., 102 WEST.—Large room; handsomely furnished and decorated; private house.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful sunny room; suitable for one or two; private house; references.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Private house; desirable; sunny, warm; small, large; plenty hot water; telephone.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny room; running water; first-class house; telephone; references; "L."

83D ST., 206 WEST.—Comfortable, large front room, with private family; telephone. Conner.

84TH ST., 64 WEST.—Room, suitable two; running water; one flight. Telephone 3516—Riverside.

84TH ST., 108 WEST.—Large front suite, adjoining bath; small, light room; running water. Huber.

84TH ST., 206 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; comforts of home; $4, $5. Layton.

87TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large, comfortable room, running water; telephone. Jackson.

90TH ST., 59 WEST.—Elegant large room; running water; suitable for two; three gentlemen; reasonable; references.

91ST ST., 152 WEST.—Large corner parlor alcove, well furnished; all improvements; Subway, "L." Tandy.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, sunny suite, two rooms; private bath; all conveniences; telephone.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath, $6; large room, heated, $4.50; telephone; "L."

9?TH ST., 78 WEST.—Pleasant, nicely furnished, clean room, adjoining bath; one flight; $8. Corwin.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Excellent location business people; clean, homelike rooms; breakfast optional; reasonable. Scott.

101ST ST., 4 WEST.—Homelike furnished rooms; all improvements; telephone; use kitchen; business women. Oliver.

103D ST., 12 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; private entrance; apartment. Stern.

104TH ST., 62 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; steam; all improvements; moderate; adjoining "L" station. Tonyan.

105TH, 100 WEST.—Large, delightfully cozy, warm room, adjoining bath; one flight. Stancliff.

107TH ST., 6 WEST.—Large room; elevator apartment; private entrance; all conveniences; very reasonable. Hathaway.

109TH, 138 WEST.—Large rooms, steam, bath; convenient to Subway and "L"; reasonable. Adams.

111TH ST., 119 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; all prices; also bath; Subway; 'phone service. Mrs. Buckley.

112TH ST., 504 WEST, Near Broadway.—Large room; private family; elevator; telephone; references. Wells.

118TH ST., 352 WEST.—Light, heated rooms; elevator; Subway and "L"; $2.50 weekly. Apartment 17.

118TH ST., 366 WEST.—Desirable, warm rooms; refined house and neighborhood; near Morningside; 'phone; reference.

122D, 514 WEST.—High-class rooms; elevator, electric lights, steam heat. Kenyon.

124TH ST., 531 WEST.—Large heated room in private family; elevator; telephone; business woman preferred; references. Goodwin.

131ST ST., 238 WEST.—One, two gentlemen; large, well-furnished front room; strictly private family.

137TH ST., 261 WEST.—Sunny rooms, front suite; running water; $12; private concessions. Audubon—4096.

140TH ST., 216 WEST.—Clean, sunny room; private family; $3; gentlemen. Mayer.

142D ST., 513 WEST.—Large, sunny room with lavatory; small family, home-like; references; near Subway.

152D ST., 557 WEST.—Large, sunny room, adjoining bath; private family, near Subway; references.

ABSOLUTELY SELECT, noiseless residential neighborhood; overlooking Central Park; luxuriantly heated; desirable. R 198 Times Downtown.

CHARLES ST., 10.—Large room, heated; hot water; southern exposure; gentlemen.

DOCTOR, dentist; elegant large back parlor; running water; all service; extension; moderate. 59 West 90th.

FURNISHED ACCOMMODATIONS.
Apartments, rooms, large single or en suite; desirable boarding places; applicants accommodated without charge; each place inspected. Call, write, or telephone 5975 Murray Hill. Temple Rental Company, 110 West 34th St.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, corner 127th St.—Handsomely furnished suites, four, five, six rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity; $12.50 weekly upward; beautifully furnished rooms, bath, kitchen, $4 to $6 weekly.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 116.—Large, light furnished room; heated, homelike. Bissell.

East Side.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS; SWIMMING POOL, SHOWER, &c.; $5 UP.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Newly furnished room, with bath; private house; every convenience; telephone; gentlemen.

32D ST., 19 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; telephone; restaurant attached; meals served to apartments.

34TH ST., 143 EAST.—Delightful large second-floor front room; running water; southern exposure.

43D ST., 4 EAST.—Furnished rooms to men only; also hall room; references exchanged.

55TH ST., 106 EAST.—Comfortably heated rooms for gentlemen; all conveniences; reasonable.

LEXINGTON AV., 6, Close Vicinity Gramercy Park.—Beautiful, large, light rooms, dressing room, bath, for couple or gentlemen; also single rooms; excellent neighborhood; convenient to Subway and surface lines; small, select house.

LEXINGTON AV., 665, Near 56th.—Select people; beautifully appointed double room, near bath; also, single; cleanliness, quiet; reasonable rates; references; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,018, Near 72d.—Attractive rooms, housekeeping suite, parlor floor with private bath; steam heat, electricity, telephone; $5-$15.

PARK AV., 1,171.—Physician's parlor suite; exceptional; best service and light; private house.

Brooklyn.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS; hot and cold water, with and without private baths; convenient to Wall St., Subway, and bridge. 3 Montague Terrace.

272 VANDERBILT AV., NEAR DE KALB AV. Private house; heat, hot and cold water; large bathroom. Tel. 4549—Prospect.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOMMODATIONS WANTED.
Applicants for absolutely desirable rooms, suites, or private boarding places daily; their reliability guaranteed; you avoid publicity; representative calls upon request. Temple Rental Company, 110 West 34th St.

MARRIED COUPLE want two furnished rooms, with bath, or one large, furnished room, with alcove and bath; state price and particulars. V 107 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Unfurnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Apartment of 6 large, sunny rooms and bath; with southern exposure; exclusive neighborhood; convenient to Subway; sacrifice rent and free to Feb. 1. Haff, 411 West 115th St.

104TH ST., 150 WEST.—Exceptional room, with sunshine, for business woman. Apartment 65.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Exceptional opportunity to step right into old-established light manufacturing business, that has always paid owner $2,000, doing steady cash trade; experience absolutely unnecessary, as any one could acquire thorough knowledge of business in short time; besides, owner will remain; if sold at once, will sacrifice for $3,000 on easy terms. Inquire Standard, 47 Ann St.

With $10,000 to invest, a young man may learn architecture, building, and developing at first hand, receiving $1,000 a year while learning; real estate security given; best of references required. Box K 103 Times Downtown.

To provide additional capital for its increasing business a New York Stock Exchange house would like to take in special partner; only principals; all communications strictly confidential. R., Box 129 Times Downtown.

Bills discounted, businesses financed; money against security; inheritances cashed; partners procured. Mercantile Advancer, 820 5th Av., Room 213.

Johnson Press, successors to Call Press, 142 Fulton St.; good printing; low prices; 1,000 letter heads, $2; billheads, $1.50; booklets, $10.

Perfect duplication typewritten letters; $2 first thousand, $1 each additional. New York Letter Co., 23 Park Row. 'Phone 5748—Cortlandt.

Ask me how you can start a profitable mail-order business at home evenings. Expert, P. O. Box 1,600, New York.

Will buy contents houses, apartments, hotels, books, pianos. 560 Stuyvesant. Barnes, 88 University Place.

Color and commercial printing of all descriptions. Eagle Press, 202 West 34th St. Union label.

FOR SALE.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
In great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

DIAMONDS
WATCHES, JEWELRY ONE PRICE CASH OR
CREDIT
Call or Write for Illustrated Catalogue 45.
L. W. Sweet & Co.
37 to 39 MAIDEN LANE

Family must sacrifice all their fine furniture, mostly imported; English brass bedsteads, $8; heavy Sloane rugs, $7, $10; mahogany parlor suit, leather library; six leather dining chairs, round table, sideboard, buffet, couch, &c.; large gold mirror, $5; davenport, dishes, mission furniture, paintings, curtains, upright piano, lot other things, together or separately; opportunity for any one starting housekeeping. Owner, 56 East 76th St., private house.

TYPEWRITERS
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

UNDERWOOD, REMINGTON,
and all other makes, slightly used, at half and quarter price; easy payments if desired; excellent machines rented three months for $5; big discount on new machines; expert repairing. DURANT M'LEAN TYPEWRITER CO., 265 Broadway.

TYPEWRITERS Rented, $5 for 3 months; New, rebuilt, $10 up; special cash discount; year's guarantee. Send for catalogue. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 1½ Barclay St. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, files, bookcases, stockboards, mirror, wall fixtures, business furniture, all kinds; large safe, 7 ft. high, 5 ft. 6 wide, 2 ft. 9 deep. Finn Bros., 358 Broadway.

IDAHO WHITE PINE FOR SALE.
In the famous Idaho White Pine Belt; located on the north fork of the Clearwater; for sale by owners. For further particulars address O. C. Keller, Troy, Idaho.

I give you credit at the big department stores for furniture, clothing, household goods; easy payments. W. A. McCluskey, U. S. Express Bldg., 2 Rector St., Room 633.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, time stamps, cash registers, adding machines, typewriters, safes, filing cabinets, multigraphs, neostyles. Nathan's, 4 White.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

WALLACH, ADOLPH.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to EMMA WALLACH, designated as an Executrix in the last will and testament of Adolph Wallach, deceased, and Marie Schiele, Bertha Laufer, Leopold Rosenberger, Max Rosenberger, William Rosenberger, Albert Rosenberger, Charlotte Goodman, Lena Grinberg, Julia Howe, Samuel Wallach, Nathan Wallach, Ignace Wallach, Louis Schloss, Benjamin Schloss, Emma Haas, Augusta Bratter, Gladys Gutman, Beatrice Gutman, and Flora Sello, the heirs and next of kin of Adolph Wallach, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Louis Schiele, Sigmund M. Schiele, and Joseph Fettretch of the City of New York have lately applied to the Surrogate's Court of our County of New York to have a certain instrument in writing, and codicils thereto, bearing dates December 8th, 1903, December 22d, 1905, and October 20th, 1906, relating to both real and personal property, duly proved as the last will and testament of Adolph Wallach, late of the County of New York, deceased, therefore you and each of you are cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York, at his office in the County of New York, on the 10th day of March, one thousand nine hundred and ten, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last will and testament.

And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogate's Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said county, the 13th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and ten.
[L. S.]
DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogate's Court.
THEODORE H. SILKMAN and DANIEL E. SEYBEL, Attorneys for Petitioners, 41 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

RAINES, JOHN.—Surrogate's Court, Ontario County.—In the matter of the estate of JOHN RAINES, late of Canandaigua, N. Y., deceased.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to an order of the Surrogate's Court of Ontario County, granted on the 28th day of December, 1909, that the undersigned intends to apply to the Surrogate's Court of the County of Ontario and State of New York for letters of administration upon the goods, chattels, and credits of John Raines, late of the village of Canandaigua, Ontario County, N. Y., deceased, under and pursuant to Section 2,664 of the Code of Civil Procedure, to be issued to the undersigned, and all persons who are or claim to be creditors of the said decedent are hereby notified to present their claims, duly verified, to the Surrogate of Ontario County, at his office in the Court House in the village of Canandaigua, Ontario County, N. Y., on or before the 5th day of February, 1910.
Dated December 28, 1909.
JOHN RAINES,
GEORGE R. RAINES,
As Next of Kin of Said Decedent.

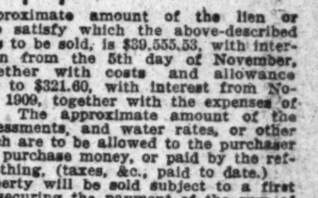
REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK—FREDERICK S. ISAAC, plaintiff, against ISAAC MARCUSON and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 6th day of November, 1909, as amended by an order entered on the 31st day of December, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 25th day of January, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of One Hundred and Eighty-second Street with the easterly side of Audubon Avenue; running thence northerly along said easterly side of Audubon Avenue seventy-nine (79) feet nine (9) inches; thence easterly and parallel with One Hundred and Eighty-second Street seventy (70) feet; thence southerly again parallel with Audubon Avenue seventy-nine (79) feet nine (9) inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Eighty-second Street, and thence westerly along the northerly side of One Hundred and Eighty-second Street seventy (70) feet, to the point or place of beginning.
Dated New York, December 31, 1909.
ASHLEY T. COLE, Referee.
LOUIS F. DOYLE, Attorney for Plaintiff, 111 Broadway, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $39,555.53, with interest thereon from the 5th day of November, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to $321.60, with interest from November 6, 1909, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is nothing, (taxes, &c., paid to date.)

The property will be sold subject to a first mortgage securing the payment of the sum of $56,000, with interest at 5% per annum from November 1st, 1909.
Dated New York, December 31st, 1909.
ASHLEY T. COLE, Referee.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT of The City of New York, Nos. 157 and 159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Fire Commissioner at the above office until 10:30 o'clock A. M. on
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1910,
Borough of Queens.

No. 1. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, and Oil Meal for companies, paid system, Arverne, Rockaway Beach, and Far Rockaway.

No. 2. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, and Oil Meal for companies, Volunteer system.

No. 3. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, and Oil Meal for companies in Long Island City.

No. 4. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, and Oil Meal for companies in Jamaica and Richmond Hill.

No. 5. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, and Oil Meal for companies in College Point and Flushing.

For full particulars see City Record.
RHINELANDER WALDO, Commissioner.
Dated January 13, 1910.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT of The City of New York, Nos. 157 and 159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Fire Commissioner at the above office until 10:30 o'clock A. M. on
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1910,
Borough of Manhattan.

No. 1. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, Salt, and Flaxseed Meal for companies.

Borough of The Bronx.

No. 1. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, Salt, and Flaxseed Meal for companies.

Borough of Richmond.

No. 2. For furnishing and delivering Hay, Straw, Oats, Bran, Salt, and Flaxseed Meal for companies.

For full particulars see City Record.
RHINELANDER WALDO, Commissioner.
Dated January 13, 1910.

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY, GAS and Electricity, Room 1,536, Nos. 13 to 21 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity at the above office until 2 o'clock P. M. on
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1910,
Borough of Richmond.

For furnishing, delivering, and storing three thousand five hundred (3,500) gross tons of Anthracite Coal.

For full particulars see City Record.
HENRY S. THOMPSON, Commissioner.
The City of New York, January 13, 1910.

SUMMONSES.

THE SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—LOU EVELYN ROMAINE TRONSON, plaintiff, against NORMAN GRAHAM PIERCE DeCOUDRAY TRONSON, defendant.—Action to Annul a Marriage.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated New York, December 14th, 1909.
ABRAHAM C. COHEN,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Office and Post Office Address, Nos. 53-63 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To Norman Graham Pierce DeCoudray Tronson, defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Charles F. MacLean, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 28th day of December, 1909, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 31st day of December, 1909.
Dated New York, December 31st, 1909.
ABRAHAM C. COHEN,
Attorney for the Plaintiff, 53-63 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

THIRD BOY ATTACKED; NEW CLUE TO SLAYER

Ossining Lad Flees from Stranger Resembling the Man Who Shot Robert Lomas.

MANY SUSPECTS ARRESTED

One Confronted by Wounded Victim in Hospital Admits He Was Near the Scene of the Crime.

After a fruitless corralling of black-bearded men in this city yesterday by the police in their search for the maniac who shot little Robert Lomas and Arthur Shibley in Highbridge Park last Wednesday, a clue that seems to offer promise was received from Ossining, N. Y., last night.

The eight-year-old son of Legrand Wynants was called to the back door of his home, in the Croton Dam Road, Ossining, on Saturday afternoon by a stealthy knocking at the door. The boy was confronted by a black-bearded man of medium build, raggedly clothed, and carrying his head bent to one side.

"Gimme a drink of water," the man begged.

The boy got a glass of water. The stranger dashed it to the floor and tried to grab the boy. He fled, screaming, into the house and the stranger disappeared.

When Mr. Wynants came home yesterday and read to his family the account of the Highbridge Park murder and the description of the assassin his little son for the first time linked the dark-bearded man of his own experience with the murderer of the Lomas boy, and told his adventure to his father. Mr. Wynants, finding that the boy's description of the stranger tallied with that of the Washington Heights murderer, notified the police. Efforts were made last night to trace the man.

Detectives O'Neil and Runny of the Bronx Bureau arrested last night on a charge of vagrancy Franz Josef Schubert, who was making a house-to-house canvass for alms, at 169th Street and Franklin Avenue, near Crotona Park. He had a black beard and walked with shoulders shrugged up, and seemed demented, according to the police. In his pockets were found a knife and fifty sheets of paper bescrawled with German notes. Some of these, translated, read:

"Oct. 13, I shook my head seventeen times. Oct. 15, shook my head 103 times.

"January, 1908. Arrested at Snake Hill, N. J. Got eight months for shaking my head."

Both John Frederics at the Lebanon Hospital, who was shot by a man resembling the assailant of the two boys on the Saturday before, and Lawrence Casey, foreman of Highbridge Park, who saw a man answering the shooter, according to the police, although they could not identify him with any certainty, said that he resembled the man they had seen more than any suspect yet brought before them. The police say Schubert admitted, too, that he had been in the vicinity of Courtlandt Avenue and 160th Street a week ago.

Patrolman Dennis Beary of the West Thirtieth Street Station early yesterday afternoon arrested Baruch Rothman of 443 Canal Street at Forty-second Street and Park Avenue. He was discharged in the Night Court.

Elias Chadarossky, a peddler, of 10 Eldridge Street, was arrested for the second time since his discharge Saturday night, by Detective Gleason of the Mulberry Street Station, because he wore a seedy tan overcoat, a black beard, and his head bent to the right. Chadarossky couldn't understand what it was all about, but said he would shave and get rid of that overcoat. He was taken to the Night Court.

Two other men were arrested yesterday on general suspicion and black beards. They were Edward Johnson and John Flenger of 66 Avenue A. They were sent to Blackwell's Island and the Coroners' office respectively. Many other black-bearded suspects were also arrested.

According to the police there is little doubt but that one and the same man attacked the two boys on Wednesday and John Frederics on the previous Saturday night. The bullet extracted from the Shibley boy and those taken from Frederics proved to weigh almost 88 grams each, betokening a calibre of 32.

The condition of Arthur Shibley was said at the Washington Heights Hospital last night to have taken a marked turn for the better. He was still in danger, however, and his mother remained in constant readiness to submit to the transfusing of blood from her own body to his.

HELPING WIDOWED MOTHERS.

Association Trying to Extend Work of Maintaining Their Homes.

The Widowed Mother's Fund Association issued its first public circular yesterday, and in a short time will hold a large public meeting to gain members and extend its efforts. After nine months' work it has 5,000 members, each paying $1 a year dues, and 500 widowed mothers are its beneficiaries. The association received a gift of $2,500 from James Speyer, one of $1,000 from Adolph Lewisohn, $500 from Louis Stern, $500 from Mrs. Jefferson Seligman, and $500 from Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim. But more members and more money will be needed to carry on the work the association is trying to do.

This is to enable poor widowed mothers to keep their homes and their children with them.

There is a secondary benefit in this work, it is also said, in that the public is relieved of the care of the children and the orphan asylums have more room and money to devote to children who have neither father nor mother.

Headquarters of the Widowed Mothers Fund Association are at 155 Clinton Street, and there the mothers may call and from there the association workers go out to assist in what way they can in maintaining the homes. They help the mother to get work and tide her over difficulties until she is able to support herself entirely.

On the Board of Directors are thirty of the most prominent Jewish women in the city. Mrs. William Einstein, whose work on the United Hebrew Charities has given her a wide insight into charitable work, is the President. Among the members of the board are Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Mrs. Randolph Guggenheimer, Miss Annette Kohn, Miss Olivia Leventritt, Mrs. N. Taylor Phillips, and Mrs. Seligman.

SLEUTH PLAYS STUDENT.

Even Submits to Hazing to Catch a Suspected Thief at Fordham.

For several weeks a young man has been posing as a student at Fordham University, appearing each morning with books under his arm and attending chapel with the other students, but instead of going to class afterward he has been going to the students' rooms in St. John's Hall, the college dormitory. Since his visits began $500 worth of clothing, books, and jewelry have been stolen.

Detectives Flynn and Illich were put on the case, and Flynn, who has always been somewhat of a student, posed as one at the university. Every morning for the last week or so he has been attending classes and mingling with the other students. He was even hazed by some of the upper classmen.

Yesterday Flynn trailed a young man from chapel to St. John's Hall and arrested him as he was about to go upstairs to the rooms occupied by the freshmen. He carried an armful of books, but that was not all, according to the detective. In his pockets were seven pawn tickets for articles believed to have been stolen from the students.

At the Bronx Detective Bureau the young man said he was Jordan Freeman, 18 years old, of 302 Warren Street, Brooklyn.

He is not registered as a student.

Furnished Rooms in desirable locations, see Page 17.

HARD TIME FOR DAIRYMEN.

Farmers Being Driven Out of Business by the Monopoly Here.

Harry Vail, a young farmer of New Milford, Conn., exhibited yesterday at the inquiry into the alleged milk monopoly, held before Referee William Grant Brown, a record of his expenses and the return to him from the sale of milk in the month of December. Vail prefaced the exhibition of this document by asserting that he and the other milk producers of his neighborhood were at the mercy of the dealers, having no choice except to accept the price offered by the Borden Company or the Consolidated Exchange.

Mr. Vail then showed his statement of expenses and profits, which disclosed that he had expended $408.81 in the month and had received from the Borden Company $390.44. His business for the month was done at a net loss of $9.37. Vail said he had figured it out that it cost 3 2-5 cents a quart for him to produce milk, and that he ought to get 4 cents a quart in Summer and 5 cents in Winter to make a living profit.

"It looks as though the dealer and middleman were making more than their share of profit now," said Vail. Special Attorney General John B. Coleman asked if he could suggest a remedy for present conditions.

"I guess it is being remedied right along by farmers being driven out of business," replied Vail. "The situation will be remedied to the farmers who survive."

Edward B. Sanford of Warwick, N. Y., a producer and dealer, said that, in view of present conditions, the advance in the price of milk to 9 cents a quart was unwarranted.

Joseph V. Jordan, head of the Hudson Valley Dairy Company of Newburg, N. Y., said that milk was plentiful right now. William A. Lawrence, a producer of Chester, N. Y., agreed with him and said that the supply should lead to a lower price to the consumer.

TRADE BALANCE WAY DOWN.

December's Showing with Foreign Countries the Smallest in Years.

The foreign trade of the United States last month, according to the figures of the Bureau of Statistics made public yesterday, resulted in the smallest trade balance in favor of this country recorded in any December in more than a decade. It is necessary to go back to December, 1895, to find as small a trade balance in our favor as the $32,919,905 which resulted from last month's trading. Not only were the exports for the month, amounting to $171,600,000, smaller than the exports in December, 1908, but the imports were much larger, running up to $138,700,000 from $111,900,000 in December, 1908.

The excess of exports over imports for the month was less than half the excess reported a year ago, when the December figures showed a balance of $76,900,000 in favor of the United States. The imports and exports and the balance in our favor for the month of December in the last half dozen years have been as follows:

	Exports.	Imports.	Excess of Exports.
1909	$171,662,197	$138,742,292	$32,919,905
1908	188,830,907	111,920,562	76,910,345
1907	207,119,996	92,241,984	114,878,012
1906	190,399,977	134,349,760	56,050,217
1905	199,738,520	101,142,799	98,595,721
1904	145,253,259	96,566,759	48,686,500
1903	174,819,566	77,768,634	97,050,932

Compared with November of the year just past the December figures showed a reduction in both imports and exports, but while the latter declined about $22,500,000 the imports fell off by only $1,600,000.

WESTERN MARYLAND PLANS.

Deal with the New York Central for Entrance to Pittsburg.

According to dispatches from Baltimore yesterday the long-sought entrance of the Western Maryland Railroad into Pittsburg is about to be accomplished over the tracks of the Pittsburg & Lake Erie, a New York Central subsidiary. The Western Maryland system had under way several plans for gaining entrance to the steel district before the receivership in 1908 called a temporary halt. One of these provided for the extension of the road from Cumberland, Md., across the Pennsylvania line to New Haven, Penn. Since the reorganization committee bought in the road for $6,500,000 at the receiver's sale in November the new officers and banking interests identified with the reorganization have again taken up the problem of getting into the Pittsburg district, considering among others the projected extension to New Haven, Penn.

The dispatches from Baltimore yesterday said that traffic and trackage rights over the Pittsburg & Lake Erie from New Haven to Pittsburg would be signed shortly, and suggested that the close relations thus established with the New York Central might pave the way for the road's absorption by that system.

The Pittsburg & Lake Erie has already planned extensions into the West Virginia coal field in the Fairmont region, which would bring it into touch with the Western Maryland at Bellington.

UTAH COPPER CO. ENJOINED.

Stockholders' Meeting to Ratify Merger Put Off Until Jan. 25.

The meeting of the stockholders of the Utah Copper Company which was to have been held at 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, yesterday was adjourned until Jan. 25 next by an injunction granted by Judge Scott of the United States Circuit Court at Trenton, N. J., on the application of E. J. Wall of Salt Lake City. The injunction is to be argued at Trenton on Jan. 24.

The meeting was called for the purpose of ratifying the merger with the Boston Consolidated and Nevada Consolidated Copper Companies, for the stock of which Utah shares have been offered in exchange at the rate of one for two and one-half and one for two and one-quarter, respectively. Yesterday's meeting was to have voted an increase in Utah stock from 750,000 to 2,500,000 shares for the purposes of exchange.

Mr. Wall was one of the original large stockholders in the Utah Company, but reduced his holdings considerably a couple of years ago, and is said to have reinvested a large part of the proceeds in Boston Consolidated stock. The grounds of his opposition to the merger did not appear yesterday.

MORSE LINE REORGANIZED.

New Company Takes Over the Old Metropolitan Steamship Company.

The Metropolitan Steamship Company of New Jersey, organized some time ago to take over the assets of the old Metropolitan Steamship Company, announced yesterday that it had acquired from the receivers all of the property of the old company, which came to grief as a result of the financiering of C. W. Morse.

The new company's officers give no indication of any retention of Morse control. The Presidet is John W. McKinnon, Vice President, George E. Shaw, and Secretary and Treasurer, Campbell Carrington.

The new company announces that the Harvard and Yale are to be overhauled before the seasons opens, and will have oil fuel substituted for coal. The change, it is announced, will increase their speed from 20 to 21 knots. Eighty more staterooms and an additional seating capacity of 100 in the café have been added to each boat.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
1:15—130 Sullivan St.; John A. Mafio	None
1:31—92 White St.; C. Condesani	$5,000
2:40—24½ Rector St.; unknown	$25
3:15—51 Bleecker St.; unknown	Trifling
3:55—65 Jefferson St.; Beth-Israel Hospital	Slight
4:30—384 W. 125th St.; H. Touhey	$1,000
6:05—638 Broadway; the Rander Hat Co.	Unknown
7:35—16 Clinton St.; Conrad Lerner	$200
8:25—153 E. 74th St.; Theodore Bailey	$50
10:00—812 Westchester Av.; Mr. Montgomery	Trifling
P. M.	
12:45—774 Jackson Av.; C. Schwank	Trifling
1:25—331 East 100th St., Tony Palumbo	$500
1:30—220 East 112th St.; Joseph Frank	$1,000
3:00—125-127 Sullivan St., Julia Bianchi	$10
3:20—302-304 East 119th St., M. Burnett	$500
3:20—534 Ninth Av.; Mary Depecie	$10
3:45—1,472 Southern Boulevard, S. Gordon	$25
7:30—25 Cliff St.; Van Hoeden Brush Co.	$2,500
7:35—54 East 8th St.; unknown	Trifling
7:40—503 West Broadway; Lewidder	$2,500
9:30—20 Varick St.; unknown	Trifling
11:00—407 Madison Av.; Adams Express Co.	$500

"WIZARD" BURBANK REPLIES TO CRITICS

Says Attacks on His Life Work in Plant Breeding Are Unwarranted.

CAN'T HELP EXPLOITATION

Never Made Any Pretense That He Created the Thornless Cactus, He Asserts.

Luther Burbank, the "plant wizard," telegraphed a reply to THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday to the criticisms passed on him recently. It was pointed out in these that, according to the official Government bulletins, many "thornless cacti" were known before the appearance of the particular one which Mr. Burbank's friends say he created, and that the commercial exploitation of his name was causing much misgiving in scientific circles.

It was also noted that Mr. Burbank is in the receipt of an annual grant of $10,000 for ten years from the Carnegie Institution that he may pursue his scientific studies unhampered by lack of funds.

This is Mr. Burbank's reply:

To the Editor of The New York Times:

SANTA ROSA, Cal., Jan. 17.—At the time of introducing some of the first of my spineless cactus, (opuntias,) nearly three years ago, the following words occupied the first place in the catalogue:

> "For more than fifty years I have been quite familiar with thornless cactus of many species and varieties. In fact, one of the first pets which I had in earliest childhood was a thornless cactus, one of the beautiful epiphyllums.
>
> "The phyllocactus and many of the cereus family are also thornless, not a trace to be found on any part of the plants or fruit.
>
> "Thus the somewhat indefinite popular name of "thornless cactus" has been used by persons unacquainted with these facts, for be it known that a thornless cactus is no more of a novelty than a thornless watermelon.
>
> "But among the cacti, which grow to an immense size with great rapidity and which can be readily cultivated in garden, field, or desert, no perfectly thornless ones were known and very little interest was taken in the cactus of any kind, either thorny or thornless, as to their agriculatural or horticultural value, until the work of improvement was taken up on my experiment farm and improved. Perfectly thornless rapid-growing varieties have been produced and made known within the last few years.

The facts in the case are too well known to need comment. Let some one even now mention a single absolutely thornless cactus of agricultural value produced by anybody or not produced on my grounds.

I am exploited, whether willing or not, and very much against my own wishes. Does it pay to exploit commercially a proposition which does not stand on a sound basis of character and value?

It was mutually agreed upon and fully understood both by the Carnegie Institution and myself that I should have the privilege of supplementing their inadequate annual aid toward the continuation of my experiments by the sale of my productions as before.

I am now past 60 years of age. I have done good work and no one is dependent upon my efforts. The grant brought with it more care, responsibility, correspondence, and visitors and a full crop of envy and jealousy, and but for the advice of friends I should have dissolved my connection with the institution last year.

Personally, I have no desire for wealth or fame—a thirst for these is the root of many evils. My ambition has been to leave the world better for having passed this way.

To be misjudged is a passing trifle; to have lost a life of honest, earnest labor is a tragedy.

LUTHER BURBANK.

LOW BIDS FOR FOOD CONTRACT

Old Rates Cut for the Restaurant Privilege at Ellis Island.

Bids for supplying food in the immigration station on Ellis Island were opened yesterday by Commissioner William Williams. There were thirteen bidders, and the figures quoted for the board of aliens ranged from 20 to 35 cents a day. The contractor up to a few days ago, was Fritz Brodt of this city. The contract calls for distinct grades of food and a fixed quantity for each person. The specifications even state how much ham must be put in a sandwich, and how much milk in a glass. When Commissioner Williams succeeded Robert Watchorn as Commissioner, he said Brodt was not living up to his contract. Charges were preferred against him, and after a trial his contract was ordered annulled at sixty days' notice.

The figures at which Brodt held the contract were 6 cents for breakfast, 10 cents for dinner, and 6 cents for supper. This does not govern prices in the restaurant for employes or the selling of boxes of food for immigrants traveling by train.

One of the lowest bidders was Daniel Slattery, former secretary of Police Commissioner Bingham.

The three lowest bids submitted were the Union News Company, 5 cents for breakfast, 9 cents for dinner, and 6 cents for supper; Slattery & Sturtevant, 5 cents for breakfast, 9 cents for dinner, and 7 cents for supper, and Hudgins & Dumas, 7 cents for breakfast, 8 cents for dinner, and 9 cents for supper. The highest bid was 11 cents for breakfast, 13 cents for dinner, and 11 cents for supper.

The Union News Company runs food stands in railroad stations in addition to selling papers. Daniel Slattery heads the firm of Slattery & Sturtevant. Hudgins & Dumas were the holders of the food contract when Williams was Commissioner of Immigration some years ago.

The bids were sent to Washington, and the announcement of the award will be made there.

RUN FROM ELEVATED TRAIN.

Passengers Alarmed by Smoke Caused by Short Circuit from Third Rail.

One of the brakeshoes on a forward car of a downtown Third Avenue elevated train dropped across the third rail as the train was passing 29th Street yesterday. A short circuit followed, and the wiring underneath set fire to the forward end of the car. Black smoke came up, and passengers, greatly frightened, started for the rear of the train. The exodus in the first car scared those in the next, and so the panic spread through the train. Men and women pushed and crowded to get through the narrow doors. The guards tried to calm them, but could not. A fight to get the gates open followed, and the guards were unable to stem the tide.

Once the gates were opened there was a rush to get to the tracks. In the rush many were bruised and clothing was disordered, but none was seriously hurt. The passengers, braving the danger of the third rail, walked to the Twenty-third Street Station. Traffic on the downtown track was blocked, and many left the rear trains and walked to the station. The trainmen got the fire out without trouble, and the "dead" train was pushed to the City Hall Station.

There was more excitement at the Grand Street Station when a coupling pin broke on a northbound train and two cars bumped violently together. Many left the train at that station.

Mrs. Harriman Not in Night Bank.

At the offices of the Harriman estate and by officials of the Night and Day Bank it was denied yesterday that Mrs. Mary Averill Harriman, widow of Edward H. Harriman, had gained control of the bank. A report was circulated that by the purchase of stock in small blocks Mrs. Harriman had acquired enough of the shares of the bank to give her a majority when taken together with the stock held by her late husband and J. Borden Harriman and J. W. Harriman.

Law Lectures for the Public.

The Fordham University School of Law has announced a series of public lecture course to be held on Jan. 19, Feb. 16, March 11, April 14, and May 12, by well-known lawyers of this city.

The lectures will be delivered in the Chamber Music Hall of Carnegie Hall at 8 P. M. on the dates assigned. Tickets may be obtained by applying to Joseph A. Warren, Registrar, at the office of the Law School, 20 Vesey Street.

DOCTOR REPORTS ON SWOPE.

No Trace of Cerebral Hemorrhage or Typhoid in Dead Man, He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—The anticipated arrest in the Swope death mystery at Kansas City has been postponed indefinitely because of a negative report to-day from Chicago scientists examining the organs of the dead man. Representatives and relatives of the late Col. Thomas H. Swope and his late nephew, Chrisman Swope, arrived from Kansas City this morning, expecting news that would justify them in ordering the arrest of the supsect under surveillance, but they were disappointed.

Dr. Ludwig Hektoen reported that the brain of the late millionaire was normal, and that death was not caused by cerebral hemorrhage, as Dr. B. Clark Hyde, his nephew, wrote on the death certificate. The pathologist also reported that there were no traces of typhoid fever bacteria found in either of the stomachs, but added that the bacteria hardly could be expected at this late day.

Dr. Hektoen admitted finding a small particle of a white powder, which, under the chemical examination to be made by Prof. Walter L. Haines, might prove to be strychnine.

JANUARY
18
Tuesday

E&W

The only manufacturers in the world of strapped seamed linen collars.

Our Clothes Are Guaranteed

whether you buy them now at the reduced prices or buy them at the beginning of the season. That's your protection of making our stores your shopping quarters at all times.

Moe Levy & Co.,
1439 Broadway New York | 119-125 Walker St New York
380-382 Fulton St., Brooklyn

Kennedy
12 CORTLANDT ST.

Royal Silk Plush Underwear 95c
An advertised brand of Underwear always sold at 1.50
Soft, fleecy & light as balbriggan
Fleece Lined Undershirts 69c
Odd sizes, worth 1.00
2.00 Fancy Shirts at 95c
A M'f'r's Clean-Up of Lots Too Late for Delivery
Flannel Pajamas, 85c, worth 1.50

LAST FEW DAYS
SELLING OUT
Old-Established High Grade Men's CLOTHING AND FURNISHING SHOP,
38 New St., One Block Below Wall.
Your chance to obtain a
FULL DRESS SUIT OR TUXEDO
At Less Than ½ Former Prices
$20 Suit or Overcoat, $7.50
$25 Suit or Overcoat, $10
$30 SUIT or OVERCOAT (Silk Lined) $12.50
$100 Fur Lined Coat, $35.
$50 Fur Lined Coat, $20.
English Slip-ons, Trousers, Vests, and complete lines of Furnishings.
ALL AT LESS THAN ½ FORMER PRICES.
YOUNG'S, 38 NEW ST.,
Half block from Wall St. Subway Station.

Safety Razor Blades
2½ Cents Each.
All kinds re-sharpened better than new. Mail them to us to-night. Work guaranteed.
RE-SHARPENING CO., 38 LIBERTY ST.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c. to $1.50.
THIRD MONTH. SEVEN DAYS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Eve. 8:15. Good Reserved Seats 50c.
Last Week MAY ROBSON in The Rejuvenation of Aunt Mary
Popular Prices. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.
N'xt w'k—Chauncey Olcott in Ragged Robin

WALLACK'S Beginning TO-NIGHT
H. B. WARNER in Paul Armstrong's New Play
ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE

GARDEN Thea. Madison Av. & 27th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
THE BEN GREET PLAYERS in
"THE LITTLE TOWN OF BETHLEHEM"
By KATRINA TRASK.

On Thursday Afternoon, Jan. 20, at 2:30, at Carnegie Hall, R. E. Johnston will present for the first time in America
MAUD ALLAN
A Revival of the Greek Art of 2500 Years Ago.
Miss Allan's performances have been frequently witnessed by King Edward, Emperor William, Czar of Russia, Prince of Wales, Crown Prince of Germany; in fact, by all the Royal Families of Europe.
MISS ALLAN will dance and interpret Peer Gynt Suite, Mendelssohn's Spring Song, Tschaikowsky's Arabian Dance, Gluck's Orpheus, etc.
Accompanied by The Russian Symphony Orchestra.
Modest Altschuler.........Conductor
Tickets 75c. to $2.00; Boxes (seating eight), $16.00 and $24.00. At Box Office.

CARNEGIE HALL, To-morrow Aft. at 3:15 JANUARY 19
MISCHA
ELMAN
VIOLIN RECITAL
Tickets 75c. to $2. Boxes, $12 & $15, at Hall.

MENDELSSOHN HALL. Second Concert at 8:15 TO-NIGHT
ADELE MARGULIES TRIO
Seats $1.50 and $1.00, at Box Office.
Adele Margulies.... Piano
Leopold Lichtenberg Violin
Leo Schulz.......... 'Cello

ICE HOCKEY Hockey Club of N. Y. vs. Wanderers. To-night at 8:15.
St. Nicholas Rink, 66th St. & Columbus Av.

To Men Who Know

THAT big lot of high grade Neckwear is disappearing fast, but the picking will be good to the last scarf.

1.00 and 1.50 Values, 65c
1.50 and 2.00 " 85c
2.50, 3.00 & 3.50 " 1.15

WEBER & HEILBRONER
★42d at 5th Ave.
★1185 Broadway
757 Broadway
369 Broadway
★Open Evenings
THE W&H SHOPS
146 Broadway
150 Nassau St.
58 Nassau St.
14 Wall St.
20 Cortlandt St.
Furnishers to Men Who Know

$20,000 WORTH
of woolens added to our Remnant Sale to-day, which will be disposed of regardless of their former prices. Suits to measure, $18; Overcoats, $20; Ulsters, $23; fancy Vests and Trousers, $5.
ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
11 EVENINGS & 4 MATINEES ONLY.
SIR CHARLES WYNDHAM
MISS MARY MOORE
and their London Co. in 15 performances THE MOLLUSC

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
TO-MORROW AT 8:15
WM. COLLIER in A LUCKY STAR

SAVOY B'way & 34th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
TO-MORROW NIGHT AT 8:15
HENRY MILLER in THE FAITH HEALER
by the author of The Great Divide.

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs 8:15 Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
"As lovable as Rip Van Winkle."—Telegram.
OTIS SKINNER in Your Humble Servant.
By Booth Tarkington & H. L. Wilson.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy
FRANCIS WILSON and 3 times as funny.
THE BACHELOR'S BABY.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. at 8:30 Last Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:20
LAST 5 NIGHTS MARIE TEMPEST
in W. Somerset Maugham's PENELOPE
NEXT MONDAY SEATS NEXT THUR.
MISS BILLIE BURKE in MRS. DOT.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at 8. Mat. Sat. at 2.
THE DOLLAR PRINCESS

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE THEATRE, B'way, 46 St. Eve. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
MONTGOMERY & STONE in THE OLD TOWN

BURTON HOLMES CEYLON—To-day MATINEE AT 3 Lyceum Theatre

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15
Wed. & Sat. Mats.; Wed. Mats. Best Seats $1.50
Rex Beach's Thrilling Story THE BARRIER with THEODORE ROBERTS.

LIBERTY W. 42d St., Eves at 8. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2.
FIRST MATINEE TO-MORROW
The Fantastical Musical Comedy
THE ARCADIANS
COMPANY OF 100.

NEW YORK THEATRE B'way 45th St. EVES 8:15 MAT. WED & SAT. 2:15
HITCHCOCK in COHAN'S LAUGHING MUSICAL HIT THE MAN WHO OWNS B'WAY

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. EVES. 8:15 MATS WED & SAT. 2:15
THE FORTUNE HUNTER
WINCHELL SMITH'S COMEDY WITH JOHN BARRYMORE

JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Eves. 8:15 NEXT THURS. NIGHT
HENRY E. DIXEY in the new comedy MR. BUTTLES

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Evenings at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2.
To-night, Spec'l Perfor'ce, Manon. Mmes. Farrar, Heliane, de Lievin; MM. Clement, Scotti, de Segurola, Devaux. Cond., Podesti.
Wed. Evg., 7:45, Lohengrin. Mmes. Nordica, Wickham; MM. Jorn, Soomer, Hinckley, Witherspoon. Cond., Hertz. Thurs. Evg., Madama Butterfly. Fri. Evg., Orfeo.
Sat. Aft. First Time in America, Franchetti's Germania. Mmes. Destinn, Wickham, Mattfeld; MM. Caruso, Amato, Didur, Rossi, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. Evg., Faust. Mmes. Nordica, Maubourg, Niessen-Stone; MM. Jadlowker (debut), Gilly, Didur. Cond., Podesti.
NEXT WEEK: Mon. Evg., Trovatore. Mmes. Nordica, Homer; MM. Slezak, Amato. Cond., Tango.
At the New Theatre.
Thurs. Aft., Czaar und Zimmermann. Mme. Alten; MM. Jorn, Forsell, Reiss, Goritz. Cond., Hertz. Fri. Evg., Fra Diavolo.
WEBER PIANO USED.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Av.
GRAND OPERA SEASON, 1909-10.
To-morrow (Wed.), First time in America, GRISELIDIS, Miss Mary Garden, Mmes. Walter-Villa, Duchene, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, Huberdeau, Villa, Scott; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Fri., TALES OF HOFFMANN, Mlles. Cavalieri, Trentini, Gentle, Duchene, MM. Lucas, Renaud, Nicolay, Villa, De Grazia; Dir., M. de la Fuente. Sat. Mat., BOHEME, Mme. Carmen-Melis, Mlle. Trentini, Mr. John McCormack, MM. Sammarco, Gilibert, Laskin, Daddi; Dir., M. Anselmi. Sat. Night (popular prices), AIDA, Mmes. Mazarin, D'Alvarez, Miss Gentle, MM. Zerola, Crabbe, Vallier; Dir., M. Anselmi. SPECIAL—ELEKTRA, Tues., Jan. 25. Prices for Elektra, $10 to $2.50. Seats Selling.

CARNEGIE HALL, TUES., JAN. 25 AT 2:30 P. M.
ONLY PIANO RECITAL BUSONI
Chickering Piano exclusively.
Seats on Sale at Box Office or Tyson's.
Concert Direction M. H. Hanson, 437 5th Ave.

ELEKTRA A LECTURE RECITAL. AMY GRANT, Reader.
Chas. L. Safford, Lecturer and Pianist.
MISS GRANT'S STUDIOS, 78 W. 55th St.
Sundays in Jan. & To-day at 3:30 P. M.

METROPOLIS Daily Mat. 25c. AROUND THE CLOCK and VANITY FAIR
HURTIG & SEAMON'S W. 125th Matinee Daily. THE LID LIFTERS
GRAND Opera House The HARVEST MOON
MURRAY HILL Thea. Mat. To-day. Smok'ng. BON-TONS

THE NEW THEATRE
Central Park West, 62-63 Sts. Tel. 8800 Col.
NON-SUBSCRIPTION PERFORMANCES
THIS WEEK:
THURS. & SAT. EVGS.; SAT. MAT.
SEATS IN ALL PARTS OF THE HOUSE NOW ON SALE.
Tickets Ordered by Mail or Telephone Delivered by Messenger to Any Address in Manhattan.
Sheridan's Classic Comedy THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL
Rudolf Besier's Comedy DON Is uncommonly bright—Post. An Unalloyed Delight.—Press.
Edw. Sheldon's THE NIGGER A Drama of the South of To-day.
To-night at 8:30........Don
Wed. Mat., 2:30........Don
Wed. Evg., 8:30........Don
Thurs. Mat. 2 (Opera) Czaar und Zimmermann
Thurs. Evg., 8:30........The Nigger
Fri. Evg., 8, (Opera)........Fra Diavolo
Sat. Mat. 2:15......The School for Scandal
Sat. Evg., 8:15......The School for Scandal
Next Week:
Mon. Evg., Strife; Tues. Evg. & Wed. Mat., Opera; Thurs. Mat. & Fri. Evg., Don; Wed. (Premier), Thurs. & Sat. Evgs. & Sat. Mat., Twelfth Night. Seats at box office for all performances. Prices—Drama, $2 to 50c. Opera, $5 to $1.
At Brooklyn Academy of Music. Tuesday Eve., Jan. 25, STRIFE.

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.
HIPPODROME
Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8, 25c to $1.50
A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth | 10 New Circus Acts
HACKETT 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
ANDREW MACK in THE PRINCE OF BOHEMIA.
with CHRISTIE MACDONALD.
DALY'S Evgs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow, $1.50
Last 7 Times This Theatre.
MARGUERITE CLARK with Wm. Norris in The King of Cadonia
Special Matinee Thurs., Jan. 20, Miss Clark will appear in THE WISHING RING By Owen Davis.
Beginning MON., JAN. 24, Seats Thurs., Jan. 20. MAXINE ELLIOTT in THE INFERIOR SEX.
Broadway Thea., B'way, cor 41st. Evs. 8.15 $1.50 Matinee To-morrow, 2:15.
The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes
COMEDY 41st, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Last Week. $1.50 Mat. Tom'w, 2:30.
Laurence Irving and Mabel Hackney in THE AFFINITY (The Incubus.)
WED., JAN. 26, THE WATCHER By Cora Maynard. Seats Thursday.
LYRIC 42d st., W. of B'way. Evs. 8.15. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow, 2:15.
Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th. bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.
CASINO B'way & 39th st. Evs. 8.15. $1.50 Matinee Tom'w.
WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
BIJOU B'way & 30th st. Evs. 8.15. $1.50 Matinee To-morrow.
CYRIL SCOTT in THE LOTTERY MAN
LEW FIELDS HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Ev. 8:15 Mat. Sat. Only.
LEW FIELDS AS OLD DUTCH
WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. Only This Week.
FRANK DANIELS THE BELLE OF BRITTANY

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Adelaide Keim & Co., Margaret Moffat & Co., Herbert Clifton, others.
BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Irene Franklin, Jas. Thornton, Schoolboys & Girls, Gracie Emmett, os
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Princess Rajah, Futurity Winner, High Life in Jail, Simon & Gardner, others.

THE BELASCO STUYVESANT 44 St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
DAVID BELASCO presents THE LILY
BELASCO THEATRE, W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
LAST 2 WEEKS
IS MATRIMONY A FAILURE?

CARNEGIE HALL.
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York.
GUSTAV MAHLER.....Conductor
Thursday Eve. at 8:15. Friday Aft. at 2:30.
Fifth Concerts of the First Series.
TSCHAIKOWSKY, Symphony "Pathetic"; WAGNER, Prelude and Finale, "Tristan und Isolde"; SMETANA, Overture, "The Bartered Bride."

PLAZA Daily Mat. 25c. Evs. 25c., 50c., 75c. J. J. CORBETT, R. A. ROBERTS, Bertie Fowler, Those 3 Fellows, 59 St. Mad. Av. The Zancigs, others.
AMERICAN MA GOSSE Empire City Quartet, Svengali Trio, others. W. 42 St. Daily Mat. 25c.
COLUMBIA B'way, cor. 47th. Burlesque. Evs. 8:15. Prices 25c. to $1.00. Smoking. Daily Mats. 15c, 25c & 50c. Fred Irwin's Big Show Sunday Concerts
KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. Valeska Suratt, Ryan & Richfield, Four Huntings, Hoey & Lee, The Quartette, others.
IRVING PLACE THEATRE Every Eve., 8:15. The Great Comic Opera Success, DIE FOERSTER CHRIST'L. ("Christ'l, the Forester's Daughter.")
HAMMERSTEIN'S "PARIS BY NIGHT." Bedini & Arthur, Maggie Cline, Al Jolson, Expos. 4, others.
EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Capt. Jack Crawford, Monologist.
Olympic East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. FOLLIES OF N. Y. & PARIS

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:21 | Sun sets..5:00 | Moon sets..12:09

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:58	1:11	7:07	7:28
Governors Island	1:11	1:25	7:43	8:04
Hell Gate	3:01	3:15	9:18	9:34

Arrived—Monday, Jan. 17.

- SS Lapland, Antwerp, Jan. 8.
- SS Baltic, Liverpool, Jan. 8.
- SS Prinz Eitel Friedrich, Kingston, Jan. 11.
- SS Orotava, Bermuda, Jan. 15.
- SS Bermudian, Bermuda, Jan. 15.
- SS Charcas, St. Lucia, Jan. 8.
- SS Suestad, Matanzas, Jan. 10.
- SS Carolina, San Juan, Jan. 15.
- SS Glenshiel, Boston, Jan. 15.
- SS Huron, Jacksonville, Jan. 13.
- SS Momus, New Orleans, Jan. 12.
- SS Manna Hata, Baltimore, Jan. 16.
- SS El Sud, Galveston, Jan. 11.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Hortensius, Montevideo	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Lusitania, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Samland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Potsdam, Rotterdam	———	10:00 A.M.
Yumuri, Cienfuegos	———	12:00 M.
Orotava, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Brazos, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Lampasas, Tampa	———	12:00 M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Arabic, Mediterranean	———	———
Lorraine, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Morro Castle, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Verdi, Rio Janeiro	7:30 A.M.	10:45 A.M.
Turrialba, Panama	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Nacoochee, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Mexico	Havre	Jan. 1
Strathdene	Greenock	Dec. 30
Mesaba	London	Jan. 6
Iroquois	London	Jan. 4
California	Glasgow	Jan. 8
Oceania	Patras	Jan. 4
Martello	Hull	Jan. 2
Carolina	San Juan	Jan. 12
Kronprinz Wilhelm	Bremen	Jan. 11
Berlin	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Bluecher	Hamburg	Jan. 7
Clara	Oran	Jan. 6
Atlanta	Oran	Jan. 6
Saramacca	Trinidad	Jan. 11
Havana	Havana	Jan. 15
Jose	Port Antonio	Jan. 11
Concho	Galveston	Jan. 12
Nacoochee	Savannah	Jan. 15
Antilla	Cienfuegos	Jan. 9
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Oceanic	Southampton	Jan. 12
California	Puerto Mexico	Jan. 9
Moltke	Naples	Jan. 6
Saba	Trinidad	Jan. 12
Maracaibo	La Guayra	Jan. 13
El Dorado	Galveston	Jan. 13
Monroe	Norfolk	Jan. 18
Sarnia	Kingston	Jan. 13
DUE THURSDAY.		
President Lincoln	Boulogne	Jan. 8
Athinai	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Celtic Prince	New Orleans	Jan. 12
Oregonian	Puerto Mexico	Jan. 12
Clyde	Kingston	Jan. 15
Proteus	New Orleans	Jan. 15
Jamestown	Norfolk	Jan. 19

Reported by Wireless.

SS Moltke, incoming from Naples, was reported by Marconi wireless 408 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this forenoon.

SS California, incoming from Glasgow, was reported by Marconi wireless 727 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9:45 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Wednesday morning.

SS Bluecher, incoming from Hamburg, was reported by Marconi wireless 425 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-day.

SS Oceanic, incoming from Southampton, was reported by Marconi wireless 1,150 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8:20 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late Wednesday night or Thursday morning.

SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, incoming from Bremen, was reported by Marconi wireless 830 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:50 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Wednesday morning.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

- SS Minnewaska, at London, Jan. 17.
- SS Cedric, at Genoa, Jan. 17.
- SS C. F. Tietgen, at Christiansand, Jan. 16.
- SS Buffalo, at Hamburg, Jan. 15.
- SS Niagara, at Madras, Jan. 17.
- SS Cycle, at Santos, Jan. 12.
- SS Corfe Castle, at Biera, Jan. 14.
- SS Virginia, at Naples, Jan. 14.
- SS Oceana, at Bermuda, Jan. 17.
- SS Prometheus, at Rotterdam, Jan. 15.

Sailed.

- SS Ottawa, from Sunderland, Jan. 16.
- SS Tennyson, from Barbados, Jan. 13.
- SS Oppurg, from Seville, Jan. 13.
- SS Pannonia, from Fiume, Jan. 15.
- SS Sicilian Prince, from Rotterdam, Jan. 15.
- SS Indralema, from Liverpool, Jan. 16.
- SS Chicago City, from Swansea, Jan. 15.
- SS Guiana, from Demerara, Jan. 15.

Passed.

SS Caledonia, New York for Glasgow, passed Malin Head.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Siberia	Jan. 20	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Tacoma)—Ning Chow	Jan. 21	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Tacoma)—Tacoma Maru	Jan. 22	6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Moana	Jan. 23	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China, (via San Francisco)—China	Jan. 27	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas and Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Jan. 28	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—U. S. transport	Jan. 31	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of Japan	Feb. 4	6:30 P.M.
Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Century	Feb. 6	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—There will be general rains or snows Tuesday in the interior of the Atlantic States, the lake region, and Ohio Valley, followed Wednesday by fair weather.

Temperature will rise Tuesday in the Middle and North Atlantic States, followed by colder weather Wednesday.

The storm reported Sunday developing in the Rocky Mountain region was centred Monday night over Northern Illinois and will continue rapidly eastward.

A marked change to warmer weather has taken place in the Mississippi Valley.

Winds along the New England Coast will be brisk and possibly high south and southeast, shifting to northwest Tuesday night; Middle Atlantic Coast, brisk, possibly high south, shifting to west and northwest Tuesday night; South Atlantic Coast, moderate south and southwest, except moderate east on the South Florida Coast.

Steamships departing Tuesday for European ports will have possibly high south winds, shifting to west and northwest, with unsettled weather and rain, followed by fair Wednesday and Thursday.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Rain or snow in interior and rain on the coast; warmer Tuesday. Wednesday, fair and colder; brisk and possibly high south and southeast winds, shifting to northwest Tuesday night.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday, fair and colder; brisk possibly high south winds, shifting to northwest by Tuesday night.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Wather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	26	25	4 P. M.	31	[illegible]
6 A. M.	28	22	6 P. M.	29	[illegible]
9 A. M.	29	25	9 P. M.	29	40
12 M.	31	29	12 P. M.	29	[illegible]

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 30; for the corresponding date last year it was 28; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 24; at 8 P. M. it was 39. Maximum temperature, 40 degrees at 9 P. M.; minimum, 22 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 72 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 70 per cent. at 8 P. M.